Vol. EliI-N6.3, 328 156





Assembly Proceedings Official Report Bengal: Legislative Assembly Fourth Session, 1938

15th, 16th, 17th, 19th and 22nd August, 1938

Published by the Superintendent, Government Printing Bengal Government Press; Adipore, Bengal

Agents in India

Motars, S. K. Lahiri & Co., Printers and Booksellers, College Street, Calcutta Messrs, Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta.

Customers in the United Kingdom and the Continent of Europe may obtain publications either direct from the High Commissioner's office or through any bookseller.



. COVERNMENT OF BENCAL.

ACTING GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

His Excellency Sir Robert Neil Reid, K.c.s.l., K.c.l.e., 1.Q.s.

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS.

- (7) The Hon ble Mr. Abri Kasem Faziul Huq, in charge of the Education Department.
- (2) The Hon'ble Mr Nalini Ranjan Sarker, in charge of the Finance Department.
- (3) The Hon'ble Khanja Sir Nazimuddin, K.C.I.E., in charge of the Home Department.
- (4) The Hon'ble Sir Bijov Presso Singh Roy, in charge of the
- (5) The Hon ble Nawab Khwaja Habibullan Bahadur, of Dacea, in charge of the Department of Agriculture and Industries
- (6) The Hon'ble Maharaja Suis Chandra Nandy, of Cossimbazar, in charge of the Department of Communications and Works.
- (7) The Hon'ble Me. HUSEYAN SHAREST SURLAWARDY, in charge of Commerce and Labour. Public Health and Local Self-Government Departments.
- (8) The Honblet Nawab Musharruff Hossain, Khan Bahadur, in charge of the Judicial and Legislative Departments.
- (9) The Hon'ble Mr. Brasanna Den Raikut, in charge of the Forests and Excise Department.
- (19) The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK, in charge of the Co-operative Credit and Rural Indebtedness Department

. COVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

ASSEMBLY.

SPEAKER.

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur M. Azizul HAQUE, C.I.B.

DEPUTY SPEAKER.

M. Ashrafali, Esq., Barrister-at-Law. "

SECRETARY.

, K. Alj Afzal, Esq., Barrister-at-Law

FREST ASSISTANT SECRETARY.
Rai N. N. SEN GUPTA Bahadur.

Second Assistant Secretary.

REGISTRAR.

K. C. GHOUL, Esq.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

· ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS.

A

```
Abdul Aziz, Maulana Md. [Narayanganj East (Mulammadan).]
 Abdul Bari, Maul Berhampore (Muhammadan).
Abdul Hafer, Khan Bahadur Syed (Dacca Central (Muhammadau).
 Abdul Hafiz, Mr. Mitza. [Tangail West (Muhammadan).]
 Abdul Hafiz Mia, Mr. (Kurigram South (Muhammadan)
 Abdul Hakeem, Mr [Khulna (Muhammadan)].
Abdul Hakini, Maulyi: ...[Mymensingh West (Muhammadan).]
 Abdul Hakim Vikampuri, Maulvi Md. [Munshiganj (Muham-
      madan).
 Abdul Hansd, Mr. A. M. [Pabna West (Muhammadan).]
 Abdul Hamid Shah, Maulyi Kishoregani North (Muhammadan).]
· Abdul Jabbar, Maulyi. [Dinajpur Central East (Muhammadan).]
 Abdui •Labbar Paiwan, Mr• Md _ Hamalpur North (Muhammadan).]
Abdul Rader, Mr. (Patuakhali South (Muhammadan)
                  Jamalpur cum Muktagacha (Muhammadan).]
 Abdul Karım, Mı
Abdul Latif Biswas, Maulto, [Manikganj West (Muhammadan).]
Abdul Majid, Maulyr. [Mymensingh North (Muhammadan).]
Abdul Majid, Mr. Sped. ! Noakhali South (Muhammadan). }
 Abdul Wahab Khan, Maulyi [Bakarganj West (Muhammadan).]
* Abdul Wahed, Maulyi. | Mymensingh East (Muhammadan).]
 Abdulla-Al Mahmood, Mr [Serajganj North (Muhammadan).]
 Abdur Rahman, Khan Bahadur, A. F. M. 124-Parganas North-East
      (Muhammadan) ]
Abdur Rahman Siddiqi, Mr. (Muslim Chamber of Commerce.)
Abdur Rasheed, Maulvi Md. (Rubhum (Muhammadan))
 Abdur Raschid Mahmood, Mr. (Sprafganj North (Muhammodan).]
 Aldur Rauf, Khan Sahib Maulyi S. [Howrah (Muliammadan).]
Abdur Rauf, Mr. Shah. [Rangpur South (Muhammadan).]
 Abdur Razzak, Maulvi. [Feni (Muhammadan).].
```

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS

Abdus Shaheed, Maulvi Md. [Dacca North Central (Muhammadan).] Abidur Rosa Chowdhury, Khan Bahadur. Chandpur West (Muham. madan) Aba Hossain Sackar, Maulyi. [Gaibandha North (Muhammadan).]. Abul. Fazl, Mr. Muhammad [Madaripur West (Muhammadan).] Abut Hashim, Maulvi. [Burdwan (Muhammadan).] Abul Insain, Mr. Ahmed - [Netrokona North (Muhammadan): abri Quasem, Maulvi. [Hooghly (Muhammadan).] / Acharyya Choudhury, Maharaja Sashi Kanta, of Muktagacha, Mymensingh. (Dacca Landholders.) Aftab. Ali, Mc. (Water Transport Trade Union.) Aftab Hossain Joardar, Maulvi [Nadia East (Muhammadan).] Ahmed Ali, Khan Sehib Maulana, Enayetpuri. [Jhenidah (Muhammadan). |• Ahmed Ali Mridha, Maulvi [Goalundo (Muhammadan).] Ahmed Hosain, Mr. [Gaibandha South: (Mulacumadan).] Ahmed Khan, Mr. Syed. [Noakhalı South (Muhammadan).] Alfazuddin Ahmed, Khan Bahadur. [Midnepore (Muhammadan).] Aminullah, Maulvi - [Noakhalı Central (Muhammadan).] • • ** Amir Ali, Md., Mia (Rajshahi South (Muhammadan), Anderson, Mr. J. P. [Calcutta and Suburbs (European)] Anwarul Azim, Khan Bahadur, Md Chittagong South (Muhammadau) *Armstrong, Mr. W. L. | Burdwan Division (European) | Ashraf Ali, Mr. Mr. | Nacor (Muhammadan).] . Asimuddia Ahmed, Mr. [Tippera Central (Muhammadah).] Aulad Hossain Khan, Maulyi. [Manikganj East (Muhammadan).] Azahar Alı, Maulvi "| Pabna East (Muhammadan) . Azizul Haque, the Hon ble Khan Bahadur M., CLE [Nadia West]

В

(Mulumfaladan).].

Baherjie, Dr. Suresh Chandra. Calcutta and Suburbs (Registered Factories) | Baherji, Mr. P. [24-Carganas North-West (General).]
Banerjee, Mr. Pramatha Nath [Jurdwan North-West (General).]
Banerjee, Mr. Sibnath. [Howaht/Registered Factories).]

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS.

Panerji, Mr. Satya Priya. [Rajshahi (General).] Bannerjee, Mr. Monoranjan. [Dacca East (General).] Bannarman, Mr. M. C. (Indian Tee Association.) Darat All, Mr. Mohammad. [Serajganj Central (Mulammadan).] Barma, Babo Premhari. [Dinajpur (General).] Barma, Mr. Puspajit. [Rangpur (General)] Barman, Babu Shyama Prosad. [Dinajpur (General).] Barman, Babu Upendra Nath. [Jalpaiguri cum, Siliguri (General).] Basu, Mr. Jafindra Nath. (Calcutta North (General).) Basu, Mr. Santosh Kumar. [Calcutta East (General).] Bell-Hart, Miss P. B. (Anglo-Indian Constituency.) Bhawmik: Dr. Gobindra Chandra. [Midnapore East (General).] Biswas, Babu Lakshmi Narayan. [Nadia (General).] Biswas, Mr. Rasils Lal. [Jessore (General).] Biswas, Mr. Surendra Nath [Faridput (General).] Blomeratek, Mr. L. M. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce) Bese, Mr. Sarat Chandra. [Calcutta South (General).] Brasher, Mr F C . [Calcutta and Suburbs (European).]

C

Campbell Sir Georges (Calcutta and Suburbs (European))
Chakrabarty, Mr. Jatindra Nath. [Rangpur (General).]
Chakrabarty, Sj. Narendra Narayan. [Bogra cdm Pabna (General).]
Chattopadhyay, Mr. Haripada. [Nadia (General.)]
Chaudhuri, Rai Harendra Nath. [Nadia (General.)]
Chippendale, Mr. J. W. (Anglo-Indian.)
Crosfield, Mr. L. M. (Chittagong Division (European).]

D

Das, Mr. Mahim Chandra. [Cuittagona (Geteral).]

Das, Mr. Radha Nath. 'Hooghly North-East (General).]

Das, Mr. Anukul Chandra. [24-Parganas North-East (General).]

Das, Mr. Kirit Bhusan. 'Murshidabad (General).]

Tas, Mr. Monomoban. 'Mymensingh East (General).]

Dass, Mr. Debendra Nath. 'Birthiam (General).]

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS.

Das Gupta, Mr. Khagendra Nath. [Jalpaiguri com Siliguri (General).]

Das Gupta, I), J. M. [Calcutta Central (General).]

Das Gupta, Sj. Narendra Nath. [Bakarganj South-West (General).]

Datta, Mr. Dhifendra Nath. [Tippera (General).]

Dobri, Mr. Narendra. [Jhargram cum Ghatal (General).]

Dutt. Mr. Sukumar. [Hooghly South-West (General.)]

Datta Gupta, Miss Mira. [Calcutta General (Women).]

Dutta Mazumdar. Mr. Niharendu. (Barrackpore Registered Factories.)

E,

Edbar, Mr. Upendranath. [Bakarganj South West (Goneral).] Emdadul Haque, Kazı [Kurigram North (Muhanimədan).]

F

Farhad Raza Chowdhury, Mr. M. [Jangipui (Mahammadan).]
 Farhut Bano Khanam, Begum [Dacca (Muhammadan) Women.]
 Fazlul Huq the Honble Mr. A. K. [Patnakhall North (Muhammadan).]
 Fazlul Quadir, Khan Bahadui Maulyi [Chittagong North-West (Muhammadan).]
 Fazlui Rahman, Mr. [Janualpui East (Muhammadan).]
 Fazlur Rahman, Mr. (Dacca University.)

. . C

Ferguson, Mr. R. H. [Rajshahi Division (European)]

Ghose, Babu Atul Krishna. [Jessoic (General).]

Giasuddin Ahmed, Mr. [Jamalpur West (Muhammadan).]

Golam Sarwar Hosaini, Mr. Shah Syed. [Ramganj cum Raipur (Muhammadan)]]

Gomes, Mr. S. A. [Ducca Division (Indian Christian)]

Goswami, Mr. Tulci Chandra. (Burdwan Division North Municipal (General).]

Griffiths, Mr. C. (Anglo-Indian.)

Gupta, Mr. Jugesh Chandra. [Crisutta South Central (General).]

` ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS.

Gupta, Mr. J. N. [Railway Trade Union (Labour).]
Gurung, Mr. Dauber Singh. [Darjeeling (General).]
Gyasuddin Alimid Choudhury. Al-Hadj. [Madaripus East (Muham madan).]

Habibullah, the Hon'ble Nawab Bahadur K., of Dacca (Dacca Municipal (Muhammadan).)

Hafizuddin Chowlhurt, Maulvi [Thakurgaon Muhammadan).]
Hamiduddin Ahmad, Khan Sahib. [Kishoreganj East (Muhammadan).]

· Hamilton, Mr. K. A. J (Calcutta Trades Association)

Hasan Ali Chowdhury, Mr. Syed. [Tangail North (Muhammadan).]

Hasanuzzaman, Maulyi Md [Tippera South (Muhammadan)]

Hashem Ali Khan, Khan Bahadur Maulyi [Bakargan] North (Muhammadan)

Hasina Murshed, M.B.E., Mrs. [Calcutta (Muhammadan) Women.] Hatemally Jamadan Khan Sahib. [Priojpur South (Muhammadan).]

Hawkings, Mr R J | European (Calcutta & Suburbs) ;

Hutzel, Mr. M. A. F. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Homan, Mr F. T (Bengal Chamber of Commerce.) .

Idris Ahmed Mia, Mr. [Malda South (Muhammadan) ; Ispahani, Mr. M. A. J. [Calcutta South (Muhammadan)]

Jalaluddin Ahmad, Rhan Bahadur Maulyr (Cox) - Bazar (Muhammadan) (

Jalahuddin Hashemy, Mr. Sved. [Satkhira (Muhammadan).] Jalan, Mr. L.D. [General Constituency (Calcutta West)] Jasimuddin Ahmed, Mr. [24-Parganas South (Muhammadan).] Jonab Ah Majumdar, Maulyi. [Chandpus Fast (Muhammadan).]

Kabiruddin Khan, Khan Sahib Maulti (Netrokona South (Muhammadan).]

Kazem Ali Mirza, Sahibzada Kawan Jah Syed. [Murshidabad South-West (Muhammadan).]

Kennetly, Mr. I. G. (Indian Jute Mills Association).

Kharian, Mr. Debi Prosad. (Indian Chamber of Commerce.)

Rhan, Mr. Debenden Lall. [Midnapore Central (Gen/ral).]

Kumar, Mr. Atel Chandra. [Malda (General).]

Kundu, Mr. Nishitha Nath. [Dinajpur (General).]

M

MacGregor, Mr. eG. G. [Indian Tea Association] Mafiguddin Ahmed, Dr. [Bogra North (Muhammadan).] Mafizuddin Ahmed, Maulyi. [Tippera North (Muhammadan).] Mafizuddin Choudhugy, Maulyi. [Balurghat (Muhammadan).] Maguire, Mr. L. T. (Anglo-Indian.) Mahtab, Maharajkumar Uday Chand. [Burdwan Central (General).] Khan Bahaduk (Dinajpur 'Mahtabuddin Ahmed, (Muhammadan) Maiti, Mr. Nikunja Behari. [Midnapore South-East (General).] Maitra, Mr. Surendra Mohan. [North Bengal Muhicipal. (Gêheral).] Мар, Mr. Adwaita Kumar. [Burdwan Central (General)] Majumdar, Mrs. Hemapiova. [Dacca (General) Women.] Mazumdar, Mr. Birendia Nath [East Bengal Municipal (General).] Mal. Mr. Iswar Chandra. [Midnapore South-West (General):] Mandal, Mr. Amrita Lal. [Mymensingh West General).] Mandel, Mr. Banku Behari | Burawan North-West (General).] Mandal, Mr. Birat Chandra. [Facidpur (General).] Mandal, Mr. Jagat Chandra. |Tippera (General). | Mandal, Mr. Jogendia Nath. [Bakarganj North-Erst (General).] Mandal, Mr. Krishna Prasad. [Midnapore Central (General).] Maniruddia Akhand, Maulyr, Rajshahi North (Muhammadan). Maniruzzanian Islamabadi, Maulana Mt. [Chittagong South Centre. (Muhammadan)] 🕻 Maqbul Hosain, Mr. [Tipper North-last (Muhammadan).] Mesud Ali Khan Panni, Maulvi. " [Tangail South (Muhammadan].] Millar, Mr. C (Calcutta and Sylmibs (European).) Melemmed Ali, Khan Bahadur. [Bogra West (Muhammadan).] Mohsin Ali, Mr. Md. [Meherpuy (Muhanimadan).] Mookerjee, Mr. Syamaprasad , (Calcutta University.)

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF MEMBERS.

xiii

Morgan, Mr. G., c.I.E. [Presidency Division (European).], Moslon Ali Mollah, Maulyi: Maphahi (Futrel (Muhammadan)] Mozammel Hud Mau Vi Md. Bhola Negth (Muhammadan).

Muhammad Afzal, Khan Sahib Maulvi Syed. [Dirojpur Noser (Muhammadan).]

Muhammad Ibrahim, Maulyi Noakhali North (Muhammadan).] Muhammad Ishaque, Maulyr. [Bogra South (Muhammadan).] Muhammad Israil, Maulvi. [Kithoreganj South (Muhammadan).] Muhammad Siddique, Dr. Sved. [Bankura (Muðammadan).]

Muhammad Solaiman, Khan Sahib Maulvi. [Parrackpore Municipal] (Muhammadan)]

Mukerji, Mr. Dhorendra Narayan, (Hooghly North-East.) Mukherjee, Mr. B. [Colliery (Coal Mines) (Labour).] Mukherji, Dr. H. C. ACalcutta cum Presidency Division (Indian Christian).

Mukherji, Dr. Sharat Chandry [Birbhum (General)]

Mullick the Hon'ble Mr. Mukunda Behari [Khulna (General).] Mullick, Mr. Pullic Behary [Howrah (General)] Mullick * Srijut * Askutosh - { Bankura West (General). }

Musharruff Hossain, the Hon'ble Nawab, Khan Bahadur, [Jalpaiguri eum Dargebug (Muhammadan) Mustagawsal Haque, My Syed [Bagethat (Muhammadan).] Mustufa, Ali Dewan, Sahib, Mr. Brahwanbana North (Muhammadan 🖽

Nandy, the Hon'ble Maharaja Sris Chandra, of Cossimbazar, Presidency Landholders : ?

Nasarullah Nawabzada K - Brohmonbaria South (Muhammadan) | Nasker, Mr. Hem Chandra [4-Parganas South-East (General).] Nausher Ali, Mr. Sved - Jessen Sadar (Micharymadan)] Nazimuddin the Hon'ble Khwaja Si, Kr.i.i. [Calcetta North

Nooruddin, Mr · K. 'Hooghly cum Howrah Municipal - (Muham-

1 madan 1 Norton, Mr. H. R. Calcutta Trade Association.

P

Nain, Mr. Baruda Prosanna. Hooghly cum Howrah Municipal (General).]

Patton, Mr. W. C. [Darjeeling (European).]

Paul, Sir Hari Sankar (Bengal National Chamber of Commerce.)
Pramanik, Mr. Tarinicharan. [Malda (General).]

R

Rahman, Khan Bahadur A. M. L. , Rajshaha Central (Muhammadan),].

Raikut, The Hon'ble Mr. Prasanna Deb. [Jalpaiguri, cum. Siliguri (General).].

Rajibuddin Tavatdar, Maulyr [Bogta East (Muhammadan).]

Ramizuddin Ahmed, Mr. [Tippera West (Muhammadan).]

Ray Choudhury, Mr. Birendra Kishore, Mymensingh East (General).]

Razaur Rahman Khan, Mr. [Dacca South Central (Muhammadan).]

Roy, Babu Patiram (Khulna (General).)

Roy, the Howble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh (Burdwan Landholders)

Roy, Kumar Shib Shekhareswar (Rajshahi Landholders.)

Roy, Mr. Charu Chandra [Mymensingh West (General).]

Roy, Mr. Dhananjoy Dacca East (General) 4

Roy, Mr. Kamalkrishna (Baakura East (tiengal).)

Roy, Mr. Kiran Sankar, Dacca West (General).]

Roy, Mr. Kishori Pati [Jhargram cum Ghatel (General).]

Roy, Mr. Manmatha Nath [Howrah (General)]

Roy, Rai Bahadur Kshitod Chandra. (Chittagong Landholders.).

8

Sadaruddin Ahmed, Mr [Bakarganj South (Muhammadan).]

Safiruddin Ahmed, Haji. (Rangpur North (Muhammadan).]

Salim, Mr. S. A! (NarayanganjeNorth (Muhammadan).]

Schoullah, Al-Haj Maulana Dr. Chittagong North-East (Mukam-madan).]

Sanyal, Dr. Malmaksha Presidency Division Municipal (General). J

ALPHABÉTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS.

```
Sanyal, Mr. Sasanka Sekhar. [Murshidabad (General)]]
Sarker, Babu Madhusudan. [Bogra gum Pabna , General). 3 .
Sarker, the Hen'ble Mr., Nalini-Ranjan. (Bongal National Chamber
     of Commerce.)
Sasson, Mr. R. M. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce,)
Sen, Babu Nagendra Noth. [Khulen (General).]
Sen Rai Bahadur Jogesh Chandra. [24-Parganas
                                                 South-East
  (General).]
Serajul Islam, Mr. [Bongaon (Muhammadan).]
Shahabuddin, Mr. Khwaja, C.B.E. [Narayangan] South' (Muham-
     madan).]
Shahedali, Mr __[Måtlabbazar (Muhammadan).]
Shamsuddin Ahmed, Mr. M. [Kusthia (Muhammadan).]
Shamsuddin Ahmed Khandkar, Mr [Gopalganj (Muhammadan).]
Shamsul Huda, Maulana • [Mymensingh South (Muhammadan).]
Singha, Babu Kshetra Nath. | Rangpur (General).
Sinka, Srijut Maniedia Bhusan - [Bankura West (General).]
Sirdar, Babh Litta Minda (Bengal Dooars (Western) Ten Garden
     Labour.
Steven, Mr. J. W. R. Dacca (European).]
Suhrawardy, the Hon'ble
                       Mr. H. S. [24-Parganas Municipal
    - (Muhammadan).] 🔹
Sur, Mr. Harendra Kumar, • Noakhali (General).]
```

Tamizuddin Khan, Mailivi. [Faridpur West (Muhammadan).]
Tapuriah. Rai Bahadui Moongtu Lall Marwari Association.)
Thakur. Mr. Promatha Ranjan [Faridpur (General).]
Tofel Ahmed Choudhusy, Maulyi Haji. [Bhola South (Muhammadan).]

Waliur Rahman, Maulci. [Jessore East (Muhammadan).]
Walker, Mr. J. R. [Hooghly cum Howigh (Curopean).]
Walker, Mr. W. A. M. (Indian Jule Mills Association.)
Warren, Mr. P. F. S. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)
Whitehead, Mr. R. B. (Indian Mining Association.)
Wordsworth, Mr. W. C. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Yusuf Ak Choudhun, Mr. [Fahideur East (Muhammadan).] -Yusuf Mirza, Mr. [24 Parganas Central (Muhammadan).]

Zahur Ahmed Choudhury, Maulvi. [Malda North (Mullaminadan).]
Zaman, Mr. A. M. A. [Hooghly.cum Serampore (Registered Factories).

Labour.]

, Z

THE BENGAL LEGISLATIVE, ASSEMBLY PROCEEDINGS

Official Repost of the Fourth Session.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Assembly assembled under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1935....

The Assembly met in the Assembly House, Calcutta, on Monday, the 15th August, 1938, at 4-45 p m

Present:

Mr. Speaker (the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur M. Azizul Haque, C.I.E.) in the Chapt, nine Hon'ble Ministers and 225 members.

Oath.

The following gentleman took the oath or affirmation of his allegiance to the Crown

Mr. P. F. S. Warren.

STARRED QUESTIONS

(to which answers were laid on the table)

Cattle mortality in Patuakhali and Perojpur subdivisions of Bakargan).

- *64. 8j. NARENDRA NATH DAS QUPTA: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Royenne Department be pleased to state whether it is a fact-
 - (i) that last year cattle plague took avay a large percentage of the cattle in the Patuakhali and Perojpur subdivisions in Bakarganj district;
 - (ii) that many peasants were compelled to ladvo major portions of their lands fallow:
 - (iii) that consequently peasants affected could not gather sufficient harvest to maintain the families;

- (iq) that actual famine condition existed in the Patuakhali sub-
- (r) that Government loop issued on that occasion was meant tore herving seeds; but
 - traj that the peasants could not get any loan to buy their plough cattle:
- (vii) that mechajans are not allyancing any money to the peasants' as loans; and
- werry that the peasants have been unable to buy any plough cattle and have their lands properly cultivated?
- (b) Are the Government proposing issue of loans to the affected peasants to buy new cattle in place of dead ones?
- (c) Is it a fact that this year too, these peasants will be compelled to leave a large portion of their lands fallow and will be unable to pay their rents and taxes and to maintain their families?
- (d) Are the Government contemplating suspension of rent and tevenue in these affected areas?

MINISTER in charge of the REVENUE DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy): (a) (c) 2 * to 50 perfect of the cattle died from underpest in Peropur Parts of Patnakhah were also affected, but not to the above extent

- (n) No lands were left fallow, but certain peasants leased out their lands to others, as usual
- (iii) Partial crop failure occurred due to cyclene, but not to absence of plough cattle
- (ir) There was scarcity in Patitakhali due to partial failure of aus crop damaged by pamari insects and to the cyclonic damage to the early amon, crop
- (i) Agricultural loans issued by Government were meant for purchase of both seeds and cattle
- (vi) and (viii) Rs 38,500 was advanced but year and Rs 40,000 this year to enable Perojpur and Patuakhali tenants to purchase cattle.
 - (rii) Government have no accurate information on this point.
 - (b) A ide answers to (b) (ri) and (riji).
 - (c) and (d) No.

Mr. ABDUL WANAB KHAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be plated to consider the designability of taking up a comprehensive scheme for preventing cattle diseases in the district of Bakatgany which appear from year to year?

The Hon'ble Sir BISOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: That matted rests with the Agriculture Department, but I are sure that department will comply with the request made by the honourable member

ু St. NARENDRA WATH DAS GUPTA: -মন্ত্রী মহাশ্য করও কারে বোলবেন কি ্বেলানে প্রক্রা ১ ৫ থেকে একটা গোঁমহিষ মধ্যে প্রেছ,—স্যানে জমি অক্ষিত অক্ষায় ছিলোনা শ্যে ব্যাতিনি কোণা কৈকে প্রেছেন্?

The Hen'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: My statements are based on facts and not on imagination

Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: -আমণ্ বাংলায় question কৰি, অনেকে বাংলাছাড়া ইংবেজঃ জ্যানেন লাংশিষ্ট মহাশাসীবাংলা স্থানেন অভএব question এবং উত্তরটা বীংলায় দেবেন এই আংশ্ ক্লামর কারতে পারি।

Mr. SPEAKER: Unformately this cannot be done

Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: Will the Hon'ble Minister, be pleased to state it it is not a fact that the loan granted to individual cultivators is not act all adequate for purchasing cattle and that no cattle has been purchased by the cultivators for want of money?

. The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: It is not a fact

sj. NARENDRA NATH DAS GUPTA: মন্ত্রী মহাধ্য জানেন কি পঢ়্যাথালিতে যে loan দেওজা সহয়াছিল ভাতি ্ব টাকোব উপৰ কাউকৈ loan দেওবা হয় নাই।

The Hon'ble Sir BIJDY PRASAD SINGH ROY: That is not correct

Dr. H. C. MUKHERJI: With reference to answer (a) (iii), will be Hon ble Minister be pleased to state what reasons he has for telling us that 25 to 50 per cent, of the cattle which died, from finderpest consisted exclusively of bulls, milch lows and crives?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: I have never said that

sj. NARENDRA NATH DAS GUPTA ;—মুদ্রী মধ্যন্ত আনেনা কি পুনীয়াগালিছে যে 10 টা দেওমা ক্ষেত্রিকা ভাতেও টাকার জিলুব কাউডিক লোন দুল ভাতেও লাই

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: I am just now told by the Hon'ble Chief Minister that it is in his personal knowledge that in some cases Rs. 25 to Rs. 30 was granted to each individual cultivator

Mr. RASIR LAL BISWAS:—ছত লোককৈ যত টাকা মোট লোন দেওয়া হয়েছে। ভাৰতে গুড়ে—পুৰিভ ৰোক কঠা টাকা কোনে পোন পুৰেছে ।

The Honble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: That is a matter of calculation and I would ask for notice.

Stud Bull Scheme of pasture lands

- *65. Whulvi MUSLEM ALI MOLLAH: (a) Will the Hon'bis Minister in charge of the Agriculture and Industries Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) whether the object of the Stud Bull Scheme of H. Excellency Lord Linlithgow is to produce better and healthier kind of cattle in Bengal;
 - (ii) the number of stud bulls since indented,
 - (iii) the amount of money spent, thereby by the Government of Bengal; and
 - (iv) whether the maintenance of extensive pasture lands is the part and parcel of the scheme?
- (b) Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what steps Government have taken or are proposing to take to maintain extensive posture lands all over the province?
- (c) Is it a fact that almost all the pastine lands of the province have been tenanted by the local zemindars?

MINISTER in charge of the ACRICULTURE and INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja Habibullah Bahadur, of Dacca): (a) (b) Yes

- (10) 1,380.
- (iii) None. The entire expenditure has been met from the Government of India grant made for the purpose.
 - (iv) No
- (b) The member is referred to the enswer given to clause (b) of unstarred question No. At by Maulana Md. Manieuzzaman Islamabadi on the 2nd August last.
 - (c) Tychevecso, but this matter concerns the Revenue Department.
- will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what is the amount of grant made by the Government di India for the purpose?

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABBULLAH Bahader, of Bacca! Insk'for notice

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA: On a point of order, Sir. Is a pon-nember allowed in the Assembly Hall?

... The Monble Ms. A. K. FAZLUL.HUQ: Perhaps he found the aboropen and entered the ball.

• (39 this stage the gentleman in question went out)

Posting of two. Sub-Inspectors of Excise and falt in Galcutta.

- *66. Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS ** (a) Will the Hog ble Minister in ch. Mg of the Forest and Excise Department be pleased to state whether it is a fact, that Mr. Jogendra Nath. Chaudhury and Mr. Dakshina Ranjan Sen Gupta, Sub-Inspectors of Excise and Salt, have been kept in Calbutta since 1932 and 1933, pospectively—the former in different branches and the latter in Tree Tax branches?
- (b) Is it a fact that a circular order was issued at the end of 1930 or therealout to the effect that in the interests of other members of the subordinate service no officer would be allowed to stay in Calcutta for more than 3 years.
- (c) If the answers to (a) and (b) are in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state the reasons for keeping such sofficers in Calcutta for more than 3 years?

MINISTER in charge of the FOREST and EXOISE DEPARTMENT (the Honble Mr. Prasanna Deb Raikut): (a) Sub-Inspector Bahu Jogendra Nath Chaudhary has been in Calcutta since the 9th August, 1932, except for a period of long leave of 1 year and 5 months, and Sub-Inspector Bahu Dakshina Ranjan Sen Gupta since the 24th October, 1933—Both the others worked in different branches

- (b) No.
 - (c) Does not arise

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Max I. Sir, bring to your notice that the Hon'ble Mr. Prasanna Deb Raikut is to-day unavoidably absent? So, may I suggest that the existion may stand over till "to-morrow?"

• M?. SPEAKER: What I propose is that the answers to the questions concerning his department that be taken as read and if any member wants to put any supplementary questions on any of table suswers, he may do so to-morrow in the presence of the Hon'ble Minister.

Superintendents, Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Exeise and Salt of yarious communities in Calcutta and neighbouring districts.

- Minister in charge of the Forest and Excise Department be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing, district by district for the districts of Calcutta, Hooghly, Howrah and the 24-Parganas and community by community for the Hindus and Mushims—
- (a) the present total number of Superintendents of Excise and Salt:
 - (ii) the number of them that are (1) Muslims and (2) Hindus,
 - (77) the present total number of Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Excise and Salt; and
 - (iv) the number of them that are (1) Muslims, and 32) Hindus?
- (b) Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether there is a circular order issued by the Government to the effect that in Calcutta and the districts nearabout half the number of the Excise Officers shall be Muslims?
- (c) If the answer to (b) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state
 - (i) the reasons for the madequate representation of the Muslims in those services; and
 - (ii) whether he is considering the destrakthix of urging upon the strict compliance with the said circular order?
- (d) Will the Hon ble Minister for pleased to state whether at the end of the year 1936 a circular order was issued by the Government to the effect that in the interests of other members 6) the Subordinate Excise Service no officer would be allowed to stay in Calcutta for more than 3 years?
- (c) If the answer to (d) is in the affirmative, will, the Howble Minister be pleased to state.
 - (i) whether such officers have been kept in Calcuita for more than 3 years since the issue of that circular.
 - (ii) the number of sty highlicers, and
 - (iii) the number and ag them who are (1) Hindus and (2) Muslims?

The Kon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: (a) A statement is haid on the Labrary table

(b) and (d) No. .

`•6

 \cdot (c) and (c) Do not arise.

QUESTIONS.

Forest grievances in Chittagong.

the Hon blatagur Mauty ALALUDIN AHMAD: (a) Will the Hon ble Minister in charge of the Forest and Excise Department be pleased to state whether according to the assurance of the Hon ble the Chief Minister in rolly to my token cut motion on budget demand if Forest grant in the last Assembly session, the subject of Forest grievances in Chittagong was taken up by the Cabine?

(b) It so, what decision has been arrived at 2

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: The matter is still under consideration and discussion and no linal decision has been arrived at

Oppression by the Chittagong Forest Department.

- *69. Khan Bahadur Maulvi JALALUDDIN AHMAD: (a) Has the Hsm'ble Minister in charge of the Forest and Excise Department received any representation on the treatment accorded to 50 Junia families of 4 forest villages in the Cox's Bazar subdivision?
 - (b) beso, what steps, if any have been taken in the matter?

* The Hon'ble Mr. RRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: (a) Yes

= (h) No step as necessary to be taken, as the allegations made are not correct

Throwing of stones by hooligans at the peaceful processionists accompanying Srijut Subhas Chandra Bose.

- 70. Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Police) Repartment be pleased to state whether it is a fact that there was throwing of stones by some hooligans at the peaceful processionists who went to receive Sirjut Subhas Chandra Bose, the President of the Indian National Congress, when he went on a visit to the town of Brahmanbaria in the district of Tippera on the 15th June last and stones were thrown at the car of Srijut Subhas Chandra Bose?
- (b) It the answer to clause (a) is in the affirmative, whether it is a fact that Striut Subhas Chandra Bose was injured as a result of stone-throwing along with others.
 - (c) If so, how many people received injuries therefrom?
- (d) Whether it is a fact that the hooligans assembled in the compound of the George High English School close to the railway line and

- QUESTIONS. ' TOTH AUG., threw stones and shoes at the train which had reached Brahmanbaria half an hour before the train by which Pastrapati Subhas Chandra Bose reached Brahmanbaria and the station, master informed the Subdivisional Police Officer and Subdivisional Officer of that?
- (c) Whether it is a fact that the hooligans were in an excited mood and carried black flags and used exciting slogans and abusive languages towards the processionists in the presence of the Subdivisional Officer and Subdivisional Police Officer?
- (f) Whether the Police Officer in charge of the subdivision and the Subdivisional Officer did take any steps to prevent the incident?
- (q) If the answer to clause (f) is in the negative, will the Government be pleased to state why no step was taken?
- (%) If the answer to clause (f) is in the affirmative, what were the steps taken 💆

MINISTER in charge of the HOME DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin): (a) Some stones were thrown from the south of the railway line as the procession was turning north into the town after coming along the station approach road on the north of the line.

- (b) Mr. Bose sustained a slight injury on the ne€k ·
- (c) About fifteen persons in all were injured .
- '(d) A crowd had assembled in the compound of the George High English School which borders the railway or the south at the levelcrossing. A shoe was thrown from the south of the line at the train preceding that by which Mr. Bose travelled . The Subdivisional Officer and Subdivisional Police Officer received information of this fact only about 10 minutes before Mr. Bose's trains was due to arrive
- (c) Black flags were carried and party slogans (but no abusive comments) shouted by an orderly group of Muslims standing on or near the route of the procession. The group in the George High English School had been harangued for about two hours and were in a somewhat excited mood. They were not carrying black flags and were too far away for abusive Kinguage (if used) to be heard by the procession.
 - (f) Yest. 4
 - (a) Does not arise
- (h) Precautionary measures were taken by requiring licences to be taken for processions and such licences were taken by the Congress party and the Muslim League. No licence was applied for for the meeting in the George High English School and the Subdivisional Officer and the Subdivisional Holice Officer were not aware that it was being held until shortly before the incident. The Subdivisional Police Officer had however directed the posting of constables in reserve near the route: when the stone-throwyyr took place the Subdivisional Officer :

and Subdivisional Police Officer themselves dispersed the crowd with the aid of some bystanders.

- Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: With reference to question (fr. will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what steps were taken to prevent the incident?
- be taken out for any procession and they posted police along the route of the procession. These two acts are definite indications of the stem labelle officers for preventing any ugly incident.
- Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: Was any attempt made to disperse the crowd of Muslam hooligans before the procession went to the route?
- . The Hon'ble Khwaja, Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Which part of the question is the hon'ble member referring to?
- Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: I am referring to answer (e) "Black fings were curried and party slogans (but no abusive comments) shouted by an orderly group of Mushims standing on or near the route of the procession", etc., etc.
- The Hon'blg Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: No attempt was made, ⇒ecause, they had, not done anything to which any exception could be taken
- Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: When the Subdivisional Officer came to know that the persons who had assemble? in the George High School and had been Marrangued for about two hours and were in an excited mood? was any aftempt made to disperse the crowd?
- The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: No.
- Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTN: When the Subdivisional Officer came to know that no because was applied for for the necessing at the George High English School and also that the meeting was being held in an excited mood, was any attempt made to disperse the meeting?
- -The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: No, because the Subdivisional Officer came to know of this only shortly before the inchlent
- Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state what was the time before the Subdivisional Officer came to, know that there was a meeting in an exciting state and some exciting speeches were made in the Lieurge High School?

- The Houble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I ask for notice, as regards the actual number of minutes shours, etc., before the Subdivisional Officer came to know of this thing
- Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA GUPTA: What steps, if any, were taken after the aneutral to find out the actual culprit?
- The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: The authorities of the school the Secretary and the Headmaster—were questioned had they singled all knowledge and they said that they were not responsible for the meeting; and what is more, their permission was not taken to hold the meeting. At the same time investigations were made on the spot but it was difficult to identify the people who had thrown the brickbats.
- Mr. JOCESH CNANDRA CUPTA: Beyond questioning them, have any steps been taken in the shape of prosecution or warning?
- The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: No prosecution could take place because the people who had taken part in it would not be identified.

Offences against women.

- *71. RAI HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Police) Department be pleased to state what steps are being taken—to control and bring clown the number of offences against women 3.
 - (by Is the Hon ble Minister aware-
 - (i) that the number of such effences committed in this province is unduly large; and
 - (ii) there exists a feeling against the police administration of this province?
- (c) Is the Houble Minister turther, aware that the Additional Sessions Judge of Alipore remarked in connection with a recent case tried by him that attacks of a carnal feature upon women are very common in the district of the 24-Parganas and it is but seldom that court at Alipore, are not engaged in the trial of cases of rape, kidnapping and abduction.
 - The Hon'ble Khwaja Şir NAZIMUDDIN: (a) The attention of all officers in the Police Department has been brawn on a number of occasions to the need for dealing enemy rically with this class of crime. In

1936 an Act was passed to provide for whipping as an additional punishment in the case of certain offern as against gromen.

- (b) (i) The number is certainly larger than I would have wished,
 - (n) No:
 - (c) Yes.

Rai HARENDRA . NATH CHAUDHURI: Will the Hon'ble Munistry please state what further measures the Government contemplate to take to control and brings down the number of this class of crime.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: At present Government have no proposed for any further measure

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what are his grounds for stating that there exists no public feeling against the police administration of this province having regard to the very large number of such cases?

The Han'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: As I have already said. Sir, the number is darger than what I would have liked, but, certainly, there is a definite decrease and not increase in the number of this class of crime, compared to what used to take place in the past.

Junior Madrasahs in the Rangpur district.

- *72. Mr. SHAH ABDUR RAUF: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Education Department be pleased to state
 - (a) how many juntor madrasales are there at present in the district of Raugpur both recognised and unrecognised.
 - the now many of them receive grants-in-aid from the Government;
 - (c) when was each of the unrecognised madrasahs started, and
 - , (d) what is the reason for the univergnition by the Government's

MINISTER in charge of the EDUCATION DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble, Mr. A. K. Faziul Huq). (a) 42 (39 recognised and 3 unrecognised).

→(b) 22.

=

- (c) (1) Katgora Junior Madrasah established in 1928
- (2) Tabakpur Junior Madrasah (Cablished in 1937.
 - (3) Chowdhurant Junior Madrasah established in 1937
- (d) •1) Though started long ago, it is not as yet a full-fledged junior madrasal, no for departmental recognition.

(2) and (3) Started only recently and there are many detects which are to be removed before they are fat for necognition under the departmental rules.

Deforestation of Khas Mahal Protected Forest in Cox's Bazar.

- Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Forest and Excise Department aware that the Collector and the Commissioner of Chittagong gave the recommendations in favour of deforestation of Khas Mahal Protected Forest meCox's Bazar and transfer to the Khas Mahal as before?
- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, why effect has not been given to their recommendations?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIRUT: 617 Ng.

(b) Does not arise,

Depredations by wild elephants in Fatikchari police-station.

- *74. Al-Haj Maulana Dr. SANAULLAH: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Forest and Excise Department be pleased to state whether he is aware that in Datmara Uir.on, Board No I of police-station Fatickchari, district Chittagong, wild elephants have recently been playing havor by destroying the banana gardens, jackfruit gardens and aus paddy?
- (b) If the puswer to (a) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what immediate steps are proposed to be taken to stop this kind of depredations?
- (c) Is the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of accepting any or all of the following preventive measures suggested by the suffering inhabitants of the locality itself, namely -
 - (i) Government to declare that tusks of the elephants killed to be given to the killer as a reward;
 - (ii) Government to provide paid expert hunters with guns, and
 - (iii) Government to permit free kheda for local people?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: (at Yes.

- (b) Under section' 3 of the Elephants Preservation Act, 1879 (Act VI of 1879) and the 1935 declaration of the Collector, the villagers are competent to destroy any elephant found damaging their property. But no one attempts to will the wild elephants in question as they are locally known as Pir's elephants. Government to not propose to take any further steps in the matter.
 - shooting elephants under which the licenset may keep the tusks of cust tusker for each makkna shot

- (ii) The question of entertaining professional shikaries provided with suitable weapons supplied by (internment is under contemplation.
- (iii) Kheda incences are being granted to the local people, but Government do not consider that such licence should be free of royaliy.

Detenu Snehamoy Dutta of Feni.

- Ministation charge of the Home (Special) Department be pleased to state whather it is a fact that detenn Babu Snehamoy Dutta, son of the late Character Kanta Dutta, of Feni, was brought twice from the place of his domicile to Suryakanta Hospital, Mymensingh, in a very preciatious state of health?
- (b) If the abswer to (a) is in the affirmative, will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state the disease he is suffering from?
- (c) Is it a fact that a petition for interview by his elder brother, Babu Santimov Dutta, was rejected?
- (d) It the answer to (c) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state the reasons therefor?
- (c) Do the Government contemplate his release in view of his present state of health chabling him to get proper medical treatment under the care of his mother and brothers?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: (a) and (b) The detenu complains of pain in his chest which appears to arise from an injury received eight years ago. We has no other disease. He was twice taken to hospital for examination and treatment.

- (c) No.
- (d) Does not arise. ...
- (e) He will shoully be released

Chaukidars and dafadars in the Kalindi Union Board,

- *76. Mr. ISWAR CHANDRA MAL: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Police) Department be pleased to state whether it is a fact
 - (i) that there are 10 chaukidars and one dafadar under the Kalindi Union Board in police-station Ranhagar in the district of Midnapore;
 - (ii) that of them, 9 chaukidars and the dafudar come from one and same village of Kalindi;
 - (iii) that 7 chaukidars of the said V hion do not reside in their own
- (iv) that Shaikh Janab was a chankidar of a heat in which he did not reside and died on the 17th June 1937;

- (v) that on his death the people residing within the said beat made representation in the then Panchayat to nonunate a person from the said beat to be a claukidar and the said tepresentation was forwarded to the Subdivisional Officer, Contai, along with the nomination roll;
- •(c) that the Panchayat's nominee is about 27 years old literate, aresides within the beat and possesses a good physique;
- (vii) that the nominee himself, his father and grandfather were chandidars before the appointment of Shaikh Janah deceased as chaukidar:
- (risi) that the said Union Board after the first constitution unanimously recommended the Panchayat's nominee for the post and also made an alternative proposal for the reduction in number of chankidars from 10 to 9 and in that case not to make any new appointment.
- (iv) that the nomination of the then Pauchayat and the present Union Board has been rejected and the proposal for reduction in number of chankidars has been turned downs.
- (x) that the said Union Board has been informed of its nongulation being rejected;
- (xi) that a second nonunation was invited from the said Union Board before another person was appointed.
- (xii) that the said Union Board's opinion about the person appointed by the Subdivisional Officer, Contai, was sought; and
- (xin) that it the newly-appointed charkalter is about 50 years old, illiterate and short of hearing, does, not reside within his beat and is an inhabitant of the rillage of Kalindi from which 8 chankider; and one dafadarewere already appointed?
- (b) if the answers to (r), (ri) and (xii) at (a) are in the negative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the Subdivisional Officer, Contai, has followed the instructions contained in Bengal Government's letter Nos. 795-799Pl., dated the 22rd February, 1926?
- (c) Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to lay on the table a copy of the Bengal Government letter Nos 795-799Pl, dated the 22nd February, 1926?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: (a) (i), (ii) and (iii) Yes.

- (iii) The number is 6, not 7,
- (r) There is no trace of any such representation having been received by the Subdivisional Officer
 - (r) and (r) Do not serse
 - (viii) The President of the Union Board submitted a nomination roll



that any alternatives proposal for the reduction of the number of chaukidars was received in the office of the Subdivisional Officer.

- (i.r) The nomination of Bepin Behari Sau was turned down. The proposal for the reduction in the number of *chaukidars* cannot be enter-sained as the area is large and the number of houses considerable.
 - (x) It does not appear that the Union Board was informed.
- · (m) and (m) No.
- vive The newly-appointed chankidar Shaikh Dwarat was about 36 year of age and was illiterate but his hearing was normal and he possessed a good physique. He resided in village Falindi.
- (b) As the Subdivisional Officer did not give the Cnion Board an opportunity of expressing their opinion on the merits of Shackh Dwaraf the District Magistrate has already asked the Subdivisional Officer to set aside his appointment and to follow Government instructions in filling up the vacancy.
 - (c) The copy of the letter is placed on the table.

The letter referred to in the riply to clause (e) of starred question No 76

*GOVERNMENT OF BINGAL

Political Dipariment

(Police)

Circular Nos 795-799Pl

From L. Binney, Esq., cir., ros., third Secretary to the Government of Bengal,

To-All Commissioners of Divisions.

Calcutta, the 22nd February, 1926.

SIR.

I am directed to invite your attention to section 20 (7) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, on the subject of appointment of dafadars and choul olds.

a person to be a dafadar or a chandridge under this Act, and the District Magistrate shall, if satisfied with such nomination, appoint such nominee.

Provided that, if the Union Board fails within a reasonable time to nominate a person to be a dafadar or a chankidar, or, if the District Magistrate is not satisfied with such nomination, the district

Magistrate shall appoint any person, whom he thinks fit, to be a dafadar or a charketar.

- 2. The Gevernor in Council desires that iff all cases in which the District Magistrate does not appoint the Union Board's hominee he shall interm the Union Board of his reason for not doing so. He also derives that when the Union Board's nomine is asjected, the District Magistrate, before appointing another person, shall either obtain a second nomination from Union Board or shall give the Union Board an exportanity of expressing their opinion on the appointment which he proposes to make and shall consider that opinion
- 3. These instructions will be included either in revised rules under the Act or in a Chaukidari Manual for use in Union Board areas, the preparation of which is under consideration. In the meantime I am to request that they may be communicated to all District, Subdivisional and Circle Officers, and also to the Superintendent of Police in any area in which the District Magistrate's power to appoint dafadars or charkidars has been delegated to him under section 47 read with Schedule III of the Act.

' I have, etc.,

Sd. L Bakiry.

Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: With reference to answer (177). viz, the nomination of Bepin Behari San was turned down, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state the Yeason for such turning down as required under paragraph 2 of the letter placed on the table?

Mr. SPEAKER: Does that question arise, in view of the answer (b)?

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Yes, Sir. That was about the appointment of a new man and this was about the rejection of the first

The Hon'ble Khwaja 8ir NAZIMUDDIN: Government are not bound to accept the nomination. They only consult the Union Board but have the right to appoint chankidars

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Spr. my question is what reason the Government have in rejecting the nomination? It is incumbent on the District Officer to state reasons as required under this letter. He shall inform the Keion Board & his reason for not doing so

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZ! MUDDIN: If the honourable member will kindly enquire of any member of the Union Board concorned, he will find the reason;

The film "Mano Noyed Girls" School."

- 77. Maulyi ABU HOSSAIN SARKAR: (a) Is the Proposed Minister in charge of the Home (Police) Department aware—
 - (i) of a line "Bhano Mano Mary Ohosh-er-Vandan-?" in a cinema film named "Mano-Movee Girls" School" shown now and then in Bengal; and
 - (ii) of a feeling amongst some sections of Indian Christians over that line
- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, do the Government contemplate taking immediate steps to the omission of that line from the film?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: (a) (a) Yes

- (11) and (b) No
- **Dr. H. C. MUKHARJI:** Is the Hon-ble Minister aware that the line queted in (a) (c) taken along with the context is a direct insult to our religion.
- The Honsble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Sir, this matter was referred to a very highly respected member of the Indian Christian community, and it was his definite opinion that it did not in any way offend the religious susceptibilities of the community.
- Dr. H.C. MUKHERJI: May I enquire whether the Indian Christian in question is a Catholic ...

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I ask for notice

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

(answers to which were laid on the table)

The District Agricultural Officer.

- 37. Maulana MD. MANIRUZZAMAN ISLAMABADI: (a) Will the Han'ble' Minister an charge of the Agriculture and Industries Department be pleased to state—
 - (t) the utility of keeping a District Agricultural Officer and 18

 staff in every district with an expenditure of public money;
 and

the short description of works done during the last two years in every district of the Unitingong Division?

- (b) If any seed distribution has been done by these officers, will the Hen'ble Minister be pleased to publish a statement showing the name and amount of seeds, where and to whom distributed and whether these have been distributed free or not?
- (c) Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether Government contemplate -
- w. (1) abolishing these posts; and
 - (ii) placing the money available in the hands of the District Board for the letterment of agriculture and the agriculturists.

The Hoy'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca:
(a) (i) The District Agricultural Officers and the staff under them are essential for the demonstration of the results of experiments and research carried on by the expert staff of the department, thereby enabling the cultivator to adopt new and improved varieties of crops and improved methods of agriculture. These officers are the only medium through which the benefits of the experiments and research done by the department can reach the cultivators. The utility of the District Agricultural Officers and the staff under their has never before been questioned. In fact there is a persistent demand for increase in the number of District Agricultural Officers and demonstration staff

- (ii) A statement is placed on the table.
- (b) Distribution of seeds is done on A wide scale. The preparation of a statement of the kind asked for would involve an amount of time and labour not commensurate with the advantage to be gained therefrom.
 - (c) The abolishing of the posts is not contemplated

Statement referred to in the reply to clause (a) (ii) of inistaired question No. 37, regarding work done by the District Agricultural Officers of Chittagony, Noakhali and Tippera, diring 1936-37 and 1937-38.

Chittogony district. The District Agricultural Officer and his staff were mainly engaged in variying out the most beneficial and useful results of research to the cultivators in the district. Demonstration of seeds, exops, manures, implements, etc., were also carried out Practical ways and means of approxing agricultural conditions—were explained. Through lantern iectures and curema shows, the activities of the department were explained by the District Agricultural Officer to the cultivators. The District Agricultural Offices was also in charge of the agricultural activities of the Khas Mahal and Court of Wards.

estates in the district. Union Board farms were started and worked by the District Agricultural Officer.

Noukhali district.—Demonstrations of improved seeds, manufecter, were carried out with great appreciation by most of the cultivators. Lantern lectures describing the activities of the department were given by the District Agricultural Officer. The people of the locality flave appreciated improved varieties of paddy which has created great demands. Six Union Board farms were started and worked by the District Agricultural Officer.

Timper district.—Besides working the Tippera District Farm, the District Agricultural Officer had to supervise the work of the Demonstrators employed under the Court of Wards estates, etc., as well as the demonstration work of 5 departmental Demonstrators in 1936-37, which number was increased to 6 in 1957-38. During the same year, the duty of supervising the work of one Overseer and two Demonstrators under the Indian Central Jute Committee and of a special Demonstrator in connection with Jute Restriction Propaganda also devolved on the District Agricultural Officer Extensive propaganda was made throughout the district for the use of improved seeds, implements and manures. Namerous meetings were held largely attended by cultivators, in which lantern shows on improved agriculture were given. Twelve Union Board farms were also started and worked by the District Agricultural Officer.

Khan Bahadur, MOHAMED ALI: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state as to who supervises the work of these district agricultural officers.

The Hon'ble Nawab', Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Qacca: The Director of Agriculture

Khan Bahadur MOHAMED ALIC Is the Houble Migister considering the desirability of placing the services of district agricultural officers at the disposal & District Boards so that closer supervision may be made?

The Hon'bib Nawab Khwaja-HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: If the honourable member will please come and see my I shall be pleased to discuss the matter with him

Jute Enquiry Committee.

38. Maulvi MUHAMMAD ISRAIL: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Agriculture and Industries Department he pleased to state whether the Jute Enquiry Columntee proposed in the Budget

speech of the Hon ble Minister it charge of Agriculture and Industries, has been appointed?

(b) If the answer to clause (a) is in the negative, will the Honble Minister be pleased to state the reasons therefor:

is the approximate time expected to be taken by the Committee?

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, oʻ Daçca:

- Yes
 (b) Does not alise
 - (c) The terms of reference include the following.
- * (1) the regulation of the production of rute.
 - (2) the marketing of jute;
 - (3) the improvement of the price of jute,
 - (4) the fixation of the price of jute; aild
 - (5) the jute forecast, including the collection of information regarding stocks in hand

The Committee is expected to take not more than 7 or 8 months.

Maulvi MUHAMMAD ISRAIL: Will the Hon'ble Manister be pleased to state when the Committee is likely to begin its work?

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Pahadur, of Daccar That is for the Committee to decide

Weaving schools and weaving demonstration parties in the province.

- 39. Maulvi MUHAMMAD HASANUZZAMAN: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Agriculture and Industries Department be pleased to state
 - (i) how many peripatetic weaving schools and weaving demonstration parties have been working in the province, and when have they been started.
 - (11) how many of them are permakent and how many temporary;
 - (iii) how long the latter ones have been working on a temporary basis; and
 - (iv) whether the Government have obtained apports about the utility of their works!
 - (b) If the answer to (a) (iv) is in the affirmative-
 - (i) why they have not yet been made permanent; and
 - (ii) are the Government considering the desirability of making

- (c) If the answer to (a) (iv) as in the negative, why have they been retained?
- (d) (i) Are the members on the staff of the above mentioned temporary establishment getting increment in their salary with retrospective effect on being taken into permanent staff?
 - (a) If not, why not
- (c) Is it a fact that unlike other trovernment servants under the Bengal Government this temporary period of service has been prolonged for a considerably long period of time?
- (f) Are the Government considering the cases of these itinerant parties?

The Hon'ble Hawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca:

- (a) (i) to (iii) Λ statement is placed on the table
 - (ir) Yes
 - (b) I am considering the question of permanency
 - (c) Doe not arise.
- (d) (i) and (ii) I do not understand the question. Some members of the temporary soul have been given incremental scales of pay
 - (c) and (f) Vide, answer to clause (b) of the question.

Statement referred to in the reply to clause (a) (i) to (iii) of the unstarged question No. 39.

	1			
	Total number of schools and parties working in the province	Number of schools and parties which are persian ont	Number of schools and • parties which are tempor ary	Date of starting of the schools and parties
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Peripatetic Weaving schools.	26*		* 1 H	8 performent schools started prior to 1920 Of the
		'	•	temporary schools, 17 m 1926 and 1 in 1936
I. Weaving demonstration parties.	5†	• • 2	3	2 permanent part- ¶es started in 1921 Of the * temporary parties +1 in 1926 and 2 in 1928 •

^{*}Excludes 2 schools sanctioned in 1938 †Excludes 2 jute and 2 wool-weaving parties under the unemployment relationeme.

Introduction of a Bill to amend the Eengel Village Self-Government
Act, 1919

charge of the Jublic Health and Local Self-Government Department be pleased to state whether the Government intend to introduce any Bill to amend the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1918, in the next session of the Assembly on the lines of the Private Members' Bill were notice of on the aforesaid Act?

Minister in charge of the PUBLIC HEALTH and LOCAL SELF-COVERNMENT DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy): 1 regret I have not been able to adopt such a course

Health of Srijut Monoranian Ray, a detenu.

- 41. 8j. NARENDRA NATH DAS CUPTAF (a) Will the Hon ble Minister in charge of the Home (Special) Department be pleased to state.—
 - (i) what is the present state of health of Sriju! Monoranjan Ray now detained in Dinajpur district; and
 - (ii) whether it is a fact that he has been suffering from acute troubles and pain in knee joint and can hardly watk?
- (b) If the answer to (a) (n) is in the affirmative, what arrangement, if any, has been made for his treatment?
- (c) Is the Houble Minister aware that with an allowance of Rs. 25 per month the determ, specially when suffering from diseases, is unable to meet his expenses?
- (d) If the answer to (c) is n the affirmative, are the Government considering the desirability of granting-him a suitable increment of his allowance?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAYIMUDDIN: (a) and (b) I have received no report of illchealth and since the individual in question has been unconditionally released. I do not propose to institute enquiries.

(c) No.

(d) alors not arise.

Increment of allowance of Stijut Narendranath Das, a detenu.

- 42. 8). NARENDRA NATH DAS CURTA! (a) Is the Hon be Minister in charge of the Home (Special) Department aware—
 - (i) that the father of Srijut Narendranath Das. M.A., of Swarap Kathi, a detenu, had to resign his post as a teacher on account of old age; and
 - (a) that when he was serving as a teacher the Government allowed him an allowance of Rs. 20 per month on account of his son?
- *(b) Do the Government contemplate an increment in allowance in view of the loss of service of the father.*
- (c) If so, are the Government considering the desirability of increasing it to at least Rs 50 per month?
- (d) Do the Government contemplate immediate release of Srijut Narendranath Das, M.v.?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAXIMUDDIN: (a) (i) Yes

- (ii) Although the defenu was a student when arrested, Government sanctioned an allowance of Rs. 20 on compassionate grounds
- (b) and (ω) No. The enquiries made indicated no justification for such a course
 - (d) Yes

Health of Brijut Pushpa Hanjan Chatterjee, a detenu.

- 43. 8]. NARENDRA NATH DAS CUPTA: (ht Will the Hou'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Special) Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) the present state of health of Srijut Pushpa Ranjan Chatterjee now detained on Dinappur district.
 - "(ii) whether it is a fact that he had been suffering from piles and was transferred to the hospital for treatment; and
 - (iii) whether it is a fact that while in hospital he used to get only three annas per day, by which he had to meet all his expenses of barber, washerman as well as pay for fruits and other articles bought by him.
- (b) Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that, with three annas per day, the detenu could hardly meet his current expenses?
- (c) Is it a fact that Rs. 7 or inbre are being deducted from his allowance per month for the extra expenditure he incurred when in hospital for buying necessaries and paying for washerman, etc.

- (d) Is it not a fact that the detenuts allowance was reduced when he required rocce in hospital?
- (e) Are the Government considering the desirability of making the full payment of his allowance amounting to only Rs. 25?
- (f) Is the from ble Minister aware that the inadequacy of hospital allowances is one of the main reasons why the detonus are unwilling to go to hospital unless they are compelled by dire necessity?
- (y) If the answer to (f) is in the affirmative, are the Government considering the desirability of making payment of full amount of allowance to the desenut when in hospital?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: (a) to (d) The information is not readily available and in view of the fact that this individual has been unconditionally released. I do not propose to pursue the enquiry which the honourable member suggests

- (e) and (g) Do not arise.
- (f) No.

Message from the Bengal Legislative Council.

The Secretary read the following message regrived from the President of the Bengal Legislative Council

The Bengal Legislative Council at its meeting held on the 12th August, 1938, has in pursuance of section 75 of the Government of India Act, 1935, considered the recommendations of the Government Bull, 1938, in detail and has adopted the unendments contained therein The Council has accordingly agreed with the decisions of the Assembly

The Bengal Money-lenders' 'Bill, 1938.

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIH, Khan Bahadur: I beg to present the *nd interim* report of the Select Committee on the Bengal Morey-lenders' Bill, 1998

Mr. SPEAKER: I may inform the House that the Select Committee on the Bergal Money-lenders' Bill, 1938, have asked for time till the 31st October, 1938. Is it the pleasure of the House that the time should be given?

(Pause)

(As there was no objection from any side of the House, the time asked to was taken to be granted.)

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: In that case, see, may I enquire why the motion for circulation was not accepted by the Hon ble Minister?

Mr. SPEAKER: I can quite understand your point, but the matter, is for the present already settled

SUPPLEMENTARY DEMANDS FOR CRANT.

. 25-Ceneral Administration.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Su, on the recommendation of the Governor I beg to move that a sum of Rs. 1,00,000 be granted for expenditure under the head '25'. General Administration. General Administration. Publicity 'during the year 1938-39.

Sir, I want to make it clear that I have moved the demand for Rs 1,00,000 only and I am not moving for the other Rs 1,00,000 for rund reconstruction.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May we take it that it will not be moved at all in this session?

* Mr. SPEAKER: Unless there is a fresh supplementary demand, it cannot be taken up

Mr. ADDUL HAKEEM: I beg to move that the sum of Rs. 1,00 000 under the head "2" General Administration. Publicity, be reduced by Rs. 100 to raise a discussion about the pay of the Director of Public Instruction - (Several members from the Coverior Benefits Not Public Instruction but Public Information . I am sorry, Su , it is a new thing which has been thrust upon us and therefore I have committed the mistake. Anyway We are Sabsolutely in the derk about the nature and powedure of the worl that will be carried on by the Director of Public Information, as I have already stated, it is an absolutely new thing to us. So far as the supplementary budget for the year 1938-39 is concerned, and from the very very short note that is there on the body of the book, it is very difficult for us to make out what the real intention is. So for as we have seen, our experience in the past slows that there are certain favoured journals and newspapers who carry on propagately on behalf of the power that be, and I do not know whether at the present moment it is in the contemplation of the power that be, the Ron'ble Ministers who are concerned in this case, that they are going to hisoilt any particular newspaper or not. We expected that they would acquaint the House

with full information. So far as runfour goes, there are three newspapers, namely, the "Amilia Bazar Patrika", the "Azad" and the "Star of India". These three papers are going to be favoured by the Obsernment of the day in order to carry on propaganda on behalf of the Government.

Now, Sin another thing. So far as the demand is conceined, it is simply said so much is necessary for the nurpose of publicity. How that amount will be spent, what check there would be on the procedure, whether the whole amount will be answed, mis-spent or well be spent in a way which will be conducive to the best interests of the country at large we do not know. I would like the Hon ble Minister movine for the demand to come forward with a comprehensive, and clearcut scheme and place that scheme before the House. We do not know whether the individual items of expenditure will at a later date be subject to scrutiny by a properly authorized body or properly authorized person or not. Anyway, we want light, and more alight. We cannot be struggling in the darkness of ignorance in this respect.

Now, Sir, as far as we are concerned the knowledge foat is given to us, the light that is vouchsafed to us in the name of public priorination, our experience is that in the past when this Government did not come into power, but when some of the hon'ble members who or cript the Treasury Benches were in power in some capacity or other, then, that paper, the "Star of India" was there, and that "Star of India" carried propaganda even against that person who is now the Chief Minister of Bengal, and against him and his partyfall sorts of hes, all sorts of mischievous propaganda word carried on against the person who is now the Chief Minister of Bengal. I can give you chapter and verse how on the eye of election all sorts of his were special against him. Those are the credentials of the paper, namely, the "Star of India"—Mr. Speaker, it would appear from the "Star of India" in those ante-election days

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: On a point of order, Sir. Surely we are not discussing the "Star of India" here, and I submit it is not relevant to what the "Star of India" said about the Chief Minister then

Mr. SANTUSH KUMAR BASU: On a point of order, Sir. When the mover of this motion, the Hon ble the Home. Minister has not thought fit to vouchsafe to the House what use will be made of, this particular amount, if the grant is allowed by the House, is it not open to any member to proceed on his view of the matter and on suppositions more ar less to discuss this matter?

Mr. *PEAKER: Provided he Con make it relevant.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BAQU: Of course, Sir. I submit, Sir, that so far as the lonourable enember is concerned he has been proceeding on the footing that if this grant is made; such use may be made of it by the Government.

Mr. ADDUL HAKEEM: I have already explained, Sir, my difficulties in this matter. I am placing certain hypothesis before the House simply because, as I have stated, I am in the dark about the exact nature of the publicity for which such a vast amount will be spent.

I may refer the House to a publication that appeared in the "Star of India" of Monday, January 11, 1937. There you will see how there appeared this vanomous article in the "Star of India".

"Muslim voters beware Do you want Congressmen to rule Bengal? If not, send Fazlul Huq to the wall. Smash up the Proja Party. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq became Mayor of Celcutta with the help of Hindu Congress votes."

MrsSPEAKER: I am not sure whether you can read these details. It is not relectant at all? You can certainly make out a case as to what use the Director of Public Information will make of his staff. But as regards the question of detail, that does not arise at all.

Mr. ABDUL HAKEEM: Anyway, Sir, not submission to you, and through you to the House's Thether such a paper can be favoured with money over which this House has control. Our definite position is that we do not like that a paper of this description should be favoured at all with any money over which we have control.

Mr. SPEAKER: I am atraid here again you are making a mistake. The money is not for the purpose of subsidy to any newspaper. It is for the purpose of a separate Publicity Department, and you cannot assume there will be sabsidy unless the Hon'ble Minister specifically mentions it. Here it is mentioned that it is merely to constitute a separate Publicity Department, and I take it that this demand is for this Department and nothing else.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I draw vonit attention. Sir, to the lines following the few lines you read. It is this: "to constitute a separate Publicity Department, to place it in charge ct-a Director of Public Information with three assistants and to provide it with funds sufficient to enable it to function effectively."

Mr. SPEAKER: That does not hean subsidy.

Dr. NACINAKSHA SANYAL: Let us have an assurance from trovernment that it is not meanl. We have every feason to believe at least on the own responsibility. I may state that the money eprovided is not mately meanl for paring the staff, but for some other purposes. For us know what the purposes are

28

Mr. SPEAKER: You can merely ask that I am outre prepared to concede that it would be perfectly competent and relevant for the members to demand the details of this grant as to whether any subsidy is going to be paid or not and you can generally refer to it; but on the assumption that subsidy will be given you cannot criticise the conduct of Government

Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIN AHMED: Sir, our difficulty has been this. The Home Minister when he moved the motion did not make any speech as to what he will do with the money, whether a feast will be given, or something will be done, we do not know. So all sorts of surmises, assumptions and presumptions will be made. Therefore, Sit, it will be proper for the Hon'ble Minister to say something to enlight in the House.

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: Mr. Speaker, Sir, in view of the fact that the Hon'ble Minister has not thrown the slightest ray of light in the background of his mind and his ideas in this motion, the members of the Honse should certainly be entitled to draw their own conclusions from the manner in which the Hon'ble Minister presented this demand. I would therefore submit to you, Sir, that the members should have the right of drawing their own conclusions and making their own comments until and unless the Hon'ble Minister would think fit to throw more light on his intentions in this connection.

Mr. SPEAKER: I am atraid I have been misunderstood by you Mr. Mazumdar. I did not say, that evon cannot argue on this bests that since Government had not explained it as possible that it would be in the nature of a subsidy, but you cannot, on the assumption that subsidy will be given, discuss the metric of the motion.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: 'Max I rise on a point of order?' If we proceed on this basis chat of subsidies are given to papers of this nature wavings of this kind may be produced by these journals then for the purpose of strengthening our argument can we not produce articles from particular newspapers which we may assume, in the absence of any further light, to have been subsidized by Viovernment?

Mr. SPEAKER: I, will allow general discussion, but not the details

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU. This a only for the purpose of emphasising our points and illustrating our arguments.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: May I rise on a point of order with reference to your observations? The motion asks for one lakh of rupees for the remaining of the current year. It is simple withmen, that one lakh of rupees cannot possibly be required for the payer of the Director of Public Information and three Assistant. Directors for the current year. Therefore, some other items must have been under contemplation.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: To snorten the discussion, I may tell the House that it is not in the contemplation of Government to give a subsidy to anybody. If subsidy it to be given, we will give it to chose who are antagonistic to us in order to tone down their remarks. Certainly, we are not going to pay money to our triends.

Babu NACENDRA, NATH SEN: Not even to the "Star of India"

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: To the 'Star of India' we will pay, because it has been my enemy slaughter:

Mr. ABDUL HAKEEM: I feel the Hon ble the Chief Minister has spoken well. So far as our information goes, on the basis of a notification in the Gazette, we understand the tayoured person who is now the Director of Public Information will draw a fat salary and will be in charge of the entire fund. That gentleman directly or indirectly did not support the cause of the Hon ble the Chief Minister in the ante-election days. Therefore, it is right that this money will go to his enemy and not to his friend. He is more inclined to satisfy the gilded knights and bejowehed Nawabs who were his enemies. I thank him for admitting that "Cries of "bear, hear from the Congress benches.) It is a curious from of fate that things have taken such a turn.

So far, however, as the actual procedure that is to be adopted by the Director of Public Information is concerned, we are kept in colossal ignorance. Now, Sir, as to whether the propaganda be the Muslim League will be carried on or not with this fund, will the Hop ble the Chief Minister be pleased to tell this House, as he has just now, said that he will pay money to his enemies and not to his friends? Will be, therefore, please state whether the Muslim League propaganda

will be carried on with this money? Or will be give this money to us, his present enemies, so that we hist dury the banner of the Proja Party through the length and breadth of this country? . We expect an synswer from him on this point, because the Muslim League is now in this good books. We are definite on this point that we do not like that and political party of whatever denomination with whatever anteettients or credentials should be favoured to the extent that money will be spent to carry on its propaganday. These political parties will come and go, but the hungry millions the peasantry of the countrywill remain for ever, and if we spend this amount of money in order to ameliorate the distresses of the people of this country, if we spend it to alleviate the distress of the suffering humanity, if we, really speaking, spend money in order to bring necessary information to light and place it at the door of the peasantry of Bengal, so far as the sanitation, public health, medical relief, education and things of the kind are concerned, there is no man on earth who will stand in the way of spending one lakh of rupees. More lakhs of rupees may be spent; any ambunt of money may be spent if we can ensure that the people are better every to-morrow than to-day. I, therefore, like to hear from the Hou'ble Minister in charge, or on his behalf from the Hon'hle the Chief Minister to place before the House a clear-cut, definite, comprehensive scheme which will be followed in this matter of publicity Moreover, he is in possession of racts, and, therefore, ke should place before the House some details at least showing the way in which the Director of Public Information will be acting. Further, what check will be there? At a distant time the Director of Public Information may show some account that money has been spent, but how that money has been spent, whefner there has been any abuse, who will see to that? Whether it will be subject to any check or scruting by any authority appointed in this behalf, is what we want to know. These are the items of information which we really and seriously require. It these things are placed before the House, we will give our definite opinion whether this sum of money should be spent or not. With these few words, Sir. I support the motion.

The Harble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Sir, the very fact that the honourable mover of this motion mixed up the Director of Public Instruction with the Director of Public Information proves the necessity of the post of a Director of Public Information to educate the honourable mover of this motion.

Sir. I am curprised that this question should at all be discussed or raised in this Bouse. It is well known that every Government, leave alone the provincial governments of India, even big Powers like Great Britain, America, Germany, Japan, China, they are all concentrating on publicity and propaganda. With all their vast resources, with all

the presses at their command; they have to appoint Publicity Officers and do propagande work. No government can carry on, no government can get effective work done it there is no proper publicity, and proper propagandal and in Bengab it is ven times more necessary in . view of the fact that practically all the papers are terribly hostile Government. It has been already mentioned by the Hoy'ble the Chief Minister but in this connection it will bear repetition that when the Government of Orissa provided three thousand rupoes for libraries, . these papers gave out that it was a great drive against iditeracy, whereas the Government of Bengal are spending lakhs of rupers on primary education and yet day in and day out there is criticism of Government that nothing is being done for removing the illiteracy of the masses. I can cite instances galore where deliberate and mis-·chievous propaganda is made against all the activities of Government Not only that, but no credit is given to them for whatever good they do and misrepresentation is made. The Star of India is the only English daily that does#try to be fair and just "Cries of "Ah!" "Ah!" from Opposition Benches) The America Bazar Patrika's name has been deliberately brought in by the mover of the motion knowing full sell that it is one of the briterest critics of Government and whenever it find a suitable opportunity it is ready to attack Government and yet its name has been mentioned by the mover of the motion, and the reason is obvious because of the association of the paper with certain honourable member

Then again, another question has been asked whether this department of the Dire tor of Lubbe Information will do the Moslem League propaganda. The honourable member ought to know that there is such a range as the 'Public Accounts Committee. The honourable member ought to know that the office of the Director of Public Information has been made into a Secretariat Department, and the papers will be put up through the Chief Secretary. The Public Accounts Committee always check all expenditure-

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Is there one in Bengai?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Yes

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHÀUDHURI : Doi

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: It does meet in the sense that we used to have Public Accounts Committee of the old Government and as far as this sear is concerned, the honourable member gught to know, that the accounts have not been his held yet and therefore the Public Accounts Committee, have not yet met this year.

The Department of Public Information is not for the purpose of party propaganda. When Government provide money for any activity, it is for governmental activities only and not for party activities. A question of this kind which rappes question of blue foles of Governseent is absolutely wrong, and I do not like to give any further reply to the point 😘

Publicity and propaganda are extremely necessary to this reason that not only we have got to browleast the activities of Government. , but there is another aspect of the question, namely, the educative "value which the honourable member has himself admitted and realignised. There is a great deal of work to be done. I claim that as far as this sphere of work is concerned, it is practically an flutonched ground and if we have a proper publicity and propaganda department they can undertake to educate the cultivators as to the right methods to be employed for agriculture; they can give assistance in educating the public regarding rural uplift work, as the honourable members are aware that the existing Publicity and Propaganda Department of Government also produce films for the purpose of educating the masses on public health, Sanitation, and education. These activities can be increased and multiplied; all these require money and then it stay be necessary to issue and broadcast leaflets to edulate the public of to give instructions as to how certain works has got to be done lantern lecturers also tour for the purpose of educating the massesall these require money and therefore a sum of Rs. I lakh has been provided. Personally I consider that when this department develops and progresses more money will be required. Members of this House know

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: 1s there no subsidy?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: That has already been rgplied to by the Hon'ble the Chigt Minister – The honourable memb⊖ has got no right to interrupt me and I refuse to be interrupted in this was

Mr. SPEAKER: When a member does not want to be disturbed, you have no right to interrupt him

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: It is inconvenient sometimes to be interrupted

. Mr. SPEAKER: Dr. Sanyal, my decision on your last interrupfion was that you are not to interrupt the Hon'ole Minister. This interjection is highly objectionable.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NALIMUDDIN: It is well known, that the Madras Government have not a Publicity and Propagarda Minister. United Provinces and Bihar have gone in tor adSpecial Officer for the Publicity and Propagarda Department. The Government of Beneal with its natural disadvantages of having the press against it—a hostile press—has the necessity of a Publicity Department 10 takes more than the other provinces.

• Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: May I rise on a point of information? May I know if there is any intention of Government sto? publish a newspaper of its own?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: No. Sir It will be extremely expensive and one lakh of rupees will be absolutely insufficient to this . I am sure if the honourable member had consulted the Chief Whip of the Opposition, he would have told him that a sum of one lakh of impees is hopelessly inadequate.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: It is cheaper to adopt the Star & India

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: As the honourable mover of the motion has asked more light to be thrown on the matter. Government puts the headlights on at for the purpose of explaining Government policy to the Opposition.

I am sure in a this is a demand which the whole flouse should unanimously support, because it is for the benefit of the masses for improving the condition in initial areas, for improving the economic condition of the agriculturests and anasses and what is more it will be of immense benefit to the members of the Opposition, especially as they will be fully enformed or the activities of the Government and they will not then have to ask questions and raise discussions unnecessarily in this House. So spart from all other considerations, for the purpose of giving true information about the activities of Government to the members of the Opposition, they should welcome this proposal of Government.

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: On a point of information, Sir. May I know, on what calculation, exactly the amount of demand has been fixed at Rs. Dlakh, neither lessing more?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: It is a lump sum demand It is difficult to forecast the exact amount that, may be necessary but I have already explained how the money is going to be spent and the honormable members opposite need have no apprehension about it.

34 SUPPLEMENTARY DEMANDS FOR GRANT. [15th Aug.,

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Is it in the nature of a discretionary group for faithful service?

Mr. SPEAKER: That does not require any answer.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA: On a point of information, Sir A lump sum of Rs. I lake has been askell for, but no details have been worked out. The Treasury Benches do not know how actually the amount will be spent. Is that the position?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I have already indicated the lines on which expenditure will be incurred. It is only an esquate and does not represent the actual expenditures.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Has the Public Service Commission been consulted regarding the appointment of the Director of Public Information?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise.

(The Hon'ble Chief Minister rose to speak.) **

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: In view of the fact

Mr. M. A. H. ISPAHANI: Sir, may I know it it is question nime now?

Mr. SPEAKER: I shally this is not the question time, and under ordinary circumstances I would not have allowed these questions to be put, but the difficulty is that, and I hope is will be realised, there has been no general discussion, of this demand. Neither has the Hon'ble Minister supplied acry explanatory memorandum in regard to the items of this graft beyond a brief note. Go I am allowing questions to be put, so long as the Ministers are agreeable to answer them. Or course it is open to them not to answer.

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: Sir, what the House would like to know, in view of the fact that only Rs. I likh is asked for, is that the House Mixister should enlighten as as to what culculations were enade to fix the amount of I likhter in view of the fact that one likh of impress for our province is a very large sum indeed—

Mr. SPEAKER: I am afraid that is not a question; moreover, it has been answered already.

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA HAZUMDAR: Sir, my quession-was: was any exact calculation made.

Mr. SPEAKER: Well, that has been answered.

1938.1

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: Then, Sir, was this amount based on mere guess work?

Mr. SPEAKER: You have heard the Home Minister say that it is a lamp sum grant

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: On a point or order, Sir - would it not be better or perhaps would it not be right and in accordance with the rules of procedure of this House for the Chief Minister to reply at a somewhat later stage. You are aware. Sir, that there are different motions. There is for instance, a motion for the rejection of this demand. There are motions also for reducing this demand by Rs. 99,999.

Mr. SPEAKER: I would much prefer it I could get an indication as to which grant is likely to be debated at length?

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Motion No. 18

Mr. SPEAKER: But Motion No. 38 is not in orders.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: It that is your view regarding that motion then I rise on a point of order. May I draw your attention to section 79(2) or the Covernment of India Act, 1935?

'So much of the said estimate, as relates to other expenditure, shall be submitted, in the form of demands for grants, to the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Assembly shall have power to assent, or to retuse to assent, to any demand, or to assent to a demand subject to a reduction of the amount specified therein."

Mr. SPEAKER: Quite so, but it does not say that it must be in the nature of a substantive motion, and I take it that a substantive motion is there and the House by refusing it could comply with the provisions of this section, for, otherwise, it would be in the nature of a negative motion. Then there would be two notions before the House one for acceptance and the other for refusal which would be contradictory. So you have to discuss it on the main demand, and I would give you and your party the fullest opportunity to discuss the rejection of the whole demand in that connection.

Mr. LARAT CHANDRA BOSE: If have got at advept your ruling on this point, Sir. although I respectfully dissent from it, having regard to the clear prevision of section 79, to which I have reterred. But if that is your ruling I may mention to you that we wish to take by Motions Nos. 45-48.

Mr. SPEAKER: That is perfectly in order, because, after all Re I will still be left in that case. No. 38 would have been in order, if Government were moving two motions, that is for the 2-lakli givent.

Dr. NALINAUSHA SANYAL: I rise on a point of order, Sir. So long as the demand was as originally contemplated, namely, two lakes, the reduction of one lake was to be considered an economic reduction, but as soon as the Honble Minister has chosen to reduce his demand to one lake, this reduction of one lake should be taken as a refusal motion, and the reduction motion should now be taken as a total refusal motion. I submit, it is a statutory right of members to refuse a demand.

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes; a statutory right, not in the form of a substantive motion but in the form of rejection of main demand.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: You may like it as a rejection motion, Sir. A rejection motion is not moved in the form of

Mr. SPEAKER: I think, Dr. Sanval, you have tarsunderstood me I am not saying that the House is debarred from making its decision known that they want to reject the demand, but that shoulds one on the discussion on the main demand. Afterfall, rejection of a demand is as good as the refusal of the demand, and nobody in the world can say that there is any difference in a negative motion being accepted and the substantive demand being refused? After all it is the same thing. Of course fagree that there is still another point of view which can be argued as has been argued by Mi Sarat Ghandra Bose. We have the exceptional case in the case of a Bill where a section has sometimes been allowed to be entirely deleted, but this isotor a different reason. In any case the rejection of the entire demand will be in order in discussing the main demand where Government have wanted a lakh of rupees, I am not shifting out discussion, nor am I taking away any statutory right of the House. I Am only laying down a procedure as to slow you can make out, a case for the rejection or the entire demand

. Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May & enquire, Sir, at which stage the main demand will come under consideration?. Can it be taken up now?

- Mr. SPEAKER: Well, if that is the desire of the House and if the Leader of the House agrees as to what time limit should be put on the other demand, there I think, the matter may be taken up now.
- Mr. JOGESH CHANDRA CUPTA: Having regard to your ruling. I suggest that motion No. 45--48 may be called upon now and we could have a general discussion on this motion. That is the view of the Opposition, Sir.
 - Mr. SPEAKER: I take it then that Mr. Abdul Hakeem is not going to press his motion, as I must dispose of amendment No. 12 which has been moved by him
- Mr. ABDUR RAHMAN SIDDLOI: On a point of order, Sir. After having called upon the Chief Minister to speak, do you think it is according to the conventions of the House to allow other speeches to be made?
 - Mr. SPEAKER: The Chief, Minister has agreed to this course

The question before the House is that the demand of Rs. 1,00,000 for expenditure under the head "25. General Administration. Publicity" during the year 1938-39 be reduced by Rs. 100 tto raise a discussion about the pay of the Director of Public Information and his staffs.

"The motion was put and lost

Mr. ABDUL HAKEEM: I begate more that

- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYALE 'I use on a point of order, Sir Is it in order for the Director of Public Information 40 canvas in this House and speak to members sitting in this House?
- Mr. SPEAKER: I thought Dr Nalimaksha Sanyal was not gifted with prescience and I wonder how he gould find out if the Director of Public Information was canvassing in this House
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Well, Sir, I saw him talking and passing on slips to honourable members of this House. Is it permissible for him to do so?
- Mr. SPEAKER: That is another matter, but that is not canvassing.
- * Dr. NALINARSHA SANYAL: Then let us know the exact position, Sir.

SUPPLEMENTARY PEMANDS FOR GRANT. [15th Acg.,

Mr. U. A. H. ISPAHANI: would ask Dr. Sanyal to withdraw his remark by (Cries of Cha oh), from the Congress Bouch s)

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Mr. Ispakani asks for the withdrawal of the remarks as if he were a Dictator!

Mr. SANTGSH KUMAR BASU: We have seen enough of your righteous indignation!

Mr. SPEAKER: Personally, I should say that I remember Dr. Sanyal himself talking to somebody in the gallery sometime back (hughter)

Mr. ABDUL HAKEEM: I formally move, Sir, that the demand of Rs. 1,00,000 for expenditure under the head "25. General Administration. Publicity" during the year 1935-39 be reduced by Rs. 99,999 (Publicity grant innecessary).

Maulvi ABU HOSSAIN SARKAR: Sir, I support the motion moved by my friend, Mr. Abdul Hakeem, but before discussing anything about it, I would like to make my position absolutely clear as to the nature of this demand. I am not totally opposed to any kind of a Publicity Department, but I am opposed to a department which has begun with favouritism, or, it I may use the term, "with nepotism" Here, Sir, is a Director of Public Information who has been appointed without consulting the Public Service Commission, and this gentleman, so tar as my knowledge goes, was only a jumor officer in the Education Department. He was appointed birly in 1927, and was drawing before his appointment to his present post, only Rs. 500 a month, and now he has been given a salary which is practically double that amount Rs 930, to be exact a One of my triends Dr. Narnashi Sama suggests that he will draw in all Rs. 930, but nobody knows why this lift has been given to this gentleman and why he has been tayoured in such a way. There is only one qualification which we know, he has, and that is that he used to write, some articles vilitying the Hon'ble Mr. Fazhil Huq when he belonged to the Krishak Praja Party now this Houble Mr. Fazlul Huq comes torward with the Statement that he will not spend money for any one of his friends, but he will give money to his opponents to tone down their opinion. Now, we find this is an instance to the pointe. Here is a gentleman who has been appointed Director of Public Information, who used to write scurrilous and vilitying articles against the Hon'ble Mr. Fazlul Hug, and so in order to tone down his whitection and antagonism this kind of promotion has been given. It is a pertinent question, Sit, to ask what qualfication, or training this gentleman das for being appointedMr. SPEAKER: I am afrail. Ir. Sarkar, I have to interfere at this stage. It is perfectly open to you to criticle that the grant is unnecessary and to state the reasons why it is innecessary. It is also perfectly pertinent to say that the shary is too much for the post; left that the question of merit has been given the slightest consideration is wholly beside the point.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA: Are we not entitled to point out that the gentleman who is being appointed as Director of Public Information or has been appointed, had absolutely no previous experience or qualification for the post?

Mr. SPEAKER: Certainly, he is perfectly entitled to do that, but he was not doing so

Maulyi ABU HOSSAIN SARKAR: I was submitting that the gentleman who has been appointed Director of Public Information has practically to training or qualification for the post • (A MIMIO R FROM THE CONTINUO BENCH - What should be the requisite qualification?) That ought to have been decided by the Public Service Commission. But the Government have no right to take away that function from that body and appoint a person as a matter or tayour.

Now Sir, it is also known that that gentleman was making propagated a metavour of the Muslim League under the name of Ain-ul-Mulk acm he was writing several actives in the Star of India. Although it was known to the Honble the Home Minister that he, being a Government servant could take no active part in party oblitics and that it was proper that that gentleman should have been numished it stead or being rewarded for doing so

Mr. SPEAKER: I am atraid, you are going tinch beyond vegr limit. You are perfectly cutified to discuss the merit of the officer, but you are not entitled to make these allegations.

Maulvi ABU HOSSAIN SARKAR: Now, Sn, as regards appointing that gentleman without constilling the Public Service Commission, I appeal to my European triends and especially to Sir George Campbell that they should come torward and throw out the whole grant so that Government may be compelled to consult the Public Service Commission in future

Now, Sir, as to the history of this department. Originally Government had a department under the Home Deva thent and there was a Press Others with one assistant. This gentleman used to do publicity work for the Government, and in addition to this he had to look after

the political prisoners also. Now that the detenus are almost all released and his pressure of work has diminished and as he has now another office, to help kim, this publicity work can easily be entrusted to the Press Officer. I think there is no need for a separate Publicity Department independent of the Home Department. But if things are allowed to go on as at prescht and it communalism is spread by spending public money, the result will be disastrous to the country. I therefore, submit, Sri, that the establishment of this separate department should be discouraged and the money demanded by the Home Minister should be disallowed.

With these words, Sri, I commend the motion for the acceptance of the House

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Mr. Speaker, Sirt I rise to support the motion of my honourable friend Mr. Abdul Hakeem I proceed further, I would like to draw the attention of the House to the fact that though Rs. 1,00,060 has been asked for for the remainder of the current year and though the explanatory memorandum states that it is desired to constitute a separate Publicity Department and to place it in charge of a Director of Public Information with three Assistant Directors, and we can guess, Sir, what would be the selary of these four officers altogether, though that is the position, the Hontble Minister in charge of this matter has not vouchsafed any real information to the House as to what he is going to do with the rest of the money Sir, I should desire to remind the House char on the 30th July last, a newspaper of this gity published the details of a scheme, said to be adopted by the Minister and uptil now though 15 days have clapsed, though the Director of Public Information is on the saddle, until now there has been po denial that such a scheme has been adopted. Sir, on those facts I think I would be within indiginglish to place before the House my information regarding that scheme. The main idea behind the scheme appears to be that the activities of Government should be given the best possible publicity, and I do say before the House on the basis of the information at my disposal that the details of the scheme were actually adopted by the Ministry The schemesproceeds further and says, a new post with the designation of the Director of Public Information should be created on a plany from Rs 500 to Rs. 1,000 and, Sir, what follows is startling What follows is this should not be filled up, the post should not be filled up by the recommendation of the Public Service Commission, but the incumbert will be appointed by the Committee of the Cabinet mentioned therein, and the names of the members of the Cabinet who are to be, placed in charge have also been publicly stated. Then, Sir, the scheme proceeds further. I am trying to place the scheme before the House as exactly as possible in the words in which they were published 15 days ago.

Now, Sir, as to the nature and whicle of the publicity, according to the tramers of the scheme, past experience has allown that pamphlets, leaders and press-notes do not serve the purpose. They say that it is not a practical proposal for they do not reach the proper-place and there is difficulty in distribution. So the best effective method of publicity, according to the framers of the scheme will be to subsidise certain newspapers—the number has not been given but the words are "to subsidise certain newspapers". The scheme proceeds—it is not expected that without subsidy the newspapers will almost from day to day reserve space for Government publicity and also make favourable comments on the activities and speeches and statements of the Ministers in the Assembly and outside. Now, Sir, the last portion of the scheme is the richest of all, and may I read it before the House. In respect of this propaganda and publicity. I am reading what the scheme says—

"For this propaganda and publicity (which anchodes subsidy to certain newspapers) Government should be prepared to spend one lakh of rupees for the current year"—the identical language)—and almost in identical language as my triend Minister—(Rai Hymyxorx Nyin Chyrinter—in the identical language)—and almost in identical language as my triend Rai Harendra Nath Chaudhuri reminds me. "The subsidized newspapers should not only be helped from this fund, all Government departments should be restricted to help these papers with Government advertisements in preference to other newspapers whatever might be their importance in other respects."

Sir, this is the scheme which was published in one of the leading newspapers of Calcutta fifteen days also, and uptil now, the Director of Public Information had not come out with any denial. Now, Sir, this House need not be raminded of the activities of the Press Officer of the Government of Bengal between the years 1932 and 1935. I have had no occasion, Sir, myself to raise that matter before the House, but I think the House will bear with me at I remind the House for one moment of the nature of those activities and of the similarity between the activities of the Press Officer of the Government of Bengal between the years 1933 and 1935 and the activities of the proposed separate Publicity Department. Now, Sir, this is what the Press Officer wrote about the state of affairs in the beginning of 1934.

"I have succeeded through personal influence, a judicious control of official advertisements"—almost in the same language, as that of the Government scheme published fifteen days ago—"a judicious control of official advertisements and the threat of the Press Act in the background in persuading one of two of the most important nationalist papers to accept even editorial articles from me secretly

-secrety. The articles were written in consonance with the general policy of the papers to convey in a subtle manner. Is repeat the words "in a subtle manner" the Government point of view of the view most favourable to the Government. It may be stated that editorial articles were supplied to nationalist papers not only to create public opinion against terrorism, but also to explain to the people important beneficent activities of the Government.

Then the Peess Officer winds up by these words: 'The revolutionary character of this method of work must be apparent. This was probably for the first time since the days of Lord Lytton's Vicerovalty that the nationalist press allowed itself"—it will; however, be said to the shame of the nationalist press—"to be used by Government on this scale and in this manner."

Now, Sir, if the Government desire to do publicity work, there are surely other ways and means of doing it. If the Government desire to take their stand on beneficent activities, Surely it ought to be possible for the Mfnisters who constitute the Government to explain to the public through their speeches, through their articles, through their newspaper writings, through propaganda throughout the length and breadth of the province as to what their bea-ficent activities are: Sir, this one lakh of rupees I do say in all seriousness could not possibly be used up by paying four officers, the highest of whom will not get more than Rs 1,000. It is obviously meant to pay papers secretly in order to purchase them. In fact, Sir, in the scheme published the word "purchase" has been used. If I may fraw your attention to one portion of that scheme, it says, "the framers of the scheme therefore seem to think that to carry on the administration with popularity. there must be certain newspapers that, should be purchased. Sir, I would say to this House that a subsidised press means a muzzled press, a subsidisted press means a press speaking with its tongue in its cheek; a subsidised press means a press which is willing to lend itself to prostitution

I will now, before resuming my seat, draw the attention of the House to certain important. I may say serious—facts showing the degeneration that came upon certain editors of this solialled nationalist press after the Press Officer began his attivities. The House remembers that I said those activities began in the year 1932, and we find that in the year 1933, and I take tull responsibility for the statement I am going to make on the 5th of July 1933. Mr. Allen Eliott-Lockbart of Messis. Gladstone Wyllik of Vairlie Place, Calcutta, wrote acletter to Sir Edward Benthal of 25. Berkely Squire, London, in the following terms. I shall read only the relevant extracts.—

"It is also signmeant that in the course of a very long and antimate conversation with Tushai Kanti Ghosh of Patrika (I have been seeing

quite a lot of him lately), he admitted the necessity of keeping the irreconcilables in detention for some time to come. Now Sir, mark the words of the letter of Mr. Eliott Lockhart. I believe Sir, he was speaking the truth and nothing but the truth. But the editor of repaper which day in and day out for the last six or seven years has been demanding the release of the so-called irrefouchables, coes quietly to Mr. Allan Elliott-Lockhart and sees him often and often, to use Mr. Bhott-Lockhart's words. It have been seeing quite a lot of him lately, and he admitted the necessity of keeping the irreconcilables in electron for some time to come.

Sir, Ar Allan Eliott-Lockhart is a respectable ortizen of Calcutta; Sir Edward Benthall who is the leader of Europeans in Calcutta is another respectable critizen of this city; and if I have said one would—about their letters which is not correct, it will be open to them to contradict me in the public press and I shall—offer full—and unqualified apology to them

Then, Sir, the writer proceeds:

He also said that by far the largest section of the Congress in Bengal were going to work the reforms even in their present form" mark you. Sir, the flate of the letter, 5th of July 1933. "I pointed out that their continued agrication was only strengthening Churchill's band and doing them no good." that is the agrication which had been going one for the release of political prisoners, the so-called irreconcilables. "He replied that the agrication was only kept up in order to keep Vripen Sirear and Sapru, etc., up to scratch, and that when the Bill came before Parlament, that is when all hopes of altering it to their advantage by agrication, bad, gone, then the agrication would cease entirely.

Sit this was the opinion of the editor of one of the leading papers of this city which had demanded public release of the so-called irre-concilables, which had demanded the rejection or at any ray, a substantial modification of the proposed Government of India Act, and this is the conversation which he had in private. This is the effect of the metarious activities of the Press Officer of the Government of Bengal, and other singlar activities.

Now, Sir, to that letter Sir Palward Benthall wrote from 25. Berkely Square on the 18th July 1933

"My dear Allan, 👡 🔹

Your discussions with Tushar and your information on the present situation are most valuable, and I hope that you will be able to send me information from time to time, and copies of any inferesting papers which you may be circulating Has this House now any doubt lifter I have read the letters of Mr. Eliott-Lockbart and the letter in reply, of Sir Edward Benthall, how demoralised the editors of so-called nationalist newspapers have become, because of these subsidies, because of this patronage, because of Government advertisements regarding which the Press Officer wid he judiciously controlled them?

Sir, with these words I support the motion.

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Sir, a discussion & discussion has been raised over this question by my friend Maulvi Abu Hossam Sarkar, and I find that additional strength has given to it by the Leader of the Opposition. My friend Mr. Hossam Sarkar said that this department is practically meant for propaganda on behalf of the Muslim League I do not know and I cannot say whether this department is meant for that, but, Su, taking all the circumstances into consideration if I admit for the myment that propaganda has been made on behalf of the Muslim League by this department, I do not find anything wrong in it. My friedd Mi Abu Hossain Sarkar is practically taking shelter under the shadow of the Congress and I ask my friend to look at the Congress provinces, and this I say because my friend and his leader the other day admitted the Leader of the Opposition as their leader. He cannot deny this Lask my friend through you, Sir, to look at the Congress provinces. We find that the Congress Government is making propaganda on behalf of the Congress practically with Government sconey, Telephone and telegraph lines have been extended to places where there had been sittings of the Congress. Six is there any justification to say that Government money will be spent for creeting telephone and telegraph lines on behalf of the Congress? If my triend can justify it, then is it not justifiable that Milslim League propaganda will be made by this department? The Muslim League is an important part for the piesent Government. This Government is composed of the Proja Party and the Mashim League members. So, I do not find anything wrong in this department doing propaganda on behalf of the Muslim League, because propaganda on behalf of the Muslim League is propaganda on behalf of the Government.

The Leader of the Opposition has said that a scheme has been prepared to subsidise some nationalist press. I do not know whether it is so of not, but for the moment I admit that some papers have been subsidised. I again affirm that there is nothing wrong in it. The vitiating atmosphere which is prevalent in the country and which is solely due to the propaganda made on the platform, and in the nationalist press demands that some other papers should give publicity of the Government activities in the country.

Sir, if we open a nationalist paper what do we find? We find that vilification and abuses are hurled on Government without my justification who soever, and the good activities of the Government, the ameliorative measures of the Government of the ameliorative measures of the Government do not find a place in the so-called nationalist paper. The Leader of the Opposition has said that subsidised papers can go so far as a belief their support to prostitution. May I ask, Sir, whether to villig the Government and to criticise the Government in a very bad manner, in an unjustifiable way is not prostitution? If anybody gives impartial views and impartial opinions, he must admit without teav of any contradiction that prostitution is made by the so-called nationalist papers.

Now, Str. I take to the point raised by my friend Mr. Abu Hossam Sarkar. He has said that the appointment of the Director of Public Information shows and indicates nepotism. I admit and I confess, Sir, that my triend has made a confusion of the meaning of the word "nepotism." He has said that the present Director of Public Information levelled netatious criticism, against the Hon ble, the Chief Minister while he was fighting the election as the Dioja Party leader. I do not admit that Nowhere has it been found that the present Director of Rublic Information did so. Sir, if I admit for the moment that he did so, then the charge of nepotism does not come at all. If the present Director of Public Information levelled unjustifiable criticism against him, there is ever, justification to say that there cannot be any nepotism, by the Government or showing undue favour to this gentleman. Certainly Six, crimin towards whom I am not favourably disposed various be treated well.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: "It is Dacca nepotism

Maulyi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Sir, my friend says that it is Dacca nepotish. Dacca of course represents a prominent place in the present Government. The decision of the Cabinet is the decision of the whole country. I say with regret, Sir, that the officer, I mean the Director of Public Information, has been attacked in a very unjusticable manner. It does not show that my friend has done justice to himself in critaising a gentleman behind his back and without giving him an opportunity to detend himself. My friend has said that the present Director of Public Information was a very jumor officer in the Education Department, but my friend conveniently forgets that before he was appointed Director of Public Information he was doing the weak of the Principal of a very good Government College.

- Dr. NALINAK3HA 3ANYAL: Second grade Intermediate college!

Maulyi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: He has shown his parts in the Education Department, and he has shown his capacities and capabilities which will justify his appointment as the Director of Public · Information. Everywhere parts and capacities in an officer demand what the particular officer should get recognition by way of promotion. If a brilliant gentleman gets recognition, it cannot be said equitably and justly that injustice has been done to some other gentlemen. (Maulvi Abu Hosaix Sarkar: Did he brief you?) (Babu Sarindra NARAYAN CHAKRABARTY: Was he a student of that college?) *

Now, Sir, again I say that I do not know whether the paper was subsidised or not. I can say boldly that even it the paper was subsidised in order to counteract the propaganda, the mischievous propaganda of abuse and velification which is everyday being spread by the nationalist papers, the Government has got every justification to expect the support of everybody who has got justice and equity at heart

Now, Sir, it is an admitted fact that every Government should have a department to give publicity to its good doings and every Government should have a department to give publicity to the works , which were done and to give publicity to all the ameliorative measures which the present Government has adopted. With a view to this, the Government has appointed a Corrector of Public Information and it has started a separate department in order to go on with the work with efficiency. For that reason, Sir. I chope everybody in this House having an impartial outlook should support the original demand without any hesitation

With these few words, Su. I oppose the cut motion

Maulvi ABDUL BARI: Mr Speaker, Sir I will speak just a few words. I will begin with the sentence with which my triend Mr. Sarat Chandea Boss concluded, namely, that the nationalist press has been demoralized owing to the grant of subsidy by Government. Lado not know what Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose means by the nationalist press (Dr. NATINAKSHA SANDAL: He has not said that). Should we accept the vocabulary greating of the word "Nationalist Press" or should we accept it as a definition out of the creation of his own brain. I do not know itchy nationalist press my friend Mr. Sarkt Chandra Bose means the press which only gives publicity to talse information. If by nationalist press Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose wants to say that-

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA: Sir, I think it is aisual to address Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose as the Leader of the Opposition instead of addressing him by name " "

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Not no. He is not yet a demi-god, although he may be a brother of a demi-god,

Maulvi ABDUL BARI: Sir, I, do not know whether by nationalist press Mr. Sarata Chandra Bose, or the Ceadernof the Opposito, means the press which supports, the Congress propagance, or, if by nationalist press he means only the press which Seathes vituperation and vilifica. tion against the present Government – If by nationalist press Mr. Sarut Chandra Bose means only the press which wants to make the Muslim League go wyn on their knees, it by nationalist press he means the press which does not he situte even for a moment to spread all sorts of Lies an order to bring the present Government into disrepute and discredit, it by nationalist press he means the press which does not he state to ventilate communal feelings through its columns day in and day out, if by nationalist press Mr. Bose means only the press which wants to say something algays against the scheduled castes and the Mushims, sf by nationalise, press the means a press which does not feel any hesitation or making comments and spreading news which has the effect of spreading communatism throughout the length and breadth of the entire province. I do not know it that is the meaning of a nationalist press according to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose. But according to us a reas nationalist press, whatever their views and comments may be, should publish true news and make their comments thereon know of a nationalist press to which the report of the Muslim League had been sent but as it was the report of the Mushin League which represents the Muslin, and scheduled castes interest and as it was a report against the interests of some individual party, it did not publish the report - Is it tair nationalism = -

(Interruptions from the Opposition Benches)

Mr. SPEAKER: I think there is a limit to interruptions

Maulvi ABDUL BARI: This is what the honorizable Leader of the Opposition means by nationalist press. Now, Sa. I will leave him at that.

Let me now see what my friend on the opposite side means by wanting to reduce the demand by Rs 99 999. Anybody who has got a grain of commonsense in his brain know, very well that there is absolute necessity for publicity. It has been recognised throughout the entire civilised world that every eigenfisation, every Government, every party has got to be backed up by publicity and it is for want of proper publicity in foreign countries that the cause of India has been neglected. It is for want of publicity that the beneficial measures that have been introduced by the present Government have not reached

the remotest parts of the province. Therefore it is necessary that a Publicit Department should be started: this department ought to have been warted earlier. It was a folly on the part of the present Government not to have started Wis department much carlier. If that "bard been done, all the voices from the Opposition would have been nipped in the bud. If the Publicity Department had been started earlier, then by means of this department Government could have informed the people of even the remotest villages what Government have done for them, namely, the enactment of the Bengal Tenancy Act and other measure, and perhaps those gentlemen sitting on the apposite side would not have dared to raise their voice against the present Government; if Government had taken early measures to have this Publicity Departments perhaps the voice of the Opposition would have been stilled in silence. But the present Government had not the imagination to start this department earlier. To-day they have realised their folly and have come up with the proposal for the Publicity Department. I have on many occasions told the Hen'ble Ministers of the Cabinet what folly they committed in not starting the Publicity . Department carker

The Publicity Department is a necessity, because it is a drive against illiteracy, because through publication you can help the people in promoting public health; for example, it cholera breaks out in a particular place, Government can, by cheap publicity and by leaflets and pamphlets, inform the people how they can prevent themselves from being infected. It is not possible for doctors to go and advise each and every individual in a village Therefore, the necessity of the Publicity Departments cannot be over-estimated

So far as the allegation of a vertain paper being subsidized is concerned. I want to say this that what is good for one can be said to be equally good for others. Is it wise, is it prudent and is it sufficiently intelligent to subsidise or subscribe a certain paper, because they Support the views which you want to express? Can the present Government be accused if they do really subsidise a paper? Every civilised Government have done, it and it will be no crime on the part of the present Government if they subsidises certain papers. Does not the Calcutta Corporation subsidise newspapers? Does subsidy mean simply giving of money? Subsidy also means beloing papers by giving them advertisements or (helping editors of newspapers in criminal cases without taking any tees. I think Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and Mr. Santosh Kumar Basu will bear me out when I say that only the other day the editor of the Hindusthan Standard was helped by certain eminent counsels and advocates who are also members of this House, without taking any fees, Is that not a sort of subsidy? Can Government be accused if Government subsidise certain papers, whether it be the Star of India or the Amrita Bazar Patrika in some form or other? We, on this side of the House, certainly do support the Government for this subsidy and we would expect of them to openly declare that they do subsidise certain papers, because this is an absolute necessity.

Regarding the allogations of mystriends, Mr. Abdul Hakern and Mr. Abn Hossain Sarkar, as to whether with this money there would be any propaganda on behalf of the Muslim League, I may tell my friends strong opposite that the Muslim League does not require any help from Government. It is a political organisation, it is a people's organisation and it has come toward with men and money. Any help from Government will be kicked out by the Muslim League. It does not stand in any need of help from Government. Mr. Abu Hossain Sarkar will be washed away in front of the popular and public Muslim opinion that has gained ground and strength.

Therefore it is no use casting cheap gibes at the Muslim League, because some of the members have sold their birth right, because some of the members have sold their conscience, because some of the members have sold their all at the feet of a certain organization, that does not mean that the Muslim League must be actificed at the altar of those who want to sagrifice it in their own self-interest. Therefore, I want to remind them that it you really want to criticize, do criticize in a reasonable manner. Or course we know that the Opposition is always unreasonable and therefore, we treat with contempt and slight all utterances that come from the Opposition.

- Dr. NAL!NAKSHA SANYAL: I rise on a point of order, Sir. Is the honourable member entitled to say that he treats the remarks of the Opposition speakers with contempt?
- Mr. SPEAKER: You see he has not referred to any member. "Opposition" does not mean any porticular speaker."
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: fic has reterred to Opposition speakers. Sir
- Mr. SPEAKER: I do not think so. Treating the words of the Opposition with contempt is a well-approved parliamentary expression. Therefore, I am afraid, I cannot sule it out, however bad the word may be.
- Maulvi ABDUL BARI: I will conclude now with one more observation regarding the personal attack, the most descourteous personal attack that has been made on the Director of Public Information. Of course I do not know, if there is anything personal against the particular officer in the mind of the mover of the motion. It came out not

from a mamber of the Congress not from any member on the other side who does not belong to the same religion as the Director of Public Information comes from but Fom a member of the Opposition who belongs to his own community religion and caste. I do not know, Sir, it there was anything personal in this reference and I believe there was not. Had they had any occasion to judge of the ability and merits of the particular officer who has been appointed as the Director of Public Information? Has the Minister in charge owany of the other Ministers any relationship, and interest in this particular gentleman whom they have appointed? Car any of the members point out that this particular get tleman has got the least affinity to any one amongst the Ministers? Then, why should they presume that their thoice has not been a fair one, but has been an act of nepotism on the part of the Ministers 1 can tell the members on this side for heir information, because they are wanting in information, that this gentleman; who has been appointed, is a first class first in English and a gentleman whose services were very much appreciated by the students and professors of the college in which he was posted. It is not for the first time that he has been promoted, but he has been promoted gradually from professorship to the principalship of a college

Maulvi ABU HOSSAIN SARKAR: Yes, principalship of a second grade college.

Maulvi ASDUL BARI: Yes, may be of a second grade college, but that does not show that he is incompetent. After 13 years of service he was promoted to this post. For the information of the Opposition, I can tell them that the principalship of the Diseca Intermediate College has always been held by an Indian Educational Service officer. Even before the present Ministry came into power he was selected for the principalship, because he was thought and considered to be the best rolessor who was available to hold charge of the principalship of the college. Sir, it is always said by the Opposition that efficiency should be the standard in the selection of an officer. Now, Sir, if this gentleman has put in 12 or 13 years of service, why should it be said that, because he is young, therefore he should not be applicated? The post has been given to him only because he is efficient, and it does not matter at all if his age is 38 or 39.

Mr. 31BNATH BANERJEE; On a point of information, Sing May I know what is the time that has been allowed to Mr. Bari, because I myself want to speak also?

Mr. SPEAKER: 15 minutes.

Maulvi ABDUL BARI: If the Opposition do not know let them learn it from me that English Mistory affords sufficient instances of people who have administered a country like England at the age of 32 or 33.

Mr. SPEAKER: I how adjourn the House for 15 minutes for prayer.

. (The House was their adjourned for 15 minutes for prayer.)

After adjournment.)

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Sir, I have it on the authority of the Hon'ble Khwaja kir Nazimuddin that the Ministry is teeling the necessity for propaganda, and publicity. (The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy Pust like the United Provinces.) We sympathise with the Hon'ble Mr. Suhrawards, but it seems that the greatest tribute that can be given has been given to the Congress by him. I think no better tribute can be given to Congress Ministers than what has been done by Mr. Subrawards.

Now, to feture to the point, it is no news to us, because we have already been seeing the rate at which the Government are losing the support in this House and it is an absolute necessity to carry on publicity and propaganda, so that they may at least hope to stay on for a few days more. If they had carried out some really substantial benefit to the peasantry or to the workers, there would have been no such necessity for propaganda. For instance, it they could reduce the land rent by 50 per cent, or 25 per cent, or even 10 per cent, if they had liquidated indebtedness by one-half, one-tourth or even one-eighth, or reduced unemployment of arranged unemployment relief or had fixed the minimum pay at Rs. 30, or Rs. 20 or even Rs. 15 as the Congress provinces have done. You can take it from me, that in Cawipore Bombay and Nagput they have fixed at Rs. 45 in textile industry.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAW RRDY: In one factory at Cawnpore only

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE. Why not do it here in the jute industry? It the Government had passed legislation for provision in old age or things like that, there would have been no need for propaganda or publicity. The idea seems to be that our Chief Minister who has been promising dal bhat, being unable to do so, jetting to feed us with propaganda and publicity. But I may frankly say that the Ministers are acting under a great misapprehension, because an ounce, of work is much weightier than a ton of words; whatever might be the.

quality of the quantity of the propaganda work, the public is not going to be helpfeld for a long time;

Now, I want to a kidefinitaly, In these any difficulty about the . publicity and propaganda work? I should think, no, because in this House the Ministers can define their policy, and can explain their policy, as in this House they have got the pronopoly of the forum, and the proceedings are widely circulated in all the newspapers whose circulation is to be counted by millions. Then, outside the Assembly, the Ministers are vying with each other in making statements and speeches, and there also they get all the publicity they want: 'For instance, the speech that was made by the Hon'ble Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarker and published this morning seems to act as a solace to his own soul, because in spite of the abuses against the flongress which he has himself organised. ! mean his party has organised and financedhe is now coming out to defend the Congress as if the Congress is not being detained. It is a very curious piech of logic that was given this morning. So I find there is no diffigulty about the publicity. But what is the difficulty with Government? The deficulty is, that this Government do not want that the other side should speak, that they should criticise- that is the whole point. Already we know that the Basumati, the Ananda Bazar Patrika and the Hindustkan Standard have had to come under the Axe, and there he've been consistent efforts to suppress their voice. I can speak of only a small paper with which I am connected—the weekly Wazdur About this paper, in the last session I had the assurance from the Hon'ble Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin that the ban on this paper would be lifted, but only a week back I learnt that this could not be done. This is the state of affairs. I can mention a dozen of Labour papers, all of which have been suppressed. The position is that Government does not require publicity, it wants to stop criticism. The one way of doing at its by suppressing newspapers. Even by suppression they are not achieving their object. Therefore, the other method is being employed as has been very well explained by the Leader of the Opposition by bribing newspapers and by purchasing them.

Now, I want to say a few words about the Director of Public Information. From the very sample that we have got we can take it that for the sort of stuff that has been given to us for our information or edification. I cannot compliment the officer that has been appointed for his first performance. Ot course he is not much to be blamed, because I think our old friend the Labour Minister is to be blamed for most of the things I find here. For instance, Ir shall give you some cases, viz., about the relief of the unemployed. This House knows that absolutely nothing has been done for relieving unemployment. What has been done is that the provincial question has been raised and that some Biharees and Oriyas have been debarred from service, but really

no new avenues of services have been found out and, what is most important, no attempt has been made to give any allowance to the unemployed. The fundamental demand that we on behalf of Labour. and the public make, is that we have a right to ask that the State must give us work or maintain us. Towards this absolutely nothing has been donce. But the whole article has been written saying that they must do this, that and all sort of things. Let me take another instance the Labour Minister has been interrupting me saying that the Congress Provinces have done nothing. I can tell him that in the Congress Provinces the Factories Act has been extended. In factories where there are 10 workers they get the benefits under the Factories Act, especially by Bombay and in the United Provinces But here nothing has been blone, although this article has been published with broad headline - Extension of the Factories Act " That is the sort of stuff that we can expect com the Director of Public Information, and perhaps worse. Because this being his first sample of work, one could have expected it to be his best. But it this his best endeavour is full of -I cannot say, hes inaccurate and misleading statements, I think the earlier this department is abolished and the services of this gentleman are dispensed with, the better for all concerned

Now, Sir, I want to an a few words more on the new method of publicity and propaganda that the Ministers have found out. This is not new method to us, because we are very much familiar with that method. I mean the method of addressing public meetings and arranging demonstrations. I on behalf of Labour congratulate the Ministers and especially the Labour Minister for the demonstrations that have been organised during the last few days. It is true that they have been supporting this Ministry, but at the same time we know that the Ministers are feeling the processity of organising them and the workers are feeling the processity for coming out in the streets in their tens and thousands and we also know that behind, the civ of "Fazlul Huq Zindabad" there is also the demand for dal bhat. And the earlier the Chief Minister realises this, the better

As I have said, I congratulate the organisers of these demonstrations, because we know that among those who came out the Nawabs were not there, the Maharajas were not there, and the zamindars were not there, nor the millowners were there. The proletariats and the have-nots were there and whenever they come out in the streets, you know very well that they are going to demand dat bhat which has been so aften promised by the Chief Minister, and the day of reckoning will soon be coming. The Ministers are thinling that they are escaping defeats but on the other hand I may assure them that out of the trying pan, they are jumping in them tear into the fire itself. I want to say one word to the European mill owners who had helped the demonstrators or the organisers of the demonstration by closing their finits—

Mr. CREAKER: I am afraid, Mr., Banerjee, this is out of order.

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: All, right, Sir. The mills were closed -I do not blame the Europeans alone. There will be many an occagion for us to call out the workers in support of the political demands. So far we had not done it. We shall accept this precedent and act upon it, and this is, a fair warning to those concerned." I do not knowwho has done it, because the Babour Minister says that he base not done, but someboly did it, and it is no use exchanging words with the Hon'ble the Mihister for Labour But this method that has been utilised a few days 200, we on behalf of labour and on behalf of the opposition propose to adopt on many an occasion to come, and I only sound a note of warning to all concerned that the mothod they have utilised has formed a precedent. I confratulate them for doing it, because we should have done it, but instead others have done it. All the same, this is the method in which we believe, because we know in this packed House, with constituencies of watertight compartments we cannot expect justice. Real justice, we think and we are convinced, we shall not get in this House, because many of the people whoodemonstrated the other day have not votes; they have no say in the matter as to who should be sent to this House, but it is in the wider atmosphere of the Maidan that justice will come. We are absolutely convinced of it, and we again congratulate those who have brought out the workers and the public for such use, and we lare convinced that it is in the freer and tresher atmosphere of the Maidan rather than in this stuffy chamber that political problems will be decided and vital issues settled.

Mr. DEBI PROSAD KHAITAN: Mr. Speaker, Sir. 1 intend to support the motion that has been moved for the reduction of this grant. as I consider that this question has been tackled by the Ministry from the beginning up to now in a gost unconstitutional manner. not dilate"upon the qualifications of the gentleman who has been appointed the Director of Public Information. Sir, I have not even seen him before to-day. From what I have seen of him to-day, I consider that he is rather a Director of Public Instigation than a Director of Public Information - He seems to have started in a most unparliamentary manner ignoring allectiquette and privileges of the House. I saw him repeatedly whispering from the gallery to several members of this House. Although I do not know what he was talking about, I am sure that he was instigating them into certain lines of thought stelating togethe subject-matter of discussion inside this House. Sir, it he is the person who has to carry out the duties of a Director of Public Information, I would suggest to she Ministers that they would sogner dismuss him from that post rather than continue to help in unparliamentary methods that he has adopted openly in the House this

evening. (Voices from the Coulition Benches: "Terrible logic"!) Sir, it may be terrible logic to the Miresters and the Ministerial party, but it is logic that appears to all may of intelligence and good sense and responsibility

Sir, the next point I would deal with is the method of appointment. In the Government of India Act there is a clause: that all superior appointments will be made through the Public Service Commission, and therein lay the sateguard to the people at large that men will be appointed on merit, efficiency and impartiality rather than on the party system, that him would not be appointed on the ground of their attaching themselves to certain party labels or that they would carry out the behests of a particular political party, by it the party that is opposed to me or bout the party that supports my actions. But surely it was expected that if appointments were made through the Public Service Commission we would get in the permanent cadre of the services men who would be impartial in rendering their services to the Sir, the very reverse of that has been followed in this case I do not know if every member of this House is awarn of the fact that the case of this particular officer never went before the Public Services Commission, and he has been appointed by whom I know not, but by somebody without consisting the Public Service Commission. Sir, if 2) per cent of the qualifications that have been described to this House as being inherent or latent or patent in this gentleman be true, why are either the Ministers or the Ministerial party or the particular gentleman atraidsof appearing before the Public Service Commission through whom he could get an appointment, perhaps to this very post without any charge of nepotism or partiality or any other irregular behaviour on the part of the Government being launched. Sit, if this kind of appointment is to be supported by this House, I am sure we shall be launching ourselves upon such troubled waters in the future that we shall know not where we stand

Sir, the third ground upon which I would like to oppose the passing of this grant is that the way in which this demand has been put forward before us is not the way in which this demands for grants amounting to one lakh of rupees should be put forward. No details have been given to us, either about the heads of expenditure, as regards the manner in which the amount will be spent, or even about the kind of information which is to be dissuminated among the public. We are not told what staff will be employed; we are not told on what salaries the Director or the three Assistant Directors will be employed; we are not told what their duties will be, we are not told from where they are going to get information which is to be broadcast to the public. We are not told about the methods by which the information will be spread. Sir, if I am to gather from to-day's discussion any clue about the method by which information is to be conveyed to the public, it is

that it will be done by means of subsidising the newspapers. The Hon bletine Chief Minister has Cankly told this House that through this grant he will help the newspapels which are his enemies, Sit, I am the last person to believe a statement of that character, but we have got one thing at least that this money is to be spent in giving assistance to certain newspapers. Sir, is that the method by which a Government is to carry on the Department of Public Information especially, Sir. when there is already a publicity department existing in the Govern-We have already voted a grant for that publicity, department. Is that Rublicity Department efficient or not? . It it is not efficient why is not that department being disbanded? And the present gentleman who is appointed Birector of Public Information, why is he not appointed in charge of the existing department without adding to the, expenditure of the public revenue? Sir, no argument has been put forward as regards that, but it is simply stated that a separate Publicity 'Department' is necessary, and for that purpose this House is asked that one lakh of tupees should be voted

Now, Sir, let us further analyse as to what it is and what are the points about which Government want to disseminate information to I have rubbed my eyes to find sout the achievements of Government about which they would like to corvey information to the public. The two most important departments for constructive purposes are Agriculture and Industries. I have often asked the Hon ble Nawab of Dacca in charge of these most important departments as to what he has done or what he proposes to do for the purpose of increasing the income of the public at large. Sir, whatever, we shave got. either in the budget speeches or elsewhere and an all the reports that Publicity Officer of the Government has so far sent to the Press, there is an absolute void as regards the past or the prospective achievements of the departments of Agriculture and Industries. As regards the Excise Department, Sir, a good deal of propaganda can be carried on in favour of prohibition, but what is it that we have found the Government doing as regards probibition? It is quite true that the Hon'ble the Chief Minister has solemnly declated in this House more than once that prohibition is the policy that he wants to adopt, but the very reverse has been actually seen by the people. The least that could be expected of Government was that where shops did not exist they would not grant new licences for the opening, of shops or in any event if the people of the locality objected to the opening of the shops they would not try to thrust a new slop in that locality the public of which was opposed to it. But, Sir, what has actually happened that in spite of the attention of the Honbles Minister in the department of Excise being drawn to it, vin spite of the fact, that the attention of the Excise Commissioner has been drawn to it, new liquour shops are attempted to be forced upon the public in spite of the objection of the women and children and in spite of the objections of the meonle of the

locality. And, Sir, it is in this manner; that the policy of prohibition is intended to be pursued by the present Government! Sir, how is it that we are going to take anything on trust that comes from the present Covernment? (Cries of hear, hear from the Congress benches). They have certainly forfeited our trust and confidence, and much as they may dislike me to-day I say it is their own conduct and behaviour that have forced the erstwhile sincere and genuine triends to go in stayour of the no-confidence motions when they were brought against them. (The Hox'but Mr. H. S. Schrawardy: Within the last seven days?) Yes. They may dislike people for doing that, They may do their utmost against persons for having voted against them. Only recently, as regards the Committee of Agriculture that was appointed, for no other reason, than that two members of that Committee voted in tayour of the no-confidence motion on Extraordinary Gazette has been published taking their names out of the list and substituting two new names instead (Cries of "shame, shame" trom the Opposition benches). If this be the pattern on which information is to be disseminated to the public, if this be the manner in which the ministry is going to conduct itself, surely it will lose the confidence of its supporters. During the course of the last budget debate I pointed out to the Man ble the Chief. Minister that their strength should depend not on the number of votes they commanded, but on the amount of good and constructive work they did for the amelioration of the condition of the poor masses. It is upon that that their strength should depend, but all that we have heard from him is that they have not been allowed time and opportunity to do anything useful. If they had not the time and opportunity to do anything useful, I submit. Sir. that there is no information at their disposal to convey to the public at large. And, Sir, if that he so, there is no reason why we should allow them to fritter away one lakh of tupees, which could be more usefully spent for the purpose of spreading education primary, secondary or higher, for the purpose of developing industry and agriculture, for the purpose of taking steps in the direction of public health, nutrition, etc., and for the purpose of curing and preventing diseases instead of wasting valuable money in this manner.

Sir, in these circumstances I have no alternative but to support the motion for the reduction of the grant (Cheers from the Opposition benches)

Mr. ABDUR RAHMAN SIDDIQL Mr. Speaker, Sir, I did not want to intervene in this debate, but I took that the cur motion, which we are discussing, is rather unconventional. A reduction of a hundred rupees has come to be the accepted normal form, but here Rs. 99,999 out of a total of Rs. 100,000, are to be reduced from the grant and the Minister is going to be asked to carry on this department with one

supper only. That, Sir, is not usual. It was surprised to see that the honourable the Leuder of the Opposition also gave his support to it. although in certain parts of histospelch I could fast discern the necessity of some sort of publicity. Now, if publicity has to be done surely, it requires more than one rupee (Dr. Yalinaksha Senyal: Study the original budget).

Mr. SPEAKER: Dr. Sanval, I am afraid your interruptions have come to a point where unless some step is taken it will be difficult for ome to carry on 18y duty as Speaker . You have been interrupting every member and it is probably the hundredth time now. I have appealed to the Leader of the Opposition and I have appealed to your good-self. , but I am afraid everything has gone in vain. So, unless you desis from making any further interruption, it will be my painful duty to take steps.

Mr. ABDUR RAHMAN SIDDIQI: Sir, in the discussion to-day I see a huge crack in the citadel of vilification. Therein lies our hope and there the chances of safety and peace "

The enemy raises the storm of mischief and therein his our safety. The speech of the honourable the Leader of the Opposition and the poison he has vomitted forth against one of the old gang was perhaps the most interesting and attractive aspect of the discussion. They have had their say for three days continuously or the Cabinet as a whole. They have had their say about the misdeed, of individual Ministers, But it was really interesting to note that the remark of the Honble the Chief Minister about local newspapers whom he once characterised as the "reptile press"- has received such powerful from une pected quarters. I was astounded at the remarks that were made regarding the question of publicity. The honograble member for Howiah Registered Factories hand us unsought and unasked compliments on the processions and the organisation of the demonstration on

Monday last جادر رہ جو سہ پر جوهه کر بولے *

That magic alone counts which declares itself from the top of the bewitched brain.

I am gladethe importance and the significance of the demonstration have been acknowledged so generously. Having presided over that demonstration I accept the compliment, with thanks

(Cries from the Opposition Benches: "Ghazi") No. Sir. I cannot rise to that exalted and high position, but it a Muslim van become a Ghazi or in the alternative a Shaheed. I do not think he can get or there can be a higher or greater honour for him. I do not deserve it. It is only the love and affection of my houser Muslims that have taised me to this high position. I expect the critics understand the meanings of words "Ghazi" and "Mujahid". It they do, they will realise that any Muslim—if he is a true Muslim—should be proud of the compliments even if he do not deserve them.

Coming to the actual subject matter of the discussion, I think that the ordinarily accepted rules of debate in a house of legislature should, have told our triends that a Government officer, who cannot come and defend himself here, should not be arracked in the manner in which they have attacked him. It is not done among near who claim to carry on discussion political or otherwise or a higher standard and in accordance with the tules of the game. Even remarks, passed, across the barrier, which the honourable member from the Indian Chamber of Commerce, without knowing what was being said, had the hardihood to characterise is improper, innocent remarks, sometimes jovial remarks.

Mr. DEBI PRASAD KHAITAN: On a point of order, Sir. May I enquire whether the Director of Public Information was strictly in order in speaking from the gallery to members on the floor of this House, whatever the subject matter of the conversation may be

Mr. SPEAKER: It is not permissible in any Parliament for anybody in the gallery to speak to a member in the House

Mr. ABDUR RAHMAN SIDDIQI: Had I known this rule, Sir, I would not have talked arout jolds with the occupants of the gallery, but I have seen gentlemen on this side of the Hous. Hon'bl: Ministers included passing slips and walking up to gentlemen in the gallery and so I felt justified in believing that the practice was allowed I apologise to the blouse if I have done anything wrong I am now becoming an expert in apologies (laughter). I apologise of I have broken a rule of the House. But as this matter of my talk has been referred to I categorically deny that there was any instigation or that any information which had anything to do with the debate before us was passed to me.

Coming to the other aspect of the question, that is, publicity, I hope, my friends opposite will realise that even to the biggest demonstration, for which we have received compliments to-day, no daily papers—I do not want to name them—who call themselves nationalists—were good enough to send, their reporters ("Question, question"). The biggest demonstration in the history of Bengal was unworthy of their attention. We have also noticed that the people who are supporting the present Government and even the Government itself do not get the fair

amount of publicity which every newspeper bught to give to them. These process have made it their religion to vilify even the most indocent acts of the present flovernment. It may come as a surprise to the honourable the Leader of the Opposition that editors of the Go-called nationalist papers after sending congratulations to the Hon'ble Ministers on the evening of the defeat of the nor-confidence motions, scame out, fine next morning with huge headliness condemning the Ministry and when asked about this, they said, "Our hearts are with you, but if we do not condemn our papers will not sell."

Mr. SANTOSA KUMAR BASU: Shame on the editors. Who are these editors?

Mr. ARDUR RAHMAN SIDDIQI! I need not name any particular editor. I will not do it

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Please name the editors.

Mr. ABDUR RAHMAN SIDDIQI: The honourable the Leader of the Opposition has depended on an extract from some newspaper which he too did not name. Unless and until there is an official communique, unless and until the Government's motives are actually published, I doubt if even the Leader of the Opposition would be justified in atti-Buting motives, in giving the dog a bad name and then kickings it. It is not fair. Again, I say, even in the bitterest controversy, a gentleman in the position of the honourable the Leader of the Opposition, should not go to such lengths unless and until he can stand up and tell us that this is the actual intention of the flovernment. I do not think he was justified in making use of a newspaper article or a newspaper statement which may be considered as no more than garbled, as a mere rumour heard and written down in a newspaper just to vilify the Government Sir, every article published against the Government, if contradicted, will require not one but perhaps sen laklis of rupees particularly when May in and day out venors is poured out in such huge quantities, even an angel would under these conditions lose his patience and temper.

Publicity is the very life of polities

ک ہ میڈنی لنکا ڈھائے *

The possessor of the secret within the house lays low Lanka (Ceylon). We know something of the methods of publicity, adopted by the masters of the party opposite. The greatest propagandist in India is Mahatma Gandhi, When "Young India" ceased to be published; he had to start the "Harrjan". Every party, every political organisation must have publicity. To expose the newspaper to which the honourable the Leader of the Opposition reterred—he did not name at, he named

the owner or the editor of it and with which he has fallen foul to-day, he had to go back to 1923 or perhaps 1932 to find instances to establish his charges. Every stick should not be good enough to beat the Editor with. Come out with some recent calticism. Subsidies have been hinted at and insinuations have been made suggesting as it a goodly portion of the supplementary grant will go into the pockets of the friends of Government. There is not a tittle or shadow of truth about it. It dots not be in the mouth of Congressmen to refer to subsidies when one hears of all sorts of subsidies to men and journals to further the objects of Muslim mass contact. It you tollow such methods, it may be that similar methods may have to be adopted by others and our public life would then go to pieces. After the appeal which the Leader of the House had made and the manner in which we aw the Leader of the House and the Leader of the Opposition chatting together on the same bench, I was led to imagine that perhaps after the battle royal on the no-confidence motions the Generals had shaken hands and signed the peace. It now seems that on the pretence of this publicity stunt, they have again brought forward a no-confidence motion and speeches are being made to vility the whole Government once more. One may believe that one lakh is perhaps too much while . another menther may hold that three laklis are necessary. That would he a matter of a simple difference of opinion. Relevancy, however, has not been the strong point of the criticism made to-night. For the reasons I have given, I hold, Sir, that this Supplementary Demand of one rupee by making a cut of 99,999 in 1,00,000 made by the proposer and supported by the honourable the Leader of the Opposition with such erudition, and documentary eloquence seems to me, to be absolutely and positively ridiculous, the biggest joke, perpetrated, on this House

Interruptions in the House,

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I use on a point of personal explanation. Sir, and I rely on Rule 11 of the Rules and Standing Orders of this House in this connection. Sir, I have listened to your admonitions on several occasions with regard to intercuptions and I have always submitted to them as you are in a favoured postern and as your rulings must be obeyed. On the last occasion when you asked the Leader of my party to see that I did not interrupt the Hon'ble the Chief Minister. I thought that it was for a specific occasion, namely, the occasion of the no-confidence motions in the Ministers. On a previous occasion also you directed the members of our party to keep quite as far as possible when the Leader of the House spoke. I did not understand that you wanted to extend that observation so far as every number of the other side was concerned. I find that members on the other side did remain free to interrupt any of our speakers

including even the Leader of the Opposition himself. If, Sir, as has just now been demonstrated that is the position, I would like you to give a definite ruling and direction to me if I shall have the organity privilege of every member of a legislature at speak, to interrupt, and to try to cheit information and further information through such interruptions. If all these privileges are not permitted to me, I would choose my dyn course of action so far so this legislature is concerned. But I would like to have your ruling and direction in this matter.

Mr. SPEAKER: First of all, I must say, Dr. Sanyal, that this is not a point of personal explanation. If, however, you want a direction from the I may say at once that it is quite permissible and quite Parliamentary, as I have repeatedly observed, that at times and on occasions interruptions do greatly help the proceedings. But it is my most painful duty to draw your attention to the fact that the number or occasions on which you have interrupted the business of this House is more than what would be normally tolerated by any Parliament in this world, and I am prepared to stand absolutely condemned it anybody can say, either in this House or outside it, that the number of interruptions for which you have been responsible is not so much that it has sometimes made it impossible for me to control the proceedings of this House, and I have accordingly had to appeal to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, the Leader of your party, to help me As I have said, bowever, I do feel that there are occasions when interruptions are ascful but not on every occasion or at every time. Besides, there are other members on your side of the House, and it is not desirable that you alone should rise up to interrupt on every occasion. (When there is a calm atmosphere, interruptions, I may repeat again, are sometimes helpful, as it sometimes creates a little humour in all of us, but there are no doubt times when interruptions positively hinder the business of the House. Then again, you must know very well that interimptions are not permitted unless the speaker gives way and yields, and when the speaker does not give way it becomes my duty to intervene

As regards Rule 11, on which you rely in your point of personal explanation, I do not think that this rule gives you any warrant for interrupting the proceedings of this House. Moreover, I feel that on the present occasion you interrupted in such a way as to interrupt the proceedings of this Assembly.

As regards the cases of interruptions from this side or that side, I noticed that at least to-day while Mr. Abdul Bari was speaking his speech was drowned every second and every minute by interjections from the Left. I am sorry to notice that, but I did not stop even those interjections. For the present I need not say sawthing more. But I may observe that in tuture I would not shut out interruptions for all times, except when interruptions become too frequent for the normal business of this House to be carried on.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Having repard to the beterence that you made to me, Sir, in the course of your ruling, may I say that I feel that I one it to myself and to Er. Sanyal to say that, in no huntile opinion, his interjection on the passent acasion at least was justified according to all Parliamentary conventions. I do not know—

Mr. SPEAKER: Order order. I cannot allow my valing to be discussed on the floor of the House. It is my decision that Dr. Sanyal's interruption was not Parliamentary and I therefore stopped him. And I cannot allow any discussion on this point.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Is it permissible for me, Mr. Speaker, to remind you of what Dr. Sanyal said on the present occasion?

Mr. SPEAKER: No. 1 reducember them perfectly well.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: I shall tax' to be very brief, but I want to explain to the House the Government position regarding the demand now before the House. Sir, in the course of the speeches I have been charged with the unpardonable crime of not being sufficiently revengeful on my enemies. I plead guilty to the charge, and I hope that in all aburs in my life, whether public or private, I shall know how to be forgiving to those who may be opposed to me, how to act on the principle of allowing things to be forgotten after the heat and dust of the controversy is over and to allow the supreme necessities of public life to everifie all personal considerations admit that the gentleman who has been selected to be the Director of Public Instruction (Mr. Santosh Kemar Base) Public Information and not Public Instruction . Yes, Rublic Information, for I am more concerned with Instruction than with Information (Mr. SANIOSH It would have been better if the reverse were the cases KUMAR BASE This gentleman who has been selected itsed to take some part directly or indirectly against, me during the election campaigic, and J telt hi And it I were to have allowed my personal feelings activities keenly to have their way in the matter I might have opposed the appointment or this gentleman to this responsible post. But, Sir, I honestly believe and I may tell the House in so many words that although he may have been opposed to me. I have learns in the course of political animosities the real worth of the mansas a writer and a spinker, and I thought that the interest of the public service would be best served by his appointment and I therefore did not oppose the applicatment. (Cries of chear, hear from the Congress Bertches)

Now, Sir, a good deal of misconception has arisen on account or ignorance that prevails to my left, as regards the rules of appointment to public services and the control that is exercised by the Public Service

Commission over public appointments: The gentleman who has been selected is a member of the Indian Educational Service—there is no Indian Educational Service for now—it is now called the Bengale Senior Educational Service Grade I—and he was serving as Principal of the Dacca Intermediate College. He was drawing a salary of Rs. 550 per month and he also used to earn an extra sum of Rs. 50 to Rs. 60 per month on an average as an Examiner of the Dacca University. He had the privilege of having a free house, and all these calculated, came up roughly to about Rs. 750 per month as his pay and emoluments. When he was asked to come to Calcutta he naturally demanded that he should get something like an ordinary allowance in order that he might not be a loser by having been transferred from one past to another

I may tell the House that the question of the fixation of his pay is yet before the Finance Department. It is therefore totally untrue to say that he has been transferred from Dacca to Calcutta on a salary double of what he was enjoying there. The salary has not yet been fixed. He is a Government servant. He has been diatted on a special duty and is how working here. The Finance Department has been scrutinising the question of his pay, and until and unless the pay is fixed by the Finance Department it is impossible for its to say what pay really will be attached to the post. But I can give the House this assurance that the Finance Department in these matters will be very circumspect and they will see that the regimemous of gronomy are strictly adhered to

Then, Sir, about the question of referring to the Public Service Commission, let me tell the House that the creation of a post does not require the sanction of the Public Service Commission; secondly, when one already in Government service is appointed to a temporary post in public service, the matter does not go to the Public Service Commission. It is only when a permanent appointment of an outsider is reade that the scripting of the Public Service. Commission is needed, and I can tell the House that in this matter we will not be in a position , to break the rules and we will have to submit the case to the Public Service Commission when the permanent appointment is made. The post is going to be advertised and the Public Service Commission will select for us the best candidate available, and for aught I know, the present in umbent may not be occupying the post after the scrutiny by the Public Service Commission. It is only a temporary appointment, and therefore no rules have been broken. There has been no hide and corner policy in the selection that has been made and I submit, therefore, to this House that all the criticisms that have been levelled namely, that we have been trying to circumvent the rules of the Public Service Confussion have been without any substance, and have been based on a colossal ignorance of facts and of the rules of recruitment morpublic service - - (Intersuption by Mr. Kiran Sankar Roy)-I am not going to be interrupted, Sir, and I ask, is that fair? Throughout

the time the Opposition had been speaking during those livelong days of the no-confidence motions in the House. I had been sitting here mute as a statue and I had never intercupted anybody. Is it fair to us therefore that while I am explaining the position of Government I shall be interrupted from all sides of the House on my left:——

Mr. KRAN SANKAR ROY: Sir, I made this interpuption, and I owe an explanation to the House why I made it. I asked him when he made the statement in this House that this appointment has been made on a temporary basis, what is the period of this temporary appointment?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: I can give the House only an idea. The Public Service Commission at the present moment consists of a Chairman and one member, the Mahomedan member being absent on leave, and there is an idea that the Public Service Commission is not properly constituted. All important appointments have therefore been held up till Sir Hassan Suhrawardy returns from leave and takes his position in the Commission . After he confee back and the post is advertised, it will even then be impossible for me to say how long the Public Service Commission will take at may be 2 months or 3 months, but the permanent appointment will be made as quickly as possible, because it is to our interest and to the interest of the officer selected that he should know where he is, whether he is to be retained here permanently, or not. And for me also it is necessary to know whether my officer will be taken away permaneatly and whother I shall have to make a permanent appointment to the job which he has been occupying.

My esteemed friend, the Leader of the Opposition has read out from a piece of paper which, according to him, was a sort of a detailed statement as to what Government are going to do with this Publicity Officer. I can say here and now that there has been no Cabinet decision of the kind to which my friend has referred. And if my friend has been reading from a newspaper, it is one of those newspapers which have been consistent in spreading lies, falsehood and misrepresentation throughout the country, baying an irrepressible tendency to publish news which is not only not correct but absolutely untrue. And I can say here and now that no decision of that kind has been taken by the Cabinet. My friend to my right has just pointed out rightly that questions of that kind have not been discussed even. It sometimes happens that a member of the Cabinet of a snember of our party puts forward certain suggestions and those are suggestions only. When they are discussed in Cabinet and accepted by Novernment, they become the accepted policy of Government. But ulitil such matters are discussed in the Cabinet and accepted as the declared policy of Government; it is extremely unfair to us, if not worse, that a certain newspaper should publish something as to what Government are going

to do. At an example of the manner in which a newspaper can gethold of a piece of paper, from what sources it is impossible to say I can cite two instances. Last year the (Hindusthan Standard published a certain Secondary Education Board Draft Bill which was not even drafted then and on the basis of that went on carrying an agitation for more than four months in the Press, and only the other, day they have published the draft of the Secondary Education Bill which has not been finally accepted by the Cabinet. It exists only in certain form now before the Finance Department, and yet that paper has managed to get hold of that inchoate document and publish is, and on the basis of that has been carrying on propaganda against Government. The paper from which my friend has read out must be one of such papers and the statement must be one of those malicious lies which some of the newspapers in season, and out of season are in the habit of To dit matters short, I can assure promulgating against Government my friend that nothing like that has been decided, that as a matter of fact this appointment that has been made, along with the duty that would be assigned to its incumbent, is still under the consideration of Government. It may be asked why is it that we have come forward with this demand for a lake of rupees if nothing has been finally settled. The reason is that by asking for a demand we give expression to our determination and our decision to have a Publicity Officer, and we want the House to come to an agreement with us, and, we want to have the House to vote in favour of the proposal to have a Publicity Department. We want to have this Rs. 1,00,000 provided for because from now, and may be till the cold weather, we may or may not have another session of the Assembly, and we want to have the authority of the Assembly to spend money on this Publicity Department.' Now, Sir, there is no harm if this money is voted. The expenditure will be under the scripting of the Public Accounts Committee; every single rupee spent will have to be accounted for, and if there is any item of expenditure which is unauthorised, the Public Account Committee will refuse to sanction if, and we will have to answer to the House why we undertook this expenditure which could not be justified.

Now, Sir, my friend Mr. Sibnath Banergee has said that there is no necessity for a Publicity Department because we can make speeches in this House and therefore that ought to be sufficient. May I tell him that even in Congress Provinces which are supposed to have leading newspapers of their own they have got Publicity Departments? But what is our position here? It is a matter of extreme regret that we are subjected to criticism, fair or unfair, on everything we do; almost the whole of the Indian-owned Press happens to be against us, and instead of receiving fair criticism we have got nothing but misrepresentation of our aims and aspirations and of our activities, in the columns of the Press. We have got no friends in the Press. And therefore if those that are supported by the Press feel the necessity of a Publicity

1938.]

Department, the necessity must be far more in Bengal where we have not the advantage of the support and the sympathy of the Press.

Then, Sir, I may in passing—I de not wish to detain the House—make one reference to the remarks made by my friend Mr. Khaitan, that our erstwhile triends are voting against us—God save as from those friends. We know that mose friends are voting against us; some more man be soting; we will take our chance. But we are not unnerved by the fact that people conveniently cross the floor of the House and go over from this side to the other. What they mean, they alone know. What is in their heart of hearts is known only to God above, and I am not here to judge.

Now, Sir, there is one small matter. It has been said that the Director of Public Information has been talking to somebody in the House. So far as the Ministers are concerned, he is perfectly within his rights to talk to us, and we are within our rights in talking to him, because at the present moment, the permanent officials of Government have not the presidence of sitting in the House. They subdefined in seats provided for them, and it may be necessary for us to go over to them to get information from them—

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: On a point of order, Sir ---

The Honble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: I have not finished, Sir. I am not going to be interrupted

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Max I rise on a point of order, Su?

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes. Dr. Sangal.

- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: The Hon ble the Chief Minister says that he and the Ministers are within their rights to talk to any person in the gallery. It is your ruling, Sir, that it is not paylamentary practice for any member, be he Minister or be he a member, to talk to any Secretary or outsider. May I know your ruling correctly, Sir?
- Mr. SPEAKER: I anticipated this, and I therefore made my point absolutely clear. It is not permissible for anybody in the gallery to talk to the members, but I do not think any member of the House can be stopped from talking to the people in the gallery if he likes though he should not ordinarily do this to interrupt the proceedings of the House.
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I understand, Sir, that ATs the Ministers' right to talk to them, and it is not the latter's right to talk to the Ministers?

Mr. SPEAKER: You are right.

The Hon ble Mr. A. K. FATLUL HURS Now Str. I think it would not be fair on my part to detain the House any longer. A have made it clear that, this appointment is only temporary, that it is in pursuance of a policy of establishing a Publicity Department that we have made this appointment; that this appointment will be properly advertised and scrutinized by the Public Service Commission, and the Public Service, Commission will have their say when the permanent appointment is made. Secondly, the elaborate programme which has been read out by the Leader of the Opposition really is not a programme that has been accepted by Government or decided upon by Government. It is a figure to of fancy and invention of some newspaper for which we are not responsible, and I give this House the assurance that nothing of the kind that has been read out to this House has been decided upon by us. As regards pay and salaries of the staff, I have made the position clear. I hope, Sir, therefore that the House will also realize that the appointment of a Publicity Officer is necessary so that they may kpt w what the Government is doing, and that they may have the facts before them in order to enable them to criticize the Government, and offer it helpful advice where ngcessarg. I am not speaking on this matter in a spirit of opposition to the Opposition am only asking them to co-operate with Government in order to bring fects before the public, because after all the public have a right to know what Government have been doing, and, what Government intend to do for them in future

With these words, I oppose the motion

6. ()

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Mr. Speaker, may I have two pieces of information arising out of the Chief Minister's speech before you put the motion to the vote? The first one is, he said, as you no doubt remember, in the course of his speech, that certain suggestions or schemes were prepared by individual Ministers, and until they come before the Cabinet, they were not decisions. We can follow that. May I enquire if portions of the scheme which appeared in the paper referred to by the Chief Minister, from which I read, were prepared by any of his colleagues? That is my first question.

The second is, he has not dealt with this question about subsidising the press, and I would desire specific, information on this point. Is it intended to devote any portion of this one lakh of rupees to subsidising existing newspapers?

• The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Sir, as regards the first point, I can tell fny friend I have not seen the scheme which he has read out, and so far as I know it has not been prepared by any member

of the Cabinet. If anybody his done it, it is not to my knowledge, and it has not come up before the Cabinet.

As regards subsidy, I said in the logisting, and I say now that it is not our intention stealthily to subsidise newspapers for the purpose of supporting Government.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Having regard to the courtesy shown to me by the Leader of the House, may I tell him that I shall consider it my duty to inform him as to which colleague of his prepared that scheme.

of Rs. 1,00,000 for publicity under the head "25"-General Administration" be reduced by Rs. 99,999 (Publicity grant unnecessars).

The motion being put a Division was taken.

Mr. SPEAKER: I might just draw the attention of the honourable members at this stage that those who will support the motion will go to the "Aye," lobby, i.e., the Opposition will go to the Opposition side and the Ministerial party will go to the Ministerial side.

Unless honourable members go quickly I am sorry I shall have to close the Division as early as possible. There are three doors to my right and three to my left

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Let the Hon'ble Ministers show the way, Sir.

The House divided with the following result :-

AYE8-103,

Abdul Hafeez, Khan Bahadur Syed. Abdul Haftz, Mr. Mirza. Abdul Hakeem, Mr. Abdul Majid, Maulvi. Abdul Maild, Mr. Syed. Abdul Wahed, Maulyi, Abu Hessain Sarkar, Maulvi. \bui Fazi, Mr. Md. Acharyya Choudhury, Maharaja Sashi Kanta, of Muktagacha, Mymonsingh. Attab Ali, Mr. Ahmed Ali Mridha, Maulri. Ahmed Khan, Mr. Syed. Asimuddin Ahmed, Mr. Azkar All, Maulvi. Banorij, Mr. P. Banerjee, Mr. Pramatka Nat Banerji, Mr. Satya Priya. Banerjee, Mr. Sibnath. Banerjes, Dr. Suresh Chandrs. Bannerjee, Mr. Maneranjan, Barma, Babu Prymkari

Barma, Mr. Puspajit.

Barman, Babu Shyama Protad. Barman, Babu Upondra Nath. Basu, Mr. Santosh Kumar. Bhawmik, Dr. Gebinda Chandra. Biswas, Babu Lakshmi Narayan. Bisdas, Mr. Rasik &af. Bhwas, Mr. Burendra Nath. Boss, Mr. Sarat Chandra. Chakrabarty, Babu Narendra Narayan. Chakrabarty, Mr. Jatindra Nath. Chattopadhyay, Mr. Haripada. Chaudhuri, Rai Harendra Math. Das, Babu Mahim Chandra. Das, Babu Radhanath. Dat, Mr. Menmehan. Das Bupta, Babu Khagendra Hath. Das Gupta, Dr. J. M. Das Gupta, 8]. Narenera NRth. Datta, Mr. Dhirendra ffath. Delui, Mr. Harpedra. Dutta, Mr. Sukumar. Quita Mazumdar, Mr. Nibarendu. Emdadul Haque, Kazi. 1. .

Faziug Rahman (Muktonr), Mr. Chore, Mr. Atul Krishna. Glaszidin Alf nod, Mt. Goswami, Mr. Tulsi Chandra. Lupta, Mr. Jogoth Chaffra. Masan All Chowdhury, Mr. Syed. daleluddin Hashemy, Mr. Syed, dalan, Mr. fi D. Jonah Ali Majumdan Maulvi. Khaitan, Mr. Debi Prosad. Khan, Mr. Debandra Leli. Kumar, Mr. Atul Chantra. Kundu, Mr. Nishitha Ngth. Maf:uddin Ahmed, Dr. Maiti, Mr. Nikunja Beharl. Maji, Mr. Adwalta Kumar. Majumdar, Mrs. Hemprova. Mazumdar, Mr. Birendra Nath. Mal, Mr. Iswar Chandra. Mandai, Mr. Afrita Lal. Mandai, Mr. Bafau Behari. Mandal, Mr. Jogendra Nath. Mandai, Mr. Krishna Prasad. Maniruzzaman Islamabadi, Mauina Md. Maqbul Hosain, Mr. " Mockerjee, Mr. Syamaprasad. Mukerji, Mr. Dhirendra Naçayan. Mukerjee, Mr. B. Mukherji, Dr. H. C.

Mullick, Srijut Ashutesh. " Nasker, Mr. Hem Chandga. / Nausher Ali, Mr. Syed.
Pramanik, Mr. Tarinicharay,
Ramizuddin Ahmed, Mr. Roy, Mr. Chary Chandra. Roy, Mr. Dhananjoy. Ren Mr. Camalkrishna. Roy, Mr. Kiran Sankar. Roy, Mr. Kirlori Pati. Roy, Mr. Manmatna Nath., Poy, Babu Patiram. Sanauliah, Al-Haj, Maulana Dr. Sanyal, Dr. Nalinakcha. Sanyal, Mr. Sasanka Bekhat Sen, Babu Nagendra Nath. Sen, Rai Bahadur Jogesh Chandra. Shahedali, Mr. Shamshudlin Ahmed, Mr. M. Singha, Babu Kshetra Nath, Sinhaf Brijut Manindra Bhasan. Sur, Mr. Harendra Kunfar. Tamizidein Knan, Maulvi. Thakur, Mr. Pramatha Ranian. Waltur Rahman, Maulvi. Yousuf Mirza, Mr . . Yusuf Ali Choudhury, Mr.

Zaman, Mr. A. M. A.

NOE8-123,

Abdul Aziz, Maulana Md. Abdul Barı, Maulvi. Abdul Haftz, Mr. Mia. Abdul Hakim Vikrampuri, Maulvi Md Abdul Hamid, Mr. £. M. Abdul Hamid Shah, Maulvi. Abdul Jabbar, Maulvi. Abdul Kadeer, Mr. Abdul Karım, Mr. Abdul Latif Biswas, Maulvi. Abdul Wahab Khan, Mr. Abdulia-Al Mahmood, Mr. Abdur Rahman, Khan Bahadur, A. F. M. Abdur Rahman Siddigi, Mr. Abdur Raschid Mahmeod, Mr. Abdur Rashood, Maulvi Md. Abdur Rauf, Khan Sahib Maulvi S. Abdur Raut, Mr. Shah. Abdur Razzak, Maulvi. Abdus Shahood, Maulvi-Md. Abidur Reza Choydhury, Khan Bahadur Mauivi. Abul Hashim, Maulvi. Abul Hosain Ahmed, Mr. Abul Quasem, Maulvi. Aftab Hosain Jearcar, Maulvi. Ahmed Ali Eqsyetpuri, Khan Bahadur Maulana. Ahmed Hotain, Mr. Alfaruddir Ahmed, Khan Bahadur Maulvi. Aminuliah, Mautvi. Amir Ali Mia, Mauiv? Md. , , Armstrong, Mr. W. L. Ashrafali, Mn M. Aline, Hossain Khan, Maulvi. Barat Ali, Mr. Md. Boll-Fart, Miss P. B. Brasher, Mrs F. C.

Biomenstok, Mr. L. M. Campbell, Sir George. Chippendale, Mr. J. W Das, Mr. As ukul Chane"a. Das, Mr. Kirit Bhusap. Dass, Babu Debendra Kath. Edbar, Mr Upendranath Farhad Raza Q'owdhury, Mr M Farhut Bano Khanam, Begum. Faziul f.uq, the Hon ble Mr. A. K. Faziul Quadir, Khan Bahadur Maulvi. Faziur Re man. Mr. Games, Mr. S. A. Griffiths, Mr. C Gurung, Mr. Damber Singh. Gyasuddin Ahmed Choudhury, Alhadj. Habibullah, the Hon'ble Nawab Bahadur K., et Dacca. Haftzuddin Chowdhury, Maulyi, Hamiduddin Ahmad, Khan Sahib. Hamilton, Mr. K. A. Hasanuzzaman, Maulv: Md. Hashem Ali Khan, Khan Bahadur Faulvi. dasina Murched, Mrs. hatematty Jemadar, Khan Sahib Maulvi. "Hawkings, Mr. R. J. Hirtzel, Mr. M. A. F., Homan, Mr. F. T. Ispahani, Mr.JR. A. H. Jalaluddin Ah.aad, Khan Bahadur Maulvi. Jasimuddin Ahmed Mr. Kabiruddin Khan, Khan Bahador Maulvi Kennedy, Mr. I. G. MacGregor, Mr. b. Q. Mafizuddin Ahmed, Maulvi.

Mangyadin Choudbury, Maulyi.

Maguire, My. L. T. Mahatabuddin Ahmed, Khan Bahadar Maul Mandal, Mr. Birat Chantra. Mandal, Mr. Jagat Chandra Manfruddin Akhand, Raulvi. Masud Ali Khan Panni, Maulvi. Milar, Mr. C. Mehammed Ali, Khay Bahadur. Mohsin Ali, Mr. Md. Morgan, Mr. Mestem Ali Milah, Maulri. Mexammel Hug, Maulvi Md> guhammadafzal, Kham Sahib mauivi syen Muhammad Ishaque, Meah. Mehammad Israil, Maulvi. Mehammad Suddique, Dr. Syed: Muhammad Solaiman, Khan Sahib Maulvi. Muliick, the Hongole Mr. Mukunda Behary. Mullick, Mr. Pulin Behary Muharruff Hossain, the Hon'ble Nawab, Khan Bahadur. Mustagaswsaf Haque, Mr Byed. Mustafa Ali Dewan, Mafulyi. Nandy, the Hon'sle Maffaraja Srischandra, of Cofsimbazar. Nasarullah, Nawabzada 😘 Nazimuddin, the Hon'ble Khwaja Sir

Hoorugia Mr. K. Norton, Mr. H. R. Patten, Mil W. C. . Paul, Sir Hiri Sanker. Rahman, Khan Bahadur, A. M. L. Terajibuddin Tarafeur Mauive. Razaur Rahman Khan, Mr. Roy, the Hon'ble Mr Bijoy Prasad Singh. Roy, Ral Banadur Kahirod Chandra. 9 Sadaruddin Ahmed, Mr. Såfruddin Ahmed, Haji. Salem, Mr. S. A. Sarkar, Babu Madhusudan. . Sarker, the Hon'ble Mr. Najini Ranjan. . Sassoon Mr. R. M. Serajul Islam, Mr. Shahabuddin, Mr. Khrenja. Shamsuddin Ahmed Khendkar Mr. Shamsul Huda, Maufana. Sirdar, Babu Litt@Munda. Steven Mr. J W. R. Suhrawardy, the Hon'ble Mr. H .& ... Walker, Mr J. R. Walker, Mr. W. A. M. Whitehead, Mr. R. B. Warren, Mr. P. F. S.

Zahur Ahmed Choudhury, Maulvi.

The Noes being 423 and the Aves being 403 the motion was lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: Thope bonourable members will have no objection if I now put the main demand before the House. The other demands may be taken up to-morrow.

"The question before the House is that a sum of Rs. 2,00,000 be grained for expenditure under the head "2" General Administration—General Administration" during the year 1938-9

The motion was put and agreed to

Adjournment.

The House was then adjourned all 4-45 pm on Tuesday, the 16th August, 1948, at the Assembly House Calcutta

Proceedings of the Pengal Legislative Assembly assembled under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1935.

The Assembly met in the Assembly House, Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 16th August, 1938, at 4-45 ptm.

Present:

Mr. Speaker (the Hou'ble Khan Bahadur M. Azizui, Hviue, c.i.e.) in the Chair, ten Hqc'ble Ministers and 227 members.

STARRED QUESTIONS

, '(to which oral answers were given),

Externment from Bengal of several ex-prisoners in the Kakori Conspiracy Case.

- *78. Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: (a) Is the Hon'ble Minister in charge, of the Home (Political) Department aware—
 - (i) that Babus Jogesh Chandra Chatterjee, Gobinda Kar, Sachindra Nath Bakshi and Sachindra Sanyal had formerly been exprisoners in the Kakoti Conspirates, Case;
 - (a) that they were released by the United Provinces Government;and
- (in) that they had been residents of the Province of Bengal?
- (b) Is it a fact that they have been externed from the Province of Bengal by this Government?
- (c) If the answer to clause (b) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state the reasons for externing them?

MINISTER in charge of the HOME DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin): (a) (c) So far as I am aware they are still ex-prisoners of the Kakori Corspiracy Case,

- (11) and (111) Not in each case.
- . (b) Yes.
 - (c) They are externed for reasons connected with the public safety.

Mr. BIRENDRA NATH MAZUMDAR: Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state if Gobinda Chandra Har was for some times in Bengal after his release?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZINUDDIN: Yes

Mr. BIRENDRA NATH MAZUMDAR: Will the flomble Minister be pleased to state whether after the release of Gobindo Chandra Kar, while he was in Bengal, Government had any reason to believe that he did anything which was dangerous to public safety?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: It is not a question of his having done anything dangerous during the period from his release o his externment; but Government are of opinion that for the present it is advisable to extern all the Kakori prisoners from Bengal.

Srijut Dhirendra Kumar Bhattacharjee, a convict in the Inter-Provincial Conspiracy Case, suffering from serious diseases.

- *79. Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: (a) Well the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Political) Department be pleased to state whether at is a fact that Dhirendra Kumar Bhattacharjee, son of Srijut Monmohan Bhattacharjee, of the district of Tippera, a convict in the Inter-Provincial Conspiracy Case, now in the Dum-Dum Jail, has been suffering from serious diseases for a long time past?
- (b) If the answer to clause (a) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state--
 - (i) what are the diseases he is suffering from,
 - (ii) what treatment he is receiving;
 - (iii) whether he was removed to the Medical College Hospital for treatment;
 - (iv) whether there was any diagnosis of the disease there,
 - (r) what treatment did he receive in the Medical College Hospital?
 - (ri) whether at the time he was taken to the Dum-Dum Jaul from the Medical College Hospital he fully recovered?
- (c) If the answer to (b) (ri) is in the negative, why was he removed to the Dum-Dum Jail before full recovery?
- (d) Have the Government received any petition from his father giving details of his ailments and complaining of the method of treatment and praying for his release in view of the serious ailments he is suffering from?
- (c). If the answer to (d) is in the affirmative, do the Government contemplate granting the prayer of the tather in view of the condition of his health?

- The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: (a) te (c) He has been suffering from chronic plaryngitis and goitre. This condition although of a pretracted, is not of a serio(is, nature. He was thrice sent to the . Medical College Hospital and discharged with prescriptions and directions for treatment which can be calgied out in the jail.
- (d) Yes...
 (c) The matter is under consideration.
- Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATIA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if he is aware that in the last petition submitted by his father he complained that the prisoner was suffering from brain complaints?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: He may be suffering from melancholia.

Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when he was discharged for the last time from the Medical College Hospital?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I ask for notice as far as time is concerned

Under-representation of the Scheduled Castes and Muslims in the I.B., C.I.D., and D.I.B. Departments of Bengal.

- *80. Mr. ABUL HOSAIN AHMED: With reference to the reply to question (staired) 513 (vide your office D-O No 2443Pl., dated the 28th June, 1938), will the Houble Minister in charge of the Home (Police) Department be pleased to state - ,
 - (a) the reason for the under-representation e^4 members of the Scheduled Castes as well as of the Muslim community in the Intelligence Branch, Criminal Investigation Department and District Intelligence Branch' Departments in Bengal in the ranks of Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors, Assistant Sub-Inspectors and constables; and
 - (b) what steps, if any, are now being of proposed to be taken to remove the disparity in these departments by recruitment from the Scheduler Castes as well as from the 'Muslim comprisity according to the population strength?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: (a. Appointment is made by selection irrespective of the communities to which the officers belonged but according to their suitability for the work. Nobody is excluded because he may belong to a particular community however.

(b) As the posts are atrictly selective regard being paid to the suitability of officers for the work, appointments on a population basis cannot be made.

Mr. MONMOHON DAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what is the standard by which the suitability of the candidate is judged?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: In this particular instance the ability to do Intelligence Branch work getting into touch with the people who are senspirators and ability to detect them

Maulvi ABU HOSSAIN SARKAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether he likes to observe communal proportion in this sort of services in the matter of appointment?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir, NAZIMUDDIN: There is no question of appointment alt is only transfer to a particular work. They remain Sub-Inspectors or Inspectors and they are only deputed to this particular branchest work.

Mr. ABDUL WAHAB KHAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if he is aware that on account of special allowances being attached to these posts there is discontent among Muslim officers of proved efficiency for being deprived of them?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I am not aware of it

Maulvi ABU HOSSAIN SARKAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state it Muslim officers will be transferred to this department according to communal proportion?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I have already informed the Rouse that the question of communal proportion does not arise. Communal proportion arises when the question of direct appointment is considered. These people are already in service and the question is whether they should do this work or that work.

Maulvi ABDUL BARI: Will the Hon ble Migister be pleased to state if Mushins are found unsuitable for this work?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir. NAZIMUDDIN: Certainly not.

Maulti ABDUL BART: Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state how many Inspectors are there in the Intelligence Branch and how many of them are Muslims?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIM JDDIN: I ask for notice:

Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN: HASHEMY: Will the Hondole Minister be pleased to state whether even sufficient numbers of constables are not available from among Muslims and scheduled castes who are seemed to be suitable for this work?

The 'Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I submit that the question of constably does not arise out of this question.

Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: On a point of order, Sir. It does arise with reference to question (a), where it is mentioned—"ranks of Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors, Assistant Sub-Inspectors and constables".

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I stand corrected.

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: In view of the answer given by the Hon'ble Minister that the Muslims brit unsuitable for these posts, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to consider the desirability of increasing the percentage of Muslim members in this branch?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I never said that Muslim officers are unsuitable for this work. Most of those officers who are at the present time working in the Criminal Investigation Department, especially in the Intelligence Branch, were deputed there before the present Gevernment, took over office, and it was then the policy that the officers whom the department considered most suitable for this work were posted there. I am looking into this question and in view of the changed circumstances. I feel that Government should utilise the services of Muslim officers in this department more in future.

Ban on Babu Bihari Lal Dutta, a receased detenu of Sylhet, against h's entry into Bengal.

*81. Mr. HARIPADA CHATTOPADHYAY: (a) Will the Mon'ble Minister in charge of the Home Department be pleased to state whether Babu B.fiaci Lal Dutta, son of Babu Nabin Chandra Dutta, of village Gandargar, police-station Kulwaia, district Sylhet (Assam), was a detenuinterned in a Bengal village under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act, up to December, 1937?

- (b) Whether the said Balu Mihari Lal Jutta was released from internment in December, 1937, and served with an order to quit Bengal and not to re-enter the proxince so long as that order stands.
- (c) Whether since then several petitions have been received by the Government from the said Babu Bhari Lal Dutta praying for permission to stay is Calcutta for getting better facilities of medical treatment and studies?
- (d) If the answer $t\phi(c)$ is in the affirmative, how many such petitions have been received?
- (e) Is it a fact that the said Babu Bihari Lal Dutta got a severe attack of Pleurisy while he was in the Presidency Jail, Calcutta, in 1937?
- (f) Is it a fact that the said Babu Bihari Lal Dutta submitted a petition to the Government attaching a medical certificate which stated that in order to receive proper treatment for the after-effects of Plentisy, the said Babu Bihari Lal Dutta should be removed to Calcutta?
- (g) Whether the Government have recently received a further petition from the said Babu Bihari Lal Dutta asking for permission to come to and stay in Cabcutta with a view to prosecute his studies in an Ayurvedic College?
- (h) It the answers to (f) and (g) are in the affirmative, what action have the Government taken on the applications received?
- (i) Is it not a fact that restrictions imposed on a large number of detenus are now being withdrawn?
- (i) If so, do the Government propose to remove the ban placed on the said Babu Bihari Lal Dutta, against his entry into Bengal at an early date?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUÜDIN: (a) and (b) Yes, except that the month was November not December.

- (c) and (d) One petition was received in 1937 asking for permission to return to Calcutta on grounds of health. Three subsequent petitions have been received basing the request for the removal of the externment order on the desire of the petitioner to study Ayurvedic medicine in Calcutta and earn his living thereby.
 - (e) and (f) No.
 - (q) and (i) Yes.

- (h) It so far as (f) it concerned in he question does not arise. The petition is under consideration.
- (r) The hon ble member is referred to the answer to (h) above.

 Mr. SUPENDRA NATH BISWAS: Will the Hon ble Minister Se pleased to state what were the reasons for this exteriment order?
- The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Government do not want terrorists or those who have been under detention under the Criminal Law Amendment Act belonging to other provinces to be in Bengal. .
- Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: 1s at not a fact that Bihari Lal Dutta was arrested in Faridpur While a student of the Faridpur College?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: He is not a resident of Bengal. He belongs to Assam.

Mr. SURENDRA 'NATH BISWAS: Is it not a fact that his activities were in Faridpur?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir HAZIMUDDIN: That is all the more reason why he should go back to his native place.

Dalais of brothels.

- *82. Mr. J. N. GUPTA: (a) Has the attention of the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Police) Department Been drawn to the fact that a number of persons working as dalals of brothels obstruct the passage of motor, cars, rickshaws, passing on Durga, Charan Mitter Street, Calcutta, and making offers to the people they come across on the street?
- (b) If the answer be in the affirmative, is the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of taking steps for arranging strong guard by posting European sergeants there with a view to preventing those ·delils from loitering on the street?

The Hon'ble Rhwaja Sir NASIMUDDINE

(b) Does not arise.

Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: Is the Hon be Minister aware of the fact that it has become practically impossible for any one to pass through Well-sley Street and Ripon Street after 10 p.m.?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise.

Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: মন্ত্রী মহাশয় জবাব পিরেছেন যে, তিনি এ বিষয়
ক্ষেছ্ অবগত নন, তিনি কি নিজে দয়া কোৱে ঐ অগুল ঘূরে দেখে নিজে কিছু জেনে রেবেন?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise.

Political prisoners in Jails and their release.

- *83. Mr. BIREMDRA NATH MAZUMDAR: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home Department be pleased to state-
 - (i) the number of political prisoners still in jail; and
 - (ii) the policy that has been adopted by the Government about the release of political prisoners as a result of the negotiations between the Hon'ble Home Minister and Mahatma Gaudhi and the Congress President, Srijutt Subhas Chandia Bose?
- (b) Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to lay on the table copies of correspondence that passed between Mahatma Gandhi and the Hon'ble Home Minister as regards the release of detenus and political prisoners?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDOPN: I presume that the hon'ble member refers to persons sentenced to imprisonment by the courts for offences connected with the terrolist movement. The number still undergoing their sentences is 316. The matter remains under consideration and I regret that I am not prepared to make a statement or publish the correspondence on the subject at the present time.

Mr. BIRENDRA NATH MAZUMDAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister he pleased to state if Government have come to any conclusion as to the release of these prisoners—conditional or otherwise?

.The An'ble Khwaja kir NAZIMOODIN: The subject is still a matter of discussion.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state by what time Gotenment care likely to come to a decision on Pris question?

The Hon'sie Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I have nothing further to add.

Dr. MALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'bie Minister be pleased to state if it is a fact that an assurance was given to Mahatma Gandhi that within three months from July last a decision would be arrived at?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIM: I would ask the honourable member to refer the matter to Mr. Gandhi and he will no doubt get a satisfactory reply from him.

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state how many of these prisoners are women?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I ask for notice

Travelling and daily allowance bills of all Ministers separately from 1st April to 28th July, 1938.

- *84. Mr. MAQBUL HOSAIN: Will the Fron'ble Minister in charge of the Finance Department be pleased to lay a statement on the table showing for the period from the 1st April to 28th July, 1938—
 - (a) the total expenditure incurred from public revenues on account 'of the travelling and daily allowance bills of all the Ministers, separately; and
 - (b) the number of third class tickets exclusive of those for orderlies or peons, allowed to each Minister?

MINISTER in charge of the FINANCE DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Mr. Nalidi Ranjan Sarker): A statement is laid on the table. It includes charges on account of third class tickets of personal servants accompanying the Hon'ble Ministers on tour. It has not been possible to collect figures for the month of July.

* In column three of the statement is shown the number of third class tickets taken for the personal servants of each Minister for the month of April. Figures for the other months are not yet readily available.

Statement referred to in the lepth to starred question No. 83 showing the total expenditure incurred from public revenues on account of the travelling allocance and daily allocance tills of all the Ministers up to the 30th Tune, 1938.4

	Nantas.	Expenditure on account of travelling allowance and daily allow- ance			Romarks			
	(7)	(2)		j,		(3)	· 	
	`k	Rs	a D	P				
•1.	The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. Fazlu! Haque	2,911	9	O	(1) (2) (3)	,		7 6 5
2.	The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir Nazı'n iddin, $\kappa\in \iota$ is	628	3	6	(4)	Nil.	, .	o
3.	The Hon'ble Mr N R Sarker	808	8	6	(1)			2 2
4	The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy	1,369	2	6	(1) (2) (3)			2 2 4
5.	The Hon ble Sir B. P. Singh Roy, Kr	940	6	6	(4) (1) (2)			4 1 5
6.	The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja Habibullah Baha dur, of Dacia	1,628	\$	6	(1) (2) (3)		• •	4 2 4
7	The Hon ble Nawab Musharruff Hossain, Khan-Bahadur	. 270	9	6	(4)	10		3
я	The Hon'ble Maharaja Sris Chandric Nandy, of Cosminbazar	1,587	12	6]	4		
9	The Hon'ble Mr P D Raikut ,	455	9	0		Nil		
10	The Hon'ble Mr. M. B. MulliMk	675	9	3	(1)			7
11	The Hon ble Mr. Syéd Nausher Ali (ex Minister)	, 1,011	0	0	(2)	' Nil		6 -

The numbers in brackets in the third column is digate serially the different tours undertaken within the month of April -

India Covernment grant for economic development and improvement of rural areas.

- *85., Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Finance Department be pleased to lay on the table an up-to-date statement showing year by year—
 - (i) the amount received by the Government from the Government
 of India for economic development and improvement of rural
 areas including the rural aplift grant;

- (11) he amount spent and
- (iii) the amount spint for the works in each district, district by district?
- (b) Is it a fact that the tube we'ls are sunk in the rural area from this fund?
- (c) If the answer to (b) is in the affirmation, will (the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state the amount spent for sinking of tube wells in each district, district by district, up to date?

The Hon'ble Wr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: (a)---

- (i) 1935-36—R#, 16,00,000, 1936-37—Nil.6 1937-38—Rs. 4,56,600,
- (ii) 1935-36—Rs. 4,13,300.
 - 1936-37—Rs. 8,88,600, 1937-38 —Rs. 5,17,109
- (iii) A statement (Statement I) is laid on the Library table showing the expenditure incurred in each district by the District Officers out of grants for economic development and imployment of rural areas. Figures relating to expenditure incurred out of these grants through District Boards, Commissioners of Divisions and other agencies, have been asked for but are not yet available.
 - (b) Yes
 - (c) A statement (Statement II) is laid on the Library Jable.
- Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state on what basis, the allotments to each district are made?

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: First it was made 'on the basis of population

Remuneration of typists and copyists of the Civil, Criminal and Revenue

- *86. Mr. MONORANJAN BANNERJEE (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Judicial and Legislative Departments be pleased to state whether it is a fact
 - (f) that on 31st Augyst, 1921, the Bengal Legislative Council adopted a resolution recommending that the typists and copyists of the Civil, Criminal and Revenue Courts be organised into a regular establishment with fixed salaries on a time-scale basis on such conditions and privileges as are attached to Government service.

- (ii) that the resolution was still under consideration of the Government;
- (iii) that again on the 23rd N vember, 1922, Government gave the assurance that the scheme for giving relief to the typists and copyists we ald be formulated as soon as funds permit; and
- (iv) that a resolution to the above effect was also adopted by the Council in July, 1928?
- (b) Do the Government now contemplate giving affect to the resolution, and pending the final decision of the said resolutions, are the Government considering the desirability of increasing the remuneration of the typists and copyists to three annas instead of two annas per folio as assured by the Government on the 20th December, 1934, in reply to a question by Maulyi Syed Majid Baksh?

MINISTER in charge of the JUDICIAL and LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS (the Hon'ble Nawab Musharruff Hossain, Khan Bahadur): (a) Ye's

(b) The answers to both parts of the question are in the negative. The statement in the question is not correct. In reply to a question by Maulyi Sved Mand Baksh in December, 1934, Government informed the Council that they were not considering the desirability of increasing the remuneration of typists and copyists from two annas to three annas per tolio.

Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if Coveniment have at present any infention to increase the remuneration of the typics and copyrists?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: The answer is already the

- *87. Maulvi-MOSLEM All MOLLAH: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Judicial and Legislative Departments, be pleased to state—
 - (a) the number of criminal appeals and motions filed before the District Magastrate, Rajshahli since Captain Johnston took over the charge of the district, and
 - the (i) the number of such appeals and motions since allowed be him, and
 - car the number since dismissed?

The fibrible Nawab HUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur:

(b) (i) Appeals allowed in 10 cases and orders of lower courts altered or modified in 14. Motions allowed—2.

(ii) 42 appeals and 3 motions.

Maulyi ABDUL BARI: Will the Hon'ble M/nister by pleased to state how many of the decisions of the District Magistrate of Rajshahi, Captain Johnston, were set aside by the Hon'ble the High Court?

The Kon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, 'Khan Bahadur: I want notice.

Maulei ABDUL BARI: Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state in how many cases the Hon ble High Court passed strictures on the judgments of Captain Johnston?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise .

Muslim Sub-Judges and Disfrict, Judges.

- *88. Maulvi MD. ABDUL HAKIM VIKRAMPURI: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Judicial and Legislative Departments be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing for the present time—
 - (i) the number of Sub-Judges and District Judges of Bengal; and
 - (ii) the number of Muslim Sub-Judges and District Judges?
- (b) Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that the number of Muslim Sub-Judges and District Judges are below the proportion to their population in the province?
- (c) If so, is the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of appointing a number of Muslims as Sub-Judges and District Judges from amorgst the Munsifs and lawyers from the districts, respectively?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: (a) (b) 55 and 48, respectively.

- (ii) One and 4, respectively.
- (b) Yes.
- (c) The matter is engaging the attention of Government.

Babu NACENDRA NATA SEN: With reference to answer (c), does the Houble Minister think that it is the question of the religion of the officers and not their metits that has to be taken into consideration?

Mr. SPEAKER: That is a matter of opinion

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

(answers to which were laid on the table)

Extra copyists non-perhanent clorks in the Registration

Department.

- 44. RAI HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Education (Registration) Department be pleased to state what scheme, it any, has been evolved to place those extra copyists and non-permanent hands who are working for a long time on the permanent establishment.
- (b) What any the reasons for continuing for a long time a large establishment on a non-permanent basis?
- (c) Is it not a fact that the volume of work shows a permanent increase for more than a decade?
 - (d) Is the Mon'ble Minister ware -
 - (i) that the extra copyists are paid at the rate of two and one and a half armas per 300 words copied in the Calcutta and District Registration Offices, respectively, and
 - (ii) but the Registration Offices charge at the rate of 8 annus per page is copying fee from the parties?
- (c) If the answer to (d) is in the affirmative, why are the extra copyists pand at such a flow rate?

MINISTER in charge of the EDUCATION (REGISTRATION) DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Mr. A. K. Fazluf Huq): (a) No such scheme has been prepared as it is not fracticable.

- (b) This is due to the extremely fluctuating nature of the work in the Registration Offices.
 - (c) No
 - (d) Yes.
- (e) This is considered to be Pressonable and economic remuneration for the work done.

Electricity charges at Dacca-

45. Mr. S. A. SALIM: (a) Is the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Commerce and Labour Department aware that the rate of electricity charge at Dacca is higher than that charged in Calcutta?

(b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, is the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of urging upon the Electric Company at Dacca to reduce the rate?

MINISTER in charge of the COMMERCE and LABOUR DEPARTMENT (the (Hon'ble Mr. H. Ş. Suhrewardy): 🏈 → Yes.

- (b) At our request the Company has reduced its rate by alf-an-anna. I am examining the papers further as the licensees are not agreeable to a further reduction of the domestic rate.
- Mr. CURTIS MILLAR: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that the Calcutta undertaking is 250 times the size of the Dacca undertaking and makes much more economical working possible? Then, again, with reference co question (b); is it a fact that the licenser at Dacca has informed the Government of his willingness to review the rates with reference to the present year's working?
- Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Is the hon'tle member asking for information or giving information?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: 'I am fully aware of the fact that the Calcutta undertaking is vety auch larger than the Dacca undertaking and that there is no comparison possible between the Calcutta rates and the Dacca rates 'But this does not do away with any opinion that I may hold that the Dacca rates per so are higher than what they might be.

Mr. CURTIS MILLAR: Is a not a fac, that the licensee in Dacca has intimated his willingness to review the rates?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: It does not quite appear from the Igensee's letter that that is so, but I have not the least doubt that Government in the interest of the public and the licensees in their own interest would be able to come to some sort of agreement

Illness of Babu Sunil Kumar Das, a detenu.

- 46. Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA "CUPTA: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Special) Department be pleased to state whether it is a fact.
 - (i) that determ Babu Sunil Kumai Das of Dacca now lodged in the Presidency Joil is suffering from ailments.
 - (ii) that his latest troub'e has been diagnosed by Specialists as

- (m) that sometimes he gets evening rise of temperature and suffers from acute pain in the Ilias regions and
- (iv) that some time ago he was examined by a Nose Specialist for nasal troubles who opined that he is suffering from Chronic Rhinitis in this a conscipence there are sighs of aural defect?
- (b) If the answer, we any of the clauses (a) are in the affirmative
- (i) will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state what arrangements have been made for his treatment; and
- (ii) are the Government considering the desirability of releasing him forthwith so as to enable him to get proper treatment outside?
- (c) Is the Hon'ble Minister aware-
 - (i) that his elder brother, Babu Anil Das, M sc., died in the Dacca -Central Tail in 1932, and
- (ii) that his wounger brother, Babu Parimal Das, deed of an accident six months, after his elder brother's death?
- (d) Are the (fovernment considering the desirability of granting the prayer contained in the petition of Sunil Bahu's mother for the release of her only and remaining son?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: The individual in questical has already been released and in the circumstances I think the hon'ble member will not wish to pursue these enquiries.

Removal of disqualification of candidates and their election agents.

- 47. Miss P. B. BELL-HART: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Constitution and Elections) Department be pleased to state
 - the 15th July, 1957, and 29th November, 1937, respectively, have removed the disqualiheations incurred by those who are named in the first and second columns of the schedule annexed to the notifications as candidates and as election agents respectively;
 - (ii) whether these notifications have removed the disqualsheations incurred by electron agents who have not been named in the second column of the schedule, and
 - (iii) whether any representations have been received protesting against the interpretation given in latter No. 237A.R.—De, dated the 7th May, 1938, issued by the department from which the notifications were issued?

- been taken on the representations?
- (v) Are the Government considering the desirability of taking action in the matter?
 - (d). If not, why not?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: The notifications were intended to remove all the disqualifications that may have been arguined bould the persons, named, whether as candidates or as election agents. Some representations were received and the notifications were reexamined. Government have been advised that the notifications ichieve the intended object; no futher action is therefore called for.

Clearing of night-soil and working of oil-mills by the prisoners in jails.

- 48. Khan'Sahib Maulvi HATEMALLY JAMADAR: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Jails) Department be pleased to state whether it is a fact that in the juls of Bengal, prisoners are compelled to clear night-soil and to work on oil-mill?
- (b) If so, are the Government considering the desirability of jutting a stop to these practices?
- (a) Are the Government considering the desirability of making necessary arrangements in juils for the instruction of the priseners so that they may prove themselves useful citizens after juil life?
- (d) Are the Government considering the de trability of giving facilities to Muslim prisoners in respect of—
 - (i) saying their daily prayers.
 - '(ii) keeping fast during the month of Ramzán, and
 - (iii) exempting them from all works on Juma days?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: (a) Prisoners are not compelled to clear night-soil. This work is done by convicts who volunteer to do mehtar's work. Prisoners declared fit by the Medical Officer of the jail are employed on oil-mills for short period.

- (b) The question does not arise so far as mehtar's work is concerned. As regards oil-mids the question will be considered with other suggestions regarding jail labou: in the light of replies to the questionnaire issued by Government on the subject.
 - (c) Yes.
- See (d) The hon'ble member is invited to read the detailed provisions on this subject already contained in Chapter XVIII of the Bengal Jail Code, seventh edition, a copy of which is in the Library.

Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: Will the Hion-ble Minister be pleased to state if convicts are compelled to work as mentars by indirect methods?

The Hon'ble Kirwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: The answer is in the negative.

Maulvi TAMIZUDDIN KHAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether prisoners who have agreed to work as mehtars are given certain special facilities?

The Horrble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I believe so

Maulyi TAMIZODDIN KHAN: Is it not a fact that it is the lure of these special facilities that induces convicts to work as mehtars?

The Hon'ble. Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: That is quite possible.

Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: Will the Honeble Munister be pleased to state, with reference to the speech delivered by Babu Harripada Chattopadhyaya that prisoners are compelled to clear night-soil and to work on oil-noils, whether he has made any enquity on this point?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I do not think that I have made an enquiry about the matter but I am prepared to make an enquiry.

Mr. SYED JALABUDDIN HASHEMY: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether Government consider the desirability of taking the services of mentars from outside where mentars are available in cities?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Government have issued a questionnaire about the Jail Administration, and the whole question will be reviewed in the light of the answers that will be received to this questionnaire.

Babu NARENDRA NARAYAN CHAKRABART ৳: ম্যাননীর মন্ত্রী
মহালার বি ভানেন যে এই মেথব সংগ্রহ করবার সমর তুললে দেবছা প্রণোদিত মেথরের কাল অভাব
ঘটে শারীরিক দণ্ড এবং অনান্যে নানা প্রকারের শাস্তি প্রদূর কোরে কয়েদ্বীদের মেথরের কাভ করবার
ভনা বাধ্য করা হয়: .

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDUN: The answer is in the negative.

∅[16тн Aug.,

Hours of work of the prisoners employed in ghanis in the jails of Bengal.

- 49. Mr. ABDUL WAHAB KHAN: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Jails) Department be present to state how many hours in the day are the prisoners employed in oil-pressing machines (ghans) made to work at a stretch generally in all the jails of Bengal?
- A) Is it affect that in the Barisal Jail, the prisoners on ghanes are made to work at a stretch for more than five hours on the ground that oil clay must be continuously pressed to prevent drying up?
- (c) Is the Hon'ble Minister aware of the recommendations of jail visitors as well as the insistent demand of the people, for abandoning this system of punishment, altogether?
- (d) Will the Hon'ble Minister consider the desirability of abandoning this system; or state the difficulties, it any, in abandoning this system?
- (c) Till, however, the system of employing prisoners on ghani is abolished, will the Hon'ble Minister consider the desirability of employing one set of prisoners for three hours and then relieving them by another set, if necessary?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: (a) Usually about five hours and never more than eight

- (b) The task allotted is the pressing of 10 seers per null per diem. Two prisoners work on the null at a time, and a third assists in doing odd jobs. They change round in shifts so that no single individual has to work continuously on the null throughout the performance of the task. The time 'aken to press 10 seers varies but is usually about five hours in all.
- (c) to (c) I am aware that the task is unpopular with prisoners and that in some quarters the view is held that it should be abolished.

Abolition involves the substitution of a suitable form of labour for able-bodied, prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for short periods, and also requires that arrangements be made to purchase from outside mustard oil in the quantities, and of the standard of purity, now available. I have accordingly taken steps to invite opinion throughout the province and replies on the subject are expected in answer to the questionnaire aligndy circulated. The whole question will be examined when these replies are received.

"Mr. ATUL KRISHNA CHOSE: In answer to (c) to (c) the Hon'ble Minister says "that the task is unpopular with prisoners and that in some quarters the view is sheld that it should be abolished."

and yet in the same breath he says that "the whole question will be examined when these replies are received". Therefore, since the Houble Minister is already aware of the fact that ghani is undesirable and also that there is a feeling in various quarters that ghani should be abolished than, what is the necessity of reopening the whole question and discussing it after inviting so many gentlemen?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: The trouble is that in my peply I have used the word "some", but while purpose the quantum the member has pure the word "various" quarties; that is the difficulty

Mr. ABDUL WAHAB KHAN: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that 5 to 8 hours work at a stretch beginning from 8 a.m. interferes with the regular midday meghand provers of the prisoners?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: As far as I am aware, there is no interfedence with either

Providing the released detenus with employment or finance to start small business.

50. Mr. P. BANERJI: Will the Hon ble Minister in charge of the Home (Special) Department be pleased to state whether the Government propose to provide the detenus released after long incarceration, with suitable employment or with suitable finance to start small business.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Released detenus who are eligible under the ordinary rules for employment in any particular Government post must apply to the appointing authority, in the prescribed manner, and will receive consideration on their mexits in common with other applicants. Financial aid will continue to be given in approved cases to detenus who have completed vocational training to the satisfaction of Government in the training camps provided for the purpose.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state whether innarial and would be confined to those exdetenus who have completed the vocational training to the satisfaction of Government in the training camps?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: For the present that is

SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND FOR GRANT. ([16TH-AUG.,

pared to consider the eases of those other ex-detenus who might prove themselves qualified to carry on any particular kind of technical work?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: It is difficult to express an opinion thitle concrete case come up.

Mr. SPEAKER: I am anxious to finish the questions as soon as possible. So, if you have any other question to put, please be very brief

Mr. 'SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: All right, Sir. If any concrete case is presented to the Hon'ble Minister, will be be prepared to consider it on its merits?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: On merits? Yes. Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Thank you

SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND FOR CRANT.

Education—General—37.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: On the recommendation of the Governor, I beg to move that a sum of Rs 5,35,000 be granted for expenditure under the head "37"—Education—General" during the year 1938-39

Mr. MONMOHAN DAS: I beg to move that the demand of Rs 5,35,000 for expenditure under the head "37" Education General" during the year 1938-39 be reduced by Rs 100, to raise a discussion about the time when, and the manner in which, the amounts provided are proposed to be spent.

Sir, it must be admitted that the question of education is one of the most important questions with which the Scheduled Castes are vitally concerned. At the time of the last budget discussion, Government were kind enough to allot a sum of Rs. 35,000 for the education of the Scheduled Caste boys. At that time, Sir, the appalling illiteracy of the people of the Scheduled Castes urged me to table a token cut motion demanding a sum of Rs. 5,00,000 for the spread of education among the Scheduled Castes. In reply to my speech in moving that motion, the Houble the Chief Minister, realising the situation in the House, promised that a scheme would be made ready for the July session of the Assembly for this purpose. I am sorry to say, however, shat no such scheme has yet been prepared. I, have come to

learn from a prominent member of the Cabinet that not contrance scheme has yet been prepared but that there is no chance of any such scheme being made read within a short time unless and until we are prepared to give an assurance to support this Ministry. I am sorry to remark that it is a very unsympathetic attitude on the part of the Ministry towards the cause of the Scheduled Castes that they want to bargain with us before doing anything. As a matter of fact, Sir, the Bengal Ministry has done nothing for the good of the Scheduled Castes up to the present time. So far as the scheme, to which I have just referred, is concerned. I beg to submit that after the last bunget session was over, high hopes were created in the milds of Schoduled Caste boys in schools and colleges that within a very short time, all their difficulties would be met by Government in the shape of stipends and scholarships and also in other ways. I may tell the House what many of our stadents have, since March last, entered schools and colleges with this hope that after the July session of the Assembly, they would be relieved of their difficulties and worries in prosecuting their studies. But nothing has yet been done. The Hon'ble the Chief Minister and his colleagues have given, us enough hopes, and assurances that the present Government will ameliorate the condition of the Scheduled Custes: although nothing in the shape of actual work has yet been undiertaken. They have not fixed the proportion of appointments in the avarious departments to be reserved. Scheduled Caste candidates. Is it not a fact that the Scheduled Castes as a community in Bengal have got a separate entity of their own which was recognised in the famous Poona Past? In this connection, I may draw the attention of the Hon'ble the Chief Minister to the statement he made the other day in connection with the no-confidence motions. He referred to the Congress Provinces and compared their activities with those of their own "I may say. Sir, that so far as Orissa is concerned, the Scheduled Caste boys have been given treestudentships in addition to special stipends and scholarships. So far as Madras is concerned, the annual expenditure there for Scheduled Castes students is Rs. 9 lakks, and a further sum of Rs. 2 lakks has been allotted this year for them. Five hostels have also been started there exclusively for Scheduled Caste boys, and 9 such hostels are receiving Government and An additional sum of Rs 10,000 has been provided for the Scheduled Caste boys living in such hostels. Apart from these, many other suitable arrangements have also been made there for Scheduled Caste boys which the Government of Bengal have not even contemplated yet. As regards Bombay, they have made a much greater progress than what the Modras Government have done. A separate department has been started there for the Scheduled Castes. Apart. from free-studentships and scholarships, the Bombay Government have been taking active interests in the cause of Scheduled Caste boys in every way. They have also allotted Rs. 6 lakhs, out of a total,

of \Cs. 10 lakhs, provided for the supply of pure dranking water, exchastvely for the Scheduled Caste people. I may tell the Hon ble the The Minister that this is the situation in the Congress Provinces to whose activities he referred only the other day. I do not like to waste the valuable time of the Hotise by referring to what the other Congress Provinces, viz., Bihar, the United Provinces and others have been doing. But what I tail to understand is, why should Bengal, being the biggest province and having the highest income, be lagging behind the other provinces? Although we were given an \$\pi\$ urance by the Hon He the Chief Minister that a sum of Rs. 5 lakes would be , provided by a supplementary demand to be brought in this session of the Assembly ofor the spread of education amongst the scheduled castes, here we find in the explanatory memorandum that with the approval of the Auditor-General this sum will be transferred to a deposit account so that any unexpended balance will not lapse it was our earnest prayer that this sum of Rs. 5 labers should be spent in 1958.

May I enquire, Sir, if the Government is prepared to spend the whole amount of Rs. 5,00,000? My submission is that this five laklis of rupces should be spent during this current year. The question dose regarding the scheme and programme as to how the money should be spent. I wish to submit that in Bengal in all the schools and colleges for the students of the scheduled castes turnon should at one ϵ \sim declared free and special stipends and scholarships should be ewinded to each of the boys of the scheduled castes in schools and colleges and also other institutions such as medical, engineering and so on. I subject that free hostels should be started in every district and also accepted subdivisional town - I regret to remind one thing When the Hon ole Mr. M. P. Mullick was at Mymensingh, I told him that the scheduled easte boys of Mymensingh suffered a great deal for want of suitable accommodation in messes and hostels. The boys of the sched-ded castes are driven hither and thicker for want of suitable lodgings because they are not in a position to remain in college hostels by payers regular charges.

Now, Sir spy submission is that the Coveringert should assue a carcular so that every student in schools and colleges should be in a position to enjoy the special supends and scholarships and furtion tees should be declared free.

Sir, I beg to submit one thing more. So far as the question of grant to Muslim education is concerned, though I do not gittige my Muslim brethrem, is it not a fact that special provision has been made for the anaktabe and madrasahas, that special provision has been made for Muslim orphanage and also for the Purdah College? Is it not a fact that a special provision of Rs. 25 fakhs has been assured again to be spent within 2½ years. Sir, the condition of the Muhimmadans is

1938.]

identical with that of the scheduler castes in the country, and the cheduled castes as a matter of fact claim to be an independent community in the country. In these circumstances I submit that the amount of Rs. 5 lakhs, as I have already said, should be spent according to the decision of an Advisory Committer which should be formed with some members of the scheduled castes from the Legislature. Sir, I allo not want that any portion of the money should be swallowed up by any special officer or something like that So, I submit that this 5 lakhs of rupeer should be spent in the course of the current year and a speedy circular should be issued to all parts of Bengal

Sir, I have another grievance. There are two hon the members treat the scheduled castes who are in the Cabinet, but I do not know it they have got any voice, or they are taking any interest. Otherwise how is it possible that our vital demands are not being met. Now, Sir

(The member having reached the time-ilimit resumed his seat.)

Mr. RASIKLAL BISWAS: সভাপতি মহাশয়, আমাব প্রুক্তী বকা মাননীয় মনোমোহন বাব যে মোলন উপদিহত কোবেছেন আমি সেটা সমর্থণ কবি। গভণামেণ্ট যে দেব শিক্ষাৰ জন্য ও লক্ষ টাকা মঞ্ব কোৰ্বিন এই প্ৰস্তাৰ শ্ৰে castes সুখাঁ হোয়েছিলাস কিন্দু আছ 👝 supplementary বাছেটে এ বিষয়ে টিপ্পনী দেখে আমি নিবান হোয়েছি। আমার মনে হয় গ্রুণ্মেণ্ট যে অনেক কাল ধোরে আমাদের অনেক ধাপ্পাই जिरहारकन- अञ्चल आवार गाँउक रहुगरेर थाल्ला सिन्हहा। देनले. लथान मन्त्री महासह शठरारह বোলোছিলেন যে বছরে ও লক্ষ ট্রাকা কোরে - Scheduled eastes - দের শিক্ষার জন্য খরুচ হরে এই ভার বরণ্ডা রূমে ব্রেজিলাম জিন্ব আম supplementary বাছেউ যেকে ব্রুছে পারছি। হয়, ৭ট_{ুন লক্ষ} টাকা এক ব-সংক্রাধ্য খবচ হরে না, বহু বংসর•ধোবে খবচ হরে, এবং কি ভাবে খবচ হবে তা ও আমবা কিছু জানি নাঃ পর্সপর শোনা যায় ৭কটি : ্রিয়ন্তের বোরে ভাবে^{টি} গ্রাম রোরবেন^{্ত্রিন}্থ গ্রুপ্রমণ্ড যে, কি ভাবে ও টাকাটা খর্চ কোব্রেন সেটার সম্বন্ধেও এই Rimse এ ১১ চুদ Scheduled castes member থাকা সত্ত্বেও, ড'াবা কাৰো বাছ থেশকে কোন প্ৰতিমত নেন নাই। আমি জানি আমার কয়েকটি বন্ধা দক্ষম দিয়েছিল্লেন, সে প্ৰতীমতে ছে°ড়া কাগণ্ডেৰ ৰাড়িতে ফেব্ৰু দেওয়া হয়েছে। এই ভাবে যদি গভণানেণ্ট নিজেব স্কাম টেবা কবেন, চাহলে দে[®]স্কাম দ্বারা অনু<mark>য়াত গেণাীৰ প্রকৃত - কেন্</mark>রে উয়তি হবে না বলেই মনে হয়⊹ আমি বাব বাব বোলেছি যে, এই গভণানেলেট্র ৵বাবা অন্যত শ্রেশীর শিক্ষার কোন স্বান্দোরসভা হবে না । তাদের শ্রিক্ষার জন্য এ ব্যাণত কেন কোন টেডা করে নাই। এই ইউরোপিয়ানদের বারা সমাগতি গভ্রীমেক্তর কাছে এবং ভূঞিনারের প্রতিমিধিদের ন্বারা যে গভগামেন্ট পরিচালিত হচে সেই গভগামেন্টের কাছে আমরা বিশেষ কিছু আশা কোরতে পারি না। অনুয়তে দুল্বীর ভিতর থেকে মন্ত্রী মীন্ডলে যে দুই জন আছেন তারে। ও এ বিষয়ে কোন কিছা অবগত নন। ভারা এ অধুয়ে কোন তেখাই করেন নাই বরা নিভেদের সভ্য স্বিধা নিয়ে বাসত থাকায় ত্রীরা অনা সব কথা ভূলে গেল্ডন, নৈলে অনুমত লেগীর শিক্ষার বন্দেশবসত অনেক भारतारि हैराटा भारताः । यसहासः अप्राप्तात अवस्था क्षेत्रः विष्मारापत वास्त्राविक संस्थात्र माधा सीष्ट् ছোরে যায়। যে লব এদেশে কাও্ডিস গভগমৈণ্ট প্রচলিত সৈ সকল প্রদেশে চ্যারা অন্যত সম্প্রদারের বিদ্যাহিশ্বলকে বিনা বেতনে বিনা হর্ডায় পড়বার স্কুবিধা দিয়েছেন প্রফাল্যাদের এখানে টাকা मिरहर सामद्या नड्वाक वावन्या कादाउ नाद्वितन। बाङनायी करलङ कारणेख अवाद थाक म्मननीन ছারদের জনা চার্জা একটাকা কমিয়ে দেওয়া হয়েছে। অনুষঠি লেণার ছার কি সেখানে একটাও নাই

नाकि वी) बन्तर त्युरीत श्रीत सहान्तित विनिर्देश सहार्त ग्रहणात्मके साम्बर्ध वाक्या क्रांका / कान शताबाद्य वा शहर रिम्के व्यूव ७ कंतिस्त अन् वर तारीत शतासत अना स्कान विराय স্বিশার সাবস্থা নাই, ম্পলমান্দের জন কিন্তু আঁছে। আমি শ্রেলমান ছাত্রদের প্রতি কোন হিংসা করি না, কেননা তীদের সুখি মুবিধরে বাবগ্যা করার দরকার আছে। কিন্তু গভর্ণমেন্টের বোবা উচিত বৈ, তাদের মতন অন্মত ত্রেণীর জন্যও বিশৈষ ব্যবস্থার প্রয়োজন আছে। সেই জন্য আমি মনে করি আমাদের মত নিয়ে কোন একটা স্কীম টেখি করা সৈচিত ছিল। যদি, বাস্তবিকপছে প্রধান राष्ट्री महानारव्रत अन्तर ाद्यशीत अना श्रीष्ठाकारत्रत पत्रम् शास्त्र ग्राहल जीतक अन्तर्वाध कांत्रत शास्त्रि বে, এই House, এর সমস্ত দলের Scheduled caste এর ভিতর থেকে প্রতিনিধি নিয়ে এकछी, क्रांमिछि ,क्रत्रु, ठाष्ट्राजा अना থেকেও শিক্ষা বিষয়ে অভিক্ত লোকদের তার মধ্যে group ,बाখ,ন, রেখে /conixylt কর্ন। ও লছ টাকা খরচ করবার মতন তাদের দকীম নাই, করিবার हैकाल नाहे। 🗸 এ विस्टार यीम व्यामारमद छिछात्रा कात्रराजन ठाहरण वश्त्रराद ২० लक्ष होका शत्रा कद्रवाद মতন স্ক^লমও দিতে পার্তাম। আমাদের অভাব এদিকে এত বেশা এবং কার্যাক্ষেত্রও এদিকে *এ*ত প্রসাস্তি যে, বংসরে ২০ লম্ব টাকা খরচ কোরলেও কিছুই অতিরিক্ত হবে না। কাজেই এ বিষয়ে আমার মনে হয়, গর্ভাগেমেণ্টের কিছা বদ্ মতলব আছে। এবং সেট। আমাদের দেখিয়ে দেওয়া উচিত। অন্মত শ্রেণীর প্রতি তাদের সভাই যদি সহান্তৃতি থেকে থাকে ভাহলে আমাদের সকলকে নিয়ে कांत्रदन। थ विभाग आमि आह दिन्ती किছ दोलाए हारे ना, हुद धरेहे के दनलाह हारे हैं। य हाका করাতে চাইছেন এই টাকা যদি খালি Special Officer জন্য খরত হয় অথবা নীত্রী সভার কোন সদস্যের নিকট আত্রীয় বা পোষাবর্গের জন্য যদি ব্যয় হয় তাহলে আমাদের কোন উন্নতি হবে না. বা গভণমেতকৈ ধন্যবাদ দেবার জন্য কোন কিছু থাকবে না। আমি এই House এর সভ্যদের বোল্ছি--অন্যত শ্রেণীর উন্নতির জন্য যদি আপনাদের বাস্ত্রিক একটা ইচ্ছা থাকে-তাহলে গভর্ণমেণ্ট যাতে আব একটা ধাপ্পা দিতে না পারেন, একং যাতে অনুমত শ্রেণীর শিক্ষার জন্য প্রকৃতই কিছু টাকা বায় হয় সেই জন্য আপনারা এই motion সমর্থন কোরবেন।

Mr. BIRAT CHANDRA MANDAL: Mr Speaker, Sir, my scheduled caste friends opposite have declared that the Bengar Government have done a great injustice to the cause of the scheduled castes, but have they got any statistics of the educated scheduled caste men in Madras and in Bengal? It would have shown that the number of educated scheduled caste men in Bengal alone is equal to the number of educated scheduled caste men in all the provinces in India (sites of "hear, hear" from Coalition beaches)

Then the seext question is that they say that Madras has given 9 lakhs or Pi lakhs or something like that for the scheduled caste; but you know that until very recently the scheduled castes in Madras had not the right to walk it public thoroughtare; and you know that in Madras the scheduled caste people would not get justice even in public courts, and separate courts have to be opened for them (cries of Cshame, shame." from the Coalition bruches). You know that the difference of Bengal and Madras is very spreat, so far as the scheduled castes are concerned. Sir, I would like to point out to you that Bengal Government have done a greater service than any other provincial Government in India. So far as the representation of scheduled castes in the Cabinet

is concerned, you know that we have got two scheduled caste representatives in the present Cabinet, but in all the Congress provinces the Congress claims to have a monopoly of nationalism and profess unfathomed love for the scheduled castes. What they have done? I would like to point out to you that in Madras there is only one name of the scheduled caste in the Cabinet; in Bihar they have got none; in Central Provinces they have got none; in United Provinces they have got none; and still they profess unfathomed love for the scheduled castes.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: On a point of order, Sir Is there anything like a parliamentary pose for a member of stand and address the Chair.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: On a point of order, Sm., This side of the House did not interrupt when members from the other side were making indiculous speeches. Then why should the other side interrupt when a member on this side is making a perfectly reasonable speech?

Mr SPEAKER: Weder, order, Mr Shamsuddin. When I am on my legs you should have a little teeling not to shout in any way. At least I expect that much from you. My attention has just been drawn to the fact that this is the mandan speech of the member, and I hope there will be no further interruption.

Babu NARENDRA NARAYAN CHAKRABARTY: প্রভাপতি মহাশরের নিকট একটা নিবেদন ভানাতে চাই:- মুডল মহাশর পুকটা ফুল পাবাদ দিয়েছেন যে, বেহারে কোন Scheduled castes মক্রা নাই: পুরুত পরে একডন আছেন। আশা করি সভাপতি মহাশর এক দ্বারা এই ভুল সংগুলাধন করিয়ে নেবেন।

Mr. BIRAT CHANDRA MANDAL: Then, Sir, they profess greated love for the scheduled castes in other provinces. That is, the scheduled castes in other provinces have been allowed to take water from the wells, but such a demonstration of love is not to be found. Bengal. In Bengal, the scheduled castes enjoy much more privileges than in other provinces. (At this stage there were continued interruptions.)

Mr. SPEAKER: I have already warned the House that this is the maidan speech of the member, and I hope there will be no further disturbance.

Mr. BIRAT SHANDRA MANDAL:. The next thing is that in other provinces, for instance, in Bihar and Orissa they have got no Minister from the scheduled castes. (Cries of "question, question," from the Congress benches). But we have got two Ministers from the scheduled

costes. Again I would like to say that we are going to get a Special Oricer for the education of the scheduled castes in Bengal, but no such project has yet been conceived at in any other province in India (cries of "hear, hear" from the Coulition benches).

Akain I say that in Calcutta, Decca, Bafisal and 'Rajshahi, Government have got hostely for the scheduled taste students.

Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: That is an absolutely inconfect stated ent.

Mr. SPEAKER: It there is any misstatement it is only desirable that those misstatements, should be mentioned after the member has finished his speech. I hope that the ordinary convention should be observed here also.

Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: Will you give us an opportunity?

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes

Mr. BIRAT CHANDRA MANDAL: I would bring to your kind notice, Sir, that this conclusively proves the depth of love of my raste Hindu friends for the scheduled caste students in Bengal. there was a Namasudia Students' hostel in Calcutta. It was established That means 21 years back The hostel continued for 21 years, and my caste Hindu triends who profess unfathonied love for scheduled caste students have worked in such a way that the hostel As for instance, the bosses of the Calcutta University have left no stone unturned in this direction. It is a matter of very great regret that the scheduled caste members had to move and approach the Education Minister for the removal of their grievances, • so that the Namasudra hostel might be re-established in Calcutta. They say what is the necessity of a separate hosfel for scheduled caste students because they have great love and sympathy with the scheduled caste students, and they can accommodate them in their own hostels Though they did not like to accommodate them before but now all on a sudden they are going to accommodate the scheduled caste students We have seen a similar demonstration of the clove for the scheduled castes in respect of appointments also. In matters of appointment when a candidate from the scheduled castes went for a job of Rs. 20 he would not get that, but nov' we understand that jobs worth Rs 2,500 are very easy for the scheduled caste members to get. So, Sir, you can very easily understand the depth of their sincerity. They profess something but they act quite the reverse. Sur, there is the Sanskait College; even up till the present moment the members of the scheduled castes are not committed there. Even in their own affairs, I mean, in the Calcutta 1938.]

Corporation, we find no change in their attitude towards the tembers of the scheduled castes. A few years back, the Corporation wanted to demonstrate their great fove for the members of the scheduled castes and they picked up a man from them who supported the Congress Movement and appointed him as Inspector of Schools of the Corporation but only after a year or two, his services were dispensed with and after that, no member of the scheduled castes has been taken. A Caste Hindu has been appointed in his place. (Question, question). Mr. Mahendra Nath Sarkar, who belonged to the Patni community, was appointed as Inspector of Schools of the Calcutta Corporation and are at two years, his services were dispensed with. In his place, Mr. Girenday Nath Sen Gupta has been appointed and that man.

Mr. SPEAKER: Order, order I am affend, Mr. Mandal, volume speaking irrelevantly.

Mr. BIRAT CHANDRA MANDAL: I may point out to you that when scheduled castes people seek admission in the Medical College or in the Campbell Medical School or in the Presidency College, my Caste Hindu friends who happen to be bosses there try to avoid our people by saying that there is no seat vacant or put forward some other excuse. In the Dacca University, Government have reserved several free seats for the members of the 3choduled castes but the big bosses there do not allow them admission.

(Here the member having reached the time-limit resumed his seat.)

Mr. PROMATHA RANJAN THAKUR: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I rise to support the rut motion of my honourable friend Mr. Monmohan Das who has very ably put forward the clarins of the Scheduled Castes so far as their education is concerned. After him, very little remains to be said. But I still like to sat a few words only to bring bone to the Hon'ble the Chief Minister that he has done absolutely nothing for the uplift of the Scheduled Caste in comparison with the work done in other provinces.

Sit, the Hon'ble the Chief Minister has ceased to be any more sympathetic towards the Scheduled Castes after recruiting two Ministers from amongs) them. Perhaps it was in his mind that the Scheduled Castes of Bengol would be made effectively silent when they would see that two Ministers of their community had occupied some space on the exalted Treasury Bench of the Assembly House. For the last 15 or 16 months the present Ministry has been in power and during this long period the Hon'ble the Chief Minister never thought that he had any duty towards the poor-medicated Scheduled Castey. For the sake of courtesy, he came out during the last budget session with 30 thousand rupees for their education and never did the Hon'ble the Chief Minister feel ashamed of facing a crore of Scheduled Caste people with that insignificant sum.

There was great dissatisfaction among the Scheduled, Castes of Bengall for the negligence the Hon'ble the Chief Minister showed towards them. He was afterwards forced to admit their legitimate claim when a cut motion for Rs. 5 lakhs was moved by my honourable friend, Mr. Monmohan Das of Mymensingh. But hitherto we have not been able to know any scheme upon which this sinc would be expended. The only thing that we gather from the attitude of the Hon ble the Chief Minister with which this sum has been granted is that the Scheduled Castes are asked to remain satisfied and not to open their mouth any more with regard to their cigim during the remaining life-time of the present Assembly 🗸 The Linguage actually used in the explanatory memorandum under the grant shows very clearly that this sum would be spent for an indefigite period extending over a number of years. The language does not show eny sign that this grant is a recurring grant and is meant to be spent for the year in which it has been budgeted. If it is so, I shall be the first man to throw the grant on the floor of the House

The Hon'ble the Chief Minister never cared to see what the Ministries in other provinces were doing for the Scholuled Castes; what vigorous attempts are being made, there to stamp out the sin of untouchability by bettering their lot in every walk of their life. Very recently I had the opportunity of visiting as main as 6 provinces of In Madras some Rs. 11 lakhs are being spent every year department under the Hon'ble Mr. V. V. Giri, Minister for Lahour, has been started. The Government have made school and higher education free for the Scheduled Castes (hear, hear). Many hostels have been run where the students of the Scheduled Castes get free board and In Bombay, too, the Covernment have got a separate department and an annual grant of Rs. 3 lakhs has been made forceducation and a grant of Rs. 6 takks has been made for rural water-supply exclusively for the Scheduled Castes And C.S.; officer has been appointed as a Special Officer of the department to look after the various needs of the Scheduled Castes. Higher education has been made free for them and lostels have been starfed where they have to pay nothing for tood and lodging. Besides immerous stipends and scholarships, three State scholarskips have been awarded for 3 students for studies in England oke has gone in for law, another for tannery and the third for training for education diploma. I do not want to go urto detail regarding what the other provinces have done. But the only thing that I can say with all the emphasis that I command is that they are, in spite of their poor revenue, paying more attention to the Scheduled Castes than Bengal

The other days the Hon has the Chief Minister said, "the Scheduled Castes have lost their conscience". I should like to tell the Hon has the Chief Minister that they have not lost their conscience. They have rather become conscious of the dirty tricks that the present Ministry have played on them. They have become more conscientious than

1938.]

• .

before and as such, two-thirds of their representatives in the Assembly have joined the Opposition. They placed their full confidence in Arr. Huq and blindly followed the Ministry in the hope that justice would be done to them. But their numerical strength has only been used for supporting the Ministry. Treachery has been done to the Scheduled Castes of Bengal. They wanted Tread and Mr. Huq offered them stone.

Now, Sn, let me come to our two Ministers, one of whom had the audacity to claim relationship with me the other day on the floor of the House

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Thakur, you must leave out "reactionship" for other debates- it is not relevant here

Mr. PROMATHA RANJAN THAKUR: All right, Sie May I sincerely ask whether these two Ministers are serving any good to the communities they represente. In Bombay, Central Province, and United Provinces, nobely has been taken in the Cabinet from the Scheduled Castes, but the work for their uplift is smoothly going on. I want to tell the Chief Minister that his duty towards them has not come to an end after taking two Ministers from amongst, them, We want our advancement. We do not want the luxury of mere having two Ministers. They do nothing for us. They only enjoy the thrill of being Ministers and they make others feel that they are Ministers.

·Lastly, Sn. I regard the present Ministry to be a Muslim League Ministry in every respect, and, I beneve the mandate of the League is being followed by the Ministry in foto I should like very much to say what Mr. M 'A. Jinnah, the President of the Muslim League, told me some three weeks ago, when I visited I told Mr. Juniah in clear words that the Scheduled Castes of Bengal were being neglected by Mr. Huq., Mr. Jinnah, for whom I have got the greatest regard, said in clear terms, "The Moslems in India are in a position to put up a fight for their own demands but the Schoduled Castes not being in such a position, should get more care and attention from the Government than the Moslems, . I should like to know from Mr. Hug, one of the might pullars of the League and a staunch follower of Mr. Jinnah, whether he has done anything for the Scheduled Castes of Bengal a community, whose dead burden Bengal has been carrying for centuries. (Mr. Abbt & Hashim: But who is responsible for this? Mr. Hug has lost a chance of eighroning himself in the hearts of the Scheduled Castes

(At this stage the peaker reached the time-limit but was allowed one more minute to finish his speech.)

Separate regresentation, Sir, has no meaning for the Scheduled Causes unless they can get any substantial and secent help from the Government for their all-round advancement. Five lakes of rupees which the

٠. .

102 SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND FOR GRANT. 16th Agg.,

Chief Minister thinks he has been so kind to grant for the Scheduled Cases, is not certainly sufficients to meet the demands of a crore of Beople when those people are educationally, socially and economically tery backward, and unless a separate department of the Government is created with a big annual grant entirely for the Scheduled Castes as they have dote in Bombay and Madra. I do not think they can remain satisfied. The grant of Rs. 5 lakhs should be made an annual grant and a special advisory board consisting of members of Scheduled Castes and others should be immediately formed to formulate a scheme on which this sum could be expended, for the spread of education among the poor Scheduled astes. With these words, Sir, I conclude my speech.

M. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Sir, we have heard a most unmaidenly fusiden speech and we do not want to hear any more speeches on this subject

Mr. SPEAKER: I understand that it is the desire of the Opposition that the delate should be concluded now, but it members of the Scheduled Caste still want to speak on this motion, it will be very difficult for me to close the debate at this stage. "I have hed before this not much of an intimation as to the arrangement of speakers for today. If I had received any such infimation, I could have made an arrangement with the Government as regards the time-table M_{1} Chandra Gupta intimated to me their arrangements only at midday today and P could not, therefore, communicate with Government. But in view of the fact that there are still members of the 3cheduled Caste who want to speak, unless there is an agreement among them, I do not know how I can stop the deltate now - I called on the Chief Minister to speak and it seems that he is not willing to speak now. I do not know what is to be done and I am absolutely at the hands of the House.

The Hon'ble A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: I would rather wind up the debate, Sir, so I should be the last to speak

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I move that the question be now put?

Mr. SPEAKER: You are too late

Dr. NALINAYSHA SANYAL: But, Sir, it can be moved at any store.

Mr. SPEAKER: Well, Mr Mullick are you going to speak?

Mr. PULIN BEHARY MULLICK: Sir, I am trying to speak but I find myself in the midst of interruptions. Sir, I would like to be very brief in a matter like this, because this matter was thoroughly liscussed in the last budget session. My hon'ble friend Mr. Monntohan Das himself brought in this matter in the last budget session and this House had ample opportunity of discussing this matter and Lethink that it is quite freshon the minds of the members of this House. It is very curious to-day that the same hon ble member has brought in and has discussed this very matter in a very different light from the light which was put on it in the last budget session. Therefore Sir, I am very curious about it, or rather, I am very much surpused at his performance. Sir, my learned triend has brought in a lot of extraneous matters in this discussion and I would not like to take the time of the House in replying to all the items that he has been pleased to put forth today, but the most important item that he has brought to the notice of this House is the want of a scheme. That has been his complaint, Sire that there is no scheme before Government. With regard to the expenditure of this large sum of money, that is his complaint today. With regard to this, I would like to say that this sum of Rs 5 lakhs and 35 thousands which is going to be sanctioned to-day ---the Government in the last budget session was pleased to accept this very suggestion that was put forward by Mr. Monmohan Das himself. That, spiggestion was accepted in the last budget session and today, again, the same sum is going to be sanctioned for the Scheduled Caste, but Sir, currously enough, my learned friend is now standing in the way of this grant being made. With regard to the scheme, about the lack of which he has complained, well, Sir, a scheme can be formulated. As my barned triend Mr. Tagore - (Mr. PRAMATHA I am not Tagore, but Thakur) Well, Sir, I stand RANDAN THAKUR corrected. As Mr. Thakih has suggested, we can sit round a table and we can formulate a scheme if there is a desire to formulate a scheme at all ullet

With regard to the treatment that is being meted out to us for generations together by the Caste Hindu people, that is quite fresh in our minds, (Mr. Dhirilanana Nath Datila. Not the treatment meted out by Government.) Well, it is no use talking all that. We know what sort of treatment we are receiving in our daily life. We know the treatment that we receive from Caste Hindus; we know that and that has been our experience and the sum total of our experience for generations together. It is no use talking of that, for one is apt to lose one's temper when one thinks of the sum total of the grievances and difficulties and the insults and assimits committed upon us—of the Scheduled Caste. Therefore, I refrain from going into that matter lest I should be apt to lose my temper. Dr. Nalinaksha Sanyal: No, no, don't lose it.) No, I have not lost my temper as yet. My friend Mr. Birat Chandra Mandal has given a few instances.

104 SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND FOR GRANT. [16th Aug.,

but it is no use giving instances because we know what they are. We fell them; that is our daily experience; so I refrain from going into these instances and multipleing them. I think therefore that this budget should be smoothly passed and that no impediment should be thrown in its way.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: I move that the question be now put.

Mr. SPEACER: The Hon'ble the Chie. Minister will now, reply. After that I will put the closure-motion

Mr. ATUL CHANDRA KUMAR: Sir, with your permission I wow'd like to speak, for there are certain matters which should be brought before the House, and as I was late in coming, I could not put them up before the House in time

Mr. SPEAKER: It this disturbance goes on, I shall have to put the closure-motion even now.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Bur, Sir, othat will shut me out.

a Mr. SPEAKER: That will not be my fault, for I have asked you for the third time to speak, but you are not doing so. Therefore I must put the closure-motion now.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: All right, Sir. I shall speak now.

Sir, years ago, when I was a boy at school, I remember having read one of the greatest of English poets of whose lines I am now reminded and which I can repeat for the consideration of the House. The poet says, the poet is Wordsworth, not our friend, Mr. Wordsworth, herebut Wordsworth, the poet.

"I've heard of hearts unkind, kind deeds

With coldness still returning,

Alas; the gratitude of men

Hath oftener left me mourning."

I have heard with patience and with a certain amount of after tion the speeches delivered by my triends. Mr. Monmohan Das. Mr. Thakur and Mr. Biswas, and I was forcibly reminded of the proverb that if is not uncommon that certain animals are goaded to bite the very hand that feeds them. Now, Sir, for them in this Assembly to question my expressions and my solicitude for the uplift of the Scheduled Castes has

been not merely a surprise to his but one of the most unkind things that could have been said about me. In my young days, I used to mix freely with the students of all classes and of all communities, and one of the companions of my youth was a Scheduled Caste student,a relation of one whose memory I still cherish as a great philanthropist, -a relation of Bhegai Haldar of my district. I have had always in my mind the soluctude for the Scheduled Castes and other backward classes along with the consideration for the upleft of my own community, and I can solemnly say that wherever I have been and whatever I may have been, in all the ups and downs of my life, in all my trials and tribulations. I have never wavered in my localty so the cause of the uplift of those whom Providence has rendered helpless and unable to look after their own interests. And whenever I have thought of Moslem students, I have also thought of students of the Scheduled Castes and all other backward communities. It is all very easy for political purposes to deliver speeches and question the sincerity of my motives. I certainly said when that motion was moved, at the time of the Budget that I would provide the sum in a supplementary budget. Common sense ought to have told members of the Opposition who are disposed to question my mative that no expenditure could be incurried unless a sum was provided for in the budget. The first opportunity I got was when this Assembly began its session on the 29th July, and one of the first things I did was to provide for this demand of Rs 5 lakhs in redemption of the solemn pledge which I gave to the House to bring forward this demand. And how have I done it? Not that by any kind of excuse I may not spend this money for the education and upliff of the Scheduled Castes, what I have done is that with the approval of the anditor-General the sum will be transferred to a deposit account so that any unexpended balance may not lapse. The I have appointed a Special Officer, Babu Rajfive lakhs are there. kumar Das of the Senior Educational Service sho has already been selected for the post of Special Officers for the Education of the Scheduled Castes And I have also got ready an Advisory Committee to advise me in matters relating to the education of the Scheduled Caste. It is not for me to frame a scheme. We all know that unless schemes are properly trained and approved by the Findle Department, it is impossible to spend any money. If you can furnish schemes for Rs. 5 lakhs, money will be spent, and it necessary, as I have said, more will be spent, because the education of the boys of the Scheduled Castes as well as of the other minorities must necessarily be the first charge on public revenue.

Now, Sir. I will say, with reference to the speech of my esteemed friend, Mr. Biswas, that I am ready to sit any day that will be convenient to all concerned with the members of the Scheduled Castes and with as many others as they may suggest—with a view to discussing

what are the schemes which they want us to finance. I am not shirking myresponsibility in the least. Give me an opportunity of doing what I can for you before you condemn me. But do not come out with your condemnation for political purposes, do not thwait meetin my attempt towards attaining that object. It does not matter to me whether this demand is carried or it is defeated; If it is not carried, well, the money will not be there; and I give this warning to my friends of the Scheduled Castes that if they allow themselves to be made a catspaw for political purposes and they vote down this demand, the responsibility will be heirs, because I will not take it as a vote of no-confidence. It foes not matter to me whether this House votes this demand or not. I promise that I will give it to you, and it is for you to determine whether you will accept my offer or not. If you say, no, the matter ends there. If you say, yes, I shall try to do all I can to help you. I make the position absolutely clear. Let not any one be carried away by enthusiasm, by some manocuvre that if they can defeat this motion, Government will be defeated. Government will not be defeated; I will not take it as a defeat, but I will take it as an indication that the Scheduled Caste people do not want this money, they do not want this expenditure to be incurred for their education.

Now, Sir, I will not waste the time of the House, but I shall make only one more remark. We in Bengal hear praises of Madras, of Bombay and of the United Provinces. This is the characteristic of the Bengalee. The Bengalee sees good in everything except what is good in Bengal. If the sugarcane is long and big, it is called Bombay sugarcane, although it does not grow in Bonfoay (Rai Harrstory Nyin Chardiner: Your department says that) Yes, Yes! Similarly, people in Bombay, people in Madras and péople in the United Provinces are happy, and at is we who are groveiling in misery; Bengal has not prospered. What about the other provinces? Go to the rural areas and you will find that every cultivator has got a two-storeyed house to live in, he has got electric light to illuminate it; there, givers are flowing with milk and honey, that is the condition of things in all the Congress Provinces!, But here it is darkness and ignorance all around!

Now, Sir, do my friends realise that all this expenditure for Scheduled Castes in Bombay and Madras is to the discredit of the caste people and really accertificate for the wap' of sympathy of caste people towards the Scheduled Castes? Why is it that in Bombay they have got to spend Rs. 2 dakhs for sinking wells for Scheduled Castes? It is because the caste people will not allow them to touch the water from their wells. It is therefore necessary for the Governments there to have wells dug for Scheduled Castes only. If we find here again that the caste Hundus will not allow them to touch the water from their wells, we will sink wells for them also! Why is it

necessary for them to have schools for Scheduled Caste boys only-because the caste Hindus will not allow their children to sit side by side with the Scheduled Caste children.—an account of the Brahmin and non-Brahmin question in Madras Luckily, Sir, I have got in my pocket a letter which I got this very morning congratulating me and the Government on our victory. There is only one praragraph:

"Communalism of the worst type is raging rampant in Madras for the last one year and more, not only it matters of appointment, but throughout the whole administration. Criminal Law Amendment Act against which the Congress cried itself boarse for years past, is the order of day in our Congress regime in Madras. It is therefore an irony of fate that the Congress which is riding roughshod literally over the individual liberty and freedom of speech in this province, and freely clapping in jail innocent Satyagrahis in hundreds should have moved earth and heaven to table not one but 10 motions of no-confidence all in the name of nationalism."

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Who is the writer?

Dr. NALINAKSHA-SANYAL: One of those disappointed men

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: The letter will be printed, and it will be sent to the press if you want it

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BAŞU: We have had enough of these letters

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Sat, and I to speak or these men on my left?

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Mr. Speaker, what is "these men"? He must not speak in that way.

Mr. SPEAKER: Order please. Mr Basu I think I gave a decision times without number that the Leader of the House and the Leader of the Opposition are entitled to uninterrupted attention and I find that while vestorday the Leader of the Opposition was heard with rapt attention, you are not extending the same courtesy to the Leader of the House. I hope I will not have any occasion to saw any more. If there is any occasion for getting any information, or if any statement is to be made, let the speech be over, and I will give you full opportunity to ask for information.

108 SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND FOR GRANT: [16th Aug.,

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: May I reminde you, Mr. Speaker, that time and again the Leader of the Opposition has had to answer questions while he was on his feet?

Mr. SPEAKER: But his voice was not drowned.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I rise on a point, of order, "Mr. Speaker? Is it not parliamentary practice to state the authority of any paper which is read out on the floor of the liouse? In that is so, would you please direct the Hon'ble the Chief Minister to either egive the details of the whole letter or at least have the courtesy to give the name and the address of the person who has written it?

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: On so point, of order, Sir. May I'remind you, Sir, that only in this morning's papers a ruling of Sir Abdur Rahim has been reported where extracts were being read by the Defence Secretary the opposition insisted that the whole writing from which extracts were being read should be placed at the disposal of the House, and Sir Abdur Rahim in spite of objections from Government Benches upheld that contention

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: \hat{S}_{0} 1 am prepared to send this letter round to be read by everyone provided α is returned to me

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Read the name Otherwise we take it as an anonymous letter

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: The same game over again

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: I hand it over to the Speaker to see whether it is anonymous or not. The letter in question was handed over to Mr. Speaker?

Mr. SPEAKER: Why don't you mention the name?

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Does not know the name perhaps.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: You will say next that the man perhaps does not exist.

Mr. SPEAKER: It you have no objection, you can give the name. You can read the name if you like as to who has written it.

The Manthia Mr. A. F. EATITIL MILO. I have no objection

1938.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Mr. Speaker, I heard the Chief Minister saying in an undertone that the man has not given the name: Is that a tact?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: No. 1 Said perhaps the man does not exist. The gentleman's name is Khan Bahadug P/Khaliullah, M.A., B.L., M.L.A., 'Advocate and ex-Minister, Madras

At this stage there was continued laughter and noise from the Opposition Benches ${\rm i}$

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Because he is Muhammedan, all these jeerings

- Mr. SPEAKER: Order, Order 1 am atread that when there is a demand from this side of the House for the name and when the name is given out, it was only tair that the Hon'ble the Chief Minister's voice should not be drowned while he is reading out the name and address.
- Mr. NIHARENDU-DUTTA MAZUMDAR: Mr. Speaker, Sir, may I inform you that we heard distinctly and clearly every word that the Hon'ble the Chret Minister has uttered, and had his voice been drowned we would have been unable to hear
- Mr. M. A. H. ISPAHANI: We have not heard the Hon'ble the Chief Minister.
- The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ. Now, Sir, in comparing the special allotments too scheduled castes in different provinces, it should be remembered that their position is not the same in all the
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I move that the question be now pure. I am alread at 6-30 the guillotine will fall, and we have other items to take up.
- Mr. SPEAKER: While it is open to any member to anove the closure at any moment in the midst of a speech, it is for the Speaker to consider whether it should be accepted or not. I do not think. I should accept it in the midst of the speech, but I would ask the Hon'ble the Chief Minister to finish his speech within two or three minutes.
- Mr. FAZLUR RAHMAN: May I draw your attention to the convention of this House that when the Leader of the Hopse and when the Leader of the Opposition make their speeches, the motion "that the question be now put" should not be moved. That is the convention, and that is the courtesy shown to the Leader of the House and the Leader.

of the Opposition. May I appeal to You, Sir, as you are the custodian of the dignity of the House, that you will maintain that convention, and you will not allow such motions to be proved in future?

(Dr. Nalinaksha Sanyal: Rising in his seat-)

Mr. Sheaker: Order please, Dr. Sanyal, It is not possible for any Speaker in any country in the world to establish any convention without the delp of the members. I think it is up to ever, one of you to try to establish the convention which has been pointed out by Mr. Rahman, namely, that during the time the Leader of the House or the Leader of the Opposition speaks, a closure should not be moved in the midst of his speech. Of course, it is technically open to them to do so, and I cannot compel them not to do so. Mr. Fazlul Huq, will you kindly finish your speech in two minutes?

The Hon'ble Mr. A, K. FAZLUL HIJQ: Now, Sir, there are provinces in which, as I have said, members of the Scheduled Castes do not enjoy the ordinary privileges of citizenship. It has been said that they have allowed Rs. 35,000 in Bombay. Sir, we have also allowed Rs. 35,000 for the Scheduled Caste boys along with a, provision for over 3 lakhs of rupees for scholarships. But the Rs 35,000 in Bombay has been provided as scholarships for the depressed classes namely, scheduled castes and other minorities In Madras, for example, provicion has been made for separate drinking-water wells, pathways, burial grounds and such other matters for harryans including lands. amount to be spent on special activities for harryans amounted to 9 lakhs of rupees in 1936-37 and the provision has been raised to Rs. 11 The increase of two lakhs of rupees is due to the lakhs for 1938-39 fact that they have to provide separate wells, pathways, burial grounds, etc., for which there is fortunately no need in this province

'In the United Provinces a new provision of Rs 50,000 has been made for the education of the depressed classes, Rs 55000 for Harijan Seva Sanga, and Rs. 5,000 for a building for harijans

Compared with this in Bengal we have, in addition to what has been provided to; in the past year made, an additional provision for scheduled castes in .1938-29 of Rs. 58,360 making a total figure of Rs. 1,77,000. Therefore, Sir, the position is this. We have this year made provision for Rs. 1,77,000 in addition to the Rs. 5 lakhs for which I want to have provision made in the supplementary budges. I have appointed a Special Officer, and I am soon going to appoint a Committee of Scheduled Caste members to advise me on questions of scheduled castes education.

Now, Sir, as you the suggestion made by Mi. Biswas, I am also prepared to call a conference of the members in order to advise me as to the best way for spending this money. If more money is required, more will be given.

Lastly, Sir if there is voting I shall certainly note how many of the scheduled caste members have gone over to the side of the Opposition and I will note low many of the 31 scheduled caste members have voted for the grant. It the majority vote for the Opposition I will interpret it to mean that they do not want any provision to be made in the budget.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA GUPTA: Mr. Speaker, Sir, the Leader of the House has again and again said that the voting will mean that the scheduled caste members do not want 5 lakhs of Argest. Is that fair and proper, Sit? On the other hand, on the Opposition we have said that 5 lakhs of rupees must be spent annually.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that the designd of Rs. 5,35,000 under the head "Grant No. 19" Education" be reduced by Rs. 100 (to raise a discussion about the time and the margine in which the amounts provided are proposed to be spent).

The motion was put and lost.

1938.]

Mr. SPEAKER: It hope no other motion is going to be moved on this demand

The question before the House is that a sum of Rs 5.35,000 be granted for expenditure under the head "37 -Education General" during the year 9.38-39 .

The motion was then put and agreed to

Opposition's Right to Control Debate.

Mr. SPEAKER: May I know, Mr. Gupta, which motion you want to take up?

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA: Sit, the Opposition has a right to control the debate and I intimated to you a time-table but since the other side has taken all the arrae available to the Opposition, I do not know whether it will be at all possible for us to do justice. At any rate, Mr. Speaker, having regard to the fact that the grant regarding gratuitous loans and gratuitous relief is a very important matter I bope, Sir, a time will be allotted, it it is guillotined, to give an opportunity to the House to discuss that very important matter.

Mr. SPEAKER: As regards this, I might say that I have all along been trying to follow the convention that so far as the budget demands are concerned, the Opposition should have the right to choose the manner in which the debate should be initiated and conducted, but that means that the Opposition must give the fair notice, but, unfortunately.

112 SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND FOR GRANT. (16th Aug.,

the notice came to me at 11 or 12 this morning, and I have had no time to communicate to the Finance Minister or the department concerned. Even if I had got the notice yesterdar, I could have communicated it in proper time, but within the short time at my disposal it was not possible for me to do so

" Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: May I say one word with reference to the observation that fell from your lips? If, as we have saide the Opposition have a right to control the debate, does it matter at all whether the Government have five or ten hours' notice?

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr Bose, you are speaking as if you are arguing include law court. What I mean to say is that the Opposition has a large say in controlling the debate, but if their decisions come at the last moment and they suddenly controll everybody with the fact that a particular motion will be taken up, then it will be urfair to the other side, because it is not a fair notice. We have been trying to arrive at a settlementeen consultation with the members and Leaders of different groups. That being so, it is only right to consider what they say as to how the debate should be taken up, pur unlessent is a matter mutually agreed to, I have no hand in the matter.

"Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: On that point, may I remind you that you have ruled on previous occasions that the Opposition view should prevail."

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDGIN: May I point out one thing, Sir? As far as the initiation of the delate on cut motions is concerned, the Opposition has cuttainly got ever, right to initiate it, but once a delate has been initiated it should be a fan delate, and when the question of a special community is raised then those members who belong to that community should get preference. I do not think that control of the delate means that the discussion should be curtailed or that members should not get any opportunity to discuss the matter fully.

Mr. SPEAKER: Any way we will take up that matter later on.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA: It is only right that the Opposition should be allowed to control the debate.

Mr. SPEAKER: Hon'ble Mr. Sarker, will you please move your martian.

"Loans and advances by Provincial Covernment."

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: Sir, on the recommendation of His Excellency the Governor'l beg to move that a sum
of Rs. 30,00,000 be granted for expenditure under the head "Loans and
advances by Provincial Government" during the year 19:38-39.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Before there is any speech, may I enquire of the Hon'ble the Finance Minister whether it is no sible to grant any gratuitous relief out of the sum of Rs. 30,00,000?

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: Not out of Ks. 30,00,000, but under a separate head

Mr. SARAT CHANDR'A BOSE: Under what head?

The Hon'ble 3ir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: May I just explain that so the as gratuitous relief is concerned, no demand is necessary. We can give gratuitous relief from the Famine Tusurance Fund.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: My question was under what head it will be given

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: If the honourable member will have patience to listen to me, I will explain. For gratuitous relief no separate demand is necessary. We can always spend out of the Famine Insurance Fund which is a non-voted item.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: May I enquire of the Hon'ble the Revenue Minister as he has got up to answer, whether the Government have come to a decision as to the amount of money that they are prepared to spend on this account?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Government propose to spend at least Rs. 6,00,000.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Does that mean for the whole province?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: No, only for the affected areas, but that is by no means the maximum amount. If necessary, Government are prepared to spettle any amount.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Is there any maximum prescribed by Government?

114 SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND FOR GRANT. [16th Aug.,

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAT SINGH ROY: I have just mentioned that there is no maximum limit. If the Leader of the Opposition is anxious for the information, I may tell him that trovernment have come to a provisional election in this matter, and as at present advised they think that six lakhs of rupees would be sufficient. If more money is required, Government would be prepared to sanction that.

My. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Will the Hon'ble the Kevenve Minister be phased to state to the House as to which districts this Us. 6,00,000 have been allotted?

Mr. ABDUR RAHMAN SIDDIQI: Sir, is it allowed under the rule to have this sort of cross-questions?

Mr. SPEAKER: Ordinarily not—(A) this stage there was a shout from the Congress benches.) Order, order, I would appeal to Mr. Bose that when a question is put and raised, it will be difficult for me to answer it if there is a shout from my left.

Ordinarily cross-questions are not allowed. But, in the particular circumstances, as there is no time for speeches to be made and as a section of the House is almost unanimous that flood questions should be discussed in connection with the supplementary demand, I have allowed the Opposition to put questions. Whether the Honble the Revenue Minister wants to answer those questions, it is for him to say.

Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIN AHMED: You know very well? Sir, there are two adjournment motions about these flood questions. You reminded the House at the time when the question of relief was discussed that the House will have ample opportunity to discuss it.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA ROSE: Will the Hon'ble the Revenue Minister be pleased to state whether trovernment have decided as to which districts this sum of Rs. 6,00,000 should be allotted?

The Hon bis-Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: To the districts that are affected, namely, practically all the districts of the Rajshahi Division excepting Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri, three districts in the Dacca Division, namely, part of Mymonsingh, part of Dacca and part of Faridpur; and in the Presidency Division Murshidabad, part of Nadia, part of Khulna and part of Jessore

Mr. SARAT, CHANDRA BOSE: For all these districts only Rs. 6,09,000 will be spent?

Line Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: For the present.

1938.

115

Mr. SPEAKER: I understant that nobody is going to speak, on this demand.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA GUPTA: Where is the time, Sip.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that a sum of Rs. 30,00,000 be granted for expenditure under the head "Leans and advances by Provincial Government" during the year 1938-39.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

"Agriculture 40."

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacks: Sir, on the recommendation of His Excellency the Governor, I beg to move that a sum of Rs 50,000 be granted for expenditure under the head 140 - Agriculture during the year 1938-39

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that a sum of Rs. 50,000 be granted for expenditure under the head "40-Agriculture" during the year 1938-39.

The motion was then put and agreed to

*Civil Works-50."

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Sir, on the recommendation of His Excellency the Governor. I beg to move that a sum of Rs 50,000 be granted for expenditure under the head 150. Civil Works' during the year 1938-39.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Sir, I would just like to ask a few questions as there is no time to move cut motions of deliver any speech. I would like to know whether Government have already come to any decision about the reappropriations and whether it is a fact that the reappropriations reteried to in the explanatory memorandum cover such items as one lakh of rupees out of the provision of one lakh and fifty thousand rupees for works in connection with the removal of the head-quarters of the Noakach subdivision to Maijdi in the district of Noakhali; Rs. 1,40,000 out of the provision of Rs. 2,86,076 for a scheme (or provision of adequate nursing in the Campbell Hospital and erection of wall; Rs. 50,000 from the provision of Rs. 1,00,000 for a climatic sanitarium for tuberculosis (Building), and Rs. 50,000 from the provision of Rs. 1,00,000 for quarters for the Sub-Registrar. Alipur Duars. That is the first question I would like to have a reply to

My second question is-

Mr. SPEAKER? Dr. Sanyal, just give the Hon ble Minister time to reply to your first question.

116

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Sir, I have got only two questions to ask, and I would like to put them first. My second question is whether Government have actually written to the Calcutta Improvement Trust for acquisition of approximately 347 cottahs and 7 chattacks of land for a lump sum of Rs. 5,40,000. And this amount of Rs. 50,000 has already been earmarked in the sense that even after the Rs. 5,00,000 referred to have been provided for in the reappropriation there remains a sum of As. 40,000. Government are already committed to it even before taking the opinion of the House.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ1 'Sn, I have got to answer these questions. My friend has already tabled questions of this very character, to which I have given replies and which will come up before the House in due course. But if he wants an answer now I will give it.

As regards the application to the Calcutta Improvement Trust for purchase of land, it is true that the Government have applied for such land, but it is not without the assent of the House. Table House will remember that during the last budget there was a demand of ${f Rs.}~2,00,000$ for establishment of the proposed college. At that time the idea was to utilise some land already in the possession of Government for this purpose and spend Rs. 2,00,000 for building purposes. But it was found out afterwards that that land was insufficient for the big scheme and therefore purchase of the laml would be necessary for this purpose. We made enquiries of the various spending departments if they could spare money this session and many of the departments have given us information as to the amount of money that they would be able to spare but there are others who have not yet replied, so it is not yet definitely known if all these amounts would come up to Rs. 5 Likhs which we want. Then, Su, these departments may want to spend the money for their own purposes. So if the full amount cannot be found, we will have to want for the Budget session in March for it.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May we know how the money is going to be spent?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Rs. 5,50,000 will be spent for the land. The building scheme is not yet ready and I am not in a position to give any idea about it. The scheme is being prepared. Rs. 2 lakes already builgeted for will be utilised as the first instalment.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: May I take it that this college will not be reserved for a particular community but will be open to all communities?

The Hon bie Mr. A. K. FAZIUL HUCE IN st

Mr. SPEAKER: Untlet the rules, I cannot allow you to speak any more. I must now put the original motion.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that a sum of Rs. 50,000 be granted for expenditure under the head "50 Civil Works" during the year 1938-39.

The motion was then put and agreed to

Mr. SPEAKER: The Houble Chief Minister thay now reply to Mr. Bose if he likes

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: The idea is to have all the Muslim educational institutions for females in one place, but so far as the college is concerned, if there are not sufficient number of Muslim girl students, non-Muslim students will be allowed, that is to say, in the matter of affilication, we will not have the college restricted to any particular community; but I may tell the House that the number of girl students belonging to the Muslim community who have passed the Matriculation Examination this year is nearly 80 and the likelihood is that all the available seats in the college will be filled up by girls of the Muslim community.

Assent of His Excellency the Covernor to the Bengal, Tenancy (Amendment) Bill, 1938.

Mr. SPEAKER: Ladget and gentlemen, I have great pleasure in announcing that His Excellency the Governor in the name of His Majesty has given his assent to the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Bill, 1938. (Loud cheers from the Coalition Benches.)

Adjournment.

The House was then adjourned till 4-45 p.m. on Wednesday, the -17th August, 1938, in the Assembly House, Calcutta.

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Assembly assembled under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1935.

THE ASSEMBLY met in the Assembly House, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 17th Amount 10:08 of 4.45 p.m.

Present:

. Mr. Specker Che Hon'ble Khan Bahadur 21. AZIZUL HAQUE, C.I.E.) in the Char, ten Hon'ble Ministers and 222 members.

STARRED QUESTIONS

to which oral answers were given)

Rajshahi Agricultural Farm.

- *89. Maulvi MANIRUDDIN AKHARD: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Agricultural and Industries Department be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing, year by year, for the last three years
 - (a) the receipts and expenditure of the Rafshahi Agricultural Farm;
 - (b) the names of the officers in service in the farm with their designations, duties, functions and salaries?

MINISTER in charge of the ACRICULTURE and INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja Habibullah Bahadur, of Daoca): (a) A statement is laid on the table.

(b) A statement is laid on the Labrary table.

Statemen referred to in reply to clause (a) of starred question No. 89.

RAJSHAHI AGRICULTURAI FARM.

Receipt.

Expenditure

1935-36.

	Rs a. p.		R_s	H.	р.
Cash	2,810, 4 3	Pay and allowances of the	6,720	1	0
Book transfer adjusting int	. Nil	~tafi			
St& k transfer	a. 1,518 11 3	Contingent expenditure	5,035	4	6
• ((2)	4,328 14 6	•	11,755	5	6
		_			_

· Receipt_	1 936	Expendieure.	•
Cash ·	2,611-11-0	• Pay and allowance of	the 5,862 9 40
Book transfer	357 1 0	staff.	
Stock transfer	. 1,301 5 0	Contingent expenditure	າ 5,8∳6 13 ● 6
	4,279 1 0		11,759 & 6
	1937	7-38 •	
Cash	2,270 8 6	Pay and allowances of	the many 0 0
Book transfer	15 10 3	staff.	
Stock transfer	√1., 306 1 9	Contingent expenditure	<
•	2,592 4 6	•	10,632 0 0
	•	•	

Unemployment among educated middle class young men in Bengal.

- *90. Mr. SASANKA SEKHAR SANYAL: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Agriculture and Industrio. Department be pleased to state whether he's aware of the existence of unemployment among a large section of educated middle class young men in the province?
- (b) Are the Government considering the desirability of taking any steps for better distribution of wealth and resources with a view to remedying unemployment?

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: (a) I regret that I have to admit that the answer should be in the affirmation

(b) Ever since the present Government came into office the question of remedying inemployment has been engaging our serious attention. Whether this object is to be achieved by controlling distribution of wealth and resources, or by other means is obviously a question of method, on which opinions do not agree. The whole issue is mixed up with other issues of a complicated character and requires areful investigation before any definite conclusions can be arrived at. Sovernment have, therefore, appointed an officer to consider the question of unemployment and the officer selected is a voing member of the Indian Civil Service, who has had exceptional training in this respect in England and had a brilliant career in the Calcutta University in these subjects. Government hope that very soon the question of unemployment will be satisfactorily tackled in Bengal

Dr. SURESH CHANDRA BANERJEE: বিদেশী শাসন ও পোষ্টার ফুরণ আমাদের দেশীর শুনশিল্পান্ত হওয়ার বর্তনানে বেকার-সমস্থা এটারণ বিক্টাকার ধারণ কোবেছে,—মন্ত্রী মুহাশুর, একথা বীকার কবৈর কি ? The-Hon'ble Nhwab Khwaja HAS BULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca:

Mr. SASANKA SEKHAR SANYAL: Will the flor ble Minister be pleased to state whether Government have any ideas of their own or whether they are merely waiting for the scheme to be submitted by this officer?

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: We are awaiting the scheme which this officer will submit.

Mr. dNIHARENDU DUTTA-MAZUMDAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state what steps Government have been contemplating taking during the last 16 months for the purpose of solving this problem of middle-class unemployment?

The Honble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bayadur, of Dacca: If the honourable member would carefully read the statement which I have laid on the table, he would find out what steps Government have already taken in the matter.

Mr. PROMATHA RANJAN THAKUR; Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether it is a fact that Governments in the different provinces of India intend holding a conference at which to deliberate over this unemployment problem?

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: As far as I am aware, it was proposed to have a conference held at Simla (which unfortunately could not be held), but at any of these conferences the Government of Bengal will always co-operate with other provincial governments in solving this problem of unemployment.

Mr. J. N. GUPTA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether Government are considering the desirability of appointing a committee to examine this question?

The Hor.'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULFAH Bahadur, of Daoca: Sir, Government have appointed an officer, and as, soon as his report is submitted, then Government will think of appointing a committee to go over this question.

omr. SASANKA SEKHAR SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state at what time this officer was employed and what progress because made during this time?

The Hon'hie Rawab Khwafa HABIBULLAN Bahadur, of Dacca: The officer has been appointed only just lately

Mr. SASANKA SEKHAR SANYAL: The other portion of this question has not been answered. Sir, namely, as to what progress has been made.

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: Sir, as I have already said, the officer has been only lately appointed and naturally no progress has yet been made.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Will the Homble Minister please state what are the directions and terms of reference that have been laid down for this particular officer in regard to this matter?

The Honble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: I want notice.

Mr. SYED. JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state it any direction has been given or any suggestion has been made or any solicy has been laid down by Government to this particular officer for solving this problem of unemployment by distribution of wealth and by exploring other resources?

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: Certain directions have been given to this officer

Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: Sir, the last sentence of the Hon'ble Minister's answer is that Government hope that very soon the question of unemployment will be satisfactorily tackled in Bengal: will the Hon'ble Minister please state what is the basis of this hope that the problem will be satisfactorily tackled?

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: Well, Sir, all the world hopes for better things.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASO: The Minister is in a philosophic vein to-day.

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: Yes, I am always an optimistic prophet.

Mr. ABDUL WAHAB KHAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what is the exact standard by which to distinguish between "educated", and "uneturated" unemployment?

Mr.-SPEAKER: How does that question arise 3. The question does not seem to be relevant.

Mr. ABDUL WAHABEKHAMS. The subject-matter is unemployment among the educated middle-class; will the Howble Minister please state what is exactly meant by the word peducated here? Up to what standard of education is the education meant here?

Mr. SPEAKER: Well, you look to the answer, and you will know. That question does not arise.

Mr. NIHAREKDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: Is it a fact that Government have so far taken no step during the course of the last months beyond recently appointing a young Indian Civil Servant as a Special Unemployment Officer?

The Hon'bb Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca: Sir, I have already stated that Government have taken certain steps and if the honourable member will please read the statement which by the kind permission of the Speaker I have placed before the House, he will find everything there

Maulvi ABU HOSSAIN SARKAR: What is the reason of selecting a young member of the Indian Civil Service instead of an experienced member?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise

Qisoretionary fund at the disposal of the District Magistrate of Rajshahi.

- *91. Maulvi MANIRUDDIN AKHAND: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to lay a statement on the faklo showing for each year from 1933 to 1937—
 - (a) the sum paid by the Bengal Government as discretionary fund at the disposal of the District Magistrate, Rajshahi;
 - (b) the sum spent by the District Magistrate in those years for Rajshahi Sadar, Natore and Naogaon subdivisions; and
 - (c) the purposes for which the sum was spent in those subdivisions?

MINISTER in charge of the REVENUE DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Sir Eijoy Prasad Singh Roy): A statement is laid on the laborate table.

Relief to motor car owners of the D. 1. F. Department in Darjeeling.

- *92. Mr. DAMBER SINCH GURUNG: (a) With reference to the reply to starred question No. 177 of the 10th March, 1938, and so the supplementary question put by Dr. Nalmaksha Sanyal in connection with the "relief to motor car owners of the D. I. F. Department" in Darjeeling, will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to state what relief the Government have given to them?
- (b) It relief has not been given already, how long will the Governament take to do this?
- (i) Are the Government aware that the motor car owners are being daily pressed for the payment of this toll?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY-PRASAD SINCH ROY: on Orders have already been issued abolishing the levy of tolls on motor tehicles, etc., passing over the roads connecting with the D. I. F. hat's

- (b) and (c) Bo not arise.
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state if Government are considering the desirability of taking action on, and in respect of, the other grievances?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: May I know what are the Mother' grievances are?

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if he is aware that the Kalimpong motor cars that have to pay a heavy contribution to the D' I. Fund are not allowed to ply in the whole of the Darjeeling district?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJSY PRASAD SINCH ROY: So far as I am aware, an additional tax used to be levied on motor cars which used to ply on the roads for contribution to the D. I. Fund and that additional toll has been abolished.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is it an information to the Hon'ble Minister that Kalimpong motor cars, which are registered under the same Act and have to pay a tax under the same conditions as the Darjeeling motor-cars, are not permitted to ply between Siliguri and Darjeeling?

The Hon the Sir BIJOY PRABAD SINGH ROY: I ask for rotice!

[17th Aug.,

Cattle fee for the Mungpho Ginchona Plantation.

- •83. Mr. DAMBER SINGH, GURUNG: (a) As the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department aware—
 - (i) that the Mungpoo Cinchona Plantation has been allowed to charge annas 4 per head of cattle as cattle fee not as grazing fee:
 - (i) that there is no grazing land set apart for this purpose; and
 - (iii) that there is nothing laid down in the lease granted to the
- (M)-Are the Government aware that this matter has been brought to the notice of the district authority?
 - (c) What action are the Government going to take in the matter?

The Honble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: (a) (i) A monthly grazing fee of armas 2 per head of cattle and annas 4 per head of buffalo, calves under six months being excluded, is charged. The payment of this grazing fee entitles the tenant to graze his cattle on lands other than those leased out to him, subject to the control of the manager of the plantation.

- (ii) Yes.
- (iii) Yes, but there is no provision in the lease which gives the tenant any right to graze cattle or collect fodder on Government lands in the plantation, other than those leased out to him
 - (b) Yes.
 - (c) The matter is under enquiry.

Condition of Satkhira subdivision due to floods.

- *94. Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: (a) Is the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Kevenue Department aware—
 - (i) of the condition of Satkhira subdivision of Khulna district on account of the recent floods due to excessive rains:
 - (ii) that almost the whole of the Satkhara subdivision has been submerged by flood; and
 - (iii) that considerable damage has been done to both jute and aus paddy, the staple crops of the area?
- (b) If the answers to (a) are in the affirmative, have the Government made any provision for granting agricultural loops to the people of Sattlera subdivision?

- (c) If agricultural loans have been granted, well the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state—.
 - (1) the total amount of such loans granted;
 - (ii) the area in which these loans have been distributed; and
 - (iii) the amount of such loans granted to each person?
- (d) Do the Government consider the desirability of extending the relief operations in the locality?
 - (c) If so, to what extent?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: (a) and (b) Yes. (c) (i) Rs. 25,000.

- (11) Police-statio's Satkhira, Kalroa, Tala, Kaliganj, Syamuagar and Assasuni
 - (iii) The amount varies according to the need in each case
- (d) and (c) A careful survey of the area is being made by the officers of Government who are responsible for the proper ediministration of the locality and all measure enecessary to mitigate distress will be taken. I may inform the Hange that this survey is now practically complete.

Babu HACENDRA NATH SEN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether these advances bear any interest?

The Hon" ie şir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Of course, they do.

Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: Is it a fact that the Hon'ble Minister is going to Satkhira to see things for himself?

The Hon'bre Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: If necessary, I shall.

Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: Is the Honble Minister considering the desirability of paying a visit to Satkhila for seeing things for himself?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: If necessary, I shall.

Dr. H. C. MUKHERJI: With reference to answers (d) and (e), will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether he contemplates the payment of gratuitous relief?

The Hon'ble Sir SIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: Gratuitous relief has already meen paid.

[17ты Агс.,

Ral HARENDRA! NATH CHAUPHURI: To what extent? And for what thana?

The Hon'file Sir Bijoy PRASAD SINGH ROY: So far as I remember, about Rs 5,000 has been paid. As regards the second part of the question, I ask for notice.

Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: Is it a fact that each family got only Rs. 5, but out of that annas eight was taken away by the distributors of each Union Board?

The Kon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: No. Sir.

Bamandanga Estate in the Rangpur district.

- *96. Maulvi ABU HOSSAIN SARKAR: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to state whether the Bamandanga Estate in the district of Rangpur is managed by the Court of Wards?
- (b) It so, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether that estate through their officers realises marriage tax from their tenants at the rate of Rs. 8 for first marriage and Rs. 14 for second, or nika marriage of daughters of the said tenants?
- (c) If the answer to (b) is in the affirmative, as the Government proposing to stop this exaction at once?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: (a) Only—the share of Sreejukta Suniti Bala Debya in the estate—is—under—the management of Court of Wards

- (6) No
- (c) Does not arrse.

Rélief work in Malda.

- *96. Mr. 'ATUL CHANDRA KUMAR: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) the amount sanctioned for the relief work in the district—of Malda; and
 - (ii) the sum allotted tor gratuitous relief and the amount for loan?
- (b) Is the Hon'ble Minister aware of the failure of mango crops and Bhadar (aux) crops of the district?
- (c) If so, closes the Hon ble Minister contemplate a further allowment for the district of Malda?

The monroe are BLOY PFASAL SINCH ROY: (a) A sym of Rs. 31,000 (RS 1,000 for gratuitons relief and Rs. 30,000 for agricultural loans) has been ullotted to the district for Nijet. I may mention here that another Rs. 4,000 has since been sanctioned for gratuitous, relief.

- (b) In affected areas three-fourths of the qus crops are reported to have been damaged. No intofination regarding mango crops is available.
 - (c) Yes, if necessary.
- Mr. ATUL CHANDRA KUMAR: Will the Honoble Manister be pleased to state the name of the person from whom the enquiry was made as to the amount necessary for the district relief work?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: The Collector.

Mr. ATUL CHANDRA KUMAR: What were the amounts asked for by the Collegion of Malda as gratuitous refret and as loan?

The Hon'ble Sir BNOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: The amounts asked for have been sanctioned

Mr. ATUL CHANDRA KUMAR: Is it a fact that the District Magistrate of Malda asked for Rs. 50,000 as loan?

The Hon'ble Sir ElJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: Whatever amounts the Collectors are asking for are being immediately sanctioned.

Mr. ATUL CHANDRA KUMAR: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that one Makhan Mandal of Bhaluka Union Board has recently died of starvation?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: I sak for notice.

Consumption of country spirits in Darjeeling.

- *97. Mr. DAMBER SINCH CURUNG: (a) Is the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Forest and Excise Department aware
 - (i) that almost 95 per cent of the consumers of country spirit in the district of Darjeeling are full people; and
 - (11) that more than 90 per cent of the country spirit, shops have been settled with neu-provincial men called Kalwars?

- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, do the Government consider the desirability—
 - (i) of not renewing the licences of the present vendors when the
 - (ii) of settling the shops with the local people?

MINISTER in charge of the FORESTS and EXCISE DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Mr. Prasanna Deb Raikit): (a) No.

(b) Does not arise.

Rai MARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: With reference to answer (a), will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to explain what is meant by "No"—whether he is not aware of 4t or whether the percentage stated in the question is not true?

The Hon'blo Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: The percentage is not true.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURL: What is the percentage of country spirit shops settled with people other than the hill people?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAYKUT: I ask for notice.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Is the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of settling liquor shops with the local people in future?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: Yes, Sir. I have already passed orders to that effect

Mr. DERI PROSAD KHAITAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether these so-called non-provincial men are settled in those districts for several generations?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: Yes, Sir.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SARIYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to give us some idea of the percentage of hill men who consume country spirit in Darjeeling?

... The Hen'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: 1 ask for notice.

The vendor of the Kalimpong country/spirit shop.

- *98. Mr. DAMBER SINGH GURUNG: (a) Is the Hon'ble Afinistes in charge of the Excise and Forest Department aware—
 - (i) that one Parhati Devi, an upcountry woman, the under of the Kalimpong country spirit shop, was allowed to take Babu Gouri Sanker Prosad, her grandson, as her partner some time in January or February last;
 - (11) that Parbati Devi resigned after 4 or 5 months; and
 - (iii) that Babu Gouri Sanker Prosad became the sele vendor of the shop?
- (b) If the argswers to (a) are in the affirmative, will the Hon'Ne Minister be pleased to state the reasons for giving the shop to the upcountry man without advertisement and without considering the claims of the hill men?
- (c) Is the Honble Minister aware that this matter was brought to the notice of the local authority?
 - (d) Are the Government considering the desirability of-
 - (i) cancelling the present licence of this shop; and
 - (ii) settling it with the local people after proper advertisement?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: (a) (1) Yes

- (11) and (111) No.
- (b) Parbati Devi, the licensee of the Kalimpong country spirit shop for over 10 years, being a pardanashin woman was allowed to take her own grandson, Gouri Sanker Prosad, who is a graduate, as her partner.
 - (c) Yes. *
 - (d) No.

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the non'ble Minister be pleased to state whether there is any bar to granting a licence to a woman?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: Not in every case, but in particular bases we allow such licences to women.

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: My question is whether there is any bar to granting licences to women?

The Honible Mr. PRASANNA DEB BAIKUTT NO DET.

Some Jumias turned out of their homes and agricultural lands in Cox's Bazar.

- , *90. Babu MAHIM CHANDRA DAS: (a) Is the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Forests and Excise Department aware—
 - (i) that fifty families of Jumias (hill tribes) had been turned out of their homes and agricutural lands on the 23rd June last at Feknaf and Ukhia thanas in the Cox's Bazar subdivision;
 - that they made repeated representations to the Hon ble the • Forest Minister, the Conservator of Forests, and the local executives; and
- , (nt) that no steps have yet been taken to reduces their grievances?
 - (b) Is the Hon'ble Minister also aware -
 - (i) that these people had been khus mahal tenants; and
 - (ii) that they were turned into contract labourers on begar system by the Forest Department?
- (c) If the answer to (b) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the polic, was adopted with the approval of Government?
- (d) Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that the object of reserving the area has failed and the idea has been abandoned?
- (c) If the answer to (d) is in the affirmative, are the Government considering that the area should be deforested and restored to their former holders?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: (a) (i) Yes. The labour settlers, known as forest villagers, were established under agreements to perform certain duties. As they refused to abide by the conditions of their agreement they were ejected, after being given eighteen mentls' notice.

- (ii) Yes.
- (iii) No, as they have no genuine cause of grievance. They were offered work in other localities in the Reserved Forest under fresh agreement but they refused it.
- (b) (i) These people were khas mahal tenants before coming into the Reserve, as forest villagers
- (ii) Under the agreement they were required to give a certain amount of free and paid labour in return for their right to cultivate in the Reserved Forest.

- (c) Yes.
- (d) No.
- (c) Does not arise.

Khan Bahadur Maujvi FAZLUL QUADIR: Will the Mon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether there was any force used in ejecting these tenants?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: (Fovernment are not aware that any force was used.

Khan Bahadur Maulvi FAZLUL QUADIR: Then how were they bected?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: They had to go, Sir.

Babu MAHIM CHANDRA DAS: মাননীন্ধ মন্ত্রী মহাশন্ধ বোল্পুরেন কি agreement-এর কোন্সর্ভ • তারা ভগ কোনেছে বংগ তাকেব তাড়িয়ে দেওয়া হয়েছে ? আবি কোন্সর্ভ কবে ভারা ভগ কোনেছে ?

The Honble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: About 15 years ago the Forest Department wanted some villagers to do some forest work and after that when the Forest Department thought that the lands would be required for forest purposes, viz., plantation, etc., they were asked to vacate, but they did not Therefore Government had to take measures to eject them

Babu MAHIM CHANDRA DAS: যেুটা ভারা ভারু কোবেছে দেটা কোন, সনের agreement, এবং দৈটার সশ্ভ কি ৈ আপনাণ কাছে সেই agreement-এর কি কপি একটা আছে ?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: They were given the lands under certain conditions; I have not got the agreement with me. If the honourable member *ants to see the agreement, I will give him later on.

Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: With reference to answer (a) (i), when were they established and when ejected?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: They were established some 15 years ago, and they were ejected only a few months back.

Baby NACENCRA NATH SEN; Will the Hou'bly Minister be pleased to consider the extreme haddship caused, in ejecting certain persons after 15 years residence in a homestead?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT & They were offered work and they refused.

Khan Bakadur Maulvi FAZLUL QUADIR: What was the offer, whether they were given any settlement, and other land or simply work?

The F.on'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: I believe they were given forest work.

Mr. SHAH ABDUR RAUF: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if it is a fact that elephants were used to demolish the huts of persons there?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASAWNA DEB RAIKUT: No. Sir. Government are not aware.

Chittagong and Cox's Bazar Forest Divisions.

- *100. Khan Bahadur Maulvi JALALUDDIN AHMAD: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Fordst and Excise Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) what was the revenue of Chittagong and Cox's Bazar Forest Divisions for the last 10 years, year by year; and
 - (ii) whether the present Divisional Forest Officer has introduced from the 6th July, 1937, new licence-fees on gil, plantain leaves, pitali leaves, etc., and other miscellaneous articles in the schedule of conditions and rates for removal of forest produce from the Chittagong Division?
- (b) If the enswer to clause (a) (v) is in the negative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state at whose suggestion has the new imposition been made?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: (a) (i) A statement is laid on the table.

(n) No change has been made in the rates of royalty for gil, plantain leaves or pitali leaves. The only alteration made on the 6th July, 1937, was to fix the rates of royalty on creepers and hetel stems at anna 1 and pies 6 per buildle, for which no royalty had been fixed "before.

(b) The rates were fixed under the orders of the Conservator of Forests with the approval of the Collector and the Commissioner of Chittagong.

Statement referred to in the reply to (a) (i) of starred question No. 100, showing the revenue of Chittagony and Cox's Bazar divisions for the last ten years (1928-29 to 1937-38)

Year		Chittagong.	Cox's Bazar.	Total.	Remarks.
	•	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Annual Property and Property an
1928-29		1,21,279	• 70,036	1,91,315	(a) Due to amalgamation of Chittagong and Cox's Bazar Divisions into one from the 1st July, 1933.
1929-30		1,18,574	83,295	• 2,01,869	
1930-31		1,37,165	91,669	2,28,834	
1931-32		1,20,966	62•165	1,83,131	
1932-33		1,31,916	* 66,501	- 1,98,417	
1933-34	•	1,60,107	(a) 9,783	1,69,890	
1934-35	٠	1,71,33×	(#)	1,71,338	
1935-36	• •	1,87,616	• (a)	1,87,616	
1936-37		1,99,797	(a)	1,99,797	
1937-38		2,42,017	(41)	2,42,047	
Total		15,90,805	3,83,449	19,74,254	

Khan Bahadur Maulvi, FAZLUL QUADIR: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state the reason for such Abnormal increase of revenue in 1937-98 compared to the figure of 1936-37, it shows an increase of about Rs 42,047 in tevenue?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: It was decided that the revenue then existing was too low, and even now it is very very low in comparison with other divisions

Allotment of money for water-supply in the Murshidabad district.

- *101. Maulvi ABDUL BARI: (ac Will the Honeble Minister in charge of the Public Health and Local Self-Government Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) how much money has been alloited this year for water-simply in the district of Mul-hidabad;

[17T]. Aug.,

- in the district of Mursh dahad to meet the exigercies of water-supply; and
- , (iii) how many villages are there in the district in which there are no tube wells or masonry wells?
- (b) Do the Government contemplate preparing a scheme by which every village in the district may have one tuke well at least?

MINISER in charge of the PUBLIC HEALTH and LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ole, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy): (a) (i) The district of Murshidabad has been allotted Rs. 1.810 out of the Government of India's 2nd grant for rural water supply during the first six months of 1938-39. The allotment of the Provincial grant of Rs. 7½ lakks is now under my consideration and will be made shortly

- (ii) 851 tube wells and 1,062 masonry wells
- (111) 2,951 villages. (
- (b) I have under my consideration a comprehensive scheme for the improvement of rural water-supply throughout the province with an assured continuity of funds.

• Mr. PROMATHA RANJAN THAKUR: With reference to answer (b), will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state it it is possible for the Hon'ble Minister to give a rough idea of the amount that is to be spent for this contemplated scheme of rural water-supply?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: No. 1 do not propose to give it at this stage.

Khan Bahadur MOHAMMED ALI: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state on what basis the allotment of the provincial grant will be made?

The Howble Mr. (4. S. SUHRAWARDY: Is the honourable member referring to the Rs. 7 Clakhs?

Khan Bahadur MOHAMMED ALI: Yes

The Hen'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I have passed orders, but there has been no final decision

Babu NARENDRA NARAYAN CHAKRABARTY: মাননীর মন্ত্রী মহাশর কি স্থামাদের, স্থানাবেন তাঁদের এই ব্যাপক প্রিকল্পনা কাষ্যক্রী হ'তে কত সময় লগেবে :

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: As soon, Sir. as we sare free to deal with urgent matters we shall take up this matter.

Khan Bahdur MOHAMMDD ALL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state under whose disposal the money is to be placed for spending it?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I hope the honourable member will hold his soul in patience until the final policy is announced. I may state here that I propose to create a machinery at whose disposal the provincial grant will be placed.

Maulvi ABDUL BARF: Will the Houble Minister be pleased to state in how many years does the Government propose to furnish these 2.951 villages of the district of Murshidabad with tube-wells and masonry-wells?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I think this causes a very important question of policy as to whether it is the duty of the Government at all to furnish tube-wells and masonry-wells in the villages of Bengal, and that it is not the duty of the villagers to look after their own water-supply or the duty of the District Board to do so of of the I mon Board of of the charitably disposed persons of the province. The honourible member will notice that I have taken up the consideration of a comprehensive scheme. The honourible member will also note that it is only very recently that I have taken up this portfolio, and this comprehensive scheme. I hope, will be pushed through within a short time as soon as I can get a reasonable amount of time.

Mr. PROMATHA RANJAN THAKUR: In answer to (b), the Hon'ble Minister has said "I have under any consideration a comprehensive scheme". He has got that scheme, and he has got some rough idea of the amount that will be spent for that scheme. May I know the amount?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I am sorry, Sir. the honomrable member is unintelligible .

Mr. PROMATHA RANJAN THAKUR: May I make myself intelligible, Sir?—In answer to che, the Hon ble Minister has said "I have under my consideration a comptellensive scheme for the improvement of rural water-supply throughout the province with an assured continuity of fund". May I know whether the Hon ble Minister has got any rough idea of the amount of morey that will be spent for this purpose? When he has got a comptellensive scheme, certainly he should have a rough idea.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY's Does, the honourable member mean the amount of money that will be necessary for the purpose, or that will be spent for the purpose?

17m Acc.,

Mr. PROMATHA RANGAN THAKUR: That will be spent for the purpose.

The Hen'ble Mr. H. S. GUHRAWARDY: Spent by whom?

Mr. PROMATHA RANJAN THAKUR: By Government.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: That very much depends on how much enoney it can get from local bodies.

Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: The Hondble Minister just said that he had not been able to give the matter his consideration, because he way, not free. Will the Hondble Minister be pleased to state what were the bars for his not giving attention to these facts, and when he will be in a position to give this matter his consideration?

The Honble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Will the honourable member kindly repeat his question?

Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: My question is that the Hon'ble Minister has just been pleased to state that he has not been able to give the matter his consideration, because he is not free to do so. Will he be pleased to state when he will be so bee to give this matter his consideration, and what were the bars during these sixteen months for not giving attention to this matter?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: The honourable member is incorrect in all his premises. It is not that I have not given, the matter my consideration. I have given it no consideration, but the final decision is still awaited. The honourable member ought to know that I have not had thus portfolio to administer for the last 16 months.

Establishment of a hospital for infectious diseases in Dum-Dum.

- *102. Mr. 'NIHARENDU DUTTA-MAZUMDAR: (a) Will the Enable Minister in charge of the Public Health and Local Self-Government Department be pleased to state whether it is a fact—
 - (i) that a project is in contemplation to establish a hospital for infectious diseases near Calcutta; and
 - (ii) that Dum-Dum has been selected for its site?
- (b) Is the Hog ble Minister aware of a feeling amongst the local residents over the selection of site in the midst of residential quarters?
- (c) If the answer to (b) is in the affirmative, what steps, if any, do the Government propose taking to allay public misgivings?

The flor'ble Mr. H. S. SUMRAWARDT: (d) The Calculta Corporation proposes to establish a hospital for infectious diseases and has selected a site within the area of the South Dum-Dum Municipality.

- (b) Yes.
 - (c) The matter is under the consideration of Government.
- Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA-MAZUMDAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to suite how long the matter has been under the consideration of the Government?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: That I do not know. I have to look through the file, and therefore I want notice.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURF: Will the Hon bla Minister be pleased to state whether he has taken any step to ensure that the Calcutta Corporation will not make any progress with the scheme until the Covernment finishes the consideration of the matter?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: 'I do not think that the Calcutta Corporation cay progress with the scheme without Government sanction."

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether Government sanction asked for was necessary with reference to money spent or for the scheme itself?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: That is more than I can say.

Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the site selected is very close to the Dum Dum Railway Junction and is he aware that it is not if desirable site?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I have not examined the topography.

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

(to which answers were laid on the tal

Cattle mortality in Shillock Union in Chittagong district.

- 51. Maulana MD. MANIRUZZAMAN ISLAMABADI: (a) Is the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Agriculture and Ladustries Department aware—
 - (i) of the devastating and repeated cattle mortality of the villages, under the jurisdiction of the Shillock Union, police-station.

1771 Avg.,

Rangunia, and also in police-station Banskhaubin the district of Chittagorg; and

- (i) that the agriculture of the locality has to a great extent come to a standstill?
- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state—
 - (a) whether any expert Veterinary Surgeon has been sent to the place to prevent the recurrence of the epidemic; and
 - (11) whether the Government contemplate helping the agriculturists of the affected area with agricultural loans at a very early date so that the agricultural operations may be continued by purchasing fresh stock of cattle or even by spaling the lands in this harvest season.

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja HABIBULLAH Bahadur, of Dacca:
(a) (i) There was an outbreak & rinderpest in Shiftock Union in June last which was adequately dealt with by the local Staff. Veterinary Assistant Surgeon. There has been a recent outbreak in Banskhali police-station.

- (ii) Agricultural operations have not been affected to any appreciable extent.
- (b) (i) The Itmerant Veterinary Assistant Surgeon of Chittagong recently visited Shillock Union and found no clinical cases. The Itinerant Veterinary Assistant Surgeon, Satkania, has been directed to attend the outbreak in Banskhali police-station
- (n) This question does not alise and, in any case, concerns the Revenue Department.

Pay and the grade of the Head Master of the Rangamati High English School in Chittagong Hill Tracts.

- 52. Al-Haj Maulana Dr. SANAULLAH: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to state what is the grade and the initial salary at which the present Head Master of the Rangamati High English School in Chittagong Hill Tracts was appointed?
 - (b) What were the grade and initial salary of his predecessor in that office?
 - (c) What are their respective academic qualifications?
 - (d) What is the status of the institution where the present Head Master used to serve before his appropriate as such?

- (e) Is it a fact that he is a European Missionary?
- '(f) Was this post advertised?
 - (g) If so, who were the other candidates?
 - (h) What were their academic qualifications?

The Honble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: (a) The Head Master-who is, in addition, Superintendent of Education in Chittagong Hill Tracts draws pay in the following scale:—

Rs 930—40, 2—1,0500—50, 2—1,250 per mensem. Initial pay—Rs 930 per mensem

- (b) The previous Head Master, who had no other additional shiftes to perform, drew pay in the following scale--
 - Rs | 150-25-200 | 50 2 | 300-40 2 | 500-50 2-700 | (effliciency bars after \$2th and 20th stages)

At the time of his appointment at the school his pay was Rs. 200 per mensen:

- (c) Former Head Master BA, BT Present Head Master
- (i) B Sc. (London) (Honours in Chemistry)
- (ii) Special training in Agriculture in the Cambridge University.
- (d) Middle English and Primary School
- (c) Yes
- (f) No
- (a) and (h) Do not arise .

Al-Haj Maulana Qr. SANAULLAH: With reference to answer (f) will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state, why the post, was not advertised?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: The previous Government came to a decision in the matter, and this Government cannot answer for their acts of commission and omission.

Al-Haj Maulana Dr. SANAULLAH: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state who was the Superintendent of Education in the Chittagong Hill Tracts before the appointment of the present incombent?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY; I ask for notice.

Maulyi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the How ble Minister be pleased to state what are the additional duties which the present Head Master has to perform?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: He is the Superintendent of Edwarion in the Thittagong Hill Tracts. He has to supervise all the schools in the a.ea.

Relief to the flood-affected areas in the Kurigram subdivision,

- 53. Kazi 'EMDADUL HAQUE: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to lay a statement on the table showing—
 - (i) thana by thana the area affected by the recent flood in the Kurigrafii subdivision;
 - $J\nu$; the number of families in the affected are is
 - (iii) the nature and extent of the relief, j' any, given by the Government to the distressed people; and
 - (iv) the nature and extent of the relief proposed by Government to be given to the people in future?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Λ_j statement is laid on the table.

Statement referred to in the reply to unstaired question No. 53, "showing the area and the number of families affected by the recent flood in the Kurigiam subdivision, thana by thane, and the nature and extent of relief given or proposed to be given to the distressed people.

Name of thana.	Area affected.	Number of familie in the affected srea	Nature and extent of reliet to dis- tressed people
`	Sq. miles		
1 _b Rowman	94	7,000	Agricultural loan of Rs. 75,000 has been
2. Chilmari .	76	5,4(9)	sunctioned and gratuitous relief amounting to Rs 8,500 and over 1,300
3. Nageswari, .	Ro	5,600	 maunds of rice have been given to the distressed people. The local officers.
4. Ulipur	22	1,150	are attending to the situation with the utmost unxiety and care. Fur-
5. Kurigram	23	1 200	ther financial aid in the shape of agricultural loan, gratuitous relief or
6. Bhurungamari	18	950	opening of test works will be extended the affected persons as recom-
			nended by the local officers who are responsible to Government for the proper detailed administration of relief measures.

Mr. IATINDBA NATH CHAKRABARTY: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that the Government Press Communique was to the effect that the number of people affected was sixty thousand?

The Hon'ble 80 BIJDY PRASAD SINCH ROY: 1 100k tot notice.

Kazi EMDADUL HAQUE: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to let us know how many of the families mentioned in his answer, were given gratuitous relief?

The Hon ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: I ask for notice,

Kazi EMDADUL HAQUE: Will the Hon'ble Minister please less us know what sort of relief has been given to the labouring classes?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: They have been provided with work where work can be undertaken by them; otherwise they have been given gratuitous relief

Land tenure system and enhancement of rents in Western Duars Government Khas Mahal, Jalpaiguri.

- 54. Babu KHAGENDRA NATH DAS CUPTA: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to state whether it is a fact—.
 - (i) that recently Mr Stuart, i.c.s., had been sent by the Government of Bengal to enquire into the land tenure system and the recent enhancement of rents in the Western Duars Government Khas Mahal mathe district of Jalpaiguri.
 - (ii) that the joiedars and tenants had not been previously informed about this enquiry;
 - (iii) that the Secretary, Jalpaiguri Jotedars, Association, Mayanuguri, has been informed in reply to his written enquiry about his tour programme only a few hours before his actual arrival at Mayanaguri;
 - (iv) that Mr. Stuart had finished his enquiry in course of four days only and halted at each Tah M Office only for a few hours;
 - (v) that Mr. Stuart carried on the enquiry wathout taking any written notes of the grievances put forward by those few jotedars and tenants who happened to know of his actual arrival at the last hour and appeared before him;

142

- (vi) that he did not visit the neighbouring jotes of ascertain the truth or otherwise of the complaints made by the jotedars regarding classification of land; and
- (vh) that the members of the Bengal Legislature representing the locality were not informed of his arrival and so were not given any opportunity to discuss with him about the matter of enquiry?
- (by Will the Hon'ble Minister be, pleased no state when Mr. Stuart as submitted the report of his enquiry?
- (c) If the answer to clause (b) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to lay a copy of the report on the table?
- The, Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: (a) (c) Mr. Stuart was appointed to ascertain the most urgoth grievances of khas mahal tenants of the province and to suggest how they can be removed. If in any particular area, in course of his enquiry he had reasons to believe that the rate of rent is too high he was expected to discuss with the local officer's and to suggest suitable action. He was not asked to enquire into the land-tenure system
- (ii) to (rii) He did not intimate in advance of his proposed visit to the tenants or their Associations or to local M.L.A.'s. But he met the tenants, heard their grievances, visited their fields where necessary in course of his four days stay in the district. $\Sigma \rho$ depositions of tenants were recorded but notes of grievances of tenants were taken by him.
- (b) It was submitted by him to the Board of Revenue on the 29th June, 1938, and has not yet been received by Government along with Board's views on the recommendations made by him
- (c) As Government have not received the report yet, the question does not arise.

Babu KHACENDRA NATH DAS GUPTA:

আমার প্রশেনর ভত্তরে মান্দায় মন্ত্রীমহাশয় স্বীকার কোরেছেন যে Mr Stuart প্রস্তাদের urgent grievances সম্বন্ধে খেণ্ড করবার জন্য নিযুক্ত হইয়াছিলেন এবং সে 'প্ৰুপ্তে' তিনি জুখুপাইণ্ডির খাসমহলে যাবার পাবে' প্রজাদেব, তাদেব সমিতি বা নিব্যাচিত প্রতিনিধিদের কাছাকেও কোন খবর দেন নাই, অথচ মন্ত্রীমহাশয় আমাদের জানাচ্ছেন যে Mr Stuart প্রজাদের পজেং দেখা কোরেছেন, তাদের grievance সম্পর্কে শ্নেছেন, তাদের জমাজমি পরিদর্শপ্ কৈ,বেছেন, এখানে আমাৰ প্ৰন হতে এই যে তিনি কি প্ৰজাদেৰ বাড়ী বাড়ী গিয়ে দেখা করেছেন না মে অংশ কয় ঘন্টা কোবে সময় তি'ন এক একটা তহসীলে পেয়েছেন সেই অব্দ সময়ের মধ্যে ব্যানীয় जरुगीनपादिता ठाएम्य मरनद मुख्न रा कारोती श्रष्टा निक्येवहरी ज्यान **१**ए८ हेर्लाज्यक रकावरक रूपदिराह কেবলমাত্র ভাদের সভোষ।নেখা করেছেন[্]

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: He met the tenants at random, because Mr. Strart thought that was the proper method of enquiry, so that he could ascertain the grievances of the tenants. He visited their homes and fields and discussed the matter with them individually without any notice.

Babu KHACENDRA NATH DAS CUPTA:

তাহলে প্রজাপের বাড়ী বাড়ী গিয়েজিকেন:- এই রুখন কি মন্ত্রীমহালয় বোলতে গ্রীকেন?

- then. But whether be actually went to their home; or met them at a particular place, I am not aware of it.
- Mr. ABDUL WAHAS KHAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to consider the desirability of issuing instructions to District Officers to inform members of the Legislature, so that they may get an opportunity to represent the grievances of the people in connection with Mr. Stuart's visit

The Hon'ble STr BIJOY, PRASAD SINCH ROY: The enquiry is now complete, and M. Stuart has already submitted his report

Management of Kazi Estate in the district of Tippera.

- 55. Mr. DHÎRENDRÂ NATH DATTA: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to state
 - (i) when the management of the Kazi Wards Estate in the district of Tippera was taken up by the Court of Wards; and
 - (ii) the grounds for declaring the proprietor of the said estate as disqualified when the management was taken up? •
- (b) Is it a fact that the proprietor of the estate before he became an Hon'ble Minister of the Government of Bengal acted as Manager of the estate for a certain period?
- (c) Do the grounds for declaring the proprietor of the said estate as disgualified still continue?
- (d) If the answer to clause (c) is in the negative, do the Government contemplate releasing the property from their charge?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: (a) (i) In November, 1911.

- (ii) The declaration of disqualifications was made under clause (c) of section 6 of Act IX of 1879 on the ground of public interest.
 - (b) Yes, but it was the disqualified proprietor's son.

- (c) The prescht proprietor has not been declared disqualified but the estate has continued in Court's management as the debts charged thereon has yet to be discharged.
 - *(M) Not till the dibts of the estate are discharged.

Mr. DETRENDRA NATH DATTA: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that there is no clause (c) of section 6 of Act IX of 1879?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: I think it is f(e). I have got the Act here.

Mr. SPEAKER: Anyway, there is some clause. It is no use wasting time over that.

Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DUTTA: Will the Fon'be Minister be pleased to state if he is aware of the fact that the proprietor was disqualified when the management of the Court of Wards was taken up?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: He was declared a disqualified proprietor on his own application under certain sub-clause of section 6—whether it is (d) or (e) I do not exactly remember.

Mr. DKIRENDRA NATH DUTTA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be of the fact that debts are not being paid in order to keep the property within the management of the Court of Wards?

"The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH, ROY: The Court of Wards is in charge of the property and it is their duty to pay off the slebts as soon as possible.

Mr. STAHED ALI: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what was the öriginal amount of debt and what is the amount to be paid at the present moment?

The Kon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: I ask for notice.

Mr. SHAHED ALIP Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state how long it will take to pay off the debt of

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: I ask for notice.

Relief to flood-stricken people or arrangang.

Mr. ARDULLA-AL-MAHMOOD: (a) the Houble Ministria charge of the Revenue Department aware

- (i) that the whole of the Sirajganj subdivision has been affected by the recent flood; and
- (ii) that there is acuse distress in the subdivision?
- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, will the from the Minister be pleased to state what amount by way of agricultural loan and gratuitous relief, if any, has been sanctioned to help the people of the subdivision?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJO PRASAD SINGH ROY: (a) (i) Yes.

- (i) Distress is prevailing in the affected areas.
- (b) Rupees 80,000 for agricultural ban and Rs. 5,900 for gratuitous relief have been afforted to the subdivision.
- Mr. MIRZA ABDUL HAFIZ: Is the Hon ble Minister aware that Rs 5,000 for gratituous relief for the subdivision of Serajganj is quite insufficient?
- The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Government go by the recommendation of the District Officers and whatever amounts are asked for are being sanctioned by Government

Muslim officers in the Board of Revenue.

- 57. Mr. S. A. SALIM: Will the Hofeble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to state.
 - (a) the number of o'icers existing af present in the accomment of the Board of Revenue;
 - (b) how many of them are-
 - (1) Hindus, and
 - (2) Muhammadans; and
 - (c) whether Muslim representation in that department has reached in accordance with the Government circular on the subject?

The Hon'ble Sir BJJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: (a),60.

(b) (1) 39 including a member of the Scheduled Caste. .

10

 $(2)^{\circ} 20.$

There is one Indian Christian.

(c) Yes.

tratuitous relief for flooded areas in Serajganj.

- 58. Mr. ABDULLA-AL MAHMODD: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Revenue Department be pleased to state—
- (a) whether gratuitous relief has been given to the flood-stricken people of the Scrajganj subdivision; and
 - (b) if not, whether Government contemplate giving such relief

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: (a) Yes.

(b) Does not arise.

Babu NARENARA NARAYAN CHAKRAVERTY: 'সুরুক্তগঞ্জ subdivision এ

কত গ্রাম আছে মন্ত্রী মহাশ্য অন্ত্রহ কোরে বোলবেন কি 👉 🖁

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD'SINGH ROY: 1 would refer the honourable member to the census report

Granting of new licence for constructing distilleries.

- 59. Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: (a) Will the Hon'in'e Minister in charge of the Forest and Excise Department be pleased to state the present policy of the 'toverament in respect of granting new licence for constructing distilleries in the province?
- (b) Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that Messrs, Carew and Company of Calcutta have made an agreement with Babu'Ramani Kanta Roy of Chougiam, district Rejshahi, for settlement to be given by the latter to the former of more than 10,000 highas of the former's khas and sepanted lands in mauzas Darshana, Akanda, etc., within the subdivision of Chuadanga in the district of Nadia, for the purpose of particular a distillery in the said lands?
- (c) Have the said Messrs. Carew and Company applied to the Government for a licence for a distillery in the aforesaid lands?
- (d) If the answer to (c) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state—
 - (i) whether a licence has been granted to the said firm as afore-
 - (ii) if net, is the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of not granting licences for new distilleries in the province?

The Jon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT! (a) The policy of Government is not to grant any licence for the construction of a new distiller, unless there is a real need for it.

- (b) Government are not aware of any such agreement. But Messrs Carew and Company propose to start a large sugar factory at Darsana with a distillery attacked.
- (c) They applied for permission to transfer their distillery from Asansol to Darsara.
- (d) (i) Permission for transfer of their distillery from Asansol to Darsana has been granted. This is not a case of granting a new license.
 - (11) Does not arise.
- Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: Will the Hon ble Munister be pleased to state it there is any distiflery in the 24-Parganas district?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: 🖫

Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: Will the How ble Minister be pleased to state how many distilleries are there?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: One.

Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if there is any other distillery in the district of Zidia?

The Hon'ble Mr. PRASANNA DEB RAIKUT: No

Coolies and mehtars employed at different Covernment hospitals.

- 60. Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Public Health and Local Self-Government Department be pleased to state what is the number of coolers and rechtary with their pay employed at present in the hospitals attached to the—
 - (i) Calcutta Medical College.
 - (ii) Campbell Medical School;
 - (iii) Dacca Mitford Medical School;
 - · (iv) Presidency General Hospital;
 - (v) Police Hospital; and
 - (vi) Jessore. District Hospital?
 - (b) Is there any grade in their salary
 - (c) Whether their services are permanent?

Mr. SPEAKER: (Dr. Sanyal, how is this urgent?

Dr. NALINAKSHI SANYAL: This is a matter which came to our notice only on Saturday last as it was published in an Extraordinary Gezette on the previous day. If this matter is not taken up as early as possible and as early as the Rules permit, I am atraid, similar things might happen and its effect on public life and on the proper functioning of the Legislature might be very baneful. That is why I bring it as early, as possible

The Kon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: This question, apart from other objections, was raised and discussed at the time when the Supplementary Budget was discussed

Ratharendra nath chaudhuri: It was simply referred to.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: There cannot be any motion about this During the course of discussion of the Supplementary Budget, various members referred to it. Once the question has been raised, it cannot be raised again. They could have made it an issue at the time of the Supplementary Budget and they could have censured Government if they so liked. I submit that in view of the fact that the members had an opportunity to raise this question at the time of the Supplementary Demands and as the question was actually raised at the time, the present motion is not in order.

Babu NAGENDRA NATH SEN: Onca point of order, Sir, Even if the question was raised, no answer was given

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: May I submit, Sii, in answer to what has fallen from the Hon ble Minister—can a passing reference to a variety of subjects which might be incidentally referred to in the course of discussion of the Supplementary Budget take the place of an adjournment motion with regard to a definite matter of urgent public proportance concerning the rights and privileges of the Opposition and other members of the House?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: It was a definite charge levelled against the tiovernment, the names of the two nambers who were removed and the names of those who replaced their vere given and it was made, a specific charge against tiovernment at the time of the liscussion of the Spipplementary budget. So having once raised that question! I do not see how it can come up in an adjournment notion the next day.

Mr. NII.—ENDU DUTTA-MAZUMDAR: As Mr. Santosh Kumar Basu has submitted, the matter was only casually raised with out being made a definite issue for consideration before the House and as this matter was not taken submitted cognisance of and as no reply was given by the Hon'hle Minister, I submit that this motion should be held quite in order. This is the first time that the matter has been brought up before this House and the House should not be deprived of the opportunity of considering the matter.

Mr. SPEAKER: I may say that a very important question has been raised in this motion. It is very difficult to come to an off-hand decision on this matter. I shall have to consider whether this is an issue of sufficient importance to obstruct the normal proceedings of the House and I shall have to satisfy myself about the question of urgency and what its effect will be. So I propose that in case I hold that the matter is such that it is permissible under the Rules to be taken up. I will waive my objection and take up the matter day offer to-morrow. I will give my decision day after to-morrow and it it is in order, it will be taken up on that day. I hope every member will realise that it is an important matter, and I will not rule it out now and create a precedent. I hope members will realise the difficulty. It Dr. Sanyal will repeat this matter day after to-morrow. I will give my decision

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I submit, Sir, in reply to what you observe in this connection, that this motion should be discussed at the earliest opportunity possible and to-day under the Rules The question you have asked is how this is the earliest opportunity is an urgent matter—you want to be satisfied on that — My fear is with regard to the work of eight such Committees which are going to function immediately. Committees appointed by Government on various questions like Rent, Jute, Education and so on and some of them probably would be functioning in the course of this week. So far an I know, at least one such Committee is going to meet early next week. If members of that Committee are to be kept in constant suspense as to whether they would unction or not, they cannot work properly. It is better to know the position correctly and after having known bis the Opposition will decide how far they would be in a position to co-operate with Government in the work of Committees - A matter like this cannot possibly wait. •All adjournment motions are in the nature of urgent motions, to be taken up on the very day they are moved. Therefore, I beg to submit that although you are perfectly within your rights to ask me to take it an again on Friday next, I submit with all humility than sufficient aptide of this motion has been given to the office and the matter should be taken up to day. It is not like handling over a motion only an hour or two before, but this notice

was in the office for the last two days and Government vere fully aware of it.

As regards the rest y given by the Hon'ble Home Minister. I have submit that if this motion or anything akin to it was ever contemplated as a matter for discussion within the supplementary budget, you, Sir, would have ruled it out because it would have been completely greevant in course of the supplementary budget discussion. Therefore, it was merely a gasual reference that was made by one member during those discussions. It was not put as an issue and the House had no opportunity of expressing its opinion on such a clear-cut issue, nor could the Hon'ble Ministers take it as an issue and deal with it as such. It is not fair to try to dodge the House on an important question like this merely on technical grounds, or on grounds which do not exist, and on grounds 'which are absolutely imaginary. I submit therefore, that there is no difficulty so far as you are concerned and you would please take it up to-day after 6 p.m. if there is no objection, otherwise I have to be prepared to wait till Friday next

Mr. SPEAKER: Well, if you want. I am prepared to give my ruling now. It is entirely for you to say whether you want it now or afterwards

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: I am prepared to take the ruling now

Mr. SPEAKER: All right: my decision is that, for the time being, so far as the statement of Di Sanyal is concerned, and as it appears before me, I am not satisfied that it is a definite matter of urgent public importance. This is in so far as his own statement is concerned. Whether the other issues raised by Dr. Sanyal are relevant or not, are quite foreign to me, because I am guided for the time being by the terms of his resolution and the terms of his statement. On these grounds, I rule that his adjournment motion is not in order.

to move the adjournment motion of which I have given notice?

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes, you may, so that I may see if it is in order.

Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIH AHMED: I beg to move that this Assembly do now adjourn to discuss a definite matter of urgent public importance and of recent occurrence, manely, the situation created in a number of villages in the Kushtia subdivision of the district of Nadia through acts of intimidation by the police.

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Shamsuddin, I have just seen the statement you have supplied to me, but is not the matter sub padace?

Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIN AHMED: I have mentioned that in my

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes, that is what I say and that is what constitutes my difficulty.

the situation created in about 3 or 4 villages, where on account of the police having acted as marauders, the people have in consequence left the villages and paddy is going under water, being uncared for. Thus, Sir, a peculiar situation has been created there. I am not going to touch any of the sub-judice matters. Let the court decide on those cases: we are only discussing the situation arising out of the police oppression.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I submit. Sir, that it is impossible for Mr. Shansiddin to discuss this matter without raising issues that are now before the court. Mr. Shansiddin promised to let me have a statement on this matter in private and I promised also to enquire into it, but uptil now he has not given me any statement so far as that matter is concerned. Moreover, I submit that even from the statement that he has just now made, it will be obvious that this question cannot be discussed without bringing in issues which are now before the Court.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Mr. Speaker, I may submit, that what Mr. Shamsuddines adjournment motion seeks is to draw the agtention of the House only to the conduct of the police and to nothing more than that.

Mr. SPEAKER: Is it not a fact that this conduct of the police is now a matter of investigation?

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: No. Sir, it is not under investigation in any court. So, it is not a matter sub-judice so far as the conduct of the police is concerned. Such police excesses have occurred and they are going on still, and even vesterday reports have been received of the police unnecessarily barassing the people in this connection. We submit that there will be discussion only so far as the conduct of the police is conceined. You are here to see that nothing which is sub-judice and nothing which goes beyond the police excesses is discussed. The apprehension of the Honsble the Home Minister

may be very well safeguarded by you as Speaker of the House. Therefore, I believe, Sir, that this is legitimately a right of the House to discuss, a motion of kips character, and you will allow this motion.

a The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Sir, the whole question hinges on the fact that the police are making errests for assaults made upon them in execution of their duties, and I do not see how this question can be discussed without bringing in any question as to whether those arrests were legal or not, or whether the police were justified in making these arrests or whether the police are justified in making an investigation. I would very much welcome a inscussion, but I do feel that the question cannot be discussed without treading one matter which are now before the court.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHUR: How can you prejudge that?

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Shamsuddin, have you heard the other part of the statement of the Hon'ble the Home Minister, in which he says that you did not supply him with a statement, or you had promised in which case he would have enquired into the inafter?

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: That, Sir, is entirely a private matter.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Was the honourable member bound to supply such a statement?

Mr. SPEAKER: No, he is not bound, to be sure, but I must take every fact into consideration. Will not the reply of Sir Nazimuddin serve your purpose now?

"Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIN AHMED: It this matter is discussed here, the Hon'ble Minister may even now promise to the House that he will enquire into the matter. This need not affect the discussion.

"Mr. SPEAKER: Are you going to refer to any matter in connection with the subject, which is subjudge?

The Hon'ble Khwaja 8'r RAZIMUDDIN: May I ask Mr. Shams-uddin Jhmed what is it for which, as he alleges, which allegation, however, I do not accept, the police are taking this action? What is it due to?

Mr. SASANKA SEKTAR. SANTAL: For police, excesses.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN; What is it for which the police are acting in this way? Let us hear from Mr. Shamsyddin himselt.

Mr. M. SHAMSJDDIN AHMED: I must state, Sir, that there as a Krisak Proja Samity in the place where police zulum is going on For the last few months this Society has been functioning all right and it has been ventilating for the redress of grievances which the Krishaks had against their landlords. They had got redress of some of their grevances, which upset the landlords so much that in collusion with the police they are trying to harass the people in the best way possible. Now the situation there is that in 3 villages people have fled to other villages, and when they return to their villages zemindar's men and lathials, 50, 60 or 70 in number, who are roaming in the villages, are beating the people with the help of the police right and left. That has created a great panic. The police is not only shirking its duty but is also helping the zemindars to terrorize the whole villages in order to because they belong to the Krishak teach the simple folk a lesson Praja Samity

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: J am very sorry that the facts as stated by Mr. Shamsuddin are absolutely contrary to what is actually happening, and even taking the statement of Mr. Shamsuddin just now made, it appears that the police are acting because something has happened in connection with certain proceedings in the court

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: No, no, he did not say like that

Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIN AHMED: One word, Sir. The police, and the zemindar semen are crying "where is Shamsuddin, and where is his father" and such other things, and "we are the police and we can do everything."

Mr. SPEAKER: Well, I am not concerned with almse. Where is the relevancy of all these?

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: On a point of order, Sir. On previous occasions, may I cite that such motions of adjointness were allowed? Only, the mover was not allowed to go into any matter that was before the Court. I may refer you. Sir, to the adjointnment motion on the Charmaniar incident and such other incidents. The adjournment motions were allowed then and only the mover was not allowed to go into those matters that were before the Court. In those cases, Sir, adjournment motions were always considered to be right.

Mr. SPEAKER: My difficulty is that Mr. Shamsuddin's motion has been termed in such general language that it includes matters which have not gone to Court as well as those which have gone to fourt.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: It is to be in general terms and fit is for you to exercise your discretion and stop him if he refers to matters which are sub judice.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: It will be impossible for you, Sir, I submit, to intervene in the debate it any member refers to matters which are now sub judice.

Mr. SPEAKER: First of all, I must know what are the specific acts of intimidation. I want information on two points—firstly, that there have been certain specific acts of police intimidation committed within recent time, and secondly, that mone of those acts are the subject-matter of judicial proceedings at the present moment. It I am satisfied on these two points, then I shall consider whether bean give my consent. Moreover, Mr. Shamsuddin, you have not given me the date of occurrence.

Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIN AHMED: The main question is the subsequent behaviour of the police after the actual occurrence. I am not concerned just with the time when the occurrence took place. The zamindar's men brought in the police from outside the Kushtia thage. The Union concerned is within the jurisdiction of the Kushtia thana, but the police was requisitioned from Mirpur thana within the jurisdiction of which the zamindar lives. When the decree was served, there was no occurrence then. The men were brought to the kutchery and there they were whipped

'Mr. SPEAKER: May I know when this occurrence took place?

Mr. M. SHAMSUODIN AHMED: The police had gone from house to house...

Mr. SPEAKER: I want to know, when

... Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIN AHMED: Day before vesterday.

Mr. SPEAKER: I am afraid I must rule the motion out of order on the ground that though the notice of it was given on the 5th of Argust, Mr. Shamsuddin now refers to an incident which occurred only day before yesterday. If, however, Mr. Shamsuddin will give fresh notice, specifically mentioning the period within which certain

specific acts of indimidation took place. I shall be prepared to consider it. As at present, it seems you are not particularly sure of the date when the incident took place.

- *• The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: What is more, Sir, I forgot to raise one point. Mr. Shamsuddin had an opportunity to raise this question just after the notice was given, but headid not.
- Mr. SPEAKEP: No, he had no opportunity. But as I have already said, I am prepared to consider the matter turther if Mr. Shamsaddin will give a fresh notice and will also give specific incidents which he wants to refer to and must also state that they are not the subject-matter of any judicial proceedings for the time being. But, for the time being, I have decided that it is not in order.
- Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIN AHMED: Sir, the position is that the whole thing is continuing. The police are staying in the zamindar's kutchery and ransacking the villages----
- Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Shamsuddin, for the time being, I have given my ruling and I cannot allow you to proceed further with it
- Mr. ABDUR RAHMAN SIDDIQI: Sir, I have also given notice of an adjournment motion, and I should like to know whether I have your permission to move it.
- -Mr. SPEAKER: You have given it too late, and I have not given my consent to it

Enquiry regarding report of the Assembly Rules Committee.

Al-Haj Maulana Dr. SANAULLAM: May I enquire. Sir, as to when the new Rules and Standing Orders, as drafted by the Special Committee appointed for the purpose, will come into force after being formally approved by the House?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: So may as one new rules are concerned, they have got to be placed before the Rules Committee for final approval. There was a joint Conference with the President, the Speaker, and the members of Government in order that these rules may be in uniformity with the rules that were framed by the Legislative Council. We wanted to have a uniformity in the rules of the Legislative Council and those of the Legislative Assembly on subjects which concern both the Houses. In such matters, the Legislative Council Committee have suggested certain modifications which I would like to place before the Rules Committee of the Assembly.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA; But when will you do that?

The Hon'ble Khwija Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Before the session comes to a close or immedia ely after.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA: When does the session cerminate;

The Hon'hle Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I do not know yet.

COVERNMENT BILL.

The Bengal Dentists Bill, 1938.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I beg to move that the Bengal Dentists Bill, 1938, as amended by the Select Committee, be taken into consideration.

Sir, I sympathise with the general disinclination of the honourable members of this House to proceed with the hundrum work of legislation. Motions of adjournment are far more exciting, but I hope this very modest piece of legislation will go through without much controversy. I am taking this opportunity of datalling in brief the object of this Bill as neither at the time of introduction nor at the time of reference to the Select Committee were the objects of the Bill placed before the House.

The object of the Bill is to provide for the registration and control of dental practitioners in Bengal. A Committee of Enquiry was accordingly appointed in 1934 to advise Government in the matter. After careful consideration of the report submitted by this Committee, Government decided to undertake legislation.

o The Bill seeks to lay down certain conditions for registration as a dental practitioner, but for the time—being it does not prohibit the unregistered practitioner in the province from practising the profession. The Bill requires the provincial Government—to—establish a—Board to be called the Bengal Dental Board, which will maintain the register of registered dental practitioners, will recognise with the approval of Government—the Dental Colleges and Schools and take disciplinary action in connection with registered dental practitioners.

The qualifications required of a practitioner to entitle him to be borne can the register of registered dental practitioners are set forth in the Schedule appendal to the Bill. The Provincial Government is to be given power to recognise, on the recommendation of the Dental Board, other, qualifications which may be later brought on to the Schedule.

For the protection of existing practitioners, it is proposed that any person who has been in actual practice in dentistry in Bengal for five or more years previous to the passing of the Act shall be eligible for registration within a period of one year. Dental aractitioners who have been in practice for y shorter period shall have to pass, within a period of five years from the commencement of the Act, a special examination to be held by the State Medical Faculty of Bengal in the manner to be prescribed by the provincial Government

The licentiateship of Dental Surgery will be conferred by the State Medical Faculty of Bengal on the results of examinations to be held by it in the manner to be prescribed by Government. Pending such conferment of the licentiateship of Dental Surgery by the State Medical Faculty of Bengal, the licentiates in Dental Surgery of the Calcutta Dental College and Hospital will be recognised.

The Board will have power to make rules for carrying out the purposes of the Act except that all rules regarding finances (e.g., levy of fees, etc.) will be made by Government to whom also appeals against the decision of the Board regarding registration matters shall lie

I may inform the House that this Bill is the product of the joint deliberations of those practising in dental surgery and those of the medical profession. I hope, Sir, that this Bill will commend itself to the House, and that the amendments, that have been tabled will be withdrawn.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: With that in view I did send some motions also, but unfortunately for some technical reasons I find that those motions cannot be taken up. The whole question of controlling and regulating the profession of dentistry in Bengal has been under consideration for the last ly years. The desirability of registration of dentists was recognized by the members of the General Medical Council of the United Kingdom practising in Bengal as early as 1917, when Dr. Taylor first suggested it. Ever since the question of registration has been before experts from time to time, and ultimately she Government in 1935, rather the end of 1934 August 1934, -appointed a Committee to investigate into the problems connected therewith. The direction given to that Committee consisted not merely investigation into the question of registration, but also with regard to the proper arrangements for training medical men and other people in the science of dentistry and dental surgery and also the question of preventing quacks from creating a havor in the rural as well as in the urban afeas So, the questions that were to be discussed and controlled or regulated by a Bill of this nature were of three kinds, namely, registration, education, and prevention of practising by quacks

So far as the present Bill is concerned, I find that apart from registration, the other two and more important points have not been toughed at-

all. I submit, Sir, that so long as Government do not make provisions for preventing unauthorized persons with no training whatever in the art of dentistry operating apon unwary public, particularly of the poorer section, a Bille of this nature will serve no useful purpose. It may be argued that even with regard to the ordinary medical practitioners in Bengal, there is no restriction of quacks in the practice of allopathy or western medicine as such. I beg to point out in reply thereto that this has been an anomaly to which the public of Bengal and particularly the medical men have drawn attention from time to time. Even as late as November last year, the Bengal Provincial Medical Conference passed a resolution to this effect, "That the Government of Bengal be approached to enact proper legislation prescribing strong measures for the suppression of the practice of the Western system of medicine by the quacks." The Indian Medical Conference also had similar resolutions passed. The problem before us as not merely the problem of collecting some fees or revenues from those who are good boys, that is those who would like to be registered, but the real problem is how to stop those who are bad boys, that is those not sufficiently qualified for exercising their skill, or absence of skill appoint he public. If that is not contemplated, no useful purpose can possibly be served by registration alone. Therefore, Sir, I oppose the motion for consideration of the Bill.

In the second place, I have to submit that this Bill was not circulated for eliciting public opinion, and therefore we have not been able to obtain expert or other opinion in this connection. What little expert opinion we have, is through the special enquiry that Government instituted in 1934-35, and the Committee that was then appointed - a committee of experts did report, Sir, that a Dental Registration. Act should be passed through the then Legislative Council. This Dental Registration Act was to restrict the practice of dentistry in Bengal to those whose qualifications reach the standard required by the Board, to those who have been in regular practice in Bengal for five or more years previous to the passing of that Act, and to those who have been in regular practice in Bengal for less than a period of five years mentioned above as Kave passed the special examination to be held under the auspices of the Board. So, they were very specific, and the experts also had agreed to institute some kind of examination, and some arrangements also were recommended for training. None of these valuable recommendations find place in the present Bill - It might be argued that - She tine is yet inopportune for such restrictive provisions being adopted. To that my reply is that while the Bengal Medical Act was passed in 1914. The number of qualified medical practitioners who got registered in 1915 was only 1,230, ih 1937 the number of qualified medical practitioners on the Register of Bengal alone was 11,678, and there were at least 500 more persons practising in Bengal who were either registered in Great, Britain in the British Register or registered in other provinces.

nedical men have more or less some knowledge of, All of t dentistry, because the schools as well as the medical colleges have in their course some kind of teaching of dentistry, although not of the very highest order; so that immediately we have available nearly 12,000. medical men as well as a number of medical practitioners who have specialised in dentistry in the city and outside. There should not be any dearth of duly qualified medical meneto succounto the needs of the people at the moment it restriction is observed with regard to quacks particularly with regard to those Chinese and other itinerent foreigners who come here for a number of months, and after getting some money in the rural areas and urban areas by practising careless dentistry get back to their country. Nobody can touch them or make them responsible for what they do, and, it is something akin to the Kabuli zulum in regard to money-lending. I submit that so long as that is not stopped, legislation of this nature should not be rushed through. I have also to point out. Sir, that the Bill that we have before us does not contemplate reciprocal advantages for those who get qualified in Bongal, who get due qualifications from the University or from the eventual State Medical Faculty in Bengel, to obtain privileges of registration either in Great Britain or invany other country or province. This is a very essential point that has got to be carefully considered. We know how there was a great amount of tussle between the British Medical Council and the Indian Medical Council for some time past over the question of reciprocal recognition, and unless we get reciprocal assurance from such foreign countries whose degrees or whose training we are going to recognise for permitting people trained or holding such degrees to practise in Bengal, - unless adequate assurance is forthcoming that they in their turn will give our boys similar privileges to practise in their respective countries,-I submit, Sir, that we should not accept such degrees, and we should rather proceed on some kind of examination locally, to enable them to practise in this province. It therefore, request the Hon ble Minister in charge to pause and ponder it he is really well advised to push through this legislation in its present form. It is universally recognised that the Bengal Medical Act of 1914 is quite out of date. To model the present legislation on that Act is a great mistake. Things have improved considerably within this period. We have before us the British Act controlling and regulating the dentists and dentistry in Great Britain. I would most respectfully submit that that Act should be our guiding star rather than the Act which has been drafted by a certain official on the basis of meagre knowledge of the working is other countries during recent years. I would very much like certain alterations being introduced, but I am precluded from proposing amounts because of certain restriction, under the rules and under the Government of India Act. I, therefore, request the Hon'ble Minister and the House to very carefully consider the points raised and to refer the Bill back for further consideration and, in the meantime, the Hon'ble

's Minister will do well either to withdraw the Bill in its present form of to allow the motion for opposition to be passed without a division.

Sir! I have the painful necessity of opposing the protion moved by the Hon ble Minister in charge of Public Health, much though I desire to welcome legislation for regulating the protession of dentists. I had carefully examined the provisions of this enactment and had tried conestly to see if an improvement could be effected by proposing amendments here and there.

(At this stage the Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy rose to speak.)

Mr. SPEAKER: No reply is necessary, Mr. Suhrawardy.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Should not we have a reply trom the Hon'ble Minister? He rose to speak, Spr.

Mr. SPEAKÉR: It is his own motion, and no reply is necessary.

The question, before the House is that the Bengal Dentists Bill, 1938, as reported by the Select Committee be taken into consideration

The motion was then put and agreed to. 's a

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I submit, Sir, that this matter abould be discussed in the House?

Mr. SPEAKER: Nobody was willing to discuss it of

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Put the Hon'ble Minister got up to reply.

Mr. SPEAKER: That is not discussion. We will now take up the BIR clause by clause.

Clause 1.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause I stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 2.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 2 stand part of the Bill. A s

The motion was the put-and agreed to.

Clause

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 3 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was there put and agreed to. .

lause 4.

Mr. SPEAKER: Dr. Mukherji, do you want to move your motion?

Dr. SHARAT CHANDRA MUKHERJI: Yes, Sir I beg to move that in clause 4 (1), the Nords "inversears" be emitted

Mr. SPEAKER: I am atraid that your motion is not in order. This amendment makes the clause meaningless

Dr. NAL'NAKSHA SANYAL: Move the second one. Delete the aist one

• Dr. SWARAT CHANDRA MUKHERJI: Sn. 1 beg to move that in clause 4 (7), line 1, for the words "five years" the words "three years" be substituted.

~ • Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: Sur, I have got a similar motion to Dr. Mukherji's motion.

Mr. SPEAKER: I shall put all the motions together.

Dr. SURESH CHANDRA BANERJEE: Sir, I beg to move that in clause 4 (I), in line 1, for the word* "five years" the words "two years" be substituted.

Mr. SPEAKER: Dr. Mukherp, are you moving your motions?

Dr. SHARAT CHANDRA MUKHERJI: Yes, Sir. L beg to move that to clause 4 (Ly (b), the words "one of whom shall be a medicale service licentiate" be added at the end.

I also beg to move that in clause 4 (2), line 1, for the work "five years" the words "three years" be substituted.

Mr. SPEAKER: Dr. Baneriee, are you moving the motion standing in your name?

Dr. SURESH CHANDRA BANERJÆE: Yes, Sir."

... Mr. SPEAKER: Then please niove all your motions of eafter another, Nos. 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, but be as short as possible.

- * Dr. SURESH CHANDRA BANERJEC: Sir, I beg to move that in clause 4 (2), line 1, for the words "five years" the words "two years" be substituted.
- , I also beg to move that in clause 4 (2), line 2, effer the words "consist of" the words "the following" be omitted.

I also beg to move that in clause 4 (2), line 2, after the words "nine members" the words "elected by and from among the registered dental practitioners" be inserted.

I also beg to move that in clause 4 (2), in line 4, after the word "Chairman" the word "namely" be omitted.

I also beg to move that in clause 4 (2), sub-clauses (a) and (b) be omitted.

Mr. Speaker, Sir, आमाद अथम बलवाब कथा এই যে the Bengal Dental Board পঠিত হলে--এই Bengal Dentists Act এ এই নিয়ম করা হয়েছে যে যীরা এব সভা হবেন কিম্বা যারা এর সভাপতি হবেন, তাদেব ও বছদেব জন্য গভণ্মেন্ট মনোনীত কোরবেন। এ সম্বন্ধে প্রথমত আমি এই কথা বোলবো যে আমরা বর্তমানে গণতান্ত্রিক যুগে বাস কোরছি। गर्डणं रमने कर्ड़ के मरनानग्रंग जगहरन्त्रव सम्मूर्ण विरवाधी, स्ट्राः यठहा सम्बद आमारमव मरनाग्रंन अथा বংধ কোরে দিতে হাঁবে। তবে কতকগুলি অবস্থায় বাধ্য হয়ে মনোনয়ন প্রথা রাখতে হয় যেমন কোন একটা বোর্ড নৃত্যু পঠিত হলে নিশ্বাচনের কোন ব্যবস্থা থাকে না সেই জন্য কিছুদিনের জন্য মনোনয়ন প্রথার धन् प्रति कात्र हा किन्द्र प्रिष्टे भरनानम्बन्ध भाव ठठ, पिरनव करनाहे अरम्राक्षन यठनिन याचा निवर्गाहन কোরবে সেই নিবটাচক মণ্ডলী গঠিত না হয়। বঙামান ছেত্রে আমবা ধ্বেনিতে পাবি যে দু বছরেব ভিতর এত অধিক সংখ্যক নিবর্বাচক মণ্ডলী হবে এবং Dentist ও registered এত হবে যে ৫ বছর প্যান্তি nomination धारत तथा ठिक शत ना। তাছাড়া **৫ বছরের জন্য এরক্ম** body ধোৰে রাখা যুগপরিপন্থী। সেই জন্য House क এवर माननीम् मण्डीमशागग्रदक अन्द्रताथ कार्ताष्ट्र य । वहात्रत काग्रणाग्र म् वहत्र यन स्मान सन्। जिन वश्मत---সংশোধনের প্রস্তাব শরং বাবু ও ধীরেন বাবু কোরেছেন তাদেব ও আমি অনুরোধ কোরছি তারাও रयन आमात् এहे ८ तकरत्त्र म्हार्स स्हे वहत्र प्रश्लाधरम् अञ्चाव स्मर्स सम्म । जात्र भरत् यथन म् वहत्र অতিবাহিত হোর্থে যাবে তখন কি ভাবে নিম্বাচন হবে----তাই এখন আমাদের বিবেচা বিষয়। মূল প্ৰস্টাবে ৰলা হয়েছে—যে ৯ জন সভা নিয়ে the Bengal Dental Board পঠিত হবে—চার . मरका 9 क्रम हरद Dental practitioners मित्र मरका शिरक बाद महिना हरद medical practitioners দের মধ্য থেকে। আমি ব্যুতে পারছি না কেন medical practitioners দের এর মধ্যে টানা হয়েছে। বোর্ডের সকল সভাই Registered Dental Practitioners मरक्षा श्याकरे निवर्गिष्ठिक रुख्या महकात। यमि Registered medical নের পধ্যে থেকে দুজনা নেওয়া হয় তাহলে Dental Practitioners practition, rs তাই আমার तरामाधारी अन्ताव **वह सि—स्** দের প্রতি অন্যায় করা হয়। নিখাচিত হবে তারা লকলেই Dental Pract tioners দের মধ্যে থেকে নির্ম্বাচিত इरत। आমि स कश्रेष्टी प्रश्मार्थम अन्याद अचारन उपिक्षण करति और श्रीमा साम करा, आमा करि <u>र्</u>णभनाद्गी प्रकाल आमात धरे प्रशास्त्र मान मान नावन।

Dr. &HARAT CHANDRA MUKHERJI:

এ সম্বশ্যে আমি এই কথা বলিতে চাই যে কোন একটা ন্তুন organisation এ বাদ্ধ দীঘ্ৰ-কালের জন্য কোন দায়িত্বপূর্ণ কারু প্লামাদের ঘাড়ে ফেলে রাখা। থায় চাহলে সাধারণত দেখিতে পাওয়া যায় যে কিছ্দিন পরে আমাদের ভিতর একটা দৈখিলা আসিয়া প'ড়ে, আমরাভ ভালো করিজ্ঞাজ করিতে পারি না। 'এই অভিভাগ আমরা ম্নিলিপালিটি, চিন্টিকট বোড, লোকল জোর ইউনিয়ন বোড এই বাপারের ভিতর দিয়ে অজ'ন করিয়াছি। তাছাড়া অন্যান্দ্র যাভারা এই বোডের মধ্যে আসিতে চান এবং আসিবার মাদের অধিকারও রয়েছে তাদের যাহাতে বাণ্ড কোরে রখিয়া রাহু সেই জন্য আমি বালতে গাই যেও বছরের জায়ুপায় ভিন বছর যদি করা হয় ভাহলে তিন বছর পরে পরে অনেক লোক আসিতে পারিবেন, এবং তাদের দায়িত অনুসারে তারা কাজত কোরিতে পারিবেন। এই কথা বালয়া আমি আমার শাত্রাতা উপস্থিত করিতেছি।

Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: With reference to chaise 4, it has been stated that for the first 5 years, the Board shall consist of appointed members. My amendment is that instead of the word "five", it should be "three". I want that the appointed members should not remain on the Board for more than three years. It is not desirable that the appointed members should remain on the Board for more than three years. I want that after a lapse of three years, the appointed members shall cease to be members and the members shall be elected; so I want that instead of the word "five" the word "three" should be substituted.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I regret I have to oppose the amendments. The argument for altering the term "five years" cannot be upheld as, apart from the fact that it was supported by the unanimous opinion of the Select Committee, you must give the new Board a chance they are going to create something, they are going to look into several matters and settle the education, the examination and the question of registration of dental practitioners and if you change the Board after two or three years, I am alriaid, it will not be able to function satisfactorily. I may inform the House, and no doubt some of the honourable members are aware, that there is a goneral tendency of the present moment to increase the lite of elected bodies so that they may be able to carry on their policy to a successful conclusion.

An amendment has 'seen moved that one of the two registered medical practitioners in section 4 (I) (b) should be a medical heentiate. There is no reason why one should not be a licentrate, but there is also no zeason why, it we get two eminent medical practitioners, we should be compelled to take one medical heentiate who may not be as competent as one whose services we may be able to procure.

.Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee has further moved that of the 9 members, all of them should be elected from amongst the register dental practitioners. Now, I find that if we are to follow the guiding star of Dr. Sanyal, namely, the British Dentists Act of 1921, the General Council of Medical Education and Registration is represented by three members of the British Dental Board and I do not think that it will be

[17тн Агс.,

a very great hardship or injustice on registered dental practitioners if registered medical practitioners elected by the Medical Council cooperate with them. For these reasons, I oppose the various amendments.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that in clause \$\(\frac{4}{5}\), line 1, for the words "five years" the words "three years" be substituted.

The motion was then put and lost.

- Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee's amendment that in clause 4 (1), in line 1, for the words "five years" the words "two years" be substituted, was then put and lost.
- Dr. Sharat Chandra, Mukherji's amendment that in clause 4 (1) (b*), the words "one of whom shall be a medical Ecentiate" be added at the end, was then put and lost.
 - Dr. Sharat Chandra Mukherji's amendment that in clause 4 (2), line 1, for the words "five years" the words "three years" be substituted, was then put and lost.
 - Dr. Suresh Chandra Banetjee's amendment that in clause 472), line 1, for the words, "five years" the words "two years" be substituted, was then put and lost.
 - Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee's amendment that in clause 4 (2), line 2, after the words "consist of" the words "the following" be omitted, was put then and lost
 - Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee's amendment that in clause 4.72), line 2, after the words 'nine members' the words ''elected by and from among the registered dental practitione's' be inserted was then put and lost
 - Dr. Suresh Chandra, Banerice's amendment chat in clause (4 (2), in line 4, after the word "Charman" the word "namely" be omitted, was then put and lost
 - Dr. Suresh Chendra Bancipe's amendment that in clause 4 (2), sub-clause's (a) and (b) be omitted was then put and lost

Clarice 4

Mr. SPFAKER: The question is that clause 4 stand part of the Bill. The question was then but and agreed to

Clause 5. .

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clause 5/stand part of the Bill. The question was then put and agreed to

167

Clause 6.

Mr. SPEAKER: The amendment of Dr. Sharat Chandra Mukherji is out of order.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that ckruse 6 stand part of the Bill-The question was they put and agreed to

Clauses 7, 8, 9, 70 and 11

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clauses 7, Se 9, 10 and 11 stand part of the Bill

The question was then put and agreed to

Clause 12

Dr. SURESH CHANDRA' BANERJEE: I beg to move that in clause 12 60% in lines 8 and 9, for the words "State Medical Faculty of Bengal" the words "Bengal Dental Board" be substituted

यामाद এই अध्यास्त्रत्य सम्म এই य Dental Board Mr Speaker Sir. अबे त्यार्शिय भन्ना बर्ड भानत्य स्मिन्ना वन्ना भन्नास्त्र। স্থলে কোন কোন dental practitioner रिट्राल तला बरहारक रहे (a तेकट Practice शासन्द दानाके शका बरद शानदन । आहे शासन practice © বুল্ল হয় নাই তাদেও কোটা প্ৰীয়ণ দিতে হতে। এই প্ৰীয়ণ দিতে হতে কাদেও ৰাছে। State ्राष्ट्र रह medical तार्थ ठाउँ कास्म। Faculty of Bengal Medical dartal practitioners ্রা, এলাণে দশারের চিকিপেরেরা, প্রীক্ষা দেবে 🦂 जीरहर हिकिस्प्रकरणन कुमा रह दिल्ला देशाई आमदा गेरेम स्नार्गक रप्त स्नार्गक कारक महे. संब modicai faculty বা কাছে: সাধাৰণ মান্ধ এই राष्ट्रावताव हानावामद न्याटा शिव्ह दक्षा বখা ভারবে যে দগতের যাবাশীরিকার তাদের পরীক্ষা হবল 🖖 🕻 Dental Board * এর বাছে, এবং আমান স লোধনত চাই। আমান ব্যক্ত পাৰ না বেন Medical Board কে এখানে টোন আনা হয়েছে, তে তেনই বা Dental Board, কে চাব প্রায়কার চোকে বভিত্র কোরে স আঁধবার Medical Board রে সেওয়া হয়েছে। Mi Speaker Sii, ও ভূচিনাটা গ্রহ সহত য়ে दिरम्य इताम युक्ति इता दन्द्राइड फैक्टरवर्षे १५७ द्याका २५८ - ५५% (🎳 🕯 वास सम्मे तरीह अत्यावर আমার এই সংশোধন পুরুষ কোরে Doutal Board এর হৈ গাধর র গেও এক্ট্রি বুক্রেন।

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I am sorry, Sir, that this amendment has been mosed under a norsapplichension. The Bengal State Medical Faculty of Bengal has got an Examination Faculty_and has got a machinery for examination "The Bengal Dental Board has got no mackinery, and a mackinery will, therefore have to be eated, which will be very expensive. The Registration Committee and the Bengal Dental Board Committee recommerded that Dental Examination should be conducted by the State Medical Faculty and diplomas granted by it, and I submit that we should stick to the recommendation

[17тн Агс.,

of the Enquiry Committee. I hope, therefore, that the honourable member will withdraw his motion.

The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clause 12 stand part of the Bill.

The question was then put and agreed to.

- Clauses 13, 14 and 15.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clauses 13, 14 and 15 stand part of the Bill.

The question was then put and agreed to

Mr. SPEAKER: I am not sure whether this amendment is in order. Have you anything to say, Mr. Suhrawardy?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: It is really outside the scope of the Bill, and I have some doubts as to wherever the previous sanction of His Excellency the Governor under section (119) of the Government of India Act is necessary or not to the moving of this amendment.

Mr. SPEAKER: It also strikes me as such

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I have not been able to make up my mind about the admissibility of this amendment, and, therefore, I would give the benefit of the doubt to the honourable member who has tabled this amendment.

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Kundu, I hope you will be very brief, for I have to adjourn the House shoully for prayer

Mr. NiSHITHA WATH KUNDU: Sir, I beg to move that after clause 15, the following new clause be added, namely:--

"15A. A person not registered but practising as a dentist shall not take, or use or affix to, or use in conjection with, his premises, any other title or description which is calculated to suggest that he possesses any professional status or qualifications which he in fact does not possess."

In support of this amendment, Sir, I have nothing more to say than what I have already stated in my minute of dissent in the Select Committee's Report. In this Bill, there is a provision for preventing——

Mr. PEAKER: Mr. Kundu, Mr. Suhrawardy has just given me the draft of an amendment which is akin to yours. His draft amendment is as follows:—

Whoever voluntarily and falsely assumes or uses any title or description or any addition to his name implying that he holds a degree or diploma or licence or certificate or any qualification with regard to defital surgery shall be punishable to the extent of Rs. 250

Will you be satisfied with that amendment?

Mr. NISHITHA NATH KUNDU: Yes, Sir. If that case I would be prepared to withdraw my amendment.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: On a point of order, Sig. Should not that come in after clause 23?

Mr. SPEAKER4 Yes

The amendment of Mr. Nishitha Nath Kundu, namely, that after clause 15, the following new clause be added, namely:

"15. A person not registered but practising as a dentist shall not take, or use or affix to, or use in connection with, his premises, any other title or description which is calculated to suggest that he possesses any professional status or qualifications which he in fact does not possesses."

was, by leave of the House, withdrawn,

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clauses 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 stand part of the Bill

The question was then put and agreed to

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Sir, I beg to move that before clause 23, the following be added:--

Whoever voluntarily and falsely assumes or uses any title or description or any addition to his name implying that he holds a degree or diploma or licence or certificate or any qualification with regard to dental surgery shall be punishable to the extent of Rs. 250.

The amendment of the Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, namely, "Whoever voluntarily and falsely assumes or uses any title or description or any addition to his name implying that he holds a degree or diploma or licence or certificate or any qualification with regard to dental surgery shall be punishable to the extent of Rs. 250", was then put and agreed to.

The question that clause 23, as amended, stand part of the Bill, was then put and agreed to.

Clauses 24, 25, 26 and 27.

Mr. SPEAKER's The question is that clauses 24, 25, 26 and 27 stand part of the Bill.

The question was then put and agreed tσ.

The Schedules.

Dr. SURESE CHANDRA BANERJEE: I beg to shove that in the Schedule in Part I-Indian Last-item No. 1 be omitted?

I beg also to move that in the Schedule in Part I—Indian Last—in item No. 3 in line 3, after the words "engaged in the" the world "exclusive" be inserted.

'I beg further to move that in the Schedule in Part I—Indian List—in item No. 3 in line 3, all the words after the words "practice of dentistry" be omitted

I beg also to move that in the Schedule in Part II--Foreign List in item No. 2 in line 2, after the words "in the country" the words "or to appear at the State Board Examination" be inserted

Mr. Speaker, Sir, এখন যা মূল প্রস্তাবে আছে, আব আমার বা দ গোধন তার মধ্যে পাহকি। কৈ সেইটা সংস্থেপে আমি আপনাদেব বোকারে।। मान अञ्चादि देना वृद्धाव ह्य बामदा अध्यक्त अहै আইশব্যার কবিকাতার যে একটা কলেছ আছে যাব নাম the Calcutta Dental College and Hospital, 'সেই কলেজ এবং হ'দেপাশেল থেবে হ'বো লাইদেন্স, ভিন্তোমা বা সাজিতিকেট भारत - कारमवर्भराष - आजू विकार लागरव मा। Dental Board এन अवराम आजा है। उन हकून ६ কলেজ থাকা দৰ্কার ১৬-৮ Dental Board স্থাপনের প্রেটেই এমন একটা কলেড্রে মানা হলো ্ডামি নাঃ ত্ত্তেছে শিক্ষাকি বৰুপ আইনের বোরা যে কলেজ সম্বন্ধে আমরা কেট ভিছ্ দেওয়া হয়। সেখানে বোগীদেব । হাকবাৰ কাৰ্ছ্য বি ৰক্ষা । সেখানে এসবাৰণ্ড কি বক্ষ আছে, যুদ্রপাতিই বা কি আছে না আছে আনবা কিঙ্ই তাব জানি নার অয়ত আদশ আনাদের এই অজানা 🛥 🗷 বসহায়তে সেই কালক থেকে যাকা লাইছেলেল। পাৰেই ডিবেলামা পাৰে। কা সাজিক্তিকেই পাৰে তারা বিনা বাধায় Bengal Dental Boath ad member হাঁচে পাব্যব এইটো বলে দিছিল। আমবা কেন এই कलाककी के वाह लाहर (मान निर्मेष्ट) विस्तृक लगत गान देश धरे मानार लिक्टन व्यादा व्यानक वर्धा আছে या এই आहेरन नाहे। बामहा এই बाहिरनव न्याया अरुउंग्र Dental Board शहन रहार्दाছ---बामहा সেই বোডাকৈ অধিকাৰ দিতে পাৰি যে বাংলায় যে সমস্ত্র Dentil medical স্কুল বা কলেজ खार्ष' ठारमव भरतेषा रवांस कावटठ भाउवन এवः हेका कावटल धनः Dental College ६ म्हाभन কিন্তু যে কলেজকে আধরা জানি না যার সম্বন্ধে কোন পরিচয় নাই, সেই কলেজকে কোনে একটা আইনের ব্যারা মেনে নেওয়ার পিছনে কোন গৃহা অর্থ আছে কি না জানি না। আমার মনে হয় এর পিছলে একটা গৃহা অর্থ আছে। এরকম ভাবের ব্যারা এইটাই বোঝা যায়।

Mr. Speaker, Sir, জামি আপনার শ্রেক্তে এই House কে অব্রোধ কোরছি যে এমন একটা বিষয়ে ভোটের দ্বারা আইন পাশ যেন এই হাইস নাকরেন- যে সদ্বন্ধে এ ছাউসের কোম অভিত্যা নাই। অতথ্য Schedule No. I এ Calentra Dental College and Hospital সদ্বন্ধে যা কিছু আছে সেটা মেনে ইনওয়া ঠিক হার না। তার্পর, Registered হার অধিকার সদ্বন্ধে আমার বহুবা এই যে—কলকাসার যারা খালি dental practice করেন তাদেরই বহু অধিকার থাকা, দরকার।) যালা জেখের চিকিৎসা, কানের চিকিৎসা প্রচ্চ নানী চিকিৎসার সংক্রেক্ত দিকে পাতের চিকিৎসা করেন তাদেরও সে অধিকার থাকা ইচিত নয়, অথচ আইনে তাদেরও আমিকার দেওরা হয়েছে। সেইজনা আমি বালোছি যে—যারা পাতের চিকিৎসা করেন বাদেরই অধিকার থাকবে। আমার তৃত্যি, কথা হছে——

Mr. SPEAKER: Dr. Banerjee, I think you should speaks your third word later on.

At this stage the House was adjoined for 15 minutes

(After adjournment.)

Dr. SURESH CHANDRA BANERJEE:

আর ৩য় point টা technical এখানে লেখা ফুছে Pritish Indian Subjects holding foreign dental qualification, which entitle them to practise in the country
তার পরেই পালা to appear at the State Board Examination ''আমি insert কোরতে
চাই-এই জন্ম যে বিদেক্তে গিয়ে dental qualified হলেই সেখানে practice কোরতে পারে পানে
দেখানকার একটা State প্রাক্তি আছে সেই প্রাক্তিয় পাশ কোরতে পার্লে তার বেখানে practice
কোজতে পারে। ব্যার্টির নিকটা প্রাক্তি চারা চারা চথানে practice গোরতে পান করবার জন্ম এই amendment কোরেছি:

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I enquire of the Minister in charge at this stage whether is paired under the Loreign Last after 1921, it is a printing in stake? There is a fill stop. Sar, but I think it should be a colon. Because their will hear, the meaning different and what we really wint. If it is a colon, we would take it that the proviso towards the end would cover both the to-max well as the second subscharge. That would make the necessary with clearer, and I think that would be the spart which the Honoble Minister himself would welcome.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Stransweing the last point first, I am sorry that it is not a most do. It is a full stop, not a colon or a semi-colon. Nevertheless, I am prepared to expense the question as to whether the may'so could not also supply to paragraph (1), and if I find that there are no difficulties in the way, then I should be prepared to amend the Bill at a subsequent stage so as to make the proviso apply to paragraph (1).

Sir, I regret again that I cannot see eye to eye with Dr. Suresh Chandra Bancriee. If we delete paragraph (1) of the Schedule, it would really mean that no one can be registered for some; considerable time to come. He lays that there is no reason why a licence, diploma or certificate granted by the Calcutta Dental College and Hospital should be accepted, and he seems to view with suspicion the Lact that Government has made an exception in favour of this institution. Well, Sir, I will not reciprocate by holding any similar suspicion regarding th€ amendment moved by Dr. Banerjee, but I will merely like to tell him that before this was done Governme, took every possible steps for the purpose of ascertaining the qualifications of this college and horpital, and was satisfied that the standard of education was high enough to merit this distinction. The Committee which went into the matter has also reported that the standard of education in this Dental College and Hospital is quite high. They have reported very favourably and they themselves have suggested that their licence or certificate should be recognized.

I am opposing Dr. Banerjee's nio.ion that the word "exclusive" be inserted after the words "engaged in the" in item 3, ye line 3, because I see no reason why general medical practitioners should also not be allowed to register themselves in the practice of dentistry in Bengal.

With regard to the last amendment for the insertion of "or to appear at the State Board Examination" after the words "in the country" in item No. 2 in line 2, I cannot quite understand, Sir, exactly what it means, if it means the State Board Examination of this place or some other foreign place. We do not know for instance whether there are State Board Examinations in Paris, or Michigan or Utah or Ohio.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is the motion of Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerice that in the Schedule in Part I. Indian List—item No. 1 be omitted.

. The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is the motion of Dr. Suresh Chandra Baneriee that in the Schedule in Part I—Indian List—in item (So. 3, in line 3, after the words "lengaged in the" the word "exclusive" be inserted.

The motion was then put and lost,

Clause 26.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is the motion of Dr. Surveya Chandra Baneiger that in the Schedule in Part I—Indian List-- in item No. 3, in line 3, all the words after the words "practice of lereistry" be omitted.

The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. SREAKER: The question before the House is the motion of Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee that in the Scholule in Part II—Foreign List—in Bem No. 2, in line 2, atten the words "in the country" the words "or to appear at the State Board Examination" be inserted. The motion was then put and lost.

The Schedule

Mr. SPEAKER: 'The question before the House is that the Schedule stend part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to

Preamble.

Mr. SPEAKER: Dr. Banerjee, your motion negarding the Preamble is not in order; nor is your next motion negarding the long title in order.

The question before the House is that the Preamble stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. H., S., SUHRAWARDY: I beg to move that the Bengal Dentists' Bill, as settled in the Assembly, be passed

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that the Bill, as settled in the Assembly, be passed.

The motion was then put and agreed to

The Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1938.

Mr. SPEAKER: As negards the next stem I find that there are lots of amendments. Sir Bijoy, do yau want to take up your #B:II at this late hour?

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD, SINCH ROY: Just as you please, Sir.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Sir, let us adjourn till day after to morrow.

Mr. SPEAKER: We have no sitting to morrow. We will now adjourn till the day after to-morrow.

Adjournment.

The House was then adjourned till 4-45 p.m. on Friday the 19th August, 1938, at the Assembly House, Calcutta.

Froceedings of the Bengal Legislative Assembly assembled under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1935.

The Assembly met in the Assembly House, Calcutta, on Friday, the 19th August, 1938, at 4-45 p.m.

Present:

Mr. Speaker (the Hou'ble Khan Bahadur M. AZIZL HAQUE, C.I.I.) in the Chan ten Hou'ble Ministers and 220 Members.

STARRED QUESTIONS

(to which oral answers were gi en)

Promotion of Muslim clerks in the Judge's Court, Noakhali.

- *103. Maulvi MUHAMMAD IBRAHIM: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Legislative and Judicial Department be pleased to state the number of clerks promoted to the upper division in the Judge's Court, Noakhali, in 1935 showing the number of Muslims as against non-Muslims at present?
- (b) Are the Government aware that the claims of senior Muslim clerks, whose promotion was due at the time, were overlooked and preference shown to non-Muslims?

MINISTER in charge of the LECISLATIVE and JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Nawab Musharruff Hossain, Khan Bahadur): (a) Three clerks were promoted to the upper division in the year 1938, of whom one is Muslum and 2 are non-Muslims.

(b) No claims were everlooked but the claims of some senior Muslim-Sis wells as of some senior non-Muslim clarks were passed over for their inefficiency, back record of service or physical incapacity. The number of clarks in the upper division by the Judge's Court at Noakhali on the 5th August. 1938, was Mustins 5 and non-Muslims 12; on the same date last year the respective numbers were 4 and 13.

Number of commissions in civil courts in Noakhali district.

- *104. Maulvi MUHAMMAD IBRAHM: Will she Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Judicka and Regislative Department bupilessed to lay on the table a statement showing on the period Juring April 1934 to March 1938—
 - (a) the number of commissions issued in each of the civil courts of the Neukhali district;
 - $\bullet(b)$ the names of pleaders who received the commissions, and
 - (c) the amount drawn by each of them?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: A statement showing the names of pleaders. Civil Court commissioners of Noadhali district and the amount drawn by each of them during the years 1935-36, 1936-37 and 1937-38 is laid on the Labrary table. It regret that all the information respected is not readily available and cannot be ascertained without disproportionate expendance of time and labour.

Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: সন্ত্রী মহাপার দয়া কোবে আবানাবেন কি তিনি বেপ্তেছেন যে এ সমস্থ information readily available ন্য , কোটের বেকটে কি এ সব জিনিয়ন্তি

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: This may be in the records of the Court but the difficulty is to collect the intermation from the records

Muslim prayer room in the High Court.

- *105. Maulvi WALIUR RAHMAN: (a) Will the Hon ble Minister in Charge of the Judicial and Legislative Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) whether midday recess is allowed from 12 to 2 p.m in the High Court on Fridays to all the Muslim employees of the High Court and
 - (10) whether all the Benches of the High Court adjourn at 12 to 2 p.m. on Fridays in order to enable the Muslim lawyers to perform their obligatory prayers?

that effect?

- (b) It the answer to (a) (a) is in the negative, wis the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of fissuing immediate orders to
- c) (c) Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state whether the room provided on the second floor of the High Court for Friday prayers can accommodate all the Muslim employees and lawyers of the High Court?
- (d) If the answer to (c) is in the negative is the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of making suitable arrangements as early as possible either on the open roof or in a large room?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: (a) (i) An hour's leave is granted on Fridays to such Muhammada a employees in the Court's offices as desire to take it for the purpose of saying, their Jumma prayers.

- (a) The Benches of the High Court do not suspend business on Fridays from 12 to 2 p.m.
 - (b) This is a matter entirely for the Court
- (c) A room has been provided on the second floor of the Court for saying Jumma prayer. No complaints have been received as to the insufficiency of accommodation.
 - (d) Does not arise

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if he is aware of the fact that the sitting of the High Court Benches from 12 to 2 p m on Fridays' puts obstacle in the way of saying prayers by the Muslim lawyers of the Court?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: No such difficulty has so long been experienced

Maulvi TAMIZUDIN KHAN: With reference to answer (b), will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether Government whald consider the desirability of drawing the attention of the Fight Court to this matter?

The Hon ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: The mere Mushim Advocates and Barristers would work in the High Court and, have cases, the demand for suspension of Court's work would be greater, but unfortunately the number is very small now and they have not got many cases. Therefore, if do not find sufficient reason for suspending the Court's work.

Maulvi-ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether he would consider the desirability of sneing that such Benches do not at from 12 mg/2 mm, on Fridays?

The Hon'ble Mrs A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: May I add to the answer given by the Hon'ble Judicial Minister by saying that in all cases on Fridays it Muslim lawyers ask for adjournment of their cases, that is always granted and no obstacle is put in the way of Muslim lawyers saying their Jumma prayers

* Crievances of the litigants of Civil Courts.

- *106. Maulvi MD. ABOUL HAKIM VIKRAMPURI: (a) Is the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Judicial and Legislative Department awaze—
 - (i) that urgent and important petitions are sometimes filed before the fixed adjourned date of hearing:
 - (ii) that it is the duty of the office clerk in charge of the records of pending cases to notify in Board and Office diary of pending cases as to what steps are taken by the Court on the prayers of those petitions, and
 - (111) that the litigants are not informed by the office clerks of the steps taken by the Court on those petitions?
- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, is the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of making a thorough enquiry into the matter with a view to rectifying the procedure?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSÁIN, Khan Bahadur:

- (a) Rule 31 of the Civil Rules and Orders contemplates disposal of petitions on the day there are filed and in cases where a reference is necessary to the record or other papers, on the following open day. If however petitions cannot be disposed of as thus contemplated and if a matrix discontinuous states, the procedure outlined in Rule 14 and form (M) 2 of the Civil Rules and Orders make it possible for the necessary information to be available to the parties and pleaders.
 - can It is not the duty of office clarks to supply the information personally to the parties. The Daily Cause List in form (M.2 has been prescribed with the object of making this information available to them and to avoid the necessity for personal communication between the Court staff and the public.
 - (b) Does not arise.

Appointment of Babu Nalui Ranjan Banikya Chowdhury as an Honorary Magistrate, Munshigan, Bench.

- *107. Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: (a). Will the Hon'Sle Minister in charge of the Judicial and Legislative Department by pleased to state whether there is any proposal to appoint Babu Salmi Ranjan Banikya Chowdhury as an Honorary Magistrate, 10- the Munshiganj Bench-in the district of Dacca?
- (b) Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that such a proposar from the present Subdivisional Officer, Munshiganj, was turned down only a few months ago by the then Additional District Magistrate of Dacca <
- (c) If the answer to (b) is in the affirmative, what are the grounds on which the proposal was turned down?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: (a) No such proposal has been received by Government.

- (b) Government has no information.
- (c) Does not arise.

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether Government have enquired of the District Magistrate of Dacca it such a proposal actually come and was turned down?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: 1 see no meaning in the honourable member's asking this question. The appointment has with the Government and 1 do not understand what he means by Government going to the District Magistrate and asking for information.

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether any enquiry was made from the District Magistrat, of Dacca and that such proposal was turned down and again such proposal has come up before the District Magistrate of Dacca?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: I do not believe any answer is necessary at this stage.

Maylvi ABOUL LATIF BYSWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when the recessity of this answer will come in?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOUSAIN, Khan Bahadur: When the matter comes up before Government.

Grant to the Pabna District Board for "Rural uplift".

*108. Babu NARENDRA NARAYAN PHAKRABARTY: Will the Hon ble Minister in charge of the brance Department be pleased to state.

(a) the amount which has been granted to the district of Pabna for "Rural uplift," up to this date; and

(b) the manner in which this grant is being disbursed?

MINISTER in charge of the FINANCE DERARTMENT (the Hon'ble Min Naini Ranjan Sarker): $(a) \text{ Rs } 50,791^{\circ}$

- (b) The grant is being spent on the following objects: -
 - (1) improvement of aural water supply;
- (2) establishment of Union Board dispensaries;
 - (3) establishment of seed, paddy and crop demonstration centres;
 - (4) improvement of cattle, and
 - (5) provision of playground, village libraries and farms attached to school * 2nd madrassahs

Mr. ABDULLA-AL-MAHMOOD: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state on what basis this allotment for rural uplift was made?

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: At the initial stage it was made on the basis of the population of the district

Mr. PRAMATHA RANDAN THAKUR: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state how much of this sum is spent for rural water-supply?

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: I want notice.

Khan Bahadur MOHAMMED ALL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if similar grants were made to other d'Arrigts?

the Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: Yes, to almost all districts.

Mr. ABDULLA-AL-MAHMOOD: Wille the Hon'ble Minister he pleased to state if he is aware that in comparison with the needs of the district, this grant was too small?

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARRER: Yes, it finar be too small for some districts.

Khan Banadur MOHAMMED ALI: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state it any such grant was made to the Eistrict Board of Bogra?

Mg. SPEAKER: That question does not arise as it does not refer to district boards.

- * Khan Bahadur MCHAMMED ALI: May I, Sir, draw your attention to the heading of the question?
- Mr. SPEAKER: That is a mistake.

Appointments and recommendations made by the Public Service Commission.

*109. Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: With reference to the reply to started question No. 296 of the 26th March, 1938, will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Finance Department 4 e pleased to state—

.

- (a) the number of cases where appointments have not been made 19 accordance with the recommendations of the Public Service Commission, although the Commission was consulted:
- (b) the reason why the appointment to the post of Deputy Director of Industries could not be made according to the advice of the Public Service Commission;
- (c) whether certain cases of promotion and transfer from one service to another as required under section 266 of the Act have not been referred to the Public Service Commission.
- (d) whether the post of Secretary, Medical College, is one of the posts not governed by the regulations requiring reference to the Public Service Commission, and
- (c) what are the ases in which the first nominations of the Public Service Commission have not been accepted by the Government?

The Hon'ble Mr. NATINI RANJAR SARKER: With reference—to starred question No. 10 of the 29th July, 1938, to which an *ad interim* reply was give, a complete reply is laid on the table.

- (a) On a.
- (b) Because Government thought that the person whom they appointed was bester suited for the posts.
 - (c) I am informed that there has been no such case.

- (d) The post is a temporary one and as the person appointed to it was already in permanent divil employment a reference to the Public Service Commission was under the provisions of tule 41 of the Bengal Public Service Commission Regulations, not necessary.
- (c) Five cases, namely, the case of an Assistant Engineer in the Irrigation Department, the case of a Professor of Teachers' Training College, the case of selecting a candidate for training for the Bengel Forest Service, the case of the Professor of Economics at the Islamia College and the case of a District Inspector of Schools
- Mr. PRAMATHA RANJAN THAKUR: With reference to answer (L), will the Hon'ble Minister please state what were the grounds on which it was thought that the person whom Government appointed were better suited for the posts?

The Honble-Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: It is not on one ground covering all the appointments but there were various grounds regarding various appointments.

Mr SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when Government propose to circulate among members of this House the Annual Report of the Bengal Public Service Commission, which has just been printed by the Superintendent of Government Printing, and published from the Bengal Government Press?

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: I have not yet placed the matter before the Cabinet, but I shall do so as early as possible

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: With reference to answer (a) will the Hon'ble Minister please state what post is referred to under reply 'one'.

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: I want notice

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Honble Minister be pleased to state if at is a first that the post of Pelice Surgeon, Calcutta, and the post of Principal. Absanullah School of Engineering. Dacca, have not been filled up in accordance with the recommendation of the Public Service Commission?

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: Sir, I cannot answer this question without motice. My difficulty is that these

appointments were made by different Ministers in respect of their own departments. It is therefore very difficult for me to answer this question without previous notice.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: All right. Sir. Then, Act the Ministers in charge of the departments concerned reply.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL MUQ: Sir, the appoisament to the post of Principal, Dacca School of Engineering, has been made by me and I will dell the House the circumstances under which this appointment was usade. The gentleman who has been appointed, has been appointed temporarily and he was appointed with the entire approval and consent of the Chairman of the Public Service Commission. I have an idea to convert the Alexanullah School of Engineering into a Pyrotechnic Institute (Mr. Santosh Kumar Basu: Pyrotechnic Institute?) No, no, I am sociv, into a Polytychnic Institute, and it is the intention of Government to advertise the post of Principal and get the most competent man possible. Till that time, however, this gentleman has been appointed only temporarily So, Sir, no rules have been broken The Chairman has been consulted and he has consented to this arrangement

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is it a fact that the officer now appointed is a non-Bengah and that he was got rid of by the North-West Frontici Province Government on the ground of his having speculated with public money?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: My friend has tried to get hold of official secrets, but he has lamentably failed. So, I will state the whole fact. Sir, this gentleman applied for the post, and at that time there was a charge against him that he had submitted a false travelling allowance bill in the course of his employment in the North-West Frontier Province The Public Service Commission thought that he was the best candidate available, but that in view of a biot on his career, he was not considered suitable for permarchi appointment. I made a reference to the Government of the North-West Frontier Province and they said that this charge was not enquared into, and that his services were dispensed with on the ground of retrevelment. But they said that in view of the rumour of the alleged LA'e traveling allowance bill, the Public Service Commission was not prepared to reconsider the case for appointment. Then I wrote again ,50 the Government of the North-west Frontier Province. (Mr. Saniosit Kumar Bast : Why you were so much after him?) Because he was the best mar available and therefore I wanted to take

him. When the papers were placed before the Public Service Commission they said that they would not object to the temporary appointment of this gentleman rending the advertisement of the post for a permanent appointment.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Will the Homblet the Chief Minister be pleased to state whether no competent Bengali Mullain, madan was available:

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Not no competent candidate, either Hindu'or Muhammadan, was available

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is it a fact that this gentleman had no previous experience in teaching, either in engineering or in anything else?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: It is not a fact. He had considerable experience of engineering work in that province and he was an engineer of excertional capacity.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: But had be experience in teaching?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Yes, he had.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Well the Chief Minister, or rather the Finance Minister, now please state if it is a fact that the posts of Public Prosecutors and Government Pleaders which hitherto had been under the pursuew of the Public Service Commission, have now been taken away from their hands by special regulations?

Mr. SPEAKER: How does that question arrene

3r. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: It is about the number. Sir. My position is that there have been a large number of other posts also which have been taken away by Government from the hands of the Public Service Commission, because the Commission wanted certain names to be included. My submission is that it has been dodged by Government, taking away these posts from the hands of the Public Service Commission, and only one is now left in their hands.

Mr. SPEAKER: That is quite a different matter

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Will the Eon ble, the Chief Minister kindly state on what basis he has made the statement that no other candidate betten saited for the post was available, either Findu or Muhammadan?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: That was the origin of the Public Service Commission. They said that Mr. Hakim Ali was the best suited candidate for the post.

Dr. NAL'NAKSHA SANYAL: Is it not a fact on the contrary that the Public Service Commission was definitely of opinion that a post like that could not be filled up without 'advertisement and that they insisted that an advertisement must be made?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HJQ: My friend has read only one or two pages of the file but has not been able to go through the whole of it and therefore I should like to correct a piece of inaccuracy in his statement.

Mr. ABDULLA-AL-MAHMOOD: May I₂ know, See, how this confidential report leaked out from the Secretariat?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Well, it was available in Writers' Buildings.

Mr. SAMTOSH KUMAR BASU: Will the Chief Minister please state how, without advertising, it was possible for the Public Service Commission to come to the conclusion that this particular candidate was the best available?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: I have never said that this post was not advertised

Mr. TULSI CHANDRA COSWAMI: Was it advertised or not?

The Howble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Of course, it was

Mr. TULSI CHANDRA GOSWAME: Certainly not He is telling a lie

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: What do you say?

Mr. ABDULLA-AL-MAHMOOD: Is it proper, Sir, for any bob outable member of this House to say that the Chief Minister was telling a lie?

- Mr. TULSI CHANDRA-COSWAMI: Certainly. (Great disturbance in the House.)
- The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Sir, I ask you to take actice of the words used by Mr. Goswami. You are thieves and you go to Writers' Buildings.—
- Mr. PRAMATHA WATH BANERJEE: Mr Speaker, will you take solice of this also?
- Mr. SPEAKER: (Who had risen in his seat before Mr. Banerjee rose) Mr. Banerjee, I must tell you that when I am on myslegs you are not supposed to bring any matter to my notice.
- Mr. PRAMATHA NATH BANERJEE: Very well, Sir. (M) Banerjee said something which was maudible, Great disturbance in the House)
- Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Banetjee, you have no right to discuss this matter again you are again carrying on a discussion with your Leader. It is very difficult for me, unless the Leader of the Opposition helps me, to maintain order. I expect help and co-operation from the Front Bench and if will be bad precedent amongst others if I do not get that help. I did not e-mally eatch what Mr. Goswami said. What did you say, Mr. Goswami?
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: He said, Sir, that the statement was a lie
- Mr. ABDULLA-AL-MAHMOOD: No. Sir, Mr. Goswami said 'you are telling a he'.
- Mr. TULSI CHANDRA COSWAMI: Well, Sir, I shall not be untruthful even at the risk of expulsion. I did say that the Chief Minister was indulging in hes, because he was a fully doing so, and I shall go out of the House if you
- Mr. SPEAKER: Order, please Mr. Grewman, you certainly should not have used the words and you should withdraw them, otherwise it will be my ampleasant and to request the Leader of the Opposition whether he will help me in this matter.
- Mr. TULSI CHANDRA COSWAMI: I am quite impared to walk our of the House Sir, because I know that the Chief Minister has—

(Interruptions,)

Mr. TUKSI CHANDRA GOŚWAMJI May I nieke a submission, Sir. Words have been used from the other side which have wounded us very much and which have absolutely ungentlementary and of course unparliamentary. Will you please ask the other side—

(Histerruptions).

* Mr. SPEAKER: Order, please.

Mr; TUL36 CHANDRA COSWAMI: Therefore, if in the excitement of the moment I said something which is unparliamentary. I shall certainly applogise as a gentleman, but I must say this also that as you live asked for our co-operation—and we belong to the front bench and as I happen to occupy the position of Deputy Leader of the Congress Assembly Party—we have always given you assistance, but Sig, now you should assist yourself.

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Goswami, I take strong exception to your last expression. Will you withdraw it? What do you mean by "you assist yourself?"

Mr. TULSI CHANDRA COSWAMI: What 'I meant is this—you have asked for assistance from the front bench to assist $xe^{i\phi} = W$ have done everything to assist you, and therefore the charge that we are not assisting you is very unfair to us. Therefore I have to say again that you must assist yourself.

Mr. SPEAKER: I do not want to enter into a discussion, but I can say this that I have given the utmost assistance to the Opposition with a view to see that the debate is conducted properly; but, I know how to conduct the business of the House, and the House may rest assured that I will do so with all the conscience clean within me

Excavation of Bemorta canal in Khulna,

- to starred question No. 100 delivered in the Assembly on the 1st Match, 1938, will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works (Grigation) Department be pleased to state whether any expert opinion has been obtained on the statements made by the memorialists in their, memorial, dated the 19th September, 1937, to the Hon'ble Minister?
- \$\hat{\chi}_{\chi}(b)\$. If the answer to clause (a) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Min'ster' be pleased to state what steps have the Government taken for immediate re-excavation of the Bemorta canal?

- (c) Have the Covernment decided to undertake the proper excavation of the Bemorta canal?
- (d) Does the Han'ble Minister consider the desirability of taking up actual work of the Bemorta canal this year?
- (e) If the answer to (d) is in the negative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state the reasons therefor:

MINISTER in charge of the COMMUNICATIONS and WORKS DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Maharaja Sris Chardra Nandy, of Cossimbazar) (a) and (c) The Chief Engineer's opinion whether the Bemorta canal will not resist quickly after exercising has been invited.

- (b) Does not arise
- (d) and (e) I will consider the matter on receipt of the Chief Engineer's opinion

Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when was the opinion of the Chief Engineer invited, with respect to answer (a) and (c)?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: It is difficult to give the exact time, but I think it was a few months back.

Mr. K. NOORUDDIN? May I have your ruling. Sir, on the objectionable expression used by the Deputy Leader of the Congress Party?

Mr. SPEAKER: I think, I misunderstood Mr. Goswami's intention so far as his last sentence is converned. After the explanation given by him, though I am of opinion that a gentleman of the position of the Deputy Leader of the Congress Party should not have said so, I do not consider that any further action is necessary or my pair

Mr. JOCESH-CHANDRA CUPTA: Mr. Speaker, Sir, when, one of the Front Benches of our party diew your attention at the time to the objectionable expression used by the Leader of the House, you took objection to it, and we expected you would take notice of that afterwards.

Mr. SPEAKER: I am sorry to say that nobody drew my attention to it at the proper time.

Mr. PRAMATHA NATH BANERJEE: Sir, If did draw your attention to that fact, but instead of taking notice of it you administered an admonition. Will you, Sir, kindle take notice of it now?

Mr. SPEAKER: May I know what the Leader on the House has got to say!

The Hon hie Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: Sir, I never meant any particular person, but I withdraw the words.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Wiff the Leader of the House make an apology, as Mr. Goswami has done?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: As I have already said, I never meant any particular person, and so I have my apology to offer.

- *111. Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Work's (Irrigation) Department be pleased to state whether Government have considered the matter of immediate excavation of the Bemorta canal in the sandivision of Bagerhat, district Khulna?
 - (b) Whether Government are aware-
 - (i) that with the blocking up of the Bemorta conal the trade and commerce of East Bengal and of Kbuina will suffer, and
 - (ii) that there are dangers to pulobe health and agriculture if this excavation is delayed?

(c) Whether Government intend to undertake actual work of this excavation this winter?

(d) It the answer to (e) is, in the pagarive, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state reasons for the same?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimpa2ar: (a), (c) and (d) The matter is under cogsideration.

(b) The member is referred to the right to part (b) of starred question No. 102 delivered on the 1-9 March, 1938

Babu NACENORA NATH SEN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be presed to state, in view of the matter having been brought to his notice in March 1938, what has been done by this rifae with reference to question (b) 111?

The Hopble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbarar: As I had occasion to explain before this House in answer to a supplementary guestion. I believe in this session of this very subject I indicated the complicated nature of the public which was responsible for a certain amount of delay in coming to a conclusion as to the methods which should be adopted an improving the waterway.

- *112. Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: (a) Is the Hon ble Minister in charges of the Communications and Works (Brigation) Department aware—
 - (i) that the Remorta canal in the district of Khulha is a trade route to East Bongal from Calcutta;
 - , (ii) that there is no other cross channel to the Baleswar river from the west; and
 - (111) that the Bemorta canal is being blocked up?
- (b) Do the Government contemptate re-excavation of this canal this year?
- (a) If the answer to clause (b) he in the negative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state the reasons for the same '

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: (a) (i) and (iii) Yes

- (ii) No, there are the Attrabanka river, Biskhali river and many other small channels
 - (b) and (c) The matter is under consideration

Babu NAGENDRA NATH SEN: Is it not a fact that on a supplementary question the other day the Hon'ble Minister admitted that the Attrabanka river is not navigable and that the Biskhalt river is dead, and that therefore there is no other cross channel to the Baleswar river?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Dead or otherwise, those rivers are still there

Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: In view of the fact that one of the rivers is not navigable and the other is dready dead, will the Honble Minister be pleased to state whether he will lake steps to reexcavate the Bemorta Khal in the increduate future?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazara-I have no hesitation in admitting that the Beniorta Khal is in sgreat need of excavation

Land acquisition for a tramway line for the North flengal Sugar Mills, Limite, 1, in Gepalpur, Rajshahi.

- - (i) whether a notification for land acquisition had been issued for opening of a trainway line for the North Beyend Sugar Mills, Limited, in Gopalpin in the district of Rejshaki;
 - (ii) whether thereafter people affected by the land acquisition and
 of the locality made protest against this acquisition by a private company for their private purpose;
 - (iii) whether representations have been made to the Government by the people of the locality against this acquisition;
 - (iv) whether any deputation waited upon the Chief Minister while he was at Rajshahi, in which the Deputy Speaker of this House was present, and
 - (i) whether petitions have been submitted to the Chief Minister and other officials regarding this?
 - (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, what do the Government propose to do regarding this land acquisition?

The Hor'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: (a) (i) Yes.

- (ii) Λ few objections were specified. They were rejected.
- and No
- e(r) and e(r) A deputation waited upon the Hon'ble Chief Minister when written representations, were submitted
 - (b) It is proposed to carry on with the land acquisition proceedings.
- Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether this deputation that waited on the Chief Minister was not a deputation of the people of the locality?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: As regards die petsonnel et the deputation, I am afraid I have no idea.

will the Hon'ble Minister be perfected to state whether the purpose of this deputation was to protest against the land acquistion?

The Hamble Maharaja SBIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: I believe so.

Mr. M. ASHRAF, ALT: Has that representation come to your hands?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: No. Sir.

Mr. M. ASHRAF ALI: Don't you know the contents of it? (No reply.)

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Mr. Speaker, to whomers the Deputy Speaker addressing?

Mr. M. ASHRAF ALI: I am sorry, Sir, I forgot to address you,

Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: Does not the Hon'ble Minister in-charge consider the Chief Minister as a pair of the Government?

Mr. SPEAKER: How does that arise?

Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: It arises in this way that in reply to question (a) (iii) he says. No. The question is, whether representations have been made to the Government by the people of the locality against this acquisition?

Mr. SPEAKER: I am afraid, you have made a confusion between epiesentation and deputation.

Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: With reference to answer (a) (iv) and (v) when and by whom were the written representations submitted:

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar Mays I explain that, as I have no idea about the members of the deputation, so I cannot say whether they consisted of the people of the locality or not.

Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: Is it not a fact that this deputation was not a deputation of the people of the localist?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: As I have said before, that is more than I can say:

Mr. M. ASHRAF ALI: Is the Hon'lde Minister aware of the purpores for which lande is being acquired?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANUY, of Cossimbazar: I beligve, Sir, for rynning a trampline for carrying segarcane. 4

Mr. M. ASHRAF ALI: is it for public purposes or for private purposes?

The Hon'lle Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: It will be of great help to the people who grow sugar-cane

Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: With reference to reply (n), viz., "A few objections were received, the, were rejected"-I want to know by whom they were rejected.

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: I ask for notice.

Chatal Circuit Embankment in the district of Midnapore.

- *114. Mr. HARENDRA NATH DOLUI: (a) Will the "fron ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works Department be pleased to state whether Government are considering the desirability of repairing the breaches of the Ghatal Circuit Embankment in the destrict of Midnapore as represented by the people of that area in their petitions already submitted to the various departments of the Government including the Hon'ble Minister?
- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, when will the matter
- (c) (i) Has any opinion of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Divi-Some of the Irrigation Branch, been invited or received in this connection?
 - (ii) If received; what is that opinion's

"The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimkazar: (a) No.

- (b) Does not arise (c) (i) Y_e^{i} .
- (10) The opinion of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Division, is given below:-
 - 1 "I "lo not approve of filling in the breache. The bad effects of circuit embankments can be seen in many places in that district

and an the experiment of abandoning this circuit has been proceeding for many years, now it would be pointless to maintain the circuit again. The average number of days per year that this area is implicated due to floods is 20 days and although a certain amount of damage may be done to the crops, greater damage would be done to the health of the people if the breaches were closed."

Mr. HARENDRA NATH DOLUI: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that the area contains about 4 square miles?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Sir. it is difficult for me to give an actual measurement of the area.

Mr. HARENDRA NATH DOLUL: Is the Hon'ble Minister further aware that the flood continues there from the rainy season to the winter?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Sir, it would appear from the report of the Executive Engineer which I have just read outsthat it is not so.

Mr. HARENDRA NATH DOLUI: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that the damage to crops is worth about one lakh of rupees per year.

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Sir. I am afraid it is very difficult to give an idea of the valuation of the crop, but I do not believe that it will be anywhere near it

Mr. HARENDRA NATH DOLUI: Is the Hon'ble Minister further aware that because of this stagnation of water, nadaria continues there for a long time?

The Hon'ble Mahara; a SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Sir, I do not think I can give a reply without notice, but as I have already said if this bund was pur up the condition of health would be worse.

Mr. HARENDRA NATH DOLUI: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to institute an enquiry into the matter?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Sir. I have already instituted an enquiry, and the report which I have just read out of the Executive, Engineer will show the result of that enquiry.

Re-excavation of Aurora canal in Arambagh Applition.

- *115. Mr. SUKUMAR DUTTA: (a) Will the Aon ble Minister in thatge of the Communications and Works (Irrigation) Department bespleased to state whether the Government contemplates the re-excavation of Aurora canal in Arambagh subdivision?
- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, under what Act will the scheme be carried out?
- (c) Has the District Board of Hooghly resolved to contribute to the scheme?
 - (d) It the answer to (c) is in the affirmative, what is the amount?
- (c)'Is it a fact that the local zemindars by e also come forward with contributions for the above?
- (f) Do the Government contemplate imposing any taxes on the people who may be benefited by the scheme?
- (g) What is the approximate time by which the Government intends to give effect to the scheme?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRANANDY, of Cossimbazar: (a) There was a scheme prepared in 1921 for Rs 96,082. This was postponed for lack of finance. This scheme is being revised in the light of changed conditions.

- (b), (f) and (g) No reply is possible till the revision of the original scheme is completed.
- (c), (d) and (e) The revised scheme has not yet been prepared, so the questions do not arise at present
- Mr. SUKUMAR DUTTA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when the revised scheme will be ready?
- The Hon'ble Maharaja SR18, CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: It is difficult to give an idea of time

Necessity of a sluice gate on the Dhariakhali Khal in Satkhira,

- *116. Babu PATIRAM ROY: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works Department be pleased to state whether he is aware—
 - (4) that a question had been raised on the floor of this House in the last Session of the Assembly regarding the necessity of a sluce gate on the Dhariakhah !hal in the subdivision of Satkhira in compliance with which the Government assured
 - to consider the case; and-

- (ii) that the people of the area, near the Dhariakhali khal, under the Satkhira police-station (Khulng), sent an application to the Executive Engineer. Khulna, for a duice gate near the District Board Bridge to prevent the inroad of salt-water from the river Betna?
- (b) If the answers to clause (a) are in the affirmative, will the Honble Minister be pleased to state whether the Government have taken any step in the matter.
- (c) If not, will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state the reasons therefor:

The Hon'ble Maharaja BRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar:

(b) and (c) A cross bund is put up at the outfall of the *khal* into the Betna river from the middle of December until July to prevent the ingress of salt water and to dry up the *bils* which are served by the Dhariakhali *khal* for facility of harvesting and cultivation. A slune gate would no doubt prove of immediate benefit to the area but by cutting off the spill during the rains and thus preventing reclamation of the low areas it would bring in its trainedeterioration in health and in the productivity of the soil. Hence no action was considered necessary.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state how can a slurce cut off the spill?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Because, it will be much agraywer than 11 it was open

Rai HARENDRA. NATH CHAUDHURI: .Will the Hondble Minister be pleased to state if it is not, just for that reason that the sluice will be more helpful?

The Hon'ble Maharaji SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar:
Sir, I am advised that it will not be so, because it will not be possible
to keep that much opening in the slinte as it would be by breaking
up an earthen bailed and thereby prevent deposition of silt in that
area.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Is the Homble Minister aware that wherever such spill was advised by Sr. William Wilcox, he also further advised that sluces should be a tempt there are a second to the content of the con

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazats I am positive, Sir, that Sir William Wilcon never recommended shrices in cases like this

Construction of roads under the Road Board Scheme in Birbhum district.

- *177. Dr. SHARAT CHANDRA MUKHERJI: (5), Is the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works Department aware that the construction of the road under the Road Board Scheme in the district of Birbhum for which lands had been acquired and survey completed; has been stopped?
- (b) It the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state—
 - (4) the reason why the construction was suddenly stopped; and
 - (14) when it is likely that the construction will be taken up?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: (a) Yes.

- (b) (i) Under the order of the Central Government.
- (ii) The project will be considered with the comprehensive programme of road development for Bengal and it is not possible to say now when the construction will be taken up.

Maulvi TAMIZUDDIN KHAN: With reference to answer (h) (m), will the Hoh'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the comprehe; sive programme has been sauctioned by Government?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Sir, the comprehensive programme is incorporated in the report by the Special Officer, the first part of which has just been published

Mr. 6. MORGAN: In reply to question (b)(i), the Hon'ble Minister has said funder the order of the Central Government." What is meant by "under the order of Central Government"?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Because the scheme which was forwarded by this Government was turned down by the Central Government.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon ble Minister be speased to state if it is a fact that the Government of Bengal took up this project before the requisite sanction of the Government of India was obtained?

pr. NALINARSHABANYAL: Is it a fact that the Suri-Elambazar Rold was also not taken up, because the District Board of Burdwan refused to undertake the maintenance charges for this road?

. The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Sir, I want notice for that

Mr. SPEAKER: I think I should intervene at this stage. I Link that, when at important question is placed on the table, all possible supplementaries ordinarily arising out of that should have been known by the Hon'ble Minister. Otherwise, it is only wasting the time of the House. The question here was definitely why the construction was suddenly stopped, and I find that very important supplementaries have been put. I am sorry to say this, but I hope in future the Hon'ble Ministers will kindly see that such possible supplementaries as can normally come out, should be available to the House, otherwise, supplementaries will have to be diagged on.

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: May I point out, Sir, that no honourable member has really put me the supplementary question as to the reason why this project was inveed down? I say, Sir, that it was due to the very heavy amount of expenses which was involved in the scheme and in comparison to the length. As to what opinion was held by the District Board of Burdwan, I am alraid, Sir, I am unable to give the reply

Mr. HARENDRA NATH DOLUT: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when the consideration of the comprehensive project will be taken up?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar:
There is no question of any definite time when we will be taking up
the comprehensive programme, but as I have already said the report
is out and we are considering projects from that report at every meeting
of the Board of Communication.

Mr. ATUL KRISHNA CHOSE: Will the Hon'ble Minister please enlighten us as to the amount that was spent to construct that road before the project was left out and who was responsible for that amount and within account it will be adjusted?

[&]quot; Mr. SPEAKER: Only the first part of the question should be answered.

The Herble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: These happened before we assumed charge so I am afraid it will not be possible to give an idea of the cost for the preliminary survey. But nothing was waited.

Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: .

মন্ত্রী মহাশার দরা,কোরে জানুমবেন কি-এই comprehensive programme সাগামী ১০ বছরের মধ্যে শেষ হবে কি নাঁ?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise

Maulvi TAMIZUDDIN KHAN: Will the Howble Minister please give us even a rough idea as to the time, when the comprehensive scheme is likely to be taken up.

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: I do not know what the honourable member means by a comprehensive programme, but I may inform the knoourable member that trunk line of roads alone will congaup to over two thousand miles

Maulyi TAMIZUDDIN KHAN: So my question has not been answered by the Hon'ble Minister. My question was will the Hon'ble Minister please give us even a rough idea as to the time when the work of construction according to the comprehensive scheme will be commenced.

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: May I point out that we have already undertaken some of the schemes and others will follow as soon as we can arrange to take them up?

Distribution of Petroleum Tax and Motor Vehicles Tax.

- *118. Mr. NISHITHA NATH KUNDU: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works Department be pleased to state—
 - (a) the amount of Petroleum Tax and Motor Vehicles Tax distributed for the purpose of development of Communications to the different districts of the province year by sear and district by district for the last five years; and
 - (b) the method and policy in allotting and fixing the amount for each district?

The Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar:

(a) (i) I r Fund.—Grants from this fund are allotted for specific projects approved by the Provincial Board of Communications and the Government of India and not district by district.

(its Motor Vehicles Tax Fund.—A statement showing the discribution of grants from this fund to the different districts during the last 5 years is laid on the table.

(b) The principle on which contributions from the Motor Vehicles Tax Find are made is that the total amount available for distribution to the mutassal districts is divided on a strictly pro rata basis among the various districts in proportion to the total amount of motor vehicles tax collected within the area of each district.

Statement referred to in the reply to clause (a) (ii) of the starred question No. 118 showing the Motor Vehicles Tax grants allotted to the different districts in Bengal during the last five years ending 1937-38.

District.	1933 34	1934-35	1935436	1936 37	1937-38,
	Ra	Rs	Ra	Ra	Rs
1 Burdwan	97,284	38,469	30,277	93,935	99,501
2. Birbhum	11,671	4,597	14,568	12,028	11,553
3 Bankura '	27,149	18,708	25,888	27,450	29,058
4 Midnapore .	53,900	38,120	,39,083	61,457	55,774
5. Hooghly	75,099	31,429	66,426	90,004	93,630
6. Howrah ,	56,214,	33,408	20,001	46,419	33,765
7. 24-Parganas	1,54,402	61,840	1,73,695	82,358	1.90,321
Nadia	, 13,031	9,252	12,177	20,934	39,526
9. Jessore®	17,711	8,312	14,578	11,534	31,268
10. Khulna (8,233	5,458	7,497	10,194	18,885
11. Murshidabad	12,549	9,843	12,711	17,990	32,005 ~
12. Dacea	• 39,735	15,633	20,431	54,571	40,180
13. MyAiensingh .	14,563	5,818	2,667	25,764	33,421
14 Faridpur	7,854	5.127	7,776	9,424	13,680
15. BakaçeA.ij	. , , 7,533	4,521	2 985	14,148	20,249
Chittagong	. 26,568	15,625	28,017	26,109	23,307
17. Tippera	9,827	7,644	8,991	12,286	26,198
				İ	

1,,,,,,	-			, 204		
District.	~ ~~	1933-34.	1934-35,	1935-36	1936-37.	1937-38.
	, ¹	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Ra
18. Noakhali	/ `	7,643	. 5,238	7,313	8,222	8,603
19. Rajshahi		18,133	7,406	• 14,719	19,134	30,554
20. Dinajpur	:	5,775	3,853	5,680	6,457	12,939
21. Jalpaiguri	•	74,819	8,684	86,148	97.025	<u>128,501</u>
22. Rangpur		13,466	5,228	16,896	• 11,913•	18,967
23. Bogra 😘	•	6,087	4,206	5,788	• 7,145	9,663
24 Pabna		8,646	3,349	10,849	10,169	16,708
25. Malda	• •	5,743	2,234	7,196	8,126	• 11,059
26 Darjeeling	•	4,100	16,086	9,100	16,000	*32,35 6

Mr. NISHITHA NATH KUNDU: Will the Plon'ble Minister kindly enlighten us it any grant from the Petrol Tax Lund was ever allotted for any project or projects to benefit the North Bengal districts. It so, what was the project and what were the allowances made?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: As I have already said. Sir, no grant is made from this fund, but only projects are undertaken with the sanction of the Government of India.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if Government have received petitions from different district boards suggesting changes in the formula for distribution of motor vehicle fund on the ground that such districts which do not at the moment have motorable roads cannot get proportionate contribution from that fund, because at the present moment the income from petrol is not much?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbatar:
Not to my knowledge

Mr. NISHITHA NATH KUNDU: Well the Hon'ble Minister he pleased to enlighten us as to whether there was any project which benefited the North Bengal districts. This was my question, Sir. It has not been answered.

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise here.

Prayer for a pilgrim shed by the Ramkeli Sanskai Sanity, Malda.

- *119. Mr. ATUL CHANDRA KUMAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Public Health and Local Self-tro ernment Department he pleased to state—
 - (a) whether the Ramkeli Sanskar Samity in the district of Malda
 has been praying for Rs. 52,000 for a pilgrim shed at Ramkeli in the district; and
 - (b) if the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, is the Hon'ble Minister considering the desirability of providing the amount in the next, budget?

MINISTER in charge of the PUBLIC HEALTH and LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEFARTMENT (the Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Suhra-wardy): (a) Ramkeli Sanskar Samity applied to Government for a grant of Rs 3,250 for the construction of a pilgram shed at Ramkeli

(b) A representation which has been recently received in regard to this matter is under my consideration

Brahmanbaria Co-operative Rural Reconstruction Society, Limited.

- *120. Mr. MAQBUL HOSAIN: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Co-operative Credit and Rural Indebtedness Department be pleased to state whether he is aware that Brahmanbaria Co-operative Rural Reconstruction Society, Limited, in the district of Tippera, has been realising subscription per year from every Union Board from the year 1935 of the subdivision?
- (b) It the answer to (a) is in the affirm tive, what is the amount realised from the Union Boards for the Society from the years 1935 to 1938?
- (c) Whether the Society gets any contribution from the Government or rocal funds or public?
 - (d) If so, what amount has been received, from them?
 - (c) How the funds of the Society are being disbursed?
 - (f) What is the function of the Society?
 - (4) Is the fund of this Society being audited by any auditor?
- (h) Who are the present members, Secretary and Chairman of the Societys and who were previous Secretaries and Chairmen?

MINISTER in charge of the CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT and RURAL INDEBTEDNESS DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Mr. Mukunda Beházy Mullick): (a) and (c) Yes.

- (5), (d), (e), (f) and (h) A statement is laid on the Library table.
- (g) Yes, by the Auditors of the Co-operative Department.

Laksam Special, Debt Settlement Board.

- *121. Maulvi MD. HASANUZZAMAN: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Co-operative Credit and Rural Indebtedness Department be pleased to lay a statement on the table showing
 - (i) when the Laksam Special Board was started; and
 - (11) how many cases have been-
 - (1) filed, and
 - (2) disposed of from its very start?
 - b) Is it a fact—
 - (7) that 26 cases were dismissed by the Charrinan, and
 - in that the Director of Beht Conciliation, Eastern Circle, Bengal, inspected the Board in May last and directed the Chairman to revive all the dismissed cases at once.
- (c) It the answers to (b) are in the affirmative, will the Honble Minister be pleased to state whether the Director has recorded and directed anything in this connection in his inspection note:
- (d) It so, has the Chairman received the said inspection note up to this one.
- (c) It the inspection note has been received by the Chairman, has be shown it to other members of the said Board?
- (f) Are the Government considering the desirability of Javing on the table a copy of the said inspection note?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: (a) A statement is laid on the table

- (b) The inspection note is for official use only sit is under consideration of Government and it is not in the public interest to publish or discuss it.
 - (c) to (f) Do not arise

- (a) (i) 11th July, 1927, but began work since middle of January, 1938, owing to the absence of Chairman
 - s(n) (1) 630 up to 1st June, 1938.
 - (2)*609 up to 1st June, 1938...
- (The answer to Starred Question No. 12) had been cancelled on this date by Mr. Speaker but was delivered on the 25th August as answer to Starred Question No. 190, vide proceedings of that date;)

A book "Manual of Criminal Classes operating in Beogat" considered as objectionable by some communities.

" 123. Babu PATIRAM ROY: (a) Is the Hon'tie, Minister in charge of the Home (Press) Department aware—

- (i) of a feeling of displeasure and resentment amongst the people of certain communities for having described them as criminal trakes in the publication of the book "Manual of Criminal Classes operating in Bengal" by Mr. F. C. Daly; and
 - (ii) that there are facts and figures in the several reports of the Census of India from 1911, showing that the number of criminals amongst the communities other than those meationed in the book referred to above is greater than that amongst the latter?
- (b) If the answers to (a) are in the affirmative, do the Government contemplate taking steps for stopping circulation of the book referred to?

MINISTER in charge of the HOME DEPARTMENT (the Hon/ble Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin): (a) No

(b) Does not arise

Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if he is aware of the publication of any, such book as "Manual of Criminal Classes operating in Bengal" by Mr. F. C. Daly?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Yes.

CMr. SYED JALALUDDIN MASHEMY: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if it is a fact that some communities have been mentioned in that book as criminal, although as a matter of fact they are not criminals according to the census report?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Not certain communities but certain tribes

Babu PATIRAM ROY: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that according to the census report they are not criminals?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: That is not an official publication.

Mr. RASHK LAL BISWAS: মন্ত্রী মহালয় ভাইনন কি বাংলার কভক্তিলি কাতিকে বিশেষতঃ পৌঞ্জতিয়ে জাতিকে crimpinal aribe এর সংখ্য কলে হয়েছে :-

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I have already answered that question.

Lathi charge by police at Mahesh.

*124. Mr. SUKUMAR DUTTA: (a) Is the Hon ble Minister in charge of the Home (Police) Department aware—

- (i) that there was lathic charge by the police on 29th June last during the Rathajatra ceremony at Mahesh;
- (a) that a number of people were injured on the occasion; and
- (iii) that the lathi charge was ordered by the Subdivisional Officer or the Subdivisional Police Officer who were conducting the pulling of the Ratha?
- (b) It the answer vs (a) (iii) is in the negative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state who gave order for the lathi charge?
 - (c) Was the District Magistrate present on the occasion?
- (d) It the answer to (c) is in the affirmative, was the District Magistrate consulted Before the order for lathic charge was issued?
- (c) Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that there is a feeling of public indignation on account of this lathic charge in a religious festival?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: (a) (i) Yes

- (ii) As far as can be ascertained only 3 people received injuries that needed medical attention
 - (iii), (c) and (e) No
 - (b) The Inspector of Police
 - (d) Does not arise.
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL! With reference to answer (c) will the Hon'ble Minister he pleased to state how far was the District Magistrate from the actual place of lathic charge?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: He was about two to four furlongs away

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is the Honble Minister aware of the fact that the District Magistrate was personally supervising the conduct of the police there and the traffic of the locality at the time? The Honble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: He was there, but as I have already stated, he was at a distance of two to four furlongs from the place of occurrence.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is it not a fact that in the communique published it is mentioned definitely that the District Magistrate was personally present and was looking to the arrangements?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: He was certainly present there, but it was a long procession and he was along the route of the procession.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state why, when the District Magistrate himself personally was present, the Inspector of Police took it into his head to indulge in the lather charge without reference to him?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Because, as I have already stated, the District Magistrate was at some distance from the place where the occurrence took place. The cockes started looting the shops and to prevent them doing this the police charged and the whole thing was over in a minute.

Or. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state on what information he states that the cooles started looting the shops?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN. The usual practice is that every year the cooles who pull the Rith always loot the shops along the route and this time Government decided that they would not allow the looting of the shops on the route.

Ser. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if they gave any previous not, e that they intended to stop the looting of the shops even by lathir charge?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: N

Babu NARENDRA NARAYAN CHAKRABARTY: মাননীং মন্ত্রী মহাশ্য কি বোলবের ১৮ জলা মাজিটেট প্রভাক বছর শাভাষ্ট্রীয় উপস্থিত থাকা সুক্তেও যে বাহি Whatey করবার প্রযোজনীয়ত উপস্থিত হয় না এটাও কি usual স্ক্রেন্ডে

Mr. SPEAKER: That question aloes not arise. .

Dr. NALINAMBHA SANYAL: Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state how far from the place of accurrence were the Subdivisional Officer and the Assistant Superintendent of Police?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I believe, they were practically at the same place where the District Magistrate was

Mr. NIHARENBU DUTTA MAZUMDAR; Will the Hon'ble Minester be pleased to state if there had been any lathic charge on any previous occasion?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN:

Covernment appointments on the basis of population.

- 125. Mr. MAQBUL HOSAIN: (a) Will the Hearble Minister in charge of the Home (Appointment: Department be pleased to state whether Government contemplate appointing officers of all grades in their offices according to the population basis of the different communities?
- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, from what time effect will be given to the proposal?
- (a) If an effect is to be given, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to give reasons therefor;

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: The question of communal representation in the public services is under the consideration of Government.

Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: মন্ত্রী মহাত্র অনুগ্রহ কোবে জীনাবের কৈ কুটের্শিন ধোরে এ বিষয় গ্রহণনেটের consideration এ অ'ছে ?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: At least for the last months, if not more

Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: মঁছা মহাশ্র দুয়া কোনে জনোবেন কি আছু হথে একটা দিছাভে, আন্তৰ্থী আৰু কত সময় লাগৰে ৮

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: It is an extremely difficult and complicated question; it ought to take time and it is taking time.

Mr. ABDUL WAHAB KHAN: Will the How ole Minister be pleased to state if he is aware that communities such as the Muslims and the Scheduled Castes are suffering very badly in the matter of appointments?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Government are trying to observe the rules that were prevalent before they came into office and according to that, the two communities mentioned by the honougable number art not suffering in any way. It is not a question of increasing the representation of the two communities and reserving of posts for the the. When dealing with this question, we have got to take into consideration not only the claims of the Mushm and Scheduled Castes, but also of other minority communities and backward classes; and naturally to adjust the equins, of so many different communities and claimants will take some time. At the same time, It is excellence the Governor has certain special responsibility in the matter and we have got to make out a case and to satisfy him

Mr. ABDUL, WAHAB KHAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if he is aware that the criterion for appointments as demanded by the people is the criterion of poßfiletion?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise.

"Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: মন্ত্রী সহাশ্য অন্তর্গত কোনেকেলানাবেন কি এখনতে। এ বিষয়টা under consideration এ আছে, কিন্তু কোন সময়কার সিকাত অনুসাবে চাক্তীতে communal representation চলিছে?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Not only according to the Government circular issued in 1926 but as far as the Scheduled Castes are concerned Government are taking special steps to see that as far as possible their claims for representation in the various services ate properly considered.

Number of Military Intelligence Officers,

Y126. Al-Hadj CYASUDDIN AHMED CHOUDHURY: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Political) Department be pleased to state—.

- (a) how many Military Intelligence Officers are there at present in Bengal.
- (b) how muck money is spent annually for these posts;
- $\frac{d}{dt} \epsilon(c)$ what are their functions at present; and
 - (d) whether there is any necessity for retaining them any longer?

The Hon'ble Thwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN (a) Nine.

- . (b) The average expenditure incurred by the Pfovincial Government on this account during the past 3 years is Rs. 44,000.
 - (c) (i) Police intelligence.
 - (ii) Liaison between the civil and military authorities.
 - (iii) Constructive work in schools.
 - (d) Yes.

Mr. 9ARAT CHANDRA BOSE: 'Will the from the summister be pleased to state what constructive work in schools these Military Intelligence Officers have been doing?'

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sr NAZIMUDDIN: They have been trying to organise games, see to the development of physical exercise and sports, and they are introducing the house system also which Government are now contemplating for the time being to drop.

Al-Hadj CYASUDDIN AHMED CHOUDHURY: Will the Hon hie Minister be plaused to state if he is aware that these officers have become very impopular with the students and the school authors toes?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: No, Sir. On the contrary I think their work is being very much appreciated in most of the schools.

Khan Balfadur MOHAMMED ALL:, Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what is the scale of pay of these Military Intelligence Officers?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: According to the Government of India Army rates of pay

Khan Bahadur MOHAMMED ALI: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if they are permanently employed?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir HAZIMUDDIN: They belong to the various regiments for battalions which are posted in Bengal and their substantive pay is regulated by the Army Department budget.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Will the Hou'ble Minister be pleased to state if this constructive work in schools includes military training to the students?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAXIMUDDIN: No.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Will the Hop ble Minister be pleased to state if these Military Intelligence Officers were originally appointed to tackle the terrorists problem in Bengal?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I would like to remove a misunderstanding about the Military Intelligence Officers. These officers are there because of the posting of the military forces in the various districts of Bengal and their main duty is liaison between the civil and the military authorities; together with that they are also doing certain amount of military intelligence work on their own account. They took in hand this constructive work in schools when they found that it would help students if they could improve facilities for gomes and organise tournaments and also organise various other physical exercises in schools.

Mr. SANTOGH KUMAR BASU: Will the Hon'ble Minister agree that the original purpose for which the Military Intelligence Officers were appointed has now ceased to exist?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I do not admit that anybody has appointed 'Military Intelligence Officers here, they have got to be here as long as the battalions are in Bengal

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: Will the Honble Minister kindly state whether these battahous in the different areas where these Military Intelligence Officers were posted, were there in connection with the terrorist movement?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Well, not specifically insconnection with the terrorist movement, bu, perhaps this was one of the reasons why they were there

agree with me if I suggest that the necessity for the continuance of these officers in these respective areas has now ceased?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN; No, Sir.

Maulvi TAMIZUDDIN KHAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if the Bengal Government have any control over these officers?

The Hon'blo Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: A certain amount of control, certainly. They work under the directions of the District Magistrates.

Mr. SYED GALALUDDIN HASHEMY: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state if these constructive works in schools have been examined and approved by the Education Department of the Government of Bengal?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: The Education Department have very much welcomed and appropriated the assistance rendered by these Military Intelligence Officers in this respect.

- Mr. SPEAKER: The usual question time is over, but I want to finish the questions for to-day; so, the answers need not be read, but supplementary questions may be put
- Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: I had thought, Sir, that you would shut out further questions as the statutory one hour had passed.
- *Mr. M. SHAMSUDDIN AHMED: Sir, may I draw your attention to a short-notice question that I sent up to you?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question comes up later.

Detenus Srijuts Pramatha Nath Bhowmic, Nirmal Chandra Das and
. Kalidas Bose.

- 2127. Mr.: ATUL KRISHNA GHOSE: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Special) Department be pleased to state the present addresses of detenus Striuts Pramatha Nath Bhownic, Nirmal Chandra Das and Kahdas Bese?
 - (b) What is the allowance they are getting per month?
- (c) Is it a fact that Srijut Pramatha Nath Bhownic has been in ill health?
- (d) If the answer to (c) is in the affirmative, are the towarment considering the desirability of bringing him to Calcutta for treatment?
- (c) Is it a fact that Srijut Nirmal Chandra Das has complained to the authorities regarding the poor allowance he used to get?
 - (f) If so, have the Government considered the matter?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUBDIN: (a) Babus Pramath: Nath Bhowmic and Kalidas Bose are domiciled in the districts of Pacca and Jalpaiguri, respectively, and communications to them should be sent c/o the Superintendent of Police of the district. Dabu Nirmal Chandre. Das is temporarily confined in the Presidency Jair, Calcutta, with the presidence of the district.

- (b) The two detenus is village domicile get Rs. 25 per mensem.
- (c) He complained of pain and was brought into the Mitford Hospital from which he has recently been discharged.
- (d) No.
 - (e) He did so in February.
- (f) His complaint related to his allowance incomicile since when the has been treated in hospital at a cost of over Rs. 800.

Babb NAGENDRA NATH SEN: Will the Hon'ble Minister for the Home Department kindly state whether, and how many times, Nirmal Guandra Das has been treated in the hospitals for adments?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDBIN: I have got nothing further to add to my answer without further notice.

Mr. ATUL KRISHNA CHOSE: Will the Homble Minister be pleased to state what he is going to do as regards the allowances of certain detenus who have been released only recently, so that they may pass their lives honourably?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN. Sir. that this does not arise out of this question.

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

(answers to which were laid on the table)

Number of Public Prosecutors and Covernment Pleaders in Bengal.

- **63.** Mr. S. A. SALIM: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the reclicial and Legislative Department be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing for the present time
 - (i) the number of Public Prosecutors and Government Pleaders in the Province of Bengal, and
 - (ii) the number of them that are ullet
 - (1) Muhammadans, and
 - (2) Hindus?
 - (b) Will the Hen'ble Minister be pleased to state-
 - (c) now many vacancies have occurred since his assumption of charge of the department; and

- (ii) how many of such vacancies have been filled by-
 - (1) Muhammadans, and (2) Hindus?

The Hon'ple Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur:

i) and (b) A statement is laid on the table.

Statement referred to in the reply to unstarred question No. 63.

(a) (i) Public Presecutors				12	٠.
Government Pleaders Government Pleader		Promountor		11	
(combined posts)	· ·		•	15	

•	Muham- madans	Hindus.
(n) Public Prosecutor	-	5
Government Pleader		10
Government Plender and Public Prosecuto, (combined)	Nil	15
(b) (i)	•5	
(ii) 1 Muhammadans	2 .	
2 Hindus	3 (1 tempor	nry)

Mr. MONMOHON DAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if there are any Public Prosecutors or Government Plenders belonging to the Scheduled Castes?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: I want notice.

Khan Bahadur MOHAMMED ALI: Is it a fact that Government propose to combine the posts of Public Prosecutors and Government Pleaders?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise .

Number of Sheristadars and Head Clerks in the District Courts in Bengal.

- 64. Mr. S. A. SALIM: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Judicial and Legislative Department be pleased to state -
 - (a) the number of Sheristadars and Head Clerks existing at present in the District Courts in Bengal; and

- (b) the number of them that are-
 - (1) Hinduc, and
 - (2) Muhammadans?

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Knan Bahadur: [a] 'Sneristadars 22 and Head Clerks 22.

- (b) (1) Hindu (Sher'stadars) 18 and Muhammadan (Sheristadars) 3.
- (2) Hindu (Head Clerks) 21 and Muhammadan (Head Clerks) 1.

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be bleased to state what steps he has taken since his assumption of office o increase the Muslim percentage in these posts?

Mr. SPEAKER: 11 am afraid, this question does not arise

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state if heeconsiders the desirability of increating the percentage of Muslims in these posts?

Mr. SPEAKER: I am afraid, this question also does not guise. This question concerns itself only with the number.

Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: মাননীয় মধী মহাশ্য দ্যা কোডে জানাবেন কি ছিলু ছেড্ ক্লাক ৬ ধেবিভাগারদেব মধো কৰ্ডলি scheduled easte আডে ২

The Hon'ble Nawab MUSHARRUFF HOSSAIN, Khan Bahadur: I want notice. I do not believe there are any Scheduled Castes men in either posts.

Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: মাননীয় মধী মহাশ্য কি এমন কোন notice কি communication. District Judge দেব পাঠ্যেছেন সংহাবা প্রেছ scheduled castes নিষ্ঠাকোব্যান

I'r. SPEAKER: That question does not arise

Inundation of districts of North Bengal.

- 65. Maulyi MOŞLEM ALI MOLLAH: .(a) Is the Hon'ble Minister In charge of the Communications and Werks Department aware.—
 - (i) that the discrets in North Bengal are almost every year inundated; and

- (ii) of the intural drainage of the part of the province being obstructed by the two Railway lines of the Eastern Bengal Railway, namely, the Calcutta-Darjeeling and the Sara-Serajganj Railway lines?
- (b) If the paswer to (n) is in the negative, are the Government considering the decirability of enquiring into the matter with a view to working out proper remedies?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: (a) (i) The districts of North Bengal are not flooded "almost every year", but lower areas suffer only in years of heavy, rainfall.

- (ii) The railway lines mentioned do not obstruct the passage of drainage and flood water not oven in the Challan Bil area. An additional 2 · 40 feet bridge recently constructed between Chatmohar and Mochaduli stations of the Sara-Seraggan; line has improved the situation further.
 - (b) Does not arise

Khan Bahadur MOHAMMED ALI: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that the eastern part of Bogra is invariably subject to annual inundations?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Yes, Sn, there are some parts which are liable to most frequent inumulations.

Silting up of the Tolly's Nala, etc., in the district of 24-Parganas.

- 66. Mr. P. BANERJI: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works (Irrigation) Department be pleyed to state whether he is aware that the Tolly's Nala, the Bidyadbarf river, the Peah river and the Adiganga in the district of the 24-Parganas have been silted up?
- (b) If the answer to clause (a is in the afhimative, will the Hor ble Minister be pleased to state what steps, it any; have been taken or are proposed to be taken for the re-expandition of the said Naia and myers?

The Hop'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: (a) Yes.

(b) Attempts were made in the past to improve the river Bidga- dhari by dredging without success. A scheme was also prepared for the revival of the river but on examination this was found impracticable.

QUESTIONS.

The Tohy's Nala is periodically alticleared but owing to tidal action it sith up again. A scheme for improvement of the Nala is under preparation and that for Peali rivel is under consideration. Necessary surveys for the latter scheme will be taken up during the next cold weather. The question of feasibility of the improvement of the Adiganga will be considered after the above schemes have been executed and the results thereof watched.

Mr. P. BANERJI: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state whether by the improvement of Nala, the Hon'ble Minister means the improvement of Tolly's Nala? If so, what is the difference in his opinion between the Nala and the Adiganga?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: By Nana is meant the Tolly's Yala

Mr. P. BANERJI: If that is so, then what is the difference between Tolly's Nala and the Adigunga?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: A portion of the Adiganga is also called Tolly's Nala

The upkeep of Nowi and Sunti rivers in the Barasat subdivision.

- 67. Mr. P. BANERJI: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works Department be pleased to state whether it is a fact
 - (i) that in the subdivision of Barasat, 24-Parganas, there are two rivers named Nowi and Sunti;
 - (n) that the rivers measure about 26 miles in length;
 - (iii) that these two rivers drain the major portion of the subdivision,
 (mainly the Barasar thana;
 - (iv) that a sum of Rs 2,000 only has been allotted in the budget for the upkeep of the revers under the head of Nowi-Sunti project;
 - f(r) that the sum sanctioned is not adequate for the upkeep of these livers; and
 - (cr) that malaria has broken out in the subdivision in an epidemic form?
- (b) If the replies to clause (a) are in the affirmative, what steps, If any, do the Government propose taking to minimise the suffering of the people?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: (a) (i) Yes.

- (ii). No, the Nowi river measures 22 miles and the Sunti 44 miles.
- (iii) The Novi drains a portion of the Burtee Bil and some local lands close to its banks.) The Sunti is a moribund river having no drainage capacity at all. The drainage of the country actually takes place across fields and by the Nova Gong.
- (iv) and (v) There is a provision of Rs. 2,500 this year for maintenance of the Nowi-Sunti project. The project includes a portion of the Nowi only and no portion of the Sunti. The latter is a private khal and as such the hability for its maintenance does not rest with Government. The sum provided in this year's bugget is sufficient for maintaining that partion of the Nowi which falls within the project.
- $(vi)^*$ I am not aware that malaria has broken out in the subdivision in an epidemic form.
 - (b) Does not arise

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that Sunti was originally only a part of the project known as Nowi? Is he further aware of the circumustances under which Sunti was left out of the project?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar:

Appointment of different communities in Co-operative and Rural Indebtedness Department.

- 68. Miss P. B. BELL-HART: (a) With reference to his couply to starred question No. 530 on the 30th March, 1938, will the Honble Minister in charge of the Co-operative Credit and Rusal Indebtedness Department be pleased to state whether any appointments have since been made?
- (b) If the answer to so) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state the number and capacities in which.
 - (1) Anglo-Indians;
 - (11) Muslims; and
 - (iii) Caste Hindus, etc.,

have been appointed?

The Hon'ble Mr. MURUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: (a) Appointments of Inspectors have since been made.

- (\vec{b}) (1) Nil.
- (ii) 12 Muslims.
- (iii) 8 Caste Hindus, 4 Scheduled Caste Hindus, 1 Hil man (Pahari) and 1 Indian Christian.
- Mr. PRAMATHA RANJAN THAKUR: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state with reference to (b) (iii), if it is not a fact that all the four Scheluled Castes candidates appointed belong to Khulna, the constituency of the Hon'ble Minister?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BERARY MULLICK: No. Sir Of the four Scheduled Caste Hindus, one belongs to Faridpur, one to Rangpur, one to Berhampore and only one to Khulna

Primary Schools in Bengal,

- 69. Maulana MD. MANIRUZZAMAN ISLAMABADI: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Education Department be pleased to state-
 - (i) the present number of primary schools in the province; and
 - (ii) the number fixed by the survey committee after centralisation and reduction?
- (b) Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether it has been taken into consideration
 - (i) that there is every chance of the falling in number of the school population as according to the proposed scheme of establishing one mixed school for the Hindus and Muhammadans in every 4 square miles area, and
 - (ii) that it will not be the cause of danger for the small children

 of six or seven years of age through the submerged yillage

 to roads?

MINISTER in charge of the EDUCATION DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Mr. A. K. Faziul Hug): (a) (b) 60,060

- (ii) Not available as surgey has not been completed yet.
- (b) (i) In those districts where survey is being made, a three-feather school will be started on the basis of a population of 2,000. Thus, in most cases, there will be a three-teacher school in a circle of

less than one mile radius. It is only in sparlely populated areas that a school will have to be started on the basis of area and there will be a school in an area of 3-14 square utiles. But whether the school is started on the basis of population or area, the geographical tentures and natural barriers will always be taken into consideration and the number of schools, if necessary, will accordingly be increased.

(ii) No.

Petition of the motor que owners or the western begins, valparguis.

- .70. Babu KHACENDRA NATH DAS CUPTA: (a) Wall the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Police) Department be pleased to state whether it is a fact
 - (i) that the motor bus owners of the Western Duars, district Jalparguri, in a joint petition, dated the 19th June, 4938, to the Diputy Commissioner intervalia made allegations of bribery, exportion of illegal gratification, unnecessary hardssment, etc., against the police constables and petty officers posted at different places in the Duars.
 - (ii) that these meter his owners in their petition have also complained that if no or inadequate gratifications are given to the police they prosecute the drivers on the fluisiest of grounds with the result that heavy fines are inflicted.
 - core that about 1,100 cases were instituted against motor bus drivers and owners in the course of six months from December, 1937 to May, 1938, and there had not been a single case of acquittal, and
 - (iv) that the motor bus owners as a protest had suspended their business by middle of June, 1938, for a number of days?
 - (b) Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state -
 - (c) whether the Deputy Commissioner has taken any action on the petition.
 - (ii) whether an enquity has been made of the allegations,
 - (111) the mame of the enquiring other.
 - . (11) the result of the enquiry, and
 - (c) the total amount of times realised by the court from the motor bus owners and drivers of the Western Dua's Caring the last financial year 1937-387.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZJMUDDIN: (a) (ii), (iii), and (ic) Yes.

- (iii) No. 416 cases were instituted from Western Duars excluding Alipur Duars. Of these 318 ended in conviction and 11 in acquittal. 29 cases were dropped as the accused could not be traced and the balance are pending.
 - (b) (i) and (ii) Yes.
 - (iii) Deputy Commissioner, Jalpaiguri.
- (iv) Orders were passed for improving the motor vehicles administration in the interest of public convenience.
- (v) Rs. 45306 in the Sadar subdivision and not in the Western Duars only.

Babu KHAGEHDRA NATH DAS CUPTA: Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to state whether, as a result of the enquiry made by the Deputy Commissioner, the allegations of bribery, extortion, illegal gratification, unnecessary harassment, etc., made against some of the police constables and petty police officers have been proved, and, if so, what action has the Deputy Commissioner so far taken to punish these officers and constables?

The Hon'ble Khwaja, Sir NAZIMUDDIN: If am very sorry. Sir, that the honourable member is misinformed. Allegations were smade but they have not been proved and the Deputy Commissioner has not had any materials placed before him which would justify him in coming to the conclusion that the officers have been taking bribes

Treatment of internees Messrs, Hemendu Bikas Nag and Atul Chandra Datta.

- 71. Mr. BIRENURA NATH MAZUMDAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Hom'e Department be pleased to state—
 - (a) whether it is a fact that Hemenda Bikas Nag of Chittagong, and Atul Chandra Datta of Tippera are both at present interned at Saturia in the Manikganj subdivision, district Dacca;
 - (b) whether they had been transferred to the Dacca Mitford Hospital for treatment;
 - (c) if so-
 - (i) for what diseases, and
 - (n) how long they were under treatment;
 - (d) whether it is a fact that they have been sent back to Saturia,
 where there is hardly any arrangement for medical treatment; and

(e) whether the Government are considering the desirability of releasing them at an early date?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: The individuals in question have since been unconditionally released. In the circumstances I do not propose to pursue the enquiries which my hon'ble triend suggests.

Family and personal allowance of Srijut Bhutnath Bhattacharyya, and ex-detenu, and his M. Com. examination fees.

- 72. Mr. NIHARENDŲ DUTTA MAZUMDAR: (a) Is the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Special) Department aware.
 - (i) that the family and personal allowance of Sijnt Bhutnath Bhattachariyya, an ex-detenu of the 24-Parganas, has been stopped for the realisation of the M. Com examination fees granted to van By the Government when he was in the Berhampore Detention Camp, and
 - (ii) that the Assistant Secretary, Political Department, twice asked the District Magistrate, 24-Parganas, to reconsider the case but the said officer refused to do anything on the plea that the matter was already closed?
- (b) Has be authorised or endorsed realisation of examination fees from the personal allowance after releasing—the detenu and specially from the family allowance?
- (c) Is it rejact that usual practice of realising any such amount is by instalment?
- (d) If the answer to (c) is in the affirmative, why was a different course taken in this case?
 - (e) Whether any enquiries have been made in the maker?
- (f) What action do the Government contemplate taking in this matter?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUODIN: The detenu and his family had overdrawn allowances to the extent of Rs. 183-2-6, which sum was recovered from the after-release allowance sanctioned ex-gratia by Government for six months. Orders modifying this have since been issued.

Authentifated Schedule of Expenditive.

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: Sir, I begate place a Schedule of expenditure relating to the dimands for supplementary grants authenticated by the Government of India Act, 1935, on the 17th August, 1938.

COVERNMENT BILLS.

The Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1938.

The Hon'ble Signal BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Sur. I beg to move that the Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1957, as reported by the Select Committee, be taken into consideration.

Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: I oppose the consideration of the Bill, because the Bill will bring within its scope tanks that were excavated for irrigation purposes and which have been torsaken. But it is well-known that there are tanks throughout the whole of Bengal which were not excavated for arrigation purposes but for domestic purposes, but are now forsaken. These tanks also, in my opinion, should come within the benefit of this Bill. It is well-known to all of us that these tanks are now full of weeds and jungles, and have become a nuisance; and as a matter of fact the insanitars condition of the villages is due to the presence of these tanks and it is necessary that the Government should come forward with a comprehensive Bill which will cover all classes of tanks, domestic tanks as well as tanks excavated for negation purposes. With these few words, Sir. I think that Government should not rush through this Bill which is very limited in its scope, but slould come forward with a comprehensive Bill and in this view of the matter I oppose the consideration of this Bill.

The motion of the Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy was then pul and agreed to.

Clause 1.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that Clause 1 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agre d to.

Clause 2

Rai HARENORA NATH CHAUDHUR!: I beg to move that in sub-clause (7), of clause 2. line 3-5 the following words be deleted:—

whether formed by excavation or by the construction of one or more embankments or place where water naturally accumulates."

Sir, I consider these words absolutely superfluous. Prolivity can never be considered a virtue in legislation. We must be precise in our definition; and as the Bill—deals with tanks, I suggest that these superfluous words be cut out altogether. Tank means a feservoir, whether natural or artificial; and that being so, these words describing how it has been—constructed or not are immaterial and absolutely unnecessary, and introduction of superflows words. Sir, may lead to complications and misinterpretation and other trouble—I would therefore suggest to the Flon ble Minister-in-charge to leave out these unnecessary words.

The Honble Sir BRIQY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Sn, I rise to oppose this amendment. I do not think these words are superfluous. The Select Committee event into the matter very carefully and wanted to make the definition rather comprehensive, because there may be tanks which originally were in the nature of beels, but now having been sited up, have been reduced to the condition of tanks. So I think this comprehensive definition inserted in the Bill by the Select Committee will in ne way lead to complications, rather it will be helpful.

I beg to move that in sub-clause (7) of clause 2, last line, after the word "banks" the words "other than homestead, garden or orchard land" be inserted

Sir, Government feel that it may cause great hardship if homesteads or orchards are also taken possession of by the Collector it me made over to the authorised person under the Act. It is never the intention of this measure that the public should be deprived of their homesteads or orchard lands. It is only the tanks that should be made over to the authorised persons for improvement. That is the reason why I have moved this amendment.

The motion of Rai Harendra Nath Chaudhuri that in sub-clause (7) of clause 2, lines 3-5, the following words be deleted:---

"whether formed by excavation of by the construction of one or more embankments or place where water naturally accumulates."

was then put and lost.

The motion of the Man'ble air Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy that in sub-clause (7) of clause 2, last line, after the word "banks" the words "other than homestead, garden or orchard land" be inserted was then put and agreed to.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that Clause 2, as amended, stand part of the Bill.

The question was then put and agreed to.

Clause 3.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHUR!! I beg to move that sub-clause (2) of clause 3 be omitted.

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH RCY: I may just point out that this amendment is unnecessary. The sub-clause is not in the Bill.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that Clause 3 stand part of the Bill.

The question was then put and agreed to.

Clause 1

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHUEL: I beg to move that in sub-clause (2) of clause 4 in line 1, the words "sufficiently the situation and" be inserted after the words "shall state."

I beg also to move that at the end of sub-clause (2) of clause 4, the following words be added, namely.

"and shall be published in the Official Gazette".

Mr. Speaker, Sir, the Bill proposes to provide for the improvement of tanks and to clear them for certain purposes. Now, Sir, in the Land Acquisition Act you will find that two notices have got to be issued before a land is taken over. In the first place a general notice has got to be issued stating the situation and the boundary of the land and secondly, a special notice has also to be issued to the owners, occupiers, and, other persons interested in that piece of land. I do not understand why, when there is no prevision for special notice here, should the general notice that it proposed to be issued under sub-clause (2) not state even the situation of the land.

Almost the whole of Bengal has been cadastrally surveyed, and it is now easy to state the situation of a particular tank. The acquiring authorities, under the Bill as framed, are simply to state in the notice the boundaries of the tank and not the situation of the locality. Well, Sir, when that is the case, I would suggest that the notice should specify the affuation also and not simply the boundary. By situation I mean the estate to which the tank appertains and also the mouza, etc. Otherwise how will it be possible to identify a tank simply by mentioning the boundary. I therefore suggest that the notice should state the particular situation as well as the boundary of the tank. Moreover, when the Bill proposes something like acquisition of a tank, may be for a limited period, and does not provide for a special notice to the owners and persons interested in a tank, then the notice contemplated in the Bill should also be published in the fiazette.

The Hon'ble Si BIJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: Sir, as the honourable mover has said, in most of the districts Survey and Settlement operations have been completed, and we have got their records. The notice must refer, a giving the boundaries, to the Settlement Records, and that will give the situation bus not necessary to mention the situation separately. If there is any reference to the plot number in the Settlement Records, that will identify the plot and will give the exact situation of the tank. I think the honourable member's intendment is unnecessary.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Mr Speaker, will you permit me, Sir, just to put a question? Simply by mentioning the boundaries, the Hon'ble Minister has said that there is mention of plots as well as boundaries. That is not in the sub-clause Merely boundaries have been stated. There is no mention of the site of the plots. He is simply misrepresenting facts.

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Sir, I am not misrepresenting facts. If the boundaries have to be given, they have got to be given with reference to the plot number in the Settlement Record. So that will give the exact situation of the tank, and nobody can mistake it.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that in subclause (2) of clause 4 in line 1, the words "sufficiently the situation and" be inserted after the words "shall state".

The motion was then put to the House and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that at the end of sub-clause (2) of claus 4, the following words be added, namely:—

"and shall be published in the Officer Gazette,"

The motion was then put and lost.

* Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 4 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 5.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 5 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 6

The Hon'ble Sir BIJUY PRASAD SINGH ROY: Sir, I beg to move that in lines 1 and 2, in sub-clause (2) of clause 6, for the words "The Collector may" the words "the Collector shall, except for sufficient reason to be recorded in writing," be substituted.

Sir, the idea is this, that where there are co-sharers and one of the co-sharers or some of the co-sharers volunteer to undertake the improvement of the tank, they should be given preference, but if for any particular reason the Collector finds that it is not desirable that they should be entiusted with the duty, then he should record his reasons in writing, and hand it over to some other person. But so long as the co-sharers are prepared to undertake the work, outsiders should not be permitted to do it. That is the reason why I want to substitute the word, "shall" for the word "may" so that the Collector will not have much discretion, but at the same time there is the sateguard that if he finds that it is necessary in the peculiar circumstances of a particular case that it should be made over to outsiders and not to the co-sharers, he should record his reasons in writing for doing so.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is the amendment of the Hon'ble Sir Bijov Frasad Singh Koy that in lines 1 and 2, in subclause (2) of clause 6, for the words "The Collector may" the words "the Collector shall, except for sufficients reasons to be recorded in a griting", be substituted.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Mr SPEAKER: The question before the House is that Clause 6 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 7. .

Mr. SPEARER: The question before the House is that Clause 7, stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 8.

Dr. SHARAT CHANDRA MUKHERJI: Sir, r beg to most that in clause 8, line 3, the words "he thinks fit" omitted by the Select Committee be re-inserted.

Sir, I also beg to move that in clause 8, lines 3 to 9, for the words commencing from "the Collector may" and ending with the words and figure "or action 6," the following be substituted, namely -

"but not exceeding the time till the total money spent be realized with six one-fourth per cent interest per annum."

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Sir, I oppose this amendment No. 51, because the Select Committee very carefully considered Sirs malter, and made this change. Because, otherwise the tank may be kept in the possession of the authorized person, for an indefinite period. The Select Committee wanted to put the time limit, and to make the weiding of the clause precise. That is why it was changed, and I see no reason to re-insent the words the thinks fit?

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is the motion of Dr. Sharat Chandra Mukherji, that in clause 8, line 3, the words "he thinks fit" omitted by the Select Committee be 19-inserted.

The motion was then put and lost

Mr SPEAKER: The question before the House is that in clause 8, lines 3 to 9, for the words commencing from "the Collector may" and ending with the words and figure for section 6" the following be substituted, namely:—

"but not exceeding the time till the total money spent be realized with six one-fourth per cent, interest per annum."

The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the Houses is that clause 8 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 8A.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 8A stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clauses 9, 10, 11, 12, 12 sind 14.

Mr. SPEAKER: I hope there will be no objection if I put claus is 9 to 14 together.

The question before the House is that clauses 9 to 14 stand part of

The motions were then put and agreed to . . .

Clause 15.

Mr. SPEAKER: Amendments 55 and 56 are beyond the scope of the Bill.

Motion No. 58 is beyond the scope of the Bill.

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Sir, I beg to move that in sub-clause (2) (b) of clause 15, for the we.ds "provided that there is a sufficiency of water, to any other person," the following be substituted, namely:-

"provided that-

- (i) there is a sufficiency of water, and
- $\overset{oldsymbol{lpha}}{=}(n)$ the total area for irrigation from the tank in respect of which permission is granted under this sub-section does not exceed the maximum area laid down from time to time by the Collector in that behalf by order in writing, to any other person, and any person to whom permission is once granted under this clause shall, subject to the prior right of persons referred to in clause (a) and to the abovementioned conditions, continue to enjoy the right on payment of the fee payable.''

Sir, the wording is very plear, and I go not want to make any speech.

Mr. SPEAKEB: The question before the House is the amendment of the Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Brasad Singh Roy that in sub-clause (2), (b) of clause 15, for the words "provided that there is a sufficiency, of water, to any other person," the following be substituted, namely:—

"provided that-

- *(1) there is a sufficiency of water, and
 - (ii) the total area for irrigation from the tank in respect of which permission is granted under this sub-section does not exceed the maximum area laid down from time to time by the Collector in that behulf by order in writing, to any other person, and any person to whom permission is once granted under this clause shall, subject to the prior right of persons referred to in clause (a) and to the abovementioned conditions, continue to enjoy the right on payment of the fee payable.

The motion was then put and agreed to. .

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 15 as amended stand part of the Bill

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 16.

Dr. SHARAT CHANDRA MUKHERJI: Sir, I beg to move that in sub-clause (I) of clause 16, lines 5 to 13, for the words commencing from "Such fees shall be calculated" and ending with "in respect of the tank," the following be substituted; namely:—

"Such fees shall not be more than annus four per bigha in any case."

Dr. SARAT CHANDRA MUKHERJEE: এবিবরে আমার বলবার কথা এই যে Bengal Tank imprevement Bill যে প্রকারে পঠিত হয়ে আমারে বলবার কথা এই যে Bengal Tank imprevement Bill যে প্রকারে পঠিত হয়ে আমারের এখানে আসিরাছে এই জিনিষটা সরা বাংলার ভিতর পাঁলুম বক্ষোব যে রকম কার্যাকরী ছবে অনা জারুলার সে রকম হইবে না। পালিম বক্ষোর ক্ষেক্তির অনেক সুমর নিতার করিতে হয়ু এই বর্গের জ্বলের উপর। যে সম্পত ভারগার প্রানো প্ত্র আছে—স্মা, যায় আবিকাপে স্থালেই স্পৃত্র পিয়াছে। সম্প্রতি সে সুমস্ত প্ত্রের কোন সংকার না হওরার সমস্ত পালিম বক্ষোর বিশেষতার বিশেষতার না হওরার সমস্ত পালিম বক্ষোর বিশেষতার বিশেষতার উলের অভান, অন্তর্করে। ,তাছা বাতীত যেসভুক, প্ত্রের সংকার হইবে ভাহারে কি পরিমাণে, জল বোগারে পারবে চাহারও বিছা নিশ্রতা নাই। এই সংকোর কারো যে টাকা বার হইবে ভাহা রুট্ন হিসাব কুরার পর ট্যালের পরিমাণ বার্ডিয়া হায়

ভাষাৰ গরীৰ চাৰীদের পাছে বইন, করা কর্মীর হইবেং বেষন cantil করের বারা একটা ভারানক অসম্ভূতের স্থিত হৈরাছে, সেইজন আমরা ক্ষীর সম্বদ্ধে একটা স্তিক নিজ্পেশ চাই বাহা বিধাপ্রতি চার আনার বেশী হওরা উল্লিখ নর।

Dr. SUPESH CHANDRA BANERJEE; Sir, I beg'o move that in sub. clause (2) of clause 16, line 4, for the works "fixed so es to exceed by 'fifty per cent" the words "the same as" be substituted. মূল Bill বলা হরেছে হে গছলুমেন্ট কোন একটি পূর্ব পুন: সংস্কারের জন্য আপন দখলে নিয়ে তার সংস্কার সাধন কোরে উনগণকে 'সেচের জন্য যখন তার জল বাবহারের জাধনার বেংটে দিবে, তপন সংস্কারের প্রকার সেই পূর্বের জল বাবহারের অধিকার ছিল যে সব কৃষক্দের, তাদেরই সংস্কারের পর জল বাবহারের অধিকার পাবে অপর সকলো। তথ্য যাদের অধিকার ছিল তাদের শমনে হিল তাদের শমনে হিল তাদের শমনে আগের সমানই থাক্বে। কিন্তু সংস্কৃত পূর্বের জল বাবহারে নতন বাদের অধিকার লাভ হবে তাদের প্রক্তিমের চেয়ে শর্কনা ত০, পঞ্চাল টাকা বেশী rate দিতে হবে। অর্থাং যাদের আগে দখল ছিল না তাদের দখল শুধু পিছনে লাভ হবে না—rate, ও খেলী দিতে হবে। মিরার সম্প্রক্তিমের তেনে পথিকা রাখা আমি অন্যায় মনে করি। আমার মতে কৃষি কাডেই জল যথন বাবহতে হবে, তথন দখল আগে পিছে যখনই লাভ হোক না কেন, rate সমানই থাকা উচিত। আগে যাদের দখল ছিল সংক্লারের পরও তারা আগে দখল পাবে, আর সকলের সহিত ইহাদের এই পাথকাই যথেন্ট। সকলের জন্য সমান rate এর বাবক্ষা করার আমার এই সংশোধন আশা করি মন্ত্রী মহালয় মেনে নেবেল, কারণ হৈছা অতি ন্যায়সজ্গত।

Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: Sir, Libeg to move that in subclause (2) of clause 16, line 4, for the words "fifty per cent." the words "twenty-five per cent." be substituted.

Sir, Dr. Banerjee has said that as a matter of fact there was no distinction between the two classes of persons, but I want to make some distinction. I submit that in the case of one class of persons 25 percent, may be necessary instead of 50 per cent.

With these few words, Sir, I commend my motion for the acceptance of the House.

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Sir, three amendments have been moved.

In the first amendment, it is proposed that the tate of fee should not exceed 4 amias per bigha. I submit, Sir, that an arbitrary rate cannot be fixed because the scheme in the Bill is that the cost of improvement should be realised from the lessees within 20 years. So, it is impossible to fix the rate of fee in the Act. If the rate is fixed at 4 amas per bigha, it may take more than 20 years to recover the cost. For this simple reason, Sir, it is not possible to accept the amendment

of As regards the amendment of Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee, it is to the effect that there is no reason why there should be this discrimination. He asks why should the new lessees be called upon to

pay 50 per cent, more than the persons who had the existing right. My honourable friend may be awart that the right of irrigation in most of the cases, is now enjoyed free of cost and still they will be called upon to pay some fee which will cover the cost of improvement of the tank. When the area and capacity of the tank have increased, it will be possible to supply water to larger areas in the occupation of a larger number of persons and the new lessees will then be benefited. It is only proper that the new lessees who had no right of irrigation whatsoever before the improvement of the tank should be called upon to pay something more than those who had such a right from time immembrial and who used to enjoy that right free of any cost. That is why I oppose this amendment.

Then as regards the absendment moved by Mr. Dhirendra Nath Datta, he wants to limit the additional tees to 25 per cent, instead of to 50 per cent. I think 50 per cent, is a reasonable increase, and persons who had no right and who will acquire a new right should be called upon to pay at least 50 per cent, more than those who had this right and who used to enjoy, it without any payment, before the improvement.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that in sub-clause (1) of clause 16, lines 5 to 13, for the words commencing from "Such fees shall be calculated" and ending with "in respect of the tank," the following be substituted, namely:—

h fees shall not be more than annus four per bigha in any case."

The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEÄKER: The question before the House is that in subclause (2) of clause 16, line 4, for the words "fixed so as to exceed by fifty per cent." the words "the same as" be substituted.

The motion was then put and lost.

Mrs SPEAKER: The question before the House is that in subclause (2) of clause 16, line 4, for the words "fifty per cent." the words "twenty-five per cent." be substituted.

The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that Clause .6 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

CONTENT BILLS. Yelauses 17, 18 and 19.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that Clauses 17, 18 and 19 do stand part of the bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to. -

Clause 20.

ine monitor oin biJOY PRASAD SINGH ROY: Sir, I beg to move that at the end of clause 20 the following be added, namely:-

for the Collector may, if he thinks fit, arrange for the maintenance of the tank in proper condition and recover the cost thereof from the authorised person."

Sir, it may be that the authorised person after a few years instead of maintaining the tank in its improved condition would begin to neglect it for the simple reason of keeping it in his possession for a longer period. So the Collector should have the right to take possession of the tank, to put it in its former improved condition and to realise the cost from the person due to whose negligence the tank had deteriorated after improvement.

With these few words, I move this amendment.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that at the end of clause 20 the following be added namely:

"or the Collector may, if he thinks fit, arrange for the maintenance of the tank in proper condition and recover the cost thereof from the authorised person".

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Mr. SPEAKER: The questions before the House is that Clause 20 as smended do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to

Clause 21.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that Clause 21 'do, not stand part of the Bill;

The motion was then put and agreed to.

GOVERNMENT MILLS. Clauses 22, 23 and 29.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Sir, I beg to move that in sub-clause (I) of clause 22, in line 3, the following words be inserted after the words "this Act" and before the communication.

and are not recorded in any record-of-rights previously prepared and published under Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885.

Mr. SPEAKER: You may also move your other amendments.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: They are in connection with other clauses.

Mr. SPEAKER: In order to shorten the time, you might first move all the amendments and then make one speech

Rai HARENDRA MATH CHAUDHURI: All rights Sir.

I beg also to move that --

at the end of sub-lause (2) of Clause 23 the following words be inserted:--

"in accordance with the provisions of this Act"; and further that,

at the end of clause 29, the following words be added:

"provided the order or decision does not affect the question of right or title to the tank".

So far as my first motion is concefned, it relates to clause 22 subclause (I) which says that the Collector shall prepare in the prescribed form and manner a record-of-rights. So it becomes the imperative duty of the Collector to prepare a new record-of-rights. The Hon ble Minister has himself admitted in connection with a prayions motion that almost the whole of Bengal has been surveyed, and the survey and settlement operations having been finished records-of-rights have been prepared almost for the whole of Bengal, why then should another survey and record-of-rights be necessary in taking over a tank, I cannot understand. Therefore, I have Suggested that where there have been survey and settlement operations, and, where there is already existing a record-of-rights, no further record-of-rights needs be prepared in respect of a tank there. A new record summarily prepared may lead to the upsetting of existing rights and may give rise to new disputes."

Further, we should bear in find that we are going to oust the jurisdiction of the Court to far as the operation of this Act is concerned. I, therefore, suggest that these words are imperatively necessary, to ensure that there should not be a further record-of-rights made in a symmary manner where there is already a record-of-right: prepared under Chapter X of the Bengal Tenarcy Act in existence.

As regards the next motion, it relates to clause 23. Now sub-clause (2) of clause 23 says that if the tank falls into a state of disrepair for the second time, then the Collector will either himself take over the tank or settle it with another person. It is not mentioned there what procedure in the case of this subsequent taking over of a tank will be adopted; and by suggesting the introduction of the words "in accordance with the provisions of this Act", I only mean to make it clear that even in the second proceeding, the Collector will follow the provisions laid down in this Act.—I hope the Hon'ble Minister will please accept my motion.

Then so far as the third motion is concerned it relates to clause 29. Clause 29 of the Bill renders the whole rastitutions of Civil Courts functus officio. It says that no order of the Civil Court is to operate during and disturbing the possession of a tank or affecting or altering an order of a Collector or a decision of a revenue authority. Quite so, but it must not be a decision on right, title and interest then, If the order relates, for example, to the taking over of a tank and putting it under the control of a desirable person, that is altogether a different matter. But if the order of the Collector affects the right, title or legal interests of persons in a tank, then this order becomes an order of a very serious nature, and one should not think of onsting the jurisdiction of the Civil Court in such a matter. Therefore, Sir, I have suggested that those orders or decisions which do affect right, title and interest of persons in a tank, should be capable of revision by the Civil Court - The Civil Court should not be rendered function official so tar as such orders are concerned. And I hope the Hon'ble Minister will take these points into consideration and accept my amendment

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Mr. Rai Chaudhuri has moved three amendments on three different clauses. In the first amendment, his contention is that as record-of-rights has been completed practically in every district, it is not necessary to prepare separace record-of-rights for these tanks. My reply to his argument is that these record-of-rights may have become out of date already. Take for instance the district of Myménsingh where the record-of-rights was prepared as early as 1903. There the Collector will have to prepare separate and up to date record-of-rights; otherwise it is not

possible for him to work according to the provisions of this Act. But where the records-of-rights are not out of flate but up to date, there naturally he will follow the records of-rights prepared under the Bengal Tenancy Act.

Babu NAGAENDRA SATH SENA Where is the guarantee for that?

The Hon'ble Sir BAJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Guarantee is common sense.

Where it is necessary to bring the record-of-rights up to date, separate record-of-rights would be prepared. It will not be an elaborate procedure as under Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, it will not take more than a day to prepare record-of-rights of a particular tank.

As regards the second amendment, I think it is hardly necessary because it is quite clear that the Collector should take steps under the provisions of this Act:

As regards the third amendment, I would draw Mr. Rai Choudhuri's attention to clause 29. It is nowhere mentioned that in matters of title, the jurisdiction of the Civil Court is ousted. What is stated here is this, that during the possession, the decision of the Collector will stand so that the improvement work may go on undisturbed. That shoes not affect the question of title. Once you antroduce the clause suggested by Mr. Rai Chaudhuri, it will lead to litigation, and the work of improvement will be held up. I think, Bengal has suffered more from complicated litigations than from anything else and those who have got the interests of the rural areas at heart-those who want really to do something to bring about improvement of the lanks for the purpose of arrigation, should not support the introduction of the clause suggested by Mr. Rai Chandhuri, because it is sure to lead to complicated litigations and ultimately to frustrate the whole object of this measure. With these few words, I oppose all the three amendments moved by Mr. Rai Chaudhuri.

Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: Sir, may I put a question to the Hon'ble Minister: Will the Hon'ble Minister kindly assure as with reference to clause 22 (amendment 66) that in districts where a Maintenance Officer is maintained, new records-of-rights will not by prepared as the Maintenance Officer keeps the register up to plate.

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY. RRASAD SINCH, ROY: There his no Maintenance Officer now.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that in subclause (1) of clause 22, in line 3, the following words be inserted after the words "this Act" and before the commac—

"and are not recorded in any record-of-rights previously prepared and published under Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885."

The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that Clause 22 stand pagt of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that at the end of sub-clause (2) of clause 23 the following words be inserted.—

"in accordance with the provisions of this Act".

The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that Clause 23 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to

Clauses 24, 25, 26, 27, and 28,

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clauses 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 stand part of the Bill.

The motions were then put and agreed to.

Clause 29.

The ame,:dment of Rai Harendia Nath Chaudhuri that at the end of clause 29, the following words be added:—

"provided the order or decision does not affect the question of right or title to the tank"

was then put and lost. 1

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that Clause 29 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put, and agreed to.

Clause 30.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that Clause 30 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clauses \$1, 32, 33, 31, 35, 36 and 37.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clauses 31, \$2, 33, 33, 35, 36 and \$7 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Praimble and long title.

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. P Baneryi's amendments regarding the Preamble and the long title are not in order.

The question is that the Preamble stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to

The Hon ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINOH ROY: I beg to move that the Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1938, as settled in this Assembly be passed

The motion was then put and agreed to

DF. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Mr. Speaker, shall we not have prayer time, now?

Mr. SPEAKER: Why is Dr. Sanyal so anxious to-day to say his prayers:

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: I wish to pray, Sir, for the peace of somebody's soul

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Or, perhaps, he wants to prev upon somebody!

The Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938,

**The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Sir, I beg to move that the Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, as reported on by the Select, Committee, be taken into consideration

Sir, on the last organion when I moved that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee, I placed before the House the provisions of

the Bill in brief, and therefore I will not go over them again at this stage. I would, however, like to point out to the House one very saltent fact, and it is this, that the Bill is more on less an agreed measure. It goes with the goodswill of the employers and I think it will be doing a positive disservice to the cause of labourers and to the . cause of women labourers in particular, whose interests are being affected by this Bill, if an attempt is made to-day by honourable members to tamper with the Bill or to make it less workable. I realise, Sir, that this will afford a very fine opportunity to my labour friends to show, a great deal of sympathy for labourers in general and to try to take advantage of the Bill for the purpose of proving that they are the persons, who are most anxious for the welfare of labour. But I would fit the same time request them not to take advantage of this particular measure in order to get back the popularity that they have lost, because, if this Bill does not pass with the gold-will of the employers, then I am afraid that, as I have said before, the persons affected by it will suffer in the end. It is very easy, Sir, to go in tor coercive legislation. If the majority of the House is in favour, we can go in for coercive legislation to deal with labour; but in the matter of industrial legislation it is preferable to have egislation in which there is a measure of agreement. For instance, if the figure with regard to the amount that should be paid to the women labourers is increased against the will of the employers, and the employers do not like it and they feel that it is being increased to an unfair degree. ther it will be open to the employers, as I am told, has been unfortunately done by some of the employers in Bombay, to get rid of their women labourers gradually, so that they may not be called upon to bear this additional burden. I would, therefore, request the honourable members to keep this in mind when considering the various amendments, that we should have this Bill passed with the good-will of all concerned.

Babu KHAGENDRA NATH DAS GUPTA: Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill এর অলোচনা প্রসঙ্গে আমি অচান্ড প্রথম সঙ্গো বলিতে বাধা ছতি যে এর ৪০০০০ পরিধী অচাত সংকীপাঁ করা হয়েছে। এই বাংলা দেশের কুলি-রমণীদের অধিকাংশকে এর আরত্তের বাহিরে রাখা হয়েছে। Plantations এর বিশেষ কোরে চারাগানগুলির কুলিনের সম্পর্কে এই বিল, কোন কাছে আসবে না। বাংলাদেশে প্রায় এক লছ এগার ছাজার কুলি-রমণী চারাগান-গুলিতে কাজ করে। যারা চারাগানের খবর রাখেন, তারাই জানেন এই সব কুলি-রমণীরা কি অবক্ষায় অনাব্ত মণ্ডার চল্ডার কলে বান্ধান চালাগানের খবর রাখেন, তারাই জানেন এই সব কুলি-রমণীরা কি অবক্ষায় অনাব্ত মণ্ডার চল্ডার গ্রে বান্ধানের জলে ঘণ্ডার পর ঘণ্ডার কাজ কারে যায়, এমন ঘটনাও বিরল নয়্ধান্তিন তাপে, কখন ভবিল বা্ন্ধান কাজ কোরতে কোরতে প্রসব বেদনায় আক্রান্ত হয়ে পড়েছে এবং অন্যান্য কুলি-রমণীরা এসে তাকে স্থানাই কুল্ডা ঘেরাও করে প্রসব করিয়েছে। এটা যে কি অমান্ত্রিক ব্যাপার সেটা সভোরা স্বাই ব্যুতে পুরেন। অথচ এই সব চারাগানের কুলি-রমণীদের এই বিলের স্বিবা থেকে বন্ধিত করা হয়েছে। ছুইট্লে ক্মিশন এই স্মন্ত চারাগানের কুলি-রমণীটের একটা অংশ মন্ত্রী ব্যাপার বিলয়েছেন। হুইট্লে ক্মিশন এই সমন্ত চারাগানের কুলি-ব্যাটির কন্টা অংশ মন্ত্রী ব্যাপার ক্লোব্রছন ক্লিব্রেছন, অথচ চারাগানের কুলি-রমণীদের সম্বত্রেছন বন্ধানির কেনে স্বার্গানের কুলি-রমণীদের সম্বত্রত তারাগানের ক্লি-রমণীদের চন্ত্রত তারা স্পারিশ কোরেছেন। হুইট্লে ক্মিশ্রেছন বে অংশটাতে তারা স্পারিশ কোরেছেন।

সে লংকী প্রহণ করেন নাই। এই বিজে বে সবাসার প্রসেষে হব এ সমর সংশোধন প্রসাধিধনে চায়ের জবা কিই করা সক্ষর হৈ। আমি আমা বৃদ্ধি মত্ত্বী মহাগর চারীগানের কৃষ্ণি-রমণীদের জন্য শাছি ও এরকম একটা বিল অসমবেন। চারাগানগুলি অংকীদারদের জন্য বংশুই ভিভিড্ডইং, শতকরা ৪০, টাকা গেকে ১৮০, টাকা প্রশাস প্রহি বছর ঘোরগা কোরে আস্ক্রেন: স্তরাং চারাগানগুলি maternity 'benefit দিতে ঘ্রই সহম। এই সহম্যা থাকা সক্তেও কেন বন এই গ্রহাটিটিটি চাদেক-বার্য কোরছেন না—এই benefit দেবার জনা আমি চা ব্রুটে পারছি নে ।

Mr. SPEAKER: The question—before the House is that the Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938, as reported on by the Select Committee, be taken into consideration.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is it in order Sir, to put the motion to the House without giving us an opportunity to speak on it and also to hear what the Hon'ble Minister has got to say in reply to the speech of my friend, Mr. Khagendra Nuth Das Gupta?

Mr. SPEAKER: It is not your function, Dr. Sanyal, to workers Speaker here when I am on my legs.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I submit. Sir, that we are now at the stage of ascussing the "consideration" motion of the Hon'ble. Minister. I submit three is a matter which requires debate and the rules provide that the subject-matter before its should be fairly debated. I submit most humbly that this matter has not been replied to by the Hon'ble Minister in charge nor have other members taken sufficient part in the debate. I, therefore, request you most respectfully to permit a fact debate on this and ask the Hon'ble Minister to reply to the points raised by my honourable friend, Mr. Das Gupta.

Mr. SPEAKER: Well, it was open to members to take part in the debate immediately after the last speaker. No speaker, as a matter of fact, stood up, and as for the Hon'ble Minister it is open to him to reply to not to reply to the points raised by the last speaker. When robody stood up, it was no business of mine to call upon anybody to take part to the debate.

The motion was again put and agreed to.

(At this stage the House was adjourned for 15 minutes,)

(After adjournment)

Privilege motion.

Mr. Khwaja SHAHABUDDIN: Mr. Speaker, Sn. I crave your indulgence to make a reference to the very unfortunate incident which took place this afternoon during the question time. The Doguty Leader of the Congress Assembly Party, namely, Mr. Tulsi Chandra

Goswamf, characterised that the Chicf Minister was indulging in lies, and when your attention was drawn to the natter you asked him to withdraw the expression. He definitely refused to withdraw it in spite of your asking him to do so. And when you appealed to the Leader of the Opposition, even then Mr. Goswami, —as we could understand and I think as the typort of the Official Reporters will show, —said, "If in the extitement of the moment I said something which is unparliamentary," I shall certainly apologise as a gentleman." I submit that in the first place in spite of your saying definitely that it was unparliamentary, he made a conditional apology saying "if it is unparliamentary." In the second place he indicated his willingness to withdraw his expression but did not definitely do so. He should now definitely and unreservedly withdraw the expression.

The second part is equally unparliamertary. It refers to the incident when you appealed to the Leader of the Opposition to help you in maintaining the discipline in the House and assist you. Mr. Tulsi Chandra Goswami said, "I belong to the front bench and happen to occupy the position of the Deputy Lender of the Congress Assembly Party. We have given you assistance, but now, Sec. you should assist yourself." This was the expression used by Mr. Tuls? Chandra Goswami. When you took exception to the last remark, Mr. Goswami again repeated the same thing We feel, Sn, that he was casting reflection on the Chair which undermined the dignity of the Chair. You may, Sir, overlook it, but a very large number of members of this House, specially the members of this side, are not prepared to allow this incident to pass over without proper amends being made request you to ask Mr. Tulsi Chandra Goswami in the first place to withdraw that unparliamentary expression unreservedly and in the second place to make proper amends for taking up an attitude and doing something which is unbecoming his position as a member of this House and which cast reflection on the Chair.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA QUPTA: Sir. 1 do not know whether you desire to reopen the matter which is already over, so far as the discussion was concerned. But it you do so, may 1 draw your attention to the fact over which the question and answer cropped up. It was its connection with the question of advertisement regarding the filling up of the post of Principal of the Dacca School of Engineering. That was the question which was concerned. The Deputy Leader from this side asked the Hon'ble the Chief Minister whether the post had been advertised and on that he wanted a reply. Now, I will only read out from the authentic report of the Public Service Commission of which after a great deal of trouble I could purchase a copy. And it is written there "the Commission were also consulted on the 23rd April, 1937, about the selection of a Principal of the Dacca Absanullah

School of Engineering. The matter was previously considered by the old Selection Board which made some tentative recommendation. The Commission were unable to recommend any of the applicants and advised on the 6th May, 1937, that the post should be readvertised." This has not yet been done.

Now, going into the question of the merits, the Deputy Leader enquired of the Chief Mindster whether any advertisement was done, and——

Mr. Khwaja SHAHABUDDIN: I rise on a point of order. Sir, we are not discussing whether the statement of the flowble the Chief Minister was correct or incurrect. But the point that we are concerned with here is whether a member is entitled to call another member that he is indulging in hes. Whether he had indulged in lies or not is not the matter for consideration in this House. (Shouts and cries of Oh! On! from the Opposition Benches.)

Mr. SPEAKER: Order, order. I think the House will realize that if at every statement there is a shout either from the right or from the left, that creates difficulty for the Speaker, and I do hope that whenever a statement is being made by one side, the other side will not shout. This time the shout came from the left, but that does not mean that I will not look to the shouts from my right and I do hope that whenever anything is done, it would be done in a manner befitting the dignity of this House.

Mr. K. NOORUDDIN: On a point of privilege Sir. There is another question I would like to bring to your notice. When you appealed to the Leader of the Opposition to help you or assist you in asking Mr. Goswami to withdraw the expression, the Leader of the Opposition took no notice of your appeal. When you appealed to him again for the second time, he behaved in a similar manner.

Mr. SPEAKER: I think that will do. For the time being I feel that, since the question of privilege has been raised, this is a matter which so far as to-day's incident was concerned, was closed. But I could not shut out any member from raising a question of privilege on this matter. Whether this is a violation of privilege or not, or whether this is a matter in which any further step will have to be taken, or not or whether Mr. Goswamien making his apology should have withdrawn or not, in view of my statement, is a matter that has passed out of my hands. For the time being, what I propose to do, in view of the fact that the question has been vaised as a matter of privilege, is that I may refer the entire proceedings to the Privilege Committee if necessary, for such action as they may recommend in this matter.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FATLUL HUQ: May of cut short the matter, Sir! The whole trouble arose when I made the statement that there was advertisement. It may be, Sir, that wher Mr. Gosvami made the remark, he was under a misapprehension, and I think it will clear matters if I place all relevant facts from the file before the house. It may be that Mr. Goswami will be prepared to reconsider the whole position, and there may be an end of the whole trouble.

It so happened that Mr. B. C. Gupta who was holding the post of the Principal of the Civil Engineering College was due to retire some "time in 1936. The question of his successor arose, and there was an advertisement."

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: In which year, please?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: That was in 1937.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: 1936

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: 1936, but the advertisement was really made in 1937, and I granted him an extension of service to enable me to find a suitable successor. Advertisements were made, and the letter I received from the Secretary to the Public Service Commission was this:

"I have the honour to refer to your letter (the date is the 6th of May, 1937, No. 1818 Education, dated the 23rd April, 1937), in which you request the Public Service Commisson to recommend in order of preference among the 25 candidates whose applications have been received in response to advertisement issued by your Department, those whom the Commission consider suitable for the post of Principal of the Alsanullah School of Engineering, Dacca. The Bengal Public Service Commission observes that this matter of selection for the post of Principal, Ahsanullah School of Engineering, Dacca, previously cathe up before the Selection Board, and the proceedings of the latter body were complete. The Board appointed a Sub-Committee which after interviewing the candidates recommended is suitable for the post the three following candidates in the order named (that is in order of preference):—

- (1) Mr. M. Aakim Ali
- (2) Mr. S. Chakrevorty
 - (3) Mr. P. C. Sen."

Subsequent to the receipt of this Sub-Committee's report, the Selection Board called for and received certain confidential papers relating to Mr. Hakim Ali. From these papers it appeared that Mr. Hakim Ali had been in temporary employ in the Public Works Department in the North-West Frontier Province as Assistant Engineer, but that he had been discharged as unfit and unsuitable for employment in the Department; It is clear that a candidate with such a record is not suitable for employment as Principal of the Engineering School. The Selection Board decided that they were unable to remain mend any of the candidates selected by the Sub-Committee with complete confidence. Then they recommended a further advertisement, Now. Sir, after this was done, as regards the charge brought against Mr. Hakim Ali, we referred the matter to the Government of the North-West Frontier Province.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I at this stage, Sir, ask one question—

Mr. SPEAKER Let the Hon'ble Chief Minister finish.

The Hon ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL. HUQ: Then we wrote to the Government of the North-West Frontier Province for a complete record of the service of Mr. Hakim Ali, and the reply was this:

"In reply to your letter No. 3466 Education, dated the 4th November, 1937, Laim directed to state that certain allegations were made against Mr. Hakim Alj, but they were not proved, nor was he given a chance to clear his position, and it can therefore be accepted that there is nothing against him. The reasons for the termination of his services was reduction of establishment."

This is dated the 8th October 1937. On receipt of this letter I noted that in view of the opinion expressed by the Public Services Commission, I will drop Mr. Hakim Ali, and I think it would be better to advertise both in India and in England to that we may have a very wide field of selection. Things were in this stage, and we had actually taken steps for advertisement when Mr. Gupta got a lucrative offer somewhere, and asked permission to retire. I tried to induce him to remain, but he would not, and the question arose of an emergent appointment for the post. In these circumstances, I again approached the Public Services Commission if they would agree to the appointment of Mr. Hakim Ali. They were not at first willing, but ultimately on a consideration of all the facts, they wrote this letter:—

"I am directed to refer to your letter No. 1219 Education, dated the 14th June, on the subjects of temporary appointment to the just of Principal, Ahsanullah School of Engineering, Dacca. It appears that the Education Department are spready considering the scheme for reorganizing the school, and conventing it into a first grade technological institute. While this scheme is under consideration, it will be necessary to find immediately a successor to the present Principal Mr. B., C. Gupta, I. E. S., who will retire from the beginning of July and Government accordingly propose to appoint Mr. Hakim Ah. District Engineer of Bakarganj, to the post of Principal temporarily with the concurrence of the Public Service Commission, Bengal. In reply, Pala to state that in view of the urgency of the matter, the Commission have no dojection to the appointment of Mr. Hakim Ah, now District Engineer of Bakarganj, to the post of Principal on a purely temporary basis on a consideration that he is the best qualified candidate who is immediately available."

Then, Sir, I did not allow the matter to rest there. I discussed the whole position with His Excellency the Governor, and the list order that was passed was in His Excellency's own bandwriting, namely, "Discussed with Hon'ble the Chief Minister I have no objection."

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: On a point of order, Sir Is the Hon'ble the Chief Minister entitled to refer to His Excellency's order?

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Huq, you cannot refer to His Excellency's order.

Mr, JOCESH CHANDRA GUPTA: May, I make a statement, Sir?

Mr. SPEAKER: Let the Hon'ble the Chief Minister finish first.

Mr. JOGESH CHANDRA CUPTA: He has already finished, Sir.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: No. 1 have not yet finished. Then on the question of advertisement, there was an advertisement, and as many as twenty-five candidates applied. This was an extraordinarily large number, considering that the post required high technical qualifications. The Public Service Commission selected three candidates, and they were definitely of the opinion that Mr. Hakim Ali was the best of all the candidates, and the only thing against him was his previous record, and that was found on enquiry to be unsubstantiated by evidence. When we were considering the question of re-advertising and had actually taken steps in that direction, an emergency arose for finding an immichate states for the Gupta. I again wrote to the Public Service Commission to find out if, in these

circumstances, they would agree to the appointment of Mr. Hakim Ali and they agreed and on that basis. Sir, the appointment was made. I submit? Sir, that in all the statements that I have made there is no maccuracy and nothing near about a lie. And I hope my friend Mr. Goswami will agree with me that when he made that remore he must have been under a misapprehension or he must have misunderstood me. If I am right respect from him as a friend and as a colleague that he would withdraw that expression.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA GUPTA: May I make a statement, Sir?

Mr. SPEAKER: No. I can only allow Mr. Moswami to make a statement it he so wishes.

Mr. JOCESH CHANDRA CUPTA: But, Sir, I was in the millst of a statement when I was interrupted. I rise on a point of order. Is it your decision that though you gave an opportunity to the Government Whip to rise and speak I will not be allowed to finish my statement. It that is your decision, Sir, I have got to take it. I have to discharge my responsibilities to this side of the House. If it is your ruling that though the Whip on the other side could be allowed to make a statement and reopen the matter, I have no such right (because I happen to be the Whip of the Opposition) to complete my statement, if that is your ruling I will abide by it.

Mr. SPEAKER: The real question at issue was in connection with a certain expression which was used by Mr. T. C. Goswami. The question raised by Mr. Shahabuddin was only with reference to this statement and not as regards the merits of the case. The merits of the case can be raised either by the gentleman who replied on behalf of the Government or the honourable member who put the question. I am quite prepared to allow Mr. Goswami to make a statement is he so wishes. I do not think in a controversy like this it is fair for any-body else to do so. Mr. Goswami can, at this stage after hearing the statement of the Hon'ble the Chief Minister, make a statement if he likes. I asked him to withdraw the expression; he did not withdraw it, but he apologised without withdrawing. As to whether he will reconsider his decision and withdraw the expression now, it is entirely for him to say.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Sfr. may I make a statement as I was the person responsible for putting the question?

Mr. SPEAKER: You have nothing to say in this matter. Yes. Mr. Goswami.

Mr. TULSI CHANDRA COSWAMI: Sir, I am extremely thankful to Mr. Shahabuddin for having raised a point waich caused some agitation in this House. At the rame time, I fail to realise how when a gentleman apologises he does not realise that he withdraws that statement. It is an extremely rare instance in my life that a gentleman who professes to be a gentleman does not realise that an apology is far more than a withdrawal of said very frankly to this House that if in the heat of the debate I used a word which was unparliamentary I apologise for it as a gentleman.

As regards the other point raised by Mr. Shahabuddin, namely, in reference to you, Sir, I hope you will bear with me when I say that it was under extreme provocation. For this reason, to say that the Leader of the Opposition or the leaders of the parties concerned in the Opposition were not mindful of their duties to the House, was a grave reflection. I repudiated it and I still repudiate it.

Then, Sir, as regards the matter over which the heat arose, the Hon'ble Mr. Fazlul Huq has made a statement. I have in my hand a document published by the Government of Bengal under the authority of the Public Service Commission and, ther tore, I feel justified in questioning him as regards certain point, namely, the question of advertisement.

Then, Sir, as regards the unparliamentary word, probably no one in this House—I am sorry to say—has been guilty, more guilty, than the Hon'ble the Chief Minister himself in giving currency to unparliamentary language. It has just happened that his words have escaped your ears. (The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Schrawerdy: They came after your words.)

Mr. SPEAKER: Both escaped my ears. I only took notice of them plea it was brought to n.y notice.

Mr. TULSI CHANDRA COSWAMI: I hope, Sir, that in future you will be more wide awake to the language used by the Hon'ble Mr. Fazlul Yluq.

Qr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I once more appeal to you that in view of the long statement made by the Hon'ble the Chief Minister in this connection and in view of the fact that I was responsible for putting this question you will let me have from the file he has before him one more information which is far more important?

Mr. SPEAKER: No.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Sir. I hope ou will permit me to add a few words. I entirely endorse the statement made by the Deputy

Leader of my party. If I rise to sheak at all, it is only because or one observation which fell from the honourable member on the other side and that is when the Speaker appealed I did not respond. Sir, I entirely repudiate the allegation and possibly. Sir, if you had your eyes on this side I did speak something to Mr. Goswami after which he made the statement. We, on this side of the House, are gentlemen, and if we make use of any unparliamentary expression we withdraw it as gentlemen; and we are not going to emulate the tactics adopted recently by some members on the other side.

- Mr. SPEAKER: I take it that, so far as this incident is concerned, it may be regarded as closed in view of Mr. Goswami's clear statement. He has both apologised and withdrawn the expression. Is not that correct, Mr. Goswami?
- only. TULSI CHANDRA COSWAMI: Yes, Sir! that one expression
- Mr. FAZLUR RAHMAN: Sir. on the points of privilege raised by Mr. Noeruddin and Mr. Shahabuddin, namely, that Mr. Goswami said to you "You assist yourself".——
- Mr. SPEAKER: Order, order. So far as that is concerned, it is not at all desirable that this matter should be debated in the House. If the honourable members so desire, I may refer it to the Committee of Privileges.
- Mr. Khwaja SHAHABUDDIN: On a point of order, Sir. What I would like to submit is that Mr. Goswami said that he used the expression under grave provocation. I do not know whether he meant that he got the provocation from the Chair. In that case it is a reflection on the Chair itself.
 - Mr. SPEAKER: Order, order. It is not a reflection on the Chair.
- Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE; I have heard it, mid to privilege." I fail to appreciate whose privilege is this.
- Mr. SPEAKER: The point of privilege raised is about the conduct of Mr. Goswami in using that expression which he did use and to which I took exception. I do consider that it is not desirable from any point of view on the part of any member to tell the Speaker to "assist himself" even under great provocation. I did not like to create a scene. I consider that the honour and dignity of the Chair lies more with the members of the House than with himself. So I took exception to the expression used by Mr. Goswami. I gave an opportunity

to Mr. Goswami to make a statement which he has done. Now, if any member wishes to proceed in the matter, he should bring in a privilege motion. I do feel that in future it should be understood that it is not the function of anybody to advise the Speaker openly in this House as to what he should do, except in a manner which is in consonance with Parliamentary practice. In this House times without number, I have sought the advice of the members as I know that I am not intallible, and particularly as we ere now only passing through the early stage of Parliamentary life. I do feel that I took exception to Mr. Goswemi's expression because I considered that it was not merely the statement, but the attitude of Mr. Obswami was such that it was a reflection on the conduct of the Speaker. In any case, I won't allow any debate flow in this matter. I gave an opportunity to Mr. Goswami to make a statement which he has done . Now, if anything further is to be done, it is not for me but for the members to de"so, after reference to the Committee of Privileges, if they so wish.

Mr. JOGESH CKANDRA CUPTA: On a point of order, Sir. If anything further was to have been discussed about a matter which was ended by your ruling, it should have been done by way of a motion. I submit that it is not in order to allow anybody to raise a matter which has been disposed of by the Speaker. It that is once allowed, as has been allowed this evening, no matter will be decided and the Speaker's ruling can be reopened and matters can be re-agitated. That is a matter to which I respectfully draw your attention, because according to Parliamentary practice—

Mr. SPEAKER: I understand your point. I find that I have been misunderstood on my left. All, I meant was that if this matter is to be referred to the Committee of Privileges it will have to be brought as a substantive motion in this House.

Mr. JOGESH CHANDRA GUPTA: I wanted only to ask you, Sir, if it is in order to allow this discussion. Can this discussion, which has taken place to-day without a substantive motion being brought, be a part of the proceedings?

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes, it should be a part of the proceedings. If anything further is to be done, it has to be done by tabling a motion of privilege, but as the question has been raised by my left that a question of privilege can only be discussed on a substantive motion of privilege, if a member to desires he can bring in a motion to that effect.

Mr. PAZLUB RAHMAN: On a question of privilege, Sir. Matters affecting the privilege of the House can be brought by a notice which can be given on the floor of this House.

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes; what I am asking fou is that you must frame a proper motion and bring it before the Speaker before it can be discussed.

We should now proceed with the consideration of the Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938.

The Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 7938.

Clause 1.

Mr. SPEAKER: There is no amendment on clause 1.

The question before the flouse is that clause 1 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to. •

Mr. SIBNATH BAÑERJEE: On a point of information, Sir. I had an amendment on clause I but I do not find it in the printed agenda

Mr. SPEAKER: I think you should have drawn attention to this matter earlier. This agenda was circulated long before and you did not do anything. So I cannot help it.

Clause 2.

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Sibnath Banerjee's first amendment is beyond the scope of the Bill.

The Hon'ble-Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Sir, I'beg to move that in sub-clause (c) of clause 2, line 2, after the figure "1934," the following be inserted, namely:—

... "and includes a place declared to be a factory under sub-section ... (I) of section 5 of this Act."

There are certain institutions that do not come under the purview of the Factories Act of 1934 unless they are declared as factories under section 5.

t Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that in subclause (c) of clause 2, line 2, after the figure "1934," the following be inserted, namely:—

"ard, includes a place declared to be a factory under sub-section
(1) of section 5 of this Act."

The motion was then put and agreed to ...

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: I beg to move that in sub-clause (3) of clause 2, lines, 2 and 3, the words "but does not include a seasonal factory" be omitted.

Sir, by the deletion of these words, the effect will be that the employees of such factories as sugar-mills and rice mills will get the benefit of this Bill. Therefore, I propose that this amendment be accepted.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I am sorry that I cannot accept it. The basis of the Maternity Benefit Bill is that for women to be entitled to the benefit, they should have been in the employ of a particular factory or institution for 9 months. In a seasonal factory that continuity is lost. It is, therefore, against the principle of the Bill to include seasonal factories within its purview.

The amendment of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee was then put and a division called but was not pressed at the second time of putting it to the House, and the motion was lost.

Mr. MD. ABUL FAZL: Sir, is it fair that the Opposition should waste the time of the House in this way?

Mr. SPEAKER: Well, I may only say that in future divisions should be called only after consulting the leaders of their respective parties.

Mr. JOGESK CHANDRA GUPTA: But, Mr. Speaker, on second thoughts a division may be called off but I do not think that anybody is entitled to say that it is a waste of time.

Mr. SPEAKER: Order, order. I find that an uniortunate practice has grown up in certain sections in this House of congregating and helding gossips. I hope this should not be done.

I will now put the clause.

4 The question is that clause 2 as amended stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 1.

Manifold AZHAR ALI: 1 beg to move that in sub-clause (I) of clause 3, line 2, for the words "tour weeks" the words "six weeks" be substituted.

My object in moving this amendment is that after delivery the mother becomes generally very weak; so it would be paudent if the time is extended from four to six weeks. I have nothing more to say. Sir.

Babu KHACENDRA NATH DAS CUPTA: I beg to move that in clause 3 (1), line 2, for the words "four week?" the words "five-weeks" be substituted.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Six, much as I would like to grant further benefits to the women labourers, I am afraid that this is carrying things a little bit too far. Honourable members will realise that the S-week maternity benefit which is being given in this bill is in consonance with the present practice, and this merely crystallies what is already being given by the mill-awners of Calcutta, particularly the European mill-owners. I remember that when first this demand came to be placed on behalf of the labour party before the country, they started it with a 6-week benefit all told. Then they made it into a 8-week benefit and at the time when the jute strike was closed on the last occasion one of the items pressed by the labour party was that the maternity benefit should be an 8-week one. Since then,—I suppose in order to get into further favour with the labourers—various other figures like 10-weeks and 12-weeks have been spoken of. But in these instances—

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Sir, I rise to a point of order. Is the Hon'ble Minister allowed to make insinuations against labour leaders?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Sir, I am not saying anything against Mr. Sibnath Banerjee as such. It is only against those labour leaders who have shifted their position from 6 weeks to 8 weeks and would now like to make it 10 weeks or 12 weeks. There is no justification for it, Sir. I would once more request the House to remember that a Bill of this agreed type should pass with the good will of the employers instead of an attempt being made to extort from the employers concessions which they are not prepared to give and the result will be that the women affected by this Bill will be thrown out of employment. If my friend on the other side are really anxious for the welfare of labour then they should withdraw both these amendments.

The amendment of Mculvi Azhar Ali was then put and lost.

. The amendment of Babu Khagendra Nath Das Gupta was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clause 3 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Claust .

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: I beg to move that in sub-clause (I) of clause 4, line & for the words "eight annas" the words "twelve annas" be substituted.

The effect of this change will be as follows: -

At present as the Bill stands the minimum wage is to be taken as eight annas; if, it is less, then, also, it will be taken as eight annas; we are now making a suggestion that instead of eight annas it should be twelve annas. The demand of the All-India Trade Union Congress has been for a long time, that the minimum wage should be Rs. 30 per month, that is, one ruper a day. But as had been pointed out in the Select Committee, we want to get co-operation of the mill-owners in this matter and therefore as a compromise we are demanding only twelve annas, and I think, specially considering the period of maternity, eight annas is very insufficient. And all that we are now asking for from the employers is that during these two months they will get Rs. 45 and that is not a big sum, specially if we remember that at this time the needs of a woman are the greatest. Therefore, I think, Sir, society should at least ensure this much for her.

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Sir, I beg to move that in the proviso to sub-clause (I) of Clause 4, line 4, for the words "nine months" the words "six months" be substituted.

It is provided in the Bill that a period of nine months must clapse before a woman worker is entitled to the Maternity Benefit. Instead of nine moifths we press for six months because that is quite enough for the parpose.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Sir, I am atraid, this is one of those opportunities which my friend, Mr. Sibnath Banerjee, and his friends were seeking for the purpose, if I may say so, of showing themselves off end to save their position as Labour leaders. I am sorry, I cannot agree to either of the amendments which he has moved. The Bill, as it stands, goes farther than any Bill at the present moment in India. In other provinces provision has been made for the payment

of actual wages or eight annas, whichever is less. That means that if a woman labourer is getting less than eight annas per day as wages, she will be entitled to the lesser wage. In this Bill we have made just the reverse of that, namely, that it she is earning more than eight annas, she will get more. The last words of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee when he says that it is the duty of the society to look after the women early destroy his case. It social workers and occial welfare organisations for that purpose are established, I do not know why they should not come to the help of the mother and supplement her resources. But that is vastly different thing from calling upon the employers to do the same.

With regard to the period, the whole principle of the Biblis that the woman should be in the service of the employer for nine months which is ordinarily the period of gestation, and that the employer ought not to be teld liable for paying materially benefit to a woman in whose service she was not at the time when the child which was ultimately born had been conceived. This is really a matter of principle. I may inform the House that in the Bombay Act they first had six months but in 1934 they changed it to nine months because they felt that six months would be unfair and nine months would be in consonance with principles.

The motion of Mi. Sebnath Bancriee that in sub-clause (I) of clause 4, line 6, for the words "eight annas" the words "twelve annas" be substituted was then put and lost

The motion of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee that in the proviso to sub-chause (1) of clause 4, line 4, for the words "nine months" the words "six months" be substituted, was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that Clause 4 stand part of the Bill

The motion was then put and agreed to

Clauses 5 and 6.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clauses 5 and 6 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause .

Mr. 81BNATH BANERJEE: Sir, I beg to move that in sub-clause (2) (a) of clause 7, line 1, for the word "sufficient" the words "very grave" be substituted

In this House, Sir, it has become tether difficult to suggest any amendment because immediately the Labour Minister will come forward and start imputing motives without any reason whatsoever.

Sir, I beg to move in sub-clauset(2) (a) of clause τ_n lines 2' and 3, for the words "three months" the words "six months" be substituted.

I beg also to move that to sub-clause (3) (b) of clause 7, the following be addled; namely:—

except when an appeal is made within sixty days before the Labour Commissioner whose decision shall be final."

All these, Sir, refer to the facilities which we want for the woman worker to enable her to put her case before the authorities.

The Hon'ble Mr. H.-3. SUHRAWARDY: Sir, I will pour some balm on the wounded soul of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee, and prove to him that we are not unreasonable.

With regard to his first amendment that "sufficient cause" should be changed to "tvery grave cause", I oppose it for really it is not an improvement in drafting and conveys nothing new.

The second amendment, viz., that "within a period of six months before her delivery", I am prepared to accept. Then he suggests that there should be an appeal against the decision of the Inspector of Factories on the question as to whether there was sufficient cause or not. Sir, with regard to this, the drafting suggested by Mr. Sibnath Banerjee is not very happy. For instance, his amendment read thus-"If any question arises as to whether any notice of dismissal is one to which clause (a) applies, such question shall be referred to the Inspector of Factories whose decision thereon shall be final except when an appeal is made within 60 days before the Labour Commission whose decision shall be final." I think the drafting would be better like this -that after "the Inspector of Factories" there should be a full stop. Another sentence would come after this, viz., An appeal within 60 days shall lie before the Labour Commissioner whose decision shall be final. I am prepared to accept this amendment to the amendment proposed by Mr. Sibnath Banerjee.

The motion of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee that in sub-clause (2) (a) of clause 7, line 1, for the word "sufficient" the words "very grave" be substituted, was by leave of the House withdrawn.

The motion of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee that in sub-clause (2) (q) of clause 7, lines 2 and 3, for the words "three months" the words "six months", he substituted, was then put and agreed to.

The amendment of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee as subsequently amended by the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, namely, that to

sub-clause (2) (b) of clause 7, there should be a full stop after the words "the Inspector of Factories" and then with the addition of the following sentence, namely,—

"An appeal within sixty days shall lie before the Labour Commissioner whose decision shall be final",

was then put and agreed to.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clause 7, as amended, stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Adjournment.

The House vas then adjourned till 4-45 p.m. on Monday, the 22nd August, 1938, at the Assembly House, Calcutta.

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Assembly assembled under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1935.

The Assembly met in the Assembly House, Calcutta, on Monday, the 22nd August, 1938, at 4-45 p.m.

Present:

Mr. Speaker (the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur M. Azizul Haque, C.I.E.) in the Chair, ten Mon'ble Ministers and 226 members

STARRED QUESTIONS

(to which oral answers were given)

Arrest of Mr. Mukunda' Bhanja.

- *128. Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Home (Police) Department be pleased to state whether Mr. Mukunda Bhanja was arrested by a sergeant on the morning of the 2nd August, at Strand Road?
 - (b) Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether he was-
 - (i) detained by the same seigeant;
 - (11) taken to Burrabazai thana; and
 - (iii) released by thana authorities?
 - (c) Is the name of the sergeant, F. H. Bowl?
- (d) Whether it is a fact that the sergeant is not a member of the Bengal Police, but is an employee of the Bengal Mint?
- (c) Whether Government are aware that Babu Mukunda Bhanja is an official of Calcutta Mint Workers' Union which is a registered union?
- (f) Whether Government will consider the desirability of having a thorough enquiry into the whole incident?

MINISTER in charge of the HOME DEPARTMENT (the Hon'nie Khwsja Sir Nazimuddin): $(a^i, (\cdot), (c))$ and (f) No

- (b) (i) He was not detained by any segreant.
- (a) He was asked by the Mint Guard ergeans to accompany him to Burrabazar police-station.

- (iii) Does not arise.
- (d) He is a Calcutta Polic reggent and not an employee of the Mint.
- Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: On a point of privilege, Sr. We got the answers only five minutes back, and it is not possible to frame supplementary questions at such short notice.
- Mr. SPEAKER: I vnite appreciate this point, but unfortunately the other House was sitting till 10 minutes back, and we could not place the agenda papers till their sitting was ever. So long as the present system continues, and the Council has to siv in this House, I am afraid this will be mevitable.
- Mr. SIBNATH BANERIEE: May I suggest, Sir, that the questions be held over for to-morrow?
- Mr. SPEAKER: Well, I do not mind it if the Mon'ble Minister has no objection
- Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: এই arrangement বৰলাইবাৰ কিছু কি শুবোগ নাত্ৰ
 - Mr. SPEAKER: Not till another House is constructed
- Babu NACENDRA NATH SEN: May I suggest that the questions and answers may be supplied to the members on the previous day as was suggested during the last session of the Assembly?
- Mr. SPEAKER: Under the present rules they should be placed on the same day, and unless new rules are framed, we will have to follow this practice.

Questions, please

- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state.
- My. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Sir, I have not got any reply yet whether the questions can be held ofter for to-morrow
 - Mr. SPEAKER: Let Dr. Sanyal-finish his question.
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the sergeant who asked him to accompany to the Burra Bazar police-station threatened detention or arrest it be refused to accompany him?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Sir, I am not aware of any such threats

Dr., NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is the Hon'ble, Minister aware of the fact that the sergeant held his hand when he carried him to the Byrra Bazar police-station?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUODIN: I am not aware of that.

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: It does, Siz. Because the Hon'ble Minister says "he was not detained by any sergeaut" and not arrested, but he was asked to accompany. Now, asking to accompany. Siz. with the hand held by a sergeant is, what amounts to ordinary human intelligence, arrest.

Mr. SPEAKER: You want an answer on that. .

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Yes, Str.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir MAZIMUDDIN: Sir, I am not aware that he was taken to the police-station with both of his arms-

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Not both, one.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: ——or one of his arms held by a sergeant. All I know is that he was asked and he was taken to the Mint?

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: "Taken", that is what I want to know.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir' NAZIMUDDIN: That is to say, the sergennt 'accompanied him to the police-station. That is what I meant to say when I said he was "taken" to the Mint.

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that the sergeant in question told Mr. Mukunda Bhanja that "you are under arrest, and you must accompany me"?

Mr. SPEAKER: That questien does not arise.

Mr. SIBNATE BANERJEE: It does arise, Sir. Because the Hon'ble Minister said that he was not under arisst.

Mr. SPEAKER: I think I have drawn repeatedly the attention of the members to our rules and regulations, and. I am bound by the present Rules and Standing Orders. So long as the present rules stand my difficulty is this; Rule 55 says that "any member may put supplementary question for the purpose of further elucidating any matter of fact regarding which an answer has been given." Now, the Hon'ble Minister has not said anything concerning this matter. It is quite possible that what you are saying are the real facts, but so long as those facts are not given in the answer, a supplementary question does not arise.

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: any succession is that the ground Minister has denied the fact of arrest. I want to shove that the man was arrested.

Mr. SPEAKER: You can prove that by any other method except by a new question.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I draw your attention to the same rule that you have kindly read out, and also draw your attention to the answer to (a) where specifically the question was whether the Hon'ble Minister was aware of the fact of arrest by a sergeant, to which the reply is "no" that is, "not arrested". My friend wants to make it clear whether the person who was asked to accompany, as has been stated in the reply, was actually told by the sergeant that he was under arrest. That is only to elicit further information of fact relating to a matter on which answer has been given.

Mr. SPEAKER: Where does that fact arise?

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: The fact is stated to be otherwise, and my friend wants to elicit further information.

Mr. SPEAKER: Where? Is it in the question or in the conswer?

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: The answer to fuestion (a) is "no", and relating to that answer my triend wants further infoguation as to whether this answer gives the true picture.

Mr. SPEAKER: What is the question?

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Sir, my question was "whether the Hon ble Minister is aware that the said sergeant told Mr. Makuuda Bhanja that he was under arrest and he was taken to the than.".

Mr. SPEAKER: That does not appose either in the question or and the answer.

Mr. SIBNATH BANKRJEE: From the denial trat it is not so.

Mr. SPEAKER: I am sorry, that will be stretching it too far.

whether Mr. Mukunda Bhanja war arrested by a sergeant on the morning of the 2nd August on the Strand Road, and the reply is "no".

Mr. SPEAKER: You can try to find out in every possible way the truth for otherwise of the statement, except by a new question. It must appear either in the question or in the answer.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state in it is an after-thought of the sergeant to state that he did not arrest the gentleman concerned, but the gentleman was only asked to accompany him?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: I deny the insinuation contained in the question.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if any portion of the salary or emoluments of this sergeant in question is received, from the Mint authorities?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN. I ask for notice

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state why Mr. Mukunda Bhanja was asked to accompany the sergeant to the thana?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Sn., Mr. Mukunda Bhanja was seen collecting a crowd on the footpath of Strand Road outside the Mint taking down the names and thumb impressions of certain persons on a piece of paper and demanding money from them. As the man was unknown and as he did not disclose his identity the Mint guard sergeant, F. H. Burt, asked him to accompany him to the Burra Bazar police-station.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state with referense to his answer "no" to question (f), what are the reasons for Government not considering the desirability of enquiring into the incident.

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Because the Government are satisfied after enquiry that the Mint guard sergeant acted according toschas he was supposed to do.

"Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is it a fact that the Mint guard sergenut took this gentleman concerned to the thana and the thana

officer did not consider the offence serious enough to enable him to bring the offence under the cognizance of the law?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir, NAZIMUDDIN: No. 'He left after furnishing necessary particulars to the thana officers, and the thana officers were satisfied as to the identity, and then he was not detained any longer.

Babu NAGENDRA RATH SEN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be kind enough to state whether it was the option of Mr. Mukunda Bhanjis not to have gone to the thana with the sergeant?

Mr. SPEAKER: That is a question of law.

Tetal number of officers, slerks, librarians, guards, duftries, menials, etc., of the Bengal Legislative Assembly Department.

*129. Mr. FAZLUR RAHMAN: Will Mr. Doputy Speaker of the Bengal Legislative Assembly be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing for the present time—

- (a) the total number of officers, clerks, librarians, guards, duftries, menials, etc., of the Bengal Legislative Assembly Department; and
- (b) the number of Muslims in the department?

Mr. M. ASHRAFALI: A statement is laid on the table.

Statement referred to in the reply to starred question No. 129.

	• ' ' '								
• Designa •	tion	end post	٠	•	(t) Total.	Number of Muhaman madans,	Vacant		
Officers Terks Record suppliers Library etaff aretaker and Mars Juards	hal				4 •39 2 • †3 1 Nd	2 20 1 Nil	. 1 2 1 Nil		
•	•	Mentals				•	•		
Duftries amadars	1	•	•	•	3 2	• 2			
· •	Othe	r establushi	nefit.	•	.		•		
Menials Contingency menials				•	33 31	19 20	•		

Including Superintendent, Stenographer, Upper Division, Lower Division, Typhia,

†Including Librarian, clerk, duftry.

Manivi ABDUL LATEF BIRWAS: Will the honourable the Deputy Speaker be pleased to state why there are only two Muslims among 31 configurey menials?

. Mr. M. ASHRAFALI: They are forashes and mehtars.

Mr: RASIK LAL BISWAS: Statementত দেখুছি clerks ৩৯ জনের মধ্যে
ে সম Muhammadans আর বাকি যে ১৯ জন রয়েছে তার মধ্যে scheduled caste
ক'জন দ্যা কোরে বোলবেন কি ?

Mr. SPEAKER: The question does not arise.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Deputy Speaker be pleased to state the method by which these clerks and assistants have been recruited?

Mr. M. ASHRAFALI: If the honourable member wants a full answer, I would like to have some time.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Deputy Speaker be pleased to state how many of this list have been appointed since 1st April, 1937?

 $\mathbf{Mr.\ \dot{M}.\ ASHRAFALI:}\ I$ ask for notice. I cannot answer that off-hand.

Road projects and bridges sanctioned by Road Board in Bakarganj district.

- *i30. Mr. UPENDRANATH EDBAR: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works Department be pleased to State—
 - (i) the number and names of road projects and bridges that stand sanctioned on the recommendation of the Road Board in the district of Bakarganj;
 - (ii) the number of them that are to be taken up; and
 - (in) the year when they are to be taken up?
- (b) If the answer to (a) is in the negative, do the Government consider the desirability of sanctioning any road projects and bridges in the said district in the near future?

MINISTER IN CHARGE OF the COMMUNICATIONS and WORKS DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Maharaja Bris Chandra Nandy, of Cossimbazar): (a) (i) Nil.

- (ii) and (iii) Do not arise.
- (b) The matter will be considered with the comprehensive programme of road development for Bengal.
- Mr. ABDUL WAHAB KHAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to consider the desirability of including the project of connecting the Jessore-Calcutta Road with Barisal in the comprehensive road programme of Bengal?
- Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise.

Mr. ABDUL WAHAB KHAN: 'Sir, it arises with reference to answer (b) "sauctioning any road projects and brillges in the said district in the war future".

Mr. SPEAKER: But what you have mentioned is not stated in the answer

Excavation of Bemorta canal in Khulna district.

- *131. Mr. SYED JALALUDDIN HASHEMY: (a) Will *the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works Department be pleased to state whether he has received a largely signed memorial, dated the 17th September, 1937, regarding the excavation of Bemorta canal in the district of Khulna?
- (b) If so, what action, if any, have the Government taken in the matter? \bullet
- (c) Have the Government received any report or expert opinion about the dangers to public health and agriculture of the locality from the present condition of the canal?
- (d) If so, do the Government contemplate taking up the excavation of the canal immediately?
- (c) Are the Government considering the desirability of excavating the canal running through the subdivisional town of Satkhira commonly known as Sayer canal, the necessity of which was brought to the notice of the Hon'ble Minister during his recent visit to Satkhira?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar:

- (b) and (d) The matter is under consideration.
- (c) I am aware that the canal needs excavation.

The construction of the Ducca-Aricha Road,

- 132. Mr. BIRENDRA NATH MAZUMDAR: Will the Hon ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works Department be pleased to state— .
 - (a), whether the Government, have finished their investigation about the Dacca-Aricha Road for intotor and bus transport;
 - (b) what decision have the Government arrived at about the construction of the said road; and
 - (c) whether the Government intend making provision for the road in the next year's Budget.

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: (a) Only the hydraulic observations have been completed by the experts in the Irrigation Department.

- (b) No decision can be arrived at till the reports of the Irrigation Department and of the Public Health Department have been received and considered.
 - (c) No.

Mr. BIRENDRA NATH MAZUMDAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when the reports of the Irrigation Department and Public Health Department were called for?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: I think a few months back.

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether he personally inspected the project in the month of January, 1938, in company with the Chief Engineer, Irrigation Department, and the Executive Engineer Dacca Range?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise.

Mr. BIRENDRA NATH MAZUMDAR: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when the reports of the Irrigation Department and the Public Health Repartment are expected to be received?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Shortly

Maulvi ABBUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether about a year or so the Executive Engineer, Irrigation Department, submitted his report in the favour of this project?

The Hon'ble Baharaja BRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar. It is not a question for any officer of the Irrigation Department to submit report either in its favour or against it. He is only to suggest ways and means for the maintenance of the natural drawings in the slignment and also for non-interference with the spill of the subjectent rivers.

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when the reports of the Irrigation Department and Public Health Department, will see the light of the day?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question has already been answered.

Mr. Khwaja SHAHABUDDIN: Will the Hon'ble Minister be fleased to state whether it is not a fact that the Chief Engineer, Triggation Department, investigated the objections that were raised against this road, specially with regard to objections about the interference with the spill of the river and other matters and is it also not a fact that his report was to the effect that there was practically very little interference?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANBRA NANDY of Cossimbazar: I think it is quite correct to say that it is possible to get rid of some of the difficulties that were mentioned before.

Mr. DHIRENDRA NATH DATTA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the construction of the road is being delayed in order to give benefit to I. G. R. S. N. & Co. *

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise,

Maulvi ABDUL LATIF BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the interests of the I. G. R. S. N. & Co. stand in the way of this project?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise.

Muslim officers of all grades and classes in the Secretariat Departments.

- *133. Maulvi MD. ABDUL HAKIM VIKRAMPURI: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Finance Department be pleased to fay on the table a statement showing for the present time....
 - (i) the number and names of all the departments of the Government in the Bengalt Secretariat; and
 - (ii) the number of Hindua Muslim, Christian and Scheduled Caste officers of all grades and classes in each department?

(b) If the number of Muslim officers of all departments is not proportionate to the total strength in the department, is the Hou'ble Minister considering the desicability of appointing a number of Muslim officers in all grades and departments so as to raise their proportion to at least 45, per cent.

MINISTER in charge of the FINANCE DEPARTMENT (the Mon'ble Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarker): (a) (i) and (ii) A statement is daideon the table.

(b) The whole question of communal representation in the various cervices is under tonsideration of the Government and until any decision is reached on the general question, it is not possible to consider the specific case of communal representation in the appointments to the various posts in the Secretariat.

Statement referred to in the reply to clauses (a) (i) and (ii) of starred question No. 133.

e, (*		Number of officers.					
Name of Department.		Thristian	Muslim	Hmdu	Scheduled Caste.		
1. Home Department		5	, 2	2			
2. Finance Department		2	2	4			
3. Revenue Department 4. Forest And Excise Department		} i	,	3	Constitution of the state of th		
δ. Agriculture and Industries Department	1-	1	2		AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE		
6. Co-operative Credit and Rui Indebtedness Department	ai	1		`			
7. • Communications and Works Department	rt -	1	1	1			
8. Judical and Logistative Department	rt -	. 2		3			
9. Public Health and Local Self- Government Department			1	. 3	4		
10. Education Department	b	1	, 2				
11. Commerce and Labour Departmer	st !	1					
•	.	1.5	10	16	1		

Mr. PROMATHA RANJAN THAKAR: The present Ministry has been in office for the last seventeen months——

Mr. SPEAKER: That is not a question. Please put it in the form of a question

Mr. PROMATHA RANJAN THAKUR: Yes, Sir. I am doing it. Up till now the question of communal representation has not been taken up. Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state exactly when this question will be taken up by Government and a circular issued to the different departments?

The Hon'ble Mr. MALINERANJAN SARKER: Associate possible.

Maulvi ABDUL LATE BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be bleased to state for how many months this question of the fixation of percentage will be under the consideration of Government?

The Hon'bje Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKERI For about a year or so.

Mr. ABDUL WAHAB KHAN: Willathe Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the existing proportion of appointments is in accordance with the present rules?

The Hon'ble Mr. NALINI RANJAN SARKER: Yes, With regard to new appointments but not as regards old appointments.

Mr. RASIK LAL BISWAS: Statement পেকে দেখ ছি ১৫ জন মুখান, ১০ জন মুখানমান, ১৮ জন জিলু জার একজন মাত্র scheduled ciste allipointed ছয়েছে। Scheduled casteএণ সংখ্যা বাড়িয়ে দেবার জন্ত গতর্গনেও কি কোরছেন ?

The Hon'ble Mr. A. K. FAZLUL HUQ: যা কিছু কোবেছে তা এই গভগমেণ্টই কোবেছে মার কেউ কিছু করে নাই:

Anti-malaria programme and the anti-tuberoulosis scheme.

*134. Rai MARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: (a) With reference to the answer given on the 1st March, 1938, to starred question No. 83, will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Public Health and Local Self-Government Department be pleased to state whether Government have finished consideration of the comprehensive antimalaria programme and the examination of the anti-tiberculosis scheme?

(b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether Government are now in a position.

(i) 18 publish the said programme and scheme; and (ii) to give effect to them:

MINISTER in charge of the PUBLIC HEALTH and LOCAL SELF-COVERNMENT DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy): (a) A comprehensive malaria survey, the result of which is expected to be of great value in the framing of schemes, is making capid progress. Several anti-malaria projects, which have been propared by District Boards, are under examination and it is hoped to take up some of them within the carrient year.

As regards the anti-tuberculosis scheme, provision has been made in the current year's budget for giving effect to two of its essential parts, viz.—

- training of Medical and Health Officers and early diagnosis and modern treatment of tuberculosis; and
- (2) provision for nourishment and treatment of tuberculosis patients in district 'nospitals.

The other parts of the scheme are under examination.

Provision has also been made in the budget for a tuberculosis survey of typical industrial and rural areas and it is proposed to commence the survey almost immediately.

(h) Does not arise.

Rai HARENDRA MATH CHAUDHURI: Will the Hon ble Minister be pleased to refer to part (a) of his answer and reply when was the comprehensive malaria survey undertaken, and when is it expected to be finished?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I want notice of the first part of the question, and as regards the second part I am weakle to reply to it in any event.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHUPI: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether any provision for sanitarium treatment is considered an essential part of anti-tuberculesis scheme or not?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Samitarium treatment is an essential part.

Rai MARENDRA NATH CHAUDHUR: But what provision has been made for it?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: The honourable member is probably thinking of climatic senitarium?

Rai MARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURIS Yes, Sir.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: The honourable member should realise that sanitarium treatment is of various types, climatic and otherwise; and both may be considered to be essential for a hig comprehensive scheme of tuberculosis.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: My question has not been answered. May I know what provision has been made?

The Hon'ble, Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: The honourable member will please see the budget

Khan Bahadur MOHAMMED ALI: Will the Hon'ble Minister bepleased to name the district hospitals in which provision for nourishment and treatment has been made?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: They have been selected, I understand. But if the honourable member wants further details, I would ask for proper notice or he may come and see me in my office.

Maulvi MUHAMMAD ISRAIL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state project, of how many district boards are under the consideration of Government?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Those district boards that have sent in their projects

Babu NARENDRA NARAYAN CHAKRABARTY: মাননীয় মৃত্তী ঘছাশয় কি অন্তর্গত কোপে বোলবেন, এই বাপেক পবিকল্পনাকে সকল করবার জুলা থকা গুৱা তিহবিল হতে তিনি কি ৫০ হাজার টাক: কেটে নিয়েছেন ?

The Hon'ble Mr. H? 8. SUHRAWARDY: Sir, may I point out if it is in order for an honourable member to go out of his way and put a question in a very stiff and literary Bengali, when he can put it in easy Bengali, and make it difficult for one to answer the question.

Babu NARENDRA NARAYAN CHAKRABARTY: আমার প্রশৃ শাই এবং পরিফুট; মানি এই স্পর্কীপ্রপুর আধনার কাচ প্রেক মাধা করি। The tichlife Mr. H. S., SUHRAWARDY: The honourable member is not very clear in his question. There are two items involved in this question—one is the comprehensive malaria survey and the other comprehensive tuberculosis survey. When the honourable member talks of comprehensive survey, it does not refer either to the one or to the other.

Babu NARENDRA NARAYAN CHAKRALARTY: আমার প্রান্ন হচ্চে— মুদ্রী মহালয় যান্না রোগ নিবারণের জন্য একটাব্যাপক পরিকল্পনা, জর্গাৎ Comprehensive Scheme কোনেছের এবং সেই ব্যাপক পরিকল্পনাকে স্বার্থক ও জন্মস্থক করবার জন্য যান্ধা রোগ নিবারণ তেহবিলের জন্য যে টাকা ব্বাদ্ধ করা হরেছে তা থেকে ৫০ হাজার টাকা কেটে নিবিছেন কি না ব্

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: न', मा, একেবারেই ভূব।

Nuisance created by North Bengal Sugar Mills, Ltd., Copalpur, Rajshahi.

- *135. Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Public Health and Local Self-Government Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) whether attention of Government has been drawn to the nuisance created by the North Bengal Sugar Mills, Ltd., of Gopalpur, in the district of Rajshahi;
 - (7i) whether the officials of the Health Départment of Government of Bengal as well as of the District Board of Rajshahi inspected the locality and made reports to the Government Several times since 1934; and
 - (a) whether it is a fact that the reports pointed out the possible danger to the life and property of the people of the locality?
- (b) Is the Government considering the desirability of laying on the table the last report of the Health Department?
 - (c) How many reports have been made by the Health Department?
- (d) Why no steps have been taken in the course of these four years to stop these nuisances?
- (c) Is the Government proposing to do any thing in the matter in the near future?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: (a) (i) Yes.

- (ii) Inspections were made by the officials of the District Board and of the Public Health Department on four occasions.
- (111) The reports pointed out that the nuisance created by the Mill was insurious to public health in the neighbourhood

- (b) Accopy of the last report of the Public Health Department is laid on the Library table.
- (c) Reports were received by Government on two occasions
- ion of a septic tank and provision of adequate drainage inside the factory. The question as to what further action, if any, can be taken is now under the consideration of Government.
- Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when was the septic tank installed?
 - The Honble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: This is not within my cognisance, but it is within the cognisance of the hills that installed the septic tank. All we know is that a septic tank has been installed.
 - Mr. SURENDRA MOHAN MAITRA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state on what basis he gives the information that steps have been taken that have resulted in the installation of a septic tank and provision for adequate drainage inside the factory?
 - The Hon'file Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: On the information given by my departmental officers
 - Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if it is now a fact that Dr. A. C. Roy Chowdhury, the departmental officer for septic tanks, in his latest report has reported that a septic tank is under construction?
 - The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: If the honourable member is referring to the report placed on the Library table, then it is there and no answer is required.
 - Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that at the present moment the septic tankers not in use and is not even ready for use?
 - The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I am not awar of this; I have not examined the septic tank.
 - Mr. SURENDRA MORAN MAITRA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if he means by "provision of adequate drainage" that actually drainage has been made?
 - The Hon'ble.Ms. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I do not know whether drainage has actually been made, but some steps have been taken so provide adequate drainage inside the factory.

MEASUREMUNA MOHAN MAITRA: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether he is prepared to take immediate action in this matter inasmuch as the discharge of the injurious matter from the mill ares has not been stopped even by an ounce and it is creating havec there for the last 4 years?

The Horrbla Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: The honourable member will see from the answer given that I am not at all satisfied with the , steps that have been taken. Otherwise I'would not have considered the matter further, if I were satisfied.

Appointment of clerks in Debt Settlement Boards in Tippera-

- *136. Maulvi MD. HASANUZZAMAN? (a) Will the Hon'ble. Minister in charge of the Co-operative Credit and Rural Indebtedness Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) the names of the clerks of the Debt Settlement Boards of the Sadar Circle, Tippera; and
 - (i) their qualifications
- (b) Is it a fact that easte Hindus were appointed in a nost all Debt Settlement Boards?
- (c) Is it a fact that the caste Hindu clerks were appointed in the neighbouring three Debt Settlement Boards, namely, Mokara, Dhalua and Roykut?
 - (d) Were not qualified Muslim candidates available for appointment?
 - (c) Is it a fact-
 - (i) that the Chairman and all the members of the Roykut Debt Settlement Board of Chouddagram police-station recommended a Mushim candidate for the clerkship of the said Board: but
 - (ii) that a Hindu was appointed?

MINISTER in charge of the CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT and RURAL INDEBYEDNESS DEPARTMENT (the Hon'ble Mr. Mukunda **Beha.y Mullick):** (a) A statement is laid on the Library table.

- (b) and (c) (i), No.
- (c) and (c) (ii) Yes
- (d) Yes, but the candidates selected were more suitable.

Mr. ABDUL WAHAB'KHAN: Will the Hon'ble Minister consider the desirability of issuing instructions for filling up these posts from Midlims and members of the Scheduled Castes?

The Hon'bie Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLIOK: These appointments are made by the local officers. Regarding the appointments to its imade he Government, the matter is under consideration.

Representation of Directors and members of the Calcutta Corporation Co-operative Credit Secreties, Limited.

- *137. Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: (a) Will the Han'ble-Minister in charge of the Co-operative Gredit and Rural Indebtedness Department be pleased at state....
 - (i) whether it is a fact that a representation signed by some Directors and members of the Calcutti Corporation Co-operative Societies, Lamiced, was made to the Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Bengul, in January, 1938, alleging certain irregularities in the affairs of the society;
 - (ii) that a personal representation with a prayer signed by some members of the said society was made to the Hon'ble the Minister himself by an officer of the Corporation and a Director of the said society in February last in that connection; and
 - (iii) that the Hon'ble Minister assured them that he would take immediate steps to enquire into the alleged irregularities and take necessary action?
- (b) It the answers to (a) are in the affirmative, will• the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what action, if any, has been when in the matter?
 - (c) Is it a fact.
 - (i) that Messrs, P. K. Mitra & Co., R.A., Incorporated Accountants, were entrusted with the audit of the society for 1937-38 by the Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies; and
 - (ii) that certain gross irregularities and some illegal actions of the present Board of the said society were reported by the said Messrs, P. K. Mitra & Co., to the Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies?
- (d) If the answers to (c) are in the affirmative, what action has been taken on the report of the said Auditors?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: (4) Yes

(b) and (c) '(i) Messrs, P. K. Mitra & Co., Incorporated Accountants, have been appointed to investigate the accounts and the affairs of the society.

- o (6) An ad interim report has been received from the Auditors: they have asked the society for an expanation of certain irregularities.
 - (d) The final report of the Auditors is awaited.
- br. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when this ad interim report was received and whether any immediate action has been recommended in the ad interim report?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: The ad interim report was received on the 22nd April last, and certain irregularities were pointed out in the report.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will on Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if he is aware that from between April last and now, the auditors have not been helped by the society concerned although the ad interim report suggested some help from the department to expedite the audit?

Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not crise.

Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the ad interim report says that some gross irregularities and illegal action have been done by the persons appointed by this society?

The Hon ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: I have said that some further action has been taken on the ad interim report as it indicated some irregularities.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state what further action, or if any action at all, was taken on the *ad Interim* report?

The Hon's le Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: The society was asked to explain the irregularities which were stated in the adinterim report and a further investigation has been directed:

Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when vas this society asked to explain—what is the date?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: The date is 16th May, 1938.

Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether, in view of the ad interime reports disclosing that gross irregularities and illegal acts were being done by the said society. Government consider the desirability obtaking immediate action against the society?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUMBA BEHARY MULLICK: Sia, action has been taken and the piatter is still pending:

Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: Sir, the Hon'ble Minister says that action has been taken by way of asking for an explanation. That explanation was asked for in May last and to day we are almost at the ends of August, still no finally has been reached. Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state when a final decision will be arrived at?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: A statement was received from the society and on that statement a fuether investigation is being made.

Dr. NALIBAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state by what time this "further" investigation is expected to be finished and Government will be in a position to take necessary action?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: As the auditors say, we hope to receive the report by the 3rd week of September next.

Mr. SURENDRA NATH BISWAS: When was this "further" investigation started?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: I wased notice.

The number of members in Debt Settlement Boards in the subdivisions of Mymensingh.

- *138. Mr. MONMOHAN DAS! (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Co-operative Credit and Rural Indebtedness Department be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing for the present time—
 - (i) the total number of members token for the Debt Settlement.

 Boards in Kishoregani's Netrokona and North Sadar subdivision of Mymensingh; and

- 278
 - o (ii) the number of them that are-
 - (1) caste Hindus,
 - (2) Scheduled Castes, and
 - (3) Mulammadans!
- (b) If the number of members appointed from the Scheduled Castes be cound very small, it the Hon'ble Minister considering it desirable to issue instructions to the local authorities concerned to take members from the Scheduled Castes in formation of new Boards and in case of reconstruction of the Debt Settlement Boards?
- The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: (a) Leach Board normally consists of five members. The collection of figure in detail as is asked for in this question involves so much time and labour that I regret I cunnot direct this to be undertaken.
- (b) In order that these Boards may enjoy public confidence and function well in the rural areas, instructions have been issued for the purpose of selecting proper and suitable representatives of important sections of the public including Scheduled Castes as members of these Boards.
- Mr. ABDUL WAHAB KHAN: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that there are cases where, in the attempt to find out suitable members from the Scheduled Castes, the Boards were closed to the great disadvantage of the poor debtors?

The Hon'ble Mr. MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK: No such cases have been brought to my notice as yet

Hunger-strike by 8j. Surendranath Bag and Bhutnath Manna.

- *138A. Mi. DEBENDRA LALL KHAN: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister'in charge of the Home (Jails) Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) whether Sj. Surendra Nath Bag and Bhutnath Mar- a convicted in Daspur Sub-Inspector Murde: Case and at present lodged in the Midnapore Central Jail have gone on hunger-strike?
 - (ii) If the answer to (i) is in the affirmative, will be be pleased to state the reasons for which they have gone on hunger-
- (b) For how many days are they on hunger-strike?
 - (c) What is the present condition of their health?

- (d) What steps have the Government taken to induct them to break their striker
- (e) Whether it is apprehended that continuance of the lungerstrike any longer is likely to prove tatal?
- (f) 100 the Government consider it desirable that the grievances of the prisoners should be removed?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDBIN: (a) (i) Yes.

- (ii) Because they have been classified in Division III and not in Division II.
 - (b) Since 31st July 1938.
- (c) and (e) Their condition is not such as to give rise to immediate anyiety and they are taking some nourishment.
- (d) The rules governing classification, and their application to their case have been explained in full to them by officials and non-officials, who have endeavoured to persuade them from the course they have adopted
- (f) Since the prisoners are ordinary cultivators, not accustomed by social status, education, or habit of life to a superior mode of living, their claim to be classified in Division II is baseless and cannot be granted
- Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Will the Hon'ble the Home Minister please state whether any of the persons convicted in the Daspur Suh-Inspector Murder Case has been classified under Division 11?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Yes, those whose mode of living or social stages or education of habits of life entitle them to classification under Division II, they have been just in Division II,

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state whether those persons that have been classfied under Division II also belong to that category that he has described as ordinary cultivators?

The Hon bie Khwaja Sir NAZIMUODIN: "I do not think so.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Will the Hon'ble Minister phase state how persons among those who have been convicted in the Daspur Sub-Inspector Murder Case have been classified under Division II?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Iswant notice.

answer (a) (ii); will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to say how long they have been classified under Division III?

'The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Always

Mr. MHARENDU OATTA MAZUMDAR: Is it a tact that on the occasion when these two prisoners went on hunger-strike inside the Dacca bail, they were prevailed upon to withdraw the hunger-strike on the understanding that their grievances would be considered after the withdrawal of the hunger-strike?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDBIN: No. Sir. Government told them definitely that the matter was under consideration. No hopes were given them that there would be a decision in their favour.

Mr. DEBENDRA LALL KHAN: Are Government considering these prisoners as political prisoners?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Sir, so far as Government is concerned, officially, there is no such thing as "political prisoners".

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Will the Hon'ble the Home Minister please state whether there is any rule either in the Jail Code or anywhere else which prohibits a person who is a cultivator by profession from being classified in Division II?

The Hoh'ble Khwaja Sir KAZIMUDDIN: Sii, I have already stated that there is no question of cultivator. The criterion is social status, education or habits of life, which entitle a person to a superior mode of living, —it is that class of persons who possess the above qualifications that are classified in Division II

Mauki ABUL HASHIM: Since it is enough, in order to justify the classification of a prisoner in a particular division, to say that persons who are not accustomed by social status, education or habits of life, or to a superior mode of living are not entitled to a Division II, will the Hon'ble Minister please say, with reference to masker (f), whether he will be prepared to withdraw the expression "ordinary cultivator" in view of the fact that "cultivator" refers to occupation and not to status?

The Hon'ble Khwaja Sir HAZIMUDDIN: Ves, I shall be prepared to consider this.

Maulvi ABUL HASHIM: Thank" you.

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

(answers to which were laid on the table)

Questions about process-servers tabled in the Assembly up to the 10th July, 1938,

- 73. Maulvi MUHAMMAD ISHAQUE: Will Mr. Deputy Speaker of the Bengal Legislative Assembly be pleased to state
 - (i) the number of questions tabled for this session of the Assembly up to the 10th <u>July</u>, 1938;
 - (ii) the number of them that were disallowed;
 - (iii) the number of disallowed questions which referred to the process-servers;
 - (iv) the number of members of the Assembly who tabled those disallowed questions about process-servers; and
 - (v) the number of disullowed questions about process-servers that referred to partly answered questions of the previous sessions of the now defunct Bengal Legislative Council?

Mr. M. ASHRAF ALI: (1) 110.

- (ii) 15.
- (111) 5.
- (10) 5
- (r) None.

The stagnation of storm-water in the suburbs of Calcutta.

- 74. Mr. P. BANERJI: Has the attention of the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works (Irrightion) Department been drawn to—•
 - (a) the condition of the area bounded on the north by the Tolly's Nala, east by the Bidwadhari river, south by the Peali river and west by the Eastern Bengal Railway due to stagnation of storm-water owing to which the paddy crop has been a total failure; and
 - (b) the stagnation of storm water on both the sides of the Adiganga, due to which the paddy crop in the said area is damaged every year and the sanitation of the said area affected >

the Hon ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA' NANDY, of Cossimbazar:

(a) Yes; the condition this year is that due to untimely and heavy rainfall in the last week of May, 1938, the area referred to was flooded to an average depth, of 1 foot 6 inches to 2 feet. By the middle of June the flood level went down keeping average depth 6 inches to 7 inches in the fields. Transplantation of paddy has commenced from the second week of June and is still in progress. Except at a few small tocal pockets, the fields do no longer suffer from flooding.

(h) There are some lowlying areas between the Adiganga and the Bidyadhari on one side and between the same and the Keorapakur khal on the other side. These areas drain into the Magrahat System of channels. In years of heavy rainfall these areas suffer some congestion of drainage.

Two schemes for the improvement of the drainage of the areas referred to in (a) and (b) are under the examination of the Irrigation Branch of the Communications and Works Department.

Mr. P. BANERJI: (Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state whether the two schemes for the improvement of the drainage of the areas are the same as were explained by the Hon'ble Minister in unstarred question No. 66 of the 19th August?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA KANDY, of Cossimbazar: Sir', it is difficult for me to give a reply without refering to the answer itself.

Mr. SPEAKER: What is your question?

Mr. P. BANERJI: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state whether questions (a) and (b), which are now under examination by the Engineers of the Communications and Works Department, are the same schemes as were referred to in answer No. 66, dated the 19th August, 1938?

I might explain that of these 2 schemes one refers to the improvement of the Naka and the other to the improvement of the Peali river.

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Commidazar: I may explain that the proposed two scheme, are: (1) for the drainage of the Panchannagram area with some portion of the Southern Salt Lake to the Telly's Nala, and the other scheme is the drainage of the area south of the Tolly's Nala by the Peali river by opening a cut, or, in the alternative through the existing Peali-Bidyadhari river.

"Rai HARENDRA NATH, CHAUDHURI: When these two schemes were framed?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Committee are considering these two schemes from last year.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHUBI: Why were these schemes not put in force before the monsoon?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Dossimbazar: First a scheme is formulated, but in order to put it into effect we have got to undertake a survey and other preliminances.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURI: Did she survey follow the scheme or did the survey precede the scheme?

The Hon'ble Maharaja 8818 CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar:

--Certainly, schemes are not taken up before surveys. We have had a rough idea of the scheme and then the scheme has got to be worked out and then detailed surveys are undertaken.

Rai HARENDRA NATH CHAUDHURE: Is oit not a fact that these schemes were prepared after a survey was made?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHAMDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: I am afraid, not after detailed survey

Flushing of "Chaka Bil" near Birnagar, district Nadia.

- 75. Mr. SASANKA SEKHAR SANYAL: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Communications and Works (Irrigation) Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) whether the attention of Government has been drawn to the "Chaka Bil" flushing and arrigation scheme near Birnagar in the Nadia district; and
 - (ii) whether any representation has been received in this connection?
- (b) Is it a fact that the local officials have recommended in favour of the scheme being taken up at an early date in the interest of the health and economic conditions of a large number of people?
- . (c) (i) What actions have Government taken on this project so far; and (ii) what do they propose to take in the near future?
- The Hen'the Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NAMDY, of Cossimbazar:
 (a) Yes: a letter on the subject from the Chairman, Birnagar Manicipality, was received on the 5th July, 1938.

- (b) and (c) The Chief Engineer, Bengal, Irrigation, has been requested to corsider the District Engineer's scheme and to suggest a feasible one if that is not acceptable.
- DA HALINAKSHA PANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to state if it is a fact that as early as the year 1932 a malaria conference which was held at Birnagar recommended to Government the adoption of a flooding and flushing scheme for the Chaka Bill?
- The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: Well, the honourable member knows more then myself about it.
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Will the Hon'ble Minister please state if it is a tact that at a recent conference held on the 8th May, 1938, under the chairmanship of the District Magistrate at Birnage this scheme was recommended for adoption?
 - Mr. SPEAKER: That question does not arise.

Yes, you can ask him if he is aware of any scheme recommended by the local officials.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is the Hon'ble Minister aware that there was another conference presided over by the District Magistrate which recommended the scheme over again for adoption?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: I am not aware of that.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: Is it a fact that the District Board of Nadia recommended to the Irrigation Department, of which the Hon'ble Minister is in charge, as per the note of the District Engineer No. 3585, dated Alth March, 1938, for approxing the scheme?

The Hon'ble Maharaja SRIS CHANDRA NANDY, of Cossimbazar: It may be so but I would ask for notice, to give a reply.

Buildings erected near the Eden Hospital.

- 76. Miss P. B. BELL-HART: (a) Will the Hon'bie Minister in charge of the Public Health and Local Self-Government Department be pleased to state—
 - (i) whether a block of buildings has been erected near the Eden Hospital at Calcutta;
 - (ii) the reason for its erection;
 - (iii) the cost of the same;

- (iv) when was it completed;
- (v) when was it brought into use and whether fully or partially?
- (vi) to what extent and for what purpose is it in use to-day?
- (b) Are the Government considering the desirability of making full use of this building for the purposes for which it was exected?
 - •(c) If not, will the Holf ble Minister state the reasons why?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: (a) (i) Yes. The hon'ble member presumably refers to the Eden Extension block.

- (ii) Enlargement of the Eden Hospital was considered necessary in order to provide greater facilities for clinical teaching of students of the Medical College as well as pupil nurses and dhais and also to meet the growing demand for accommodation of patients in the Eden Hospital.
 - (iii) The total cost of the land and buildings was Rs. 11,82,908.
 - (iv) In 1931.
 - (v) It has been partially brought into use since November, 1936.
 - (vi) A ward of 12 heds has been opened in it for Maternity cases, both Indian and European, on a paying basis.
 - (b) Yes.
 - (c) Does not arise. .

Scholarships and free-studentships in the Burdwan, Chittagong, mymensingh and Jalpaiguri—Jackson Medical Schools.

- 77. Babu UPENDRA NATH BARMAN: (a) Will the Hon'ble Minister in charge of the Public Health and Local Self-Government (Medical) Department be pleased to state the number of scholarships and free-studentships awarded annually by each of the institutions, viz., Burdwan, Chittagong, Mymensingh and Jalpaiguri—Jackson Medical Schools?
- (b) Is it a fact that privileges by way of scholarships and free-studentships granted to other similar institutions are not awarded to the Jackson Medical School?
- (c) Are the Government aware that the proportion of students from the Muhammadan and Scheduled Caste communities is greater in the Jackson Medical School than in other medical institutions in the mufassal?
- (d) Do the Government intend to extend similar advantages of scholarships and free-studentships to the Jackson Medical School?
 - (e) If not, whyse

The Hon ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: (a) The following escholarchips and free-studentships are awarded, annually in each of the institutions:—

- , (1) Four scholarships of Rs. 8 per month in each of the classes.
 - (29, One scholarship of Rs. 15 per month to a poor student, preference being given to a member of the Scheduled Castes.
 - (3) Four free-studentships in each class."

A provision has also been made in the current year's budget for the institution of a number of additional scholarships for poor and meritorious students of the Moslem and Scheduled Caste communities with effect from the current year.

- (b) and (c) No.
- (d) and (e) Do not arise.

Maulvi TAMIZUDDIN KHAN: With reference to the second paragraph of answer (d), will the Honble Minister be pleased to state the number of scholarships created for the current year?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. So SUHRAWARDY: That depends very much upon the final decision of Government as to the amount of the scholarships, it may be Rs. 20, it may be Rs. 40. I hope we shall be able to balance the needs of the community for a fair amount on the one side, and a fair number on the other.

Maulvi TAMIZUDDIN KHAN: Are the scholarships intended to be given effect to from the current year? If so, when does the Hon'ble Minister expect to come to a decision on this matter?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I hope, it will be very very soon,

Short-notice question regarding Ministers' salaries.

Mr. SANTOSH KUMAR BASU: May I just draw, Sir, your attention to the short-notice question which I want to put to the Hon'ble the Finance Minister as regards the intended legislation relating to the Ministers' salaries?

Mr. SPEAKER(Mr. Basu, the reply to your short-notice question was received only half-an-hour ago and will be taken up to-morrow.

Adjournment motions

Mr. SASARKA SEKHAR SANYAL: Sir: I have given notice of the following adjournment motion.

(Several members from the Coalition Group good up and frew the attention of Mr. Speakers to the fact that they wanted to move some privilege motions.)

Mr. SPEAKER: I think the questions of privilege might be taken up after the adjournment motions.

Assembly do now adjourn to discuss a definite matter of urgent public importance, namely, the situation arising out of the continuous and daily increasing march into Berhampore and other towns of the district of Murshidabad of a number of villagers in the said district who with their cattle and children have been loutering in the streets and open places of the said towns for food and shelter, having been compelled to leave their homes during the last ween, particularly yesterday and the day before, due to devastation caused by flood."

Sir, I have given a written statement along with the motion, and I would ask for your leave to move it.

The Hon'ble Sir BIJOY PRASAD SINCH ROY: Sir, it is impossible to make a suitable reply to-day to this question. The notice was received only to-day, and information will have to be obtained from the local officers before I am in a position to give a full reply. As the honourable member is aware, to-morrow we are having acconference with all the M.L.A.'s and M.L.C.'s the Collectors of the districts, the Subdivisional Officers and the Commissioner of the Presidency Division on the question of flood relief, so, I hope the honourable member will wait for 24 hours, and by that time I shall be in a better position to meet the charges, and he will also be an a better position to get a full reply, if he will still press his adjournment motion.

Mr. SPEAKER: All I would say is that it is a well-known principle that at the time of discussing an adjournment motion the authentic official information should be available and an opportunity should also be given to obtain such information. In that view, I propose to take up the matter to morrow. The statement which the Houble Minister proposes to make to-morrow will help me substantially to come to a decision on this point.

adjournment motion of which notice was given by Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee, he is, unfortunately, unavoidably, absent just now, but it is his wirh, Sir, to request you not to allow the adjournment motion to lapse. May, I therefore, have your permission to move it on behalf of Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee?

there is no question of its lapsing. It is for the mover to move it or not. If he does not move it to-day, he may do so later and I shall that, consider it on merits; but I cannot allow it to be moved by a proxy. Fam sorry, I cannot allow you to move it.

Mr. AIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: May I take it, Sir, that it is, your ruling that this matter will stand over?

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes, it will automatically stand over.

Privilege Motions

Mr. M. A. H. ISPAHANI: Sir, I gave notive of a motion this morning. May I have your permission to move it?

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes.

Mr. M. A. H. 18PAHANI: Sir, I beg to move that the statement issued by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, the Leader of the Congress Assembly Party, and published in the Press, in connection with the adegation made by Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqi on the 8th August, 1938, and the incidents relating thereto, be referred to the Committee of Privileges.

Sir, you will recall that soon after Mr Siddiq made certain accusations on the floor of this House on the 8th of this month, leading members of the Opposition called out, almost in one voice, for the name of the person whom, Mr. Siddiqi charged with a serious offence.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: On a point of order, Sir. I cant to know whether the motion is going to be d'scussed, or the admissibility or otherwise of the motion is to be decided first. If that is done then alone we can proceed with the debate.

Mr. SPEAKER: If it is a question of admissibility, I am quite prepared to deal with it.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: The question of prailege has a very limited scope so far as this Legislature is concerned. The limitations are definitely stated in the Government of India Act. Section 71 definitely limits them to such questions as have been specifically mentioned therein or those that were in operation before the new legislation regarding privileges was adopted by this House. So far as we have been able to find out, these were no such privileges as have been referred to by my honourable friend just now and as are contained in the motion read out before us. I would therefore have your ruling on the first point as to whether you would extend the scope of the Government of India Act in allowing new issues and new items of privileges being discussed. The second point is that, even assuming that there is a certain degree of privilege permissible on grounds-ofinherent rights, there are, L submit, definite cases laid down, as to when privilege questions may be taken up relating to matters of The question of inherent right is only to be found inherent rights defined by Jefferson in his Manual relating to the Rules of the House of Representatives of the United States of America. So far as Great Britain is concerned, these are not ordinarily admissible, and because the House of Representatives have got a rigid and written constitution as we have it in India, in some respects our procedure is more comparable to the American procedure than to the British. There, Sir, Jefferson defines that privilege motions should not be taken up in a manner by which the ordinary rights of a citizen and the ordinary rights of members may be 'jeopardized. This relates to a very important question of principle. When we are discussing any matter under heat of the debate or with passion, privileges should not be discussed at random, particularly when there is a provision of legislation in this connection. In legislating two Houses have an opportunity of coolly discussing every material in those connections, and the public outside have also an opportunity of giving their opinion thereon. Whereas, if during passions and heats, questions of privileges are taken up, questions which are not specifically mentioned in the Act or in the rules, it may lead to a great amount of injustice, and sometimes encroachment upon the rights and privileges of ordinary members. That is point number two.

The third point, Sir, is that May in his Parliamentary Practice makes it dear that "the proceedings of the House may be interrupted at any moment save during the progress of a division by a motion based on a matter of privilege when a matter has recently arisen, and which directly concerns the privileges of the House." I submit, Sir, that the interpretation of the term "recently" has been given very clearly in connection with different decided cases. It has been held that interruption of the business of the House is such an important matter that unless it is immediately done following some discussion of the question which infringes the privileges, it is not permitted by:

the Speaker of the House of Commons. It has been held, Sir, also in the United States' House of Representatives, that, if immediately after such an incident, the question is not taken up, such privilege motions are invariably disallowed. On these three points, Sir, I want your ruling.

Mr. FAZLUR RAHMAN: Sin, on the question of the inherent right of the House, if my friend refers to May's Parliamentary Practice, he will find that if matters touching the proceedings of the House are published by any member without the permission of this House it is a serious breach of privilege. It is the tradition of the House of Companys that they have always considered such publication as a serious breach of privilege. Therefore, Sir, I hope you will hold that this statement of the Leader of the Opposition to the Press, without the permission of this House, is a breach of privilege.

With regard to the question of recent occurrence, we hold. Sir whether it is a matter of recent occurrence or not, is entirely a matter for you to decide. With regard to the question of his reference to section 71, it does not take away the inherent power of this House, and he has not stated anything with regard to that.

Mr. M. A. H. ISPAHANL: May I. Sir, add another point? This motion does not introduce any new and fresh issues. It Dr. Sanva had given me an opportunity to finish my very brief statement, he would have realised that I did not intend to make any such introduction

The Han'ble Khwaja Sir NAZIMUDDIN: Sir, there is just one thing that I would like to point out with regard to what has been raised by Dr. Sanyal, irrespective of the consideration of this question itself. In this House already more than half a dozen, questions have been referred to the Committee of Privileges which do not 'come unde section 71 of the Government of India Act. So, either this House should accept as a precedent to follow the Act strictly or the question of privileges should be referred to the Committee of Privileges for consideration as to whether they are privilege motions at all or not.

Mr. SPEAKER: For the time being the only issue which I am concerned, and for which a decision is required from me, is the question of admissibility of this motion as a privilege motion and nothing further. I might take up the last point first, and I migh frankly state that so far as the delay is concerned, the responsibility is entirely my own, and that is because Mr. Ispahani came to give notice of this motion immediately after, and I was considering as to which should table the motion himself or whether this matter is a ne which should be referred to the House or not, whether if at all

I myself should bring this matter for reference to the Privilege Committee. But I could not myself come to a decision on this matter, and I therefore informed Mr. Ispahani that it was not desirable for the Speaker to be dragged into a controversy of this nature in they way, and I communicated the decision to him only the day before yesterday. So far as the delay is concerned, it is, therefore, entirely due to me. I do frankly state that I thought that time would probably heal up the wounds but my expectations have been belied.

So far as the question of admissibility is concerned, as Sir Nazimuddin has pointed out, there are many anatters which have been referred to the Committee of Privileges. For me to say that it is not a privilege motion will be taking a grave responsibility on my shoulders, and I do not think as the Speaker of this House I can say one way or the other whether it is a privilege metion or whether it is not a privilege motion. I'leel that if a prima facit case of privilege is made out by any member, the question as to whether it is in the nature of a privilege or not should go to the Committee of Privileges for consideration. In case they do not consider that it is a question of privilege, then only they will entertain the question of the merits, and not otherwise. That being so, I hold that so far as the admissibility of this motion is concerned, I cannot shut out the motion. It is of coursess matter for the House to The House can reject the motion immediately and decide that it is not a question of privilege, the House can, by referring it to the Committee of Privileges, ask the Committee of Privileges to consider as to whether it is a privilege motion or not, and the House can also ask the Committee of Privileges to enquire into the facts of the case. For the time being I would not like to stand in the way of an important matter of any privilege in this House. The Committee of Privileges will report whether it is a privilege or not, and I think it will be a very bad precedent if the Speaker assumes upon himself the responsibility of deciding at such an early stage of parliamentary life as to what is I hope > will not be misunderstood. and what is not a privilege. tried to bring about the best of teelings, but unfortunately as this resolution has after all been moved. I do not think I can shut it out.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: May I then take it, Sir, that you are, in permitting Mr. Ispahani to move this motion, keeping the opinion of his House practically open both with regard to its admissibility as well as the motits of the question.

Mr. SPEAKER: The resolution as it has been drafted, does not say anything more than that the statement be referred to the Committee of Privileges, and I had to be very careful to see as to the form in which this motion can be admitted or not. I might say that I have looked up the Parlianentary procedure, and I have seen in the Parlianentary proceedings that whenever any question of dispute is brought

up, it does not specify ordinarily the opinion of the House, but is referred to the Committee of Privileges, to consider as to whether it is a breach of privilege or not. I take it that if this resolution is rejected it is alright, but it is carried, then it would be for the Committee of Privileges not only to enter into the merits of the case, but also to find out as to whether it is a question of privilege or not:

Mr. MANMATHA NATH ROY: Sir, are we to take it that the delay had been condoned by what happened not to the knowledge of the House between yourself and the mover of the resolution?

SPEAKER: In any case that is my discretion, and I have allowed it.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Mr. Speaker, having regard to the decision you have just given, namely, that you are keeping oper the question as to what is and what is not a privilege, I take the earlies opportunity to state that subject to that, I am prepared on behalf of myself and on helplaff of the party I represent in this House to accept the motion. I welcome the opportunity of being able to demonstrate before the Committee of Privileges and before the House how flagrantly the rules of debate have been broken, and in this connection I may state that rules of debate are no more than the ordinary courtesies of life, and how freedom of speech—

Mr. SPEAKER: Order, order. Mr. Bose, I shall give you ar opportunity to speak about the merits of the motion after Mr. Ispahani

Mr. SAHAT CHANDRA BOSE: Sir, I do not propose to speak abou the merits of the motion because I say that I accept the motion.

Mr. M. A. H. ISPAHANI: Sir, as you had ruled that no names should be mentioned and no further reference should be made to the subject at all, Mr. Siddiqi was debarred by your ruling as well as by Parliamentary practice usual to such incidents, from gratitying the curiosity of some of the leaders of the Opposition.

In spite of the conventions and your decision, Sir, the Leader of the Congress Party issued a long statement to the Press in which he said—may I read a few lines which are relevant—he said "I repeated the challenge two or three times when the member of the Zimisterialis Party who had made the charge did not venture to make any reply to the direct question I put, nor did he have the courtesy to withdraw the charge. The Leader of the Krishak Proja Party also challenged the same member who had made the charge to say whether he was making any accusation against any member of the Krishak Proja Party, but the latter avoided giving any answer. The fact that the member of the Mipisterialist Party who had made the charge did not venture to take

up, my thallengs satisfied me that the charge was a frame up and manufactured."

This, Sir, as the House will notice, is absolutely unfair improper and contrary to face and against the clear, and definite ruling by the Chair. It thus constitutes a breach of the privileges of the House on the ground that Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose has created an incorrect impression on the minds of the people and has made an insimution against the decision, of the Chair. Sir, a little further in the same statement he has referred to conversations that he find with you in your Chamber. This, I submit, is not only incorrect and improper but it is a positive violation of the sanctity of the Speaker's chamber. Prima facial, this matter should also go to the Committee of Privileges, particularly as it represents one sided view of the case. I do not propose to go any further into the matter and give any further details or make a lengthy speech at this stage.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I rise to accept the motion which has been moved before this House by Mr. M. A. H. Ispaham and, in doing so, I think it is only right that I should state the reasons which have led me to take that decision. As I was going to say, I welcome the opportunity which Ma Ispahani has given me of demonstrating before the Committee of Privileges, and before this House at a later stage, how flagrantly - I repeat myself --how flagrantly the rules of debate have been broken-and, I think, I may add that the rules are no more than ordinary courtesies of life -and how freedom of speech in this Chamber degenerated on that occasion into unbridled and unmitigated license. I do not propose, Sir, to deal with the statement of facts which was made by Mr. Ispahani. It will suffice for the moment to say that I do not accept most of his statements of fact. I do not think that during the sixteen months I have been here I have acted on assingle occasion contrary to the decision of the Chair. Where I have disagreed with the decision of the Chair, I have only humbly said, "I disagree with you."

As regards the sanctity of the Speaker's Chair, I may say I did not carry on any confidential conversation either with the Speaker or with anyone else. I think, the House will accept it from me that no one is more jealous, not even Mr. Ispahani, of the sanctity of the Chair than myse's. With these words, Sir, I accept the motion.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that the motion of Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani that the statement issued by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Leader of the Congress Assembly Party, and published in the press in connection with the allegation made by Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddique on the 8th August, 1938, and the incidents relating thereto be referred to the Committee of Privileges.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Mr. FAZLUR BAHMAN: Mr. Speaker; Sir, of Friday last in course of the proceedings of this Assembly when you appealed to the Leader of the Opposition for assistance, Mr. Tulsi Chandra-Goswami, Deputy, Leader of the Congress Assembly Parts, femarked in the following manner "but I must say this also as you have asked for our co-operation and we belong to the front benches and as I happen to occupy the position of the Deputy Leader of the Congress Assembly Party that we have always given you every assistance but, now, Sir, it is time that you assist yourself". Then, Sir, you took exception to that remark and you wanted Mr. Goswami to explain to you what he meant by it, and from he repeated while giving explanation "you must assist yourself". When the matter was brought up again by Mr. Shanaburldin before this House, Mr. Goswami rose to reply and said "as regards the other point raised by Mr. Shahabuddin, namely, in reference to you, Sir, I hope you will bear with me when I say that it was under extreme provocation."

I think, Six, that by his words Mr Goswami wanted to convey to the House that you had failed in the discharge of your duties towards this House. Such remarks were not expected of a gentleman of the position of Deputy Leader of the Congress-Assembly Party. Sir, a gentleman having a sense of decency and having a sense of discipline would not have made these remarks.

Br. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: On a point of order, Sir I would like to submit my points once more with regard to this motion. We would like to have the bare motion first. It you want to follow the Parliamentary practice as defined in May's book then without any discussion or debate such motion should be referred to the Committee of Privileges.

Mr. SPEAKER: I cannot but suggest without taking sides in this matter that the best way for Mr. Rahman to refer a motion of this character, if he wants to refer it at all, is to expunge the portion "being a reflection on the Chair". In Parliamentary usage that means giving a decision by this House beforehand. What should be referred to the Committee of Privileges is to consider that matter and I would advise Mr. Rahman to draft the resolution in this way, namely, that the remarks of Mr. T. C. Goswami, Deputy, Leader of the Congress Assembly Party, on such and such a date be referred to the Committee of Privileges, as Mr. Ispaham has done.

Mr. SARAT CHANDRA BOSE: When I got notice of this motion, I was waiting for an opportunity to make a suggestion that these works should be deleted. Sir, this Hoyse, in my opinion, should not be asked to decide the matter here and now.

- Mr. FAZLUR RAHMAN: Sig. I submit to your ruling and I have drafted a motion in the way indicated by you, but in referring it to the Committee of Privileges I would only like to observe that such remarks were not worthy of a gentleman of the position of the Deputy Leader of the Congress Assembly Party.
- Mr. JOCESH. CHANDRA CUPTA: On a point of order Sir. After the suggestion from the Chair, if my friend wants to include in personal invectives that would be going against the spirit of discussion of a privilege resolution. As soon as my friend moves for expunging those words, about the reflection on the Chair, from this side of this House the assolution will be accepted and it will go to the Committee of Privileges; but if he goes on with personal sevectives and if the Chair allows it
- Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Gupta, I would ask you to withdraw the expression "if the Chair allows it"
- Mr. JOGESH CHANDRA CUPTA: I was going to say if the Chair allows it, I have nothing to say. In the expression "if the Chair allows it", there is no insinuation. I hope and trust that the Chair will not permit him to speak in that flanner.
- Mr. SPEAKER: I have great difficulty regarding this. For the last tew days, I have been going through the Parliamentary proceedings in connection with this matter and that is why I have asked Mr. Fazlur Rahman to move if he so wishes, after expunging the portion about the opinion of the House. If the House comes to a decision as to whether it is a reflection on the Chair or not, it is no use referring it to the Committee of Privileges as a privilege motion. But I cannot stop Mr. Fazlur Rahman from delivering a speech so long as he follows the rules of the debate. It is, however, the usual Parliamentary practice, in matters like this, to carry on the discussion with as minimum remarks as possible, so as not to prejudge the issues.
- Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: On a point of order, Sir May I submit that although I shall, as my Leader has indicated, most gladly accept the motion if it is permissible under the rules, I only want to draw your attention to one point. If you raly on May's Parliamentary Practice, 13th Edition, page 81, where breaches of privilege are defined, you will find that the Jefinition does not cover a case of this kind. There it is stated.
- Wilful disobedience to orders, within its jurisdiction, is a contempt of any court, and disobedience to the orders and rules of Parliament in the exercise of its constitutional functions, is treated as breach of privilege.

I would like to submit that all, and sundry matters in which members either on this side or or that side may have some amount of feeling, either about their colleagues or about the Leaders of the House -if all such matters are dragged as matters of privilege, we shall in no time run into a very dangerous position. I submit that either the privileges as defined in the Government of India Act itself be our criterion or the privilege as defined in May's Parliamentary Practice may be followed. If all matters are seferred to the Committee of Privileges, the Committee cannot possibly do justice to the questions. They cannot define what privileges are, and things have got to be decided by facts to whether a particular matter is a matter of privilego or not, and the whole position will be very much complicated. The refore submit that before the motion is taken up or admitted, you will kindly apply your own mind and seed any breach of the rules of the House or any breach of the privileges of the House as defined in May's Parliamentary Practice has been really made by the use of that expression.

I further submit that on this occasion all possible reflection, if any, was on the Chair and you got Mr. Goswami to give an explanation on that and you were satisfied with that explanation then and there and allowed the ordinary business of the House to go on. You, as Speaker of the House, have ample powers and you were entitled to take any action then and there, but, as you had not allowed that question to be pursued any more, we presumed, and rightly presumed, that you were satisfied with Mr. Goswami's explanation. Nothing further on this point can be done by any member feeling aggrieved.

I submit that it would be a reflection on your own judgment if any motion of this character is admitted. Your judgment was clear: you accepted Mr. Goswami's explanation and you were pleased to allow the debate to go on. Under the circumstances, I submit that it will take away from you the authority of the Chair if the House proceed with the discussion of a motion of this character, or even if it is allowed to be referred to the Committee of Privileges.

Mr. SPEAKER: I think I should give a decision at this stage so that there may not be any debate on this point.

Dr. Sanyal will remember that immediately after the incident which concerned the Chair was closed, the metter was brought to my notice by Mr. Shahabuddin. I made it clear that the matter was closed so far as the Chair was concerned. But I cannot shut out any member from tabling a motion if he so chooses and that is where this motion has been allowed to be moved. In any case, whether there was any breach of privilege or not is a matter in which I should not give any sudgment. This is a matter which should better be considered by the Asymmittee of Privileges. If a member feels that the conduct of

another member amounts to a breach of privilege of the Rous, it should go to the Committee of Privileges. For the time bling, Lam

should go to the Committee of Privileges. For the time bling, Lam concerned only with the admissibility of the motion and that is why I have advised Mr. Rahman to move by expunging certain words.

Dr. NALINAKSHA SANYAL: I submit most respectfully that the admissibility of a motion in which voulare one of the persons referred to should not be decided, according to Jefferson, unless you retire from the Chair and the Deputy Speaker or any other member on the panel of Chairman takes the Chair. This is a very important point.

Mr. SPEAKER: If necessary, I shall consider that.

Mr. FAZLUR RAHMAN: I beg to move the following motion:

That the remarks made by Mr. Tulsi Chandra Goswami, Deputy Leader of the Congress Assembly Party, in the course of the proceedings on Friday last in reference to the Chair he referred to the Committee of Privileges.

Mr. TUL8I CHANDRA COSWAMU: Sir, with the greatest pleasure, I accept the motion which has been moved. This motion has been moved under somewhat extraordinary rules, that is to say, the rules that are unknown to this House yet. But I congratulate you, Sir, and the House on the practice which has been set up of submitting matters of privilege to a Committee which has been appointed by you.

As regards certain reflections which have been made by the mover, I can only say this that the University which taught him the language, which he uttered does not stand condemned, but should be ashamed of a person who claims to be an educated person, not to know the meaning of words. I am very sorry to say that the expression used by me was not understood by one, who, for a time, occupied The position of a Vice-Chancellor—a nominated Vice-Chancellor-I mean Mr. Shahabuddin. I am very sorry to intimate to this House fly great reluctance with which I have borne with certain remarks of this House. I firmly support this resolution and I hope the word "privilege" will be defined, by the Committee of Privileges, because I find wide ideas about privilege of this House which do not really correspond to anything that is real and I hope that as a result of our discussion in the Committee of Privileges, we shall know what is privilege so far as we are concerned. Privilege has got to be defined here. It is an indefinite term even in the British Parliament, but long usage, decisions of great and eminent Speakers, decisions of Judges have crystalised the law of privilege there. We have yet to frame our law of privilege: Lam saying this under the risk of digression, Mr. Speaker, because J col eve rhould not wildly talk about privilege. I have often heard in this House things like "on a point of privilege", and I have shuddered to think that such things were allowed in this House. However, Sir, I shall not repeat fryself again, but with humble submission to your authority. Mr. Speaker, and to the authority of this House, I shall take my trial before the Committee of Privileges.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that the remarks made by Mr. Tulsi Chandra Goswami, the Deputy Leader of the Congress Assembly Party, in course of the proceedings of the House on Friday last in relation to the Chair, be referred to the Committee of Privileges.

The question was their put and agreed to.

Resolution to be taken out of its turn.

Mr. SPEPKER: Order, order. At this stage I may just refer to one matter, viz., that Dr. Sanaullah has given notice of a resolution for its being taken out of it; turn, and asking for my consent thereto, signed, I think, by 102 persons. Unfortunafely, I could not accept that notice and as it conferrs a large number of members I should inform that it was signed by one gentleman who was away in England and only arrived yesterday and by another member who is dead some time back. In view of that I could not accept the notice as a proper and valid notice. If Dr. Sanaullah will give me fresh notice. I will certainly consider the matter.

Let us tow proceed with the Bengal Materials, Bill.

Mr. Khwaja SAHABUDDIN: Sir, may I just want to say that this matter which you have just referred to, may have very serious consequences?

Mr. SPEAKER: Well, that is not a matter with which we are concerned at present. We will now resume consideration of the Maternity Benefit Bill.

Message from the Bengal Legislative Council.

The Secretary to the Assembly read the following Message:

The following Message has been received from the Secretary of the Bengal Legislative Council, viz.:--

"I am directed to send herewith the Calcutta Official Receiver's
Bill, 1938, and to convey the Message that the Council, at
its meeting held on the 16th August, 1938, has agreed to
the Bill without any amendment."

GOVERNMENT BILL. COVERNMENT BILL. The Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1838.

Mr. SIBNATH.BANERIEE: I beg to make that in-clause 8, lines 4 and 5, for the words "forfeit her right to the payment of material, benefit under this Act?, the words "be hable to a fine not exceeding

rupees ten" be substituited.

The section provides for forfeiture of maternity benefit to which a woman worker is ordinarily entitled to. The provisions are the she works during the period of her leave for maternity, all the benefit would be forfeited. Now, regarding this there is another clause also, that is, clause 10. Therefore, this section will mean double punishment to the women, so I am suggesting that the whole amount should not be forfeited, but a sum up to the maximum of Rs. 10 only may be forfeited. I would like to immed the House that the woman worker, after taking leave during maternity goes to work in another factory within that period of leave, it is only due to her extreme—poverty. Therefore we should take pity upon her condition and not punish her doubly by section 8 and again by section 10.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Sir, I am afraid the honourable member has not understood his own amendment. Sections 8 and 10 are exclusive of each other and they do not inflict two penalties for the same act. "If a woman does any work for which she receives payment in cash or in kind after she has been permitted by her employer to absent herself under the provisions of section 5, she shall forfeit her right to the payment of maternity benefit under this Act" is different from what is contemplated in section 10, namely, "if any woman works in any factory within four weeks after the day of her delivery". Now, another remark of Mr. Banerjee has already given away his case, namely, that the woman who works in another factory while she is already receiving matering benefit from her employer works, because she is poor. Now, the payment of benefit • to the woman is that the woman should not work for four weeks preceding her delivery and for four weeks after the day of her delivery, and that every step should be taken by Government to prevent her from doing so. It therefore hardly lies in the mouth of Mr. Banerjee to insist on one side that she should be paid a maternity benefit, because she is incapable of working fluring this periods and, on the other side, to say that she aught to work for she is poor, and that, if she does work, it ought to be over looked. Nevertheless, Sir, and am acting as the good Samarian and pouring balm over the wounded

soul of Mr. Bineniee from time to time, I am prepared to amend occtions 8 and 10 together, if he has no objection, and the two sections together will run thus:—"If a woman does any work for which she receives, payment in cash or in kind, after she has been permitted by her employer to absent herself under the provisions of section 5, or if any woman works in any factory within four weeks after the day of her delivery, she shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding ten rupees."

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Suhrawardy, you want to delete that portion in section 8 which refers to forfeiture of the benefit?

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: 'Yes, Sir, for I find that, in spite of the arguments of Mr. Banersee in the conclusion he is correct.

Mr. NIMARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: May I put in a few words, Sir, on this clause?

Mr. SPEAKER: I want to know whether Mr. Banerjee accepts the amendment.

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Sir, the position does not seem to be clear. Under section 8 there is the forfeiture clause that under certain circumstances this maternity benefit may be forfeited to a woman. Now, Mr. Suhrawardy proposes that this forfeiture clause should be deleted, and a part of it should be tacked on to clause 10, so that if a woman does any work for which she receives payment, after she has been permitted to absent herself, and works in any factory within four weeks after the day of her delivery, she shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10, that is to say, instead of forfeiting the whole amount that she has earned in another factory during this period, she shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10. That is what I have proposed.

The Hon'rie Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I have only amalgamated the two sections.

Mr. SHIBNATH BANERJEE: What do we gain by this amalgamation?

The Hon'the Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Well, that will give us a bester draft, and there will be one penal clause instead of two. Besides, in his amendment the nonourable member has not used the words 'on conviction' which is very fiveessary.

Mr. NIHAREBOU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: But, Sir what will be the difference in effect?

The Hon'ble Mr. M. S. SUHRAWARDY: There will be no difference except that she will have too be convicted and her right to the payment of maternity benefit under section 5 will not be forfeited at all.

Mr. STBNATH-BENERJEE: May I refer to the nemony as wenters as the Central Province Act which contain two separate clauses for these two matters? We may do the same here, there is no harm in it.

The Hon ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: The only difference is in the language, manely, that she will be liable to a fine only on conviction...

Mr. SPEAKER: Yes, she will be liable on conviction only to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMBAR: I beg to repeat, Sir, that it is not clear even now as to the difference in effect if both the clauses are retained as they are and not amalgamated as suggested by the Hon'ble Minister.

Mr. SPEAKER: Perhaps Mr. Banerjee will agree to the amalgamation of the two sections with the rentention of the words "on conviction"?

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Lagree, Sar.

Mr. SPEAKER: All right. The question before the House is that in clause 8, lines 4 and 5, for the words "forfert her right to the payment of maternity benefit under this Act" the words "be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding rupees ten" be substituted.

The motion was then put and agreed to

Mr. SPEAKER: The question is that clause 8 as amended stand part of the Bill

The motion was then put and agreed to.

· Clause 9

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 9 stand part of the Biller

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 10.

Ur. SURESH CHANDRA FANERJEE: I beg to move that in clause 10, line 1, for the word "four" the word "six" be substituted.

Dr. SUPESH 'CHANDRA BANERJEE: এই বিলের clause 4এ আমার হৈই amendment সতত ফরবার কথা 'ভিচ্গা, হুর্ভাগ্য ব্যক্ত বর্থা সময়ে এখানে উপস্থিয় পাক্তে না পারার সেই amendment আমার পকে সতত করা সুত্তব হয়নি। তার ফলে এই claused জ্যার নামে বে amendment জিল্পেন তা meve করার কোন দানে পাকে না।, এ amendment এ বলা ইয়াছিল যে অন্তর্গর পুর ও সপ্তাহের 'বিবর্ধে-৬ সপ্তাহ পর্যন্ত সালাকান্য benefit দেওলা হইয়াছিল যে আন্তর্গর প্রত্তি সপ্তাহ পর্যন্ত সালাকার কিনাবে বিশেষ কোরে এই ধবণের সংলোধনের পক্ষপাতী। এই পক্ষপাতির তুপু আমার একার নাম । অবশ্য বড় বড় ডাক্রারদেরও এই মত। আমার হাতের এই বইখানার নাম Pre-Natal and Post-Natal and Post-Natal Management. ইহার এম্বর্ক্তা সে বছর আন্তর্কা সাম Pre-Natal and Post-Natal and Post-Natal Management. ইহার এম্বর্কতা সিং অধ্যাপক। Post-Natal period কর্ডান প্রকে সে সম্বন্ধ তিনি প্রয়ের ১৭৯ পৃষ্ঠায় বলেছেন যে: The Post-Patal period includes the lying-in period and the puer-perium in its widest sense. The lying-in period averages 8 to 10 days, though in the primigravida we believe it should be at least 14 days.

তা পর utrus সংক্রে বনেছেন: The uterus is said to return to its original size, except in the primigravida, in about 2 months, and that by some is taken to be the limit of the puer-perium.

গর্ভাবস্থার জরায়ু বড় ও নিপিশ হয়। প্রসবের পর জরায়ুব আবার স্বান্তারিক ছোট ও শক্ত অবস্থা পাইতে প্রায় এই মাদ লাগে ৮

The Hón'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: On a point of order, Sir. I did not interfere earlier because I thought that the honourable member having commenced his speech with the remark that there is no meaning in his present amendment, would have withdrawn it at the earliest opportunity. But now I find that he has instead begun to give us a lecture on gynacology or obstetrics. Sow, Sir, his amendment, if accepted will mean this—that although sie will get benefit for four weeks after confinement, she shall not work for six weeks. I submit, Sir, that this will penalise a woman worker.

্যান SURESH SHANDRA BANERJEE: আমি এই জানতাম দেই জন্য একৰ। পুৰুষ্ট্ৰ বিদ্যাছি। Mr. SPEARER: Inequestion before the House is that thuse 10 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 11.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 11 stand part of the Bill

The unotion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 11A.

• Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: I beg to move that in clause IIA, line 6, for the words "thirty days" the words "sixty days" be substituted.

I also beg to move that in clause HA, lines 8 and 9, for the words "the decision of the Labour Commissioner on such appeal shall be final" the following be substituted, namely:

"The aggrieved party may appeal within sixty days to the Commissioner of Workmen's Compensation, Bengal, whose decision shall be final."

The first amendment is to give us a little more time, that is, instead of thirty days, sixty days should be given so that an appeal may be filed

The second amendment is to get another chance of appeal, e.g., if the Labour Commissioner decides against her, she would have the chance of appealing to the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation. Now, the Labour Commissioner is after all an Executive officer of the Government whereas the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation is a judicial officer. We want to accept the decision of a judicial officer who is particularly an expert in this matter. Therefore, instead of relying on the Labour Commissioner, if it is thought necessary, the woman worker may appeal to the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation. I press both these amendments

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: Sir, may I with your permission say a few works in support of the motions of my honourable friend Mr. Sibnath Banerjee? In view of the fact that our workers are not used to amenities arising out of labour legislation and that for the first time a piece of legislation of this nature is going to be enacted, it is quite likely that it will take some time before the workers will be thoroughly conversant will the provisions and procedure for the,

purposes of taking advantage of the provisions of this act. You are aware, Six that often, due to the backwardness and other disadvantages of the workers, due to went of organisation of workers, -which, needless to mention as it has been mentioned repeatedly enough, are discouraged,—it is very difficult for them to avail themselves of the opportunities which law allows them; and therefore there is very great danger of the women whikers losing the benefit of these enactments if they are not allowed a longer time. A woman after her confinement would naturally not be in a very good state of health and it will naturally take some time for her to comply with all the procedure of law in order to get the full benefits of this Act. You are also perhaps aware, Sir, that often the women worker in the factories have to leave their children at their hoyels apparently unattended to as they are not often blessed with the care of their friends, and other persons to take charge of them. It is therefore necessary that the woman should be allowed a little longer time, and I do hope the Labour Minister will see the reason and justification of this contention and will not seriously object to accepting my honourable friend, Mr. Sibnath Banerjee's amendments.

With these remarks, Sir, I would conclude my observations and hope that these amendments will be accepted by the Hon'ble Labour Minister in view of the 6bservations I have made.

rhe Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I am sorry, Sir, that all my sweet reasonableness and persua diveness has gone in vain and the honourable niembers have pressed the motions, in spite of suggesting it to them not to do so. I canciot accept the two amendments. It is not a question of women workers not being in a position to take advantage of the Act. This section deals with those cases, when an application has been made by an aggrieved party to prosecute and the Inspector of Factories after making an enquiry has come to the conclusion that there ought not to be a prosecution. Now, Sir, an application-made to prosecute only arises some considerable time after the incident has taken place in regard to which the prosecution is pressed and after, the woman worker is in possession of her normal faculties and is able to prosecute her case.

Now, if the previous section, section 11 will be seen, there also is a provision for 30 days with an appeal to the Labour Commissioner whose decision is final. No objection has been raised to that, Sir There is no reason why there should be an objection to this. Thirty days is ample time, and I consider, Sir, that the decision of the Labour Commissioner on such appeals ought to be final and we ought not to go in proceeding from court to court and harassing one or the other of the parties with legal proceedings.

I may also say that the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation is in no way a superior officer to the Labour Commissioner. They do not constitute a hierarchy, and a time may some, as in Bombay, when the Labour Commissioner and the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation may be one and the same person. Then in that case, you cannot have even this question of appeal from the Labour Commissioner to the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation. I hope, Sir, that my friend will see the reasonableness of my targument and withdraw his amendments.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is the motion of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee that in clause 11A line 6, for the words "furty days" the words "sixty days" be substituted.

The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. NIHARENDU DUTTA MAZUMDAR: Are you sure. Sir, that the volumes of acoustics on this side was less that from the other?

Mr. SPEAKER: Order, order, Mr. Mazumdar.

The question before the House is the motion of Mr. Sibnath Banerjee that in clause 11A, lines 8 and 9, for the words "the decision of the Labour Commissioner on such appeal shall be final" the following be substituted, namely:—

"The aggrieved party may appeal within sixty days to the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Bengal, whose decision shall be final."

The motion was then put and lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 11A stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clauses 12 and 13.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House's that crauses 12 and 13 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Clause 14.

Mr. SIBNATH BANERJEE: Sir, I beg to move that in clause 14 in line 2 for the word "vernacular" the word "vernaculars" be substituted.

The Manual Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: I accept the amendment Sir.

Mr. Speaker: The question before the House is the motion of Mr. Sibrath Banerjee that in clause 14 in line 2 for the word "vernecular" the word "vernecular" the word "verneculars" he substituted:

The motion was then put and agreed to

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that clause 14 as amended stand part of the Bill.

· The motion was then put and agreed to.

Mr. 3PEAKER: Mr. Banerjee, your amendments Nos. 115 and 116 are not in order.

Mr. 418 MATH BANERJEE: May I enquire, Sire why they are not in order?

Mr SPEAKER: Becaure, they will extend the scope of the Bill.

Mr. SIDNATH BANERSEE: They do not extend the scope of the Bill, Sir. They only keep it open so that we may extend it at a future date if it is felt necessary.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that the preamble stand part of the Bill.

The morion was then put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. S. SUHRAWARDY: Sir, I move that the Bengul Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938, as settled in the Assembly be passed.

Mr. SPEAKER: The question before the House is that the Bengal Maternitz Benefit Bill, 1938, as settled in the Assembly be passed.

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Adjournment.

The House was then adj urned till 4-45 p.m. on Tuesday, the 23fd August, 1938, at the Assembly House, Calcutta.

Index to the

Bengal Legislative Assembly Proceedings.

Official Report.

Vol. LIII-No. 3-Fourth Session, 1938.

5th, 16th, 17th, 19th and 22nd, August, 1938.

[(Q) Stands for questions.].

Abdul Bari, Mauivi

Allotment of money for water-supply in the Murshidabad district (Q.) p. 133.

General Administration: p 47

Abdul Hakeem, Maulvi

General Administration up. 25, 27, 29.

Abdul Hakim Vikrampuri, Maulvi Md. .

Grievances of the litigants of Civil Courts (Q2) p 177.

Mushim officers of all grades and classes in the Secretariat Departments. (Ω.) p. 265.

Muslim Sub-Judges and District Judges, (Q) p 81

Abdul Latif Biswas, Maulvi

Appointment of Babu Nalini Ranjan Banikya Chowdhury as an Honorary Magistrate. Munshigunge Bench (Q) p. 178.

General Administration, pp. 44, 46.
Postings of two *Sub-Inspectors of Excise and Salt in Calcutta * (Q.)

Superintendents, Impoctors and sub-Inspectors of Excretand Salt of various communities in Calcutta and neighbouring districts: (Q) p. 3.

Abdul Wahab Khan, Mr.

Hours of work of the prisoners omployed in whitens in the Jails of Bengal (Q.) p. 90

Abdulia-Al Mahmood, Mr.

Gratistous relief for flooded areas in Serajganj: (Q.) p. 146.

Relief to flood-stricken people of Straiganj (Q.) p. 145.

Abdur Rahman SiddiqiaMr.

General Administration, p. 57.

Abdur Raul Mr. Shah

Junior Madrasahs in the Rangpur district (Q.) p. 11.

Abu Hossain Bargar, Maulvi

Bamandanga Estate in the Rangpur district (Q.) p. 126.

The Film "Mano-Moyer Girls' School": '(Q.) p. 17

General Administration, p. 38.

Abul Fazi, Mr Md.

The Bengal Maternine Bengit Bill 1938: p. 250.

Abul, Horain Minmed, Mr.

Under representation of the scheduled castes and mustims in the scheduled castes and mustims in the scheduled castes and mustimes in the scheduled castes and must see that the scheduled castes and partners of Bengal. (Q.) p. 74.

Aujournment: (pp. 71, 117, 173, 255, 304.

Adjournment' Motions

Regarding acts of introduction by the Police in the Kusthia subdivision:

Regarding exclusion of the names of two members of the opposition from the Board of Agriculture in Bengal: pp. 149, 152?

Regarding situation arising out of continuous march into Berhampur and other towns of vullagers' affected by the devastation caused by flood m Murshidabad district: pp. 285, 286.

Agricultural farm, Rajshahl: (Q.) 118.

Agricultural Officer

The District: (Q.) p. 17.

Agriculture-40

Supplementary Demand for Grant: p. 115

Allotment

Of money for water-supply in the Murshidabad district: (Q.) p. 133.

Allowance bill, travelling and daily

Of all Ministers separately from 1st April to 28th July, 1938: (Q.) p. 80.

Allowance, increment of

Of Sj. Narendranath Das, a detenu: (Q.) 1p. 28.

Anti-Malaria programme :

And the Anti-Tuberculosis Scheme: (Q) p. 267.

Anti-Tulyenculosis Scheme "

And the Anti-Malaria programme: (Q.) p. 267.

Appointment

 Of different communities in Co-operative Credit and Rural Indebtedness Department; (Q.) p. 217.

Of Babu Natini Ranjan Banikya.
Chowdhury as an Honorary Magiscrate, Munshigunge Bench (Q.) p. 178.

Anpointments ,

And recommendations made by the Public Services Commission: (Q.)
p. 180.

Arambagh subdivision

Re-excavation of Aurora Asnal in: • (Q) p. 194.

Arrest of Mr. Mukunda Bhanja: (Q.) p. 256.

Ashrafali, Mr. M.

Questions about process-servers tabled in the Assembly up to the 10th $\operatorname{July}_{\mathfrak{C}}$ 1938. (Q) p. 279.

Total number of officers, clerks, librarians, guards, duftries, menials, etc., of the Bengal Legisletive Assembly Department. (Q.) p. 261

Assembly

Questions about process-servers up to the 10th July 1938 tabled in the: (Q.) p. 279.

Assembly Rules Committee

Enquiry regarding report of the: p. 157.

Assent

Of His Excellency the Governor to the Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Bill, 1938: p. 117 Vol. LIII, No. 3.

Attendence: pp. 1, 72, 118, 174, 256.

Atul Chandra Dajta

And Hementu Bikash Nag, Treatment of interness: (Q.) p. 220.

Aurora Carmi in Arambagh subdivision Re-excavations of: (Q.) p. 194.

Azhar Ali, Maulvi -

The Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938 p 251

Bakhargunge district

Road projects and bridges sanctioned by Road Board • (Q.) p. 262.

Bamandanga Estate in the Rangpur dis-

triot: (Q) p 126

Ban

On Babu Bihari Lal Dutta, a released detenu of Sylhet, against his entry in Bengal (Q) p 76.

Sanerjee, Mr. Shibnath

Arrest of Mr. Mukunda Bhanja: (Q.) p. 258.

The Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938 pp. 249, 254, 297, 299, 301, 303-304.

Excavation of Bemorta Canal in Khulna: (Q.) p. 189.

General Administration: p. 51.

Banerjee, Dr. Suresh Chandra

The Bengal Dentists Bill, 1938 pp. 163, 164, 167, 170.

The Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938: p. 300.

The Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill 1938: p. 230.

Baferli, Mr.

Profiding the reflected determs with employment or finance to first small bit ness (Q.) p. 91.

Selting up of the Tolly a Nada, etc., in the district of 24-Parganas. (Q.) p. 215.

The tagnation of storm-water in the subarbs of Calcutta: (Q.) p. 279.

The upkeep of lower and Sunti revers in the Baras & subdivision: (Q.) p 216.

Bannerjee, Mr. Monoranjan

Remuneration of typics and copyints of tivil, criminal and revenue courts (Q.) p. 82.

Barasat subdivision

Upkeep of Nowi and Sunti rivers in the, (Q4 c), 216.

Barman, Babu Upendra Nath

Schoturships and free-studentships in the Burdwan, Chittagong, Mymensingh and Jalpaiguri Jackson Medical Schools (Q) p. 283.

Basu, Mr. Santosh Kumar

Adjournment Motion p. 150. Short notice question regarding Ministers' salaries: p. 284.

Bell-Harte Miss P. B.

Appointment of different communities in Co-operative Credit and Rural Indebtedness Department: (Q.) p. 217.

Buildings erected near the Eden Hospital: (Q.), p. 282.

Removal of disqualification of candidates and their election agents:
(Q) p 87.

Behorta Canal ih Khulna

Excavation of: (Qo) pp. 186, 263.

Bengal

Primary Schools in: (Q.) \$218

L'INDEX.

Vol. LIII, No. 3.

Bengal Dentista Bill 1928: pp. 158-173.

Bengal Legitlative Assembly, Department

Total number of officers, clerks, librarians, guards, duftries, a.ungik of the (Q) p. 261.

Bengal Legislative Council

į٧.

Message from: pg 24, 296.

Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938, The pp. 237, 219, 207.

Bengai Money lenders' Bill, 1933: p. 24.

Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1938:

pp 173, 222-237.

Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Bill, 1938

*Assent of His Excellency the Governor to the p. 117.

Bengal «Village Self-Government Act,

Introduction of a Bill to amend (Q), p. 22.

Bhutnath BhattaCnaryya

An ex-detenu and his M. Com Examination fees. Family and personal allowance of p. 276

Bhutnath Manna and Surendra Nath Bagʻ

Hunger-strike by (Q) p 276.

Bihari Lai Dutta

A released detenu of Sylhet Ban on, against his entity in to Bengal (Q) p 76

Bill

The Bengal Destists, 1938 pp. 158-173.

The Bengal Maternity Benefit, 1938, pp. 207, 249, 997.

Bill

The Bengal Money-lenders, 1938: p. 24.

The Bengal Tanks Improvement, 1938: pp. 173, 222-237.

Bengal Tenancy (Amendment), 1938.

Assent of His Excellency the Governor to the p 117.

Birbhum district

Construction of roads under the Road, Board Aheme in (Q.) p 196.

Biswai, Mr. Rasik Lal

Copies and incitars employed in Government hospitals. (Q.) β. 1479 Education - General—37 · p. 95.

Biswas, Mr. Surenúra Nath

Gianting of new licence for constructing distilleries (Q.), p = 346.

Representation of Directors and members of the Calcutta Corporation Co-operative Credit Societies, Ltd (Q.) p • 273

Board of Revenue

Muslim officers in the (Q) p. 145.

Book

"Manual of Criminal Classes operating in Bengal" considered as objectionable by some communities (Q) p. 201

Bose, Mr. Sarat Chandra

General Administration pp. 40, 68. Loans and advances by Provincial Government pp. 113, 114.

Provilege motion pp. 246-247, 290-292.

Brahmanberia

Co-operative Rural Reconstruction Society, Ltd., (Q.) p. 202.

Brothels

ldclais of (Q.) p. 78.

Buildings

Erected near the Eden Hospital: (Q.) p. 282.

Calcutta Corporation Coloperative Credit Societies, Ltd.

Representation of Directors and Members of the (Q.) p. 273.

Cattle fee .

For the Mungpoo Cinchona Plantation (Q) p 124

Cattle mortality

In Patnakhah and Peropph subdivisions of Bakarganj (Q) p. 1 In Shillock Union in Chittagong district (Q) p. 137

"Chaka" Mil"

Near Birnagar district Nada Flushing of (Q) 281 •

Chakravarty, Babu Narendra Narayan

Grant to the Pabna District Board for "Rural uplift" | (Q + p - 179 -

Charitable dispensary

Donation of Rai Bahadur Suresh Chandra Bose for a (Q) p 148

Chattopadhyay, Mr. Haripada

Ban on Babu Bibari Lal Dutta, a released detenue of Sylhet against his entry into Bengal (Q+p=76)

Chaudhuri, Rai Harendra Nath

Adjournment Motion p 155

Anti-Malaria programme and the Anti-Tukerculosis + house (Q) p 267.

The Beneal Tanks Improvement Bill 1838 pp. 223, 225, 233-234

Extra copyists and non-pernaneus clerks in the Registry on Department: (Q.) p. 85.

Offences against women : (Q.) p. *

: Chaukidars, and darkdags 3

In the Kalinda Union Board: (Q.) p.

Chittagong

Forest grievances in:

Chittageng and Cox's Bazar Forest Divisions: (Q) p. 132.

Cinchona Plantation, Mungpoo

Cattle fee for the Q) p 124.

Civil Courts

Grievances of the hitigans of (Q.) p 177 •

In Noakhati district, number of Commissions in (Q) p. 175

Civil Works 50

Supplementary Demand for Grant p.

Clearing

Of night soil and working of oil mills by the prisoners in Jails ${}^{ullet}(Q)$ p.

Commissions

In Civil Courts in Norkhali district, Number of (Q) p. 175

Condition ...

Of Satkhira subdivision due to floods:

• (Q) p = 124

Construction

Or Darca Air less Roud (Qo) p. 264.

Or road under the Road Board scheep in Bubhum district (Q.) p 196

. Consumption

Of country spirits in Darjeoling (Q.)

. Coolies, and mehjars

Employed at different GM ernment hospitals (Q) p. 116

Co-que ative Credit and Rura! Incebtedness, Department

Appointment of different communities in: (Q.) \(\varphi \). 217.

Co-operative Rural Reconstruction Society, Ltd., Brahmanberia: (Q.)

Country spi. it

Consumption of, in Darjeeling: (Q.) p. 127.

Country spirit shop

Vendor of the Kalimpony (Q) p 129.0

Cox's Bazar

Deforestation of Khas Mahai prou tected forest in (Q.) p. 12

Jumas turned out of their home and agricultural lands in: (Q.) ; . 130 '

Cox's Bazar and Chittagong Forest Divisions: (Q) p=132.

Criminal appeals

And motions from before the District Magistrate, Rajshahi, (Q) p. 83.

Dacca

Electricity charges at (Q) p 85

Dacca-Aritha Road

The Construction of the. (Q) p 264.

Decca dist.ict

Srimigar-Munshigani Road in (Q) p. 148.

Dalais of brotheis: , (Q.) p. 78.

Darjeeling

Consumption of 0 country spirit $_{0}$ in . $_{0}$ (Q.) p. 127_{c}

Relief to motor car owners of the Darpeeling Improvement Nund Department in (Q) p. 123.

Darjeeling Improvement Fund Departtrient, Darjeeling

Relief to motor car owners in: (Q.) p. 123.

Das, Babu Mahim Chandra

Jumias turn d out of their homes and agricultural lands in Cox's Brzar: (Q.) p. 130.

Das, Mr. Monmohan

Education-General-37: p. 92

The number of members in Debt of Settlement Boards in the subdivisions of Mymensingh (Q) p 275.

Das Gupta, Babu Khagendra Mrth

The Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938—4 p. 238-239, 251.

Land tenure system and enhancement of rents in Western Duars Government Khas Mahal, Jalpanguri (Q) p. 141.

Petition of the Motor Bus owners of the Western Duars, Jalpanguri (Q) p 219.

Das Gupta, Sj. Narendra Nath

Cattle mortality in Patuakhali and Perojpur subdivisions of Bakarganj: (Q) p 1.

Health of Sj. Monoranjan Ray, a detenu (Q) p. 22.

Health of Sj. Pushpa Ranjan Chatterjee, a detenu. (Q.) p. 23.

Increment of Allowance of Sj. Narendra Nath Das, a detenu: (Q.) p. 23

Datta, Mr. Dhirendra Nath

The Bengal Dentists Bill, 1938: p. 165.

The Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1938 pp. 222, 230.

Datta, Mr. Dhìr ndra Nath

Sj. Dhirendra Kumar Bhattachafjee, a convict in the Inter-provincial conspiracy case, suffering from serious diseases: (Q.) p. 73.

Externment from Bengal 61 several exprisoners in the Kakori Conspiracy Case: (Q.) p. 72.

India Government grant for economic development and improvement of rural areas (Q) p 81

Throwing of stones by hooligans at the peaceful processions is accompaning Stripur Subhas Chandra Bose (Q) p. 7

Debate, Opposition's right to control: p

Debt Settlement Boards

In the subdivisions of Mymensingh, number of members iff (Q) p 275.

In Topp to Appointment of clerks in (Q+p)/272

Deforestation

Of Khas Mahal Protected forest in Cox's Bazar (Q) p 12

Demand for Grant

Supplementary, Education -- General 37 pp 92-111, 113-117

Supplementary, 25—General Administration 2° 71

Demonstration parties

In the Province, weaving schools and: (Q_{\cdot}) p_{\cdot} (Q_{\cdot}) p_{\cdot} (Q_{\cdot})

Pepredations

By wild elephants in Fatikehari policestation: '(Q.) p. 12.

Defenu(s)

Raa on Baby Bihari Lal Datts of either, against his turify into Bengal, a released. (Q.) p. 76.

Illness of Babu Sunil Kumar Day. (Q.) p. 86.

Si. Monoranjan Roy, health of: (0.)

 Sj. Narehdra Nath Das, increment of allowance b. (Q 1 p. 23

Sis Pramatha Nath Bhownick, Nirmal Chandra Das and Kahdas Bose: (Q) p 211.

Providing the released, with employment or infine to start small business. (Q)_p.91.

St. Pushpa Ranjan Chatterjee, health of (Q) p 23

Suchamoy Dutta of Fent (Q) p. 13.

Dharia Khali Khal

In Satkhira Necessity of a sluice gate on the (Q) p 194

Discretionary fund

At the disposal of the District Magnetrate of Rajshahi (Q) p. 122

Disqualification

Of candidates and their election agents, memoral of (Q) p. 87.

Distilleries

Granting of new beence for constructing (Q) p. 146.

Distribution .

Of Petroleum Tax and Motor Vehicles
Tax (Q) p. 199.

District Agriquitural Officer, The: (Q.)

District Courts

In Bengal! Number of of Sharatalers and Head clerks in the: (Q.) p. 213.

District Magistrate

Of Rajshaha discretionary fund at the disposal of the (Q_i) p. 122.

Division: p. 69.

Dolui, Mr. Harendra Nath

Ghatæ Circuit Embankment in the district of Midnapore (Q) p. 192.

Donation

Of Rai Bahadii Suresh Chandra Bose for a charitable dispensary (Q) p. 148

Dum-Dum

Establishment of a hospital for infections diseases in (Q) p 136.

Dutta, Mr. Sukumar

Lathi charge by Police at Mahesh (Q.) p_i 205

Re-excavation of Aurora Canal in Arambagh subdivision (Q) p

Dutta Mazumdar, Mr. Niharendu

Adjournment Motions pp. 151, 286

The Bengal Materinty Benefit Bill, 1938 pp. 208-209, 301-303

Establishment • a hospital for intertions diseases in Dum Dum (Q) p=136 ·

Family and personal allowance of S_J.

Bhuthath Thattacharvya, an exdetent and his M. Com Examination fees. (Q.) p. 221.

Economic development

And improvement of rural areas.
India Government Grant for: (Q.)
p. 81.

Edbar, Mr. Upendra Nath

Road projects and bridges sanctioned by Road Board in Eakhargunge district. (Q) p. 262.

Eden Hospital

Buildings exected near the: $(Q_i) = p$.

Educated middle class

Unemployment among youngmen in Bengal (Q) 11 119

Education--General--37

Supplementary Demand for Grant pp. 92-111

Electricity charges at Dacca: (Q) p. $85\,$

Emdadul Haque, Kazi-

Rehei to the flood-affected areas in the Kurigram subdivision (Q_*) p. 140

Enquiry Committee, Jute: ' (Q) p-19.

Establishment

Ot a hospital for infectious diseases in Dum-Dum (Q) p. 136.

Excavation

Ot Bemorta Canal, in Khulna (Q.) pp. 186, 263.

Excise and Salt

Posting of two Sub-Inspectors on, in Calcutta (Q) p. 5.

Superintendents, etc., of, in Calcutta and neighbouring districts. (Q.) p.

. įk

Externment

From Bengal of several ex-prisoners in the Kakori Conspiracy Case (Q.) p. 72.

Extra copyists

And non-permanent, clerks in the Registration Department: (Q.) p. 85

Family

And personal allowance of Sp. Bhurnath Bhattacharyya, an ex-depend, and his M. Com. Examination fees

(Q + p - 22)

Faziul Hug, the Hon'ble Mr. A. K.

Civil Works 50 pp. 116, 117, Educational—General 37 pp. 92, 104 Extra copyists and non-permanent clerks in the Registration Department (Q) p. 85

General Administration pp 63 65 Junior Madrasalis in the Rangium district (Q) p 11

Primary Schools in Bengal (Q) p 218

Privilege Motion pp. 242-245

Faziur Rahman, Mr.

Privilege Motions (pp. 249-288-292-293-295)

Total number of officers clerks, librarians guards, duttries, memals etc. (t. the Bengal Legislative Assembly Department (Q + p. 264).

Film "Mano-Moyee Girls" Schools":

'**♥Q**.) p. 17.

'lood-affected areas

In the Kurigram subdivision, relief to the (Q.) p 140.

Flooded areas

Gratintous rulief for, in Serajganj:

Flood

Condition of Satkbira succession due to (Q) p 124

Flood-striken people

Of Straigam Rehet to (Q.) p. 145.

Flushing . %

Of "Chaka Bil" near Birnagar, district Nadia (Q i p. 281

Forest Department, Chittagon

Oppression by the (Q) p. 7.

Forest Divisions

CMitagony and Cox's Bazar (Q) p

Forest grievances

In Chittagong (Q) p 7

General Administration 25

Supplementary Demand for Grant: p. 25

Ghatal . .

Circuit Embankment in the district of • Midnapore (Q) p. 192 o

Ghose, Mr. Atul Krishn.

Determs Sw. Pranath; Eath Bhowmack Nithal Chandra Das and Kalidas Bose (Q., p. 211)

Gopalpur, Rajshahi

hand acquisition for a Tramway line for the North Bengal Bugar Mills Ltd m. (Q p p 190

,' Goswami, Mr. Tulsi Chandra 🔭

' Privilege Motion pp 246-247# 295-296.

Covernment

Pleaders and Public Prosecutors in Bengal Number of: (C.) p 212.

Qovernsient appointments

On the basis of population: (Q.) p. 207.

Aove. nment Bill

The Bengal Dentists Bill, 1938: pp' (

The Bengal Matternity Benefit Bid, 1966: ep. 249-255, 297.

The Bengal Money-lenders' Bill p. 24 The Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1936 pp. 222-239.

Governor

Assent of His Excelled the, to the see Bengal Tenancy (Amendment) Bill, 1938 p. 117.

Grant ,

India Government, for economic developme at and improvement of rural areas (Q) p. 81.

To the Pubna District Board for "Rural upht(*) (Q) p. 179

Granting

Of new licence for constructing distilleries (Q.) p 146

Gratuitout relief

For flooded areas in Serajganj. (Q.) p. 146.

Grievances

Of the litigants of Civil Courts: (Q.) p. 177.

Gupta, Mr. J. N.

Dalals of Brothels (Q.) p. 78.

Gupta. Mr. logbih Chandra

The Ba gal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938; p. 250.

Gupta, Mr., Jugesh Chandra

Hilpess of Babu Sunil Kumar Das, a detenu: (Q.) p. 86.

Opposition's right to control debate: p. 111.

Privilege Motion pp. 240-241, 244-245, 248, 293

Gurung, Mr. Damber Singh

Catcle fee for the Mungpoo Cinchona Plantation (Q.) p. 124.

Consumption of country spirit in Darjeelin; (Q) p. 127.

Rekef to motor car owners of the Parpeeling Improvement Fund Department in Darjeeling (Q.) p. 123.

Vendor of the Kalimpong country spirit shop (Q.) p. 129.

Gyasuddin Anmed Chowdhury, Al-Hadj

Number of Military Intelligence officers (Q) p. 208

Habibullah, the Hon'ble Nawab Bahadur K., of Dacca

Agriculture-40 p 115

Cattle mortality in Shi'lock union in Chittagong district (Q) p. 138.

The District Agricultural Officer, (Q) p. 18

Jute Enquiry Committee (Q) p. 20.

Rajshahi Agricultural farm (Q) p 118.

Stud Bull Scheme of Pasture lands.
(Q : p. 4.

Unempleyment among educated middle class young men in Bengal: (Q.) p 119.

Weaving Schools and weaving demonstration parties in the Province: (Q) 1', 21.

Hasanuzzaman, Maulvi Md.

Appointment of clerks in Debt Settlement Boards in Tippera: (Q.) p.

Hasanuzzaman, Maulvi Md.

- Laksam Special Debt Settlement Board: (Q.) p. 203.

Weaving schools and waving demonstration parties in the Province (U.) p. 20.

Hatemally Jamadar, Khan Sahib Maulvi

Clearing of night-soil and working of oil mills by the prisoners in Jails: (Q.) p. 88.

Houd Clerks

And Sheristadars in the district Courts in Bengal Number of (Q) p. 213.

Health of

Srijir Jongranjan Roy a detenu (Q) p 22

Sj. Pushpa Ranjan Chatterjee, a detenu (Q) p 23

Hemendu Bikash Nag

And Atul Chandra Datta Treatment of intenees (Q) p 220

High Court

Muslim prayer room in the (Q) p 175.

Honorary Magistrate, Munshigunge Bench

Appointment of Babu Nalim Ranjan Banikya Chowdhury as an (Q) p. 178

Hospitals

Coolies and mehtars employed in Government (Q.) p. 147.

Establishment of a, for infectious useases in Dum-Dum. (Q) p. 136

Hours of work

Of the prisoners employed in ghanis in the Jails of Bengal, (Q.) p. 20.

Hunger-strike .

By Sps. Surenera Noth Bag and Bhutnatt, Manna: 1Q.) p. 276.

-Hiness

VDEX.

Of Pabu Shinil Kumar Das, a detenu: (Q.) p. 86

Increment

Of allowance of St. Narendra Nath Dass a deathu. (Q.) p. 23.

India Government grant

For economic development and improvement of rural areas (Q.) p. 81

Infectious diseates*

Establishment of a hospital for, in Dum Dum (Q) p. 136

• intermes

Messis Hemendu Bikash Mag and Atul Chandra Datta Treatment of: (Q) p 220

Inter-Provincial Conspiracy Case

Sj. Dhirendra Kumar Bhattacharjee, a convict in the suffering from serious diseases. (Q.) p. 73

introduction

Of a Bill to amend the Bengal Village Seli Government Act, 1919 (Q.) p. 22

Inundation ...

Of districts of North Bengal (Q.) p. 214

Ispahani, Mr. M. A. H.

Privilege Motions pp. 286, 288, 290-291.

Jackson Medical Schools

Schblarships and free-studentships in the Burdwan Ghittagons. Mymensingh and Jalpaiguri: ((Q+) p. 283.

Jalis 4,

Clearing of night-soil and working of oil mills by the prisone's i. (Q.) p. 88.

Junes, of work of the prisoners on property in general and the of Bengal (Q.) p. 90.

Jala uddin Ahmad, Khan Bahadur Maulvi

Chittagong and Cox's Baza Forest Divisions (Q)*p. 132.

Deforestation of Khas Mahal projected forest in Cox's Bazar. (Qi) p. 12. Forest grievances in Chittagong

Oppression by the Chittagong Forest Department (Q 5 p. 7.

Jalatuddin Hashemy, Mr. Syed

(Q.) p. 7.

Condition of Satkhira subdivisior due to floods (Q) p 124

Excuvition of Bemorta Canal ii Khulna district (Q.) p 263.

Jalpaiguri

Petition of the motor bus owners of the Western Duars (Q) p 219.

Judge's Court

Noakhali Promotion of Muslim clerks in the (Q) p 174

Judges and Sub-Judges, Muşlim: (Q_i)

Jumias

Turned out of their homes and agricultural lands in Cox's Bazar:
(Q) p. 130

Jute Enquiry Committee: $(Q_i)_{i=0}$ p=19.

Kakori Cunspiracy Case

Externment from Bengal of several exprisoisers in the (Q) p. 72

Kalidas bose

Nirmal Chandra Das and Pramatha Nath Bhowmik, Detenus: (Q., p.

Kalimpong

Vendor of the country spirit shop: (Q) p 129.

Kalindi Urlien Board

Charkidars and dafadars in the (Q.)

Kazi Estate

Management of, in the district of Tippera (Q) A: 143.

Khairan, Mr. Debi Prosad

General Administration p 54.

Khan, Mr. Debendra Lall

Hunger-strike by Sjs Surendra Nath Bag and Bhutnath Manna (Q) p. 270

Khulna district

Fixcavation of Bemorta Canal in: (Q) pp 186 263

Kumar, Mr. Atul Chandra

Prayer for a pilgrim shed by the Ramkeli–Sansker–Samity, Malda: (Q+p)/202

Relief work in Malda (Q) p. 126.

Kundu, Mr. Nishitha Jath

The Bengal Dentists Bill, 1938 p. 168.

Distribution of Petroleum Tax and
Motor Vehicles Tax.

Kurigram subdivition

Reflect to the flood-affected areas in + he: Q.) p. 140.

Laksam

Special Deb. Settlement Board (Q)

Land

Acquisition for a Transway line for the North Bengal Sugar Mills Ltd., in Gopalpur, Rajshaht. (Qt. p. 190.

Land tenure system

And enhancement of renth in Western Duars Comment Khas Mahal, Jalpaiguri (Q) p 141.

Eathi charge

By Police at Makesh (Q) p 205

Licence

Granting of new, for constructing distilleries (Q) p 146,

Litigants

Or Civil Courts, grievances of the (Q.) p. 177.

Loans and advances

By Provincial Government pp. 113-115.

Madrasahs _

Junior, in the Rangpur district (Q), p. 11.

Mahesh

Lathi charge by Police at (Q) p 205.

Maitra, Mr. Surendra Moham

Land acquisition for a Transway line offer the North Bengal agar Mills Ltd., Gopalpur, Rajshahi (Q.) p. 190

Nuisance created by North Bengal Sugar Mills Ltd., Gopalpur, Ranshahi (Q.) p. 270.

Mål, Mre Iswar Chandra

Chaulidars and dafadars in the Kalinda Unian Board (0.) p. 13.

Mafda

Prayer for a pilgrim shed by 1 Ramkelt Sansker Sansty Q t p 202 Relief work in Q t p 126

Management

Of Kazi Fronte in the district of Tippera (Q) 143.

Mandal, Mr. Birat Chandra

Education General 37 pp 96, 98, 99,

Maniruddin Akhand, Maulvi

Discretionary fund at the disposal of the District Magistrate of Rajshahi (Q) p. 122

Rijshahi Agricultural Farm (Q) p.

Maniruzzaman Islamabadi, Maulana Md.

Cattle mortality in Shillock Umon in Chittagong district. (Q) p. 137.

The District specultural Officer: (Q) p 17

Primary Schools in Bengal (Q) p. 218

"Manual of Criminal Classes operating in Bengal"

A book considered as objectionable by some communities *(Q) p 201.

Mhgbul Hossairt, Mr.

Bushnauberia Co-operative Rural Reconstruction Society, Ltd. (Q.) p. 202

bovermeent appointments on the basis of appulation (Q * p W)7

I revelling and deal allowance bills of all Maristers separately from lat April to 2sth July 1998 (Q) p.

Mazumdar, Wr., Birendra Nath

The Construction of the Dacqa-Aricha, Road:, (Q.) p. 264s

Political prisoners in Jails and their release (Q.) p. 79.

Therefore it of internees Messrs
Hemendu Bikash Nag and Atul
Chandra Dutta. (Q.) p. 220.

Message from the bengal Legislative Council: pp. 24, 296.

Midnapore_

Ghatal Circuit Embankmen', in the district of. (Q.) p. 192.

Military Intelligence Officers

Number of (Q) p. 208,

Ministers

Travelling and daily allowances of all, separately from 1st April to 28th July, 1938 (Q.) p. 80.

Ministers' Salaries

Short notice quest on regarding, p. 284,

Moslem Ali Moliah, Maulyi

Criminal appeals and mations filed before the District Magistrate, Rajshahi (Q) p. 83,

Inundation of districts of North Bengal (9.) p. 214.

Stud Bull Scheme of Pasture Lands (Q.) p. 4.

Motor Bus owners

Of the Wester Duars, Jalpanguri, Petition of the (Q.) p. 219.

Motor Vehicles Tax

And Po.roleum Tax. Distribution of (Q.) φ. 199.

Muhammad Ibrahin, Mulvi

Number of Commissions in Civil Courts in Noakhak district. (Q.) p. 175.

Promotion of Muslim clerks in the Judge's Court, Noakhali: (Q.) p. 174.

Muhammad Israil, Maulvi

. Questions about process-vivers tabled in the Assembly up to the 10th July, 1938: (Q.) p. 279.

Muhammad Israil, Maulvi

In redrection of a Bill to amend the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Q.) p. 22.

Jute Enquiry Cor mittee (Q.) p. 19.

"Mukberji, Dr. Sharat Chandra

The Beng l Dentists Bill, 1638 pp. 163, 165.

The Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1938, pp. 227, 229-230.

Construction of roads under the Road Board scheme vu Birbhum district: (Q.) p. 196.

Mukunda Bhanja

Arrest 6. (Q.) p. 256

Mullick, the Hon'ble Mr. Mukunda Behary

Appointment of clerks in Debt Settlement Boards in Tippera (Q.) p. 272

Appointment of different communities in Co-operative Credit and Rural Indebtedness Department: (Q.) p. 218.

Brahmanberia Co-operative Rural Reo construction Society, L&ú.: (Q.) p. 202.

Laksam Special Debt Settlement Board (Q.) p. 203.

The number of members in Debt Settlement Boards in the subdivisions of Mymensingh: (Q.) p. 276.

Mullion, the Honbie Mr. Mukunda Behary

Representation of Directors and members of the Calcutta Ucrporation Co-operative Credit Societies, Ltd., (Q. p. 273.

Mullick, Mr. Pulin Beharye

Education -- General -- 37 • p. 103.

Mungpoo Cinchona Plantation

Cattle fee for the (Q) p. 121

Munshigunge Beneh . *

Appointment of Babii Natim Ranjan Banikya Chowdhury as an Honorary Magistrate (11) p. 178.

Murshidabad district

Allotment of money for the water-supply in the (Q) p [133]

Musharruff Hossain, the Hôn'ble Nawab Khan Bahadur

Appointment of Babu Nahni Ranjan Bankya Chowdhury as an Honorary Magistrate, Munshigunge Bench (Q) p. 148.

The Bengal Money-lenders Bill, 1938 p. 24.

Criminal appeals and motions filed before the District Magistrate, Rajshahi (Q) p. 8°

Grievances of the litigants of Civil Courts (Q) p 177

Muslim prayer room in the High Court (Q) p. 176.

Muslim Sub-Judges and District Judges, (Q) p. 84.

Number of Commissions in Civil Courts in Noakhali district (Q') p. 175.

Number of Public Projecutors and
Overment Pleaders in Bengal
(Q) p. 213.

Number of Sheristadars and Head clerks in the district Courts to Bengal: (Q.) p. 214.

Mesharuff Hossain, the Hon No Nawas Khan Bahatur

Promotion of Muslim Clerks in the Junge's Courty Noakhali: (Q.) p. 174.

Renumeration of typists and covering of Civil Criminal Marie Revenue Courts (Qu' p. 83

Muslim .

And scheduled castes, under-representation of the in the Intelligence
 Branch, Chusinal Investigation
 Department and District Intelligence Branch Departments of Bengal (Q) p. 73.

Prayer noem in the High Court (Q.) p. 175.

Sub-Judges and District Judges: (Q.) p. 84

Muslim officers

In the Board of Revenue (Q) p. 145. Of all grades and classes in the Socretariat Departments (Q) p. 265.

Mymensingh

Number of members in Debt Settlement Boards in the subdivisions of: (Q) p. 275

Nadia district

Flushing of "Chaka Bil" near Burnagar (Q.) p 281.

Nalini Ragjan Banikya Chowdhury

Appointment as an Honorary Magistrate, Munshigunge Bench. (Q.) p. 178

Nandy, the Hon'ble Maharaja drie Chandra, of Carripbazar

The Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1938. p. 237

Civil Works 50 p. 115.

The construction of the Bacck-Aricha-Road (Q), p. 204.

Mandy, the Hon'ble Maharuja Eris Chandya, of Gossimbazar

- Construction of troads under the Road Board scheme in Birbham district: (Qh p 196.
- Monyon, hicles Tax (2.) p. 200.
- Excavation of Bemorta Canal in Khulna (Q) pp. 187, 263.
- Flushing of "ChaRa Bil" near Birnagar, district Nudiu (C.) p. 281 i
 - Ghatal Circuit embaklment in the district of Midnipóre p. 192.
 - Inundation of districts of North Bengal. (Q.) p. 215.
 - Jand acquisition for a Trainway line for the North Bengal Sagar Mills Ltd., in Gopalpur, Rajshahi (Q) p. 1907.
 - Necessity of a sluice gate on the Dharinkhali Khal 5 Sarkhira (Q.) p. 495.
 - Re-excavation of Aurora Canal in Arambagh subdivision. (Q) > 194.
 - Road projects and bridges sanctioned by Road Board in Bakhargunge district (Q.) p. 263.
 - Silting up of the Tolly's Nalla, etc., in the district of 24-Parganas (Q) p. 215.
 - The stagnation of storm-water in the suburbs of Calentta (Q) p. 280.
 - The upkeep of Nowi and Smiti rivers in the Baraset subdivision (Q_i) p 217.

Vazimuddin, the Hon'ble Khwaja, Sir .

- Adjournment Motion pp. 150, 153, 154.
- Arrest of Mr. Mukunda, Bhanja (Q.) p. 256
- Ban on Babu Bihari Lall Dutta, a released detenu of Sylhet against his entry into Bongal (Q+p=77)
- A book "Manual of Criminal classes operating in Bengal" censidered as objectionable b, some communities (Q.) b 204
- Chaukiders' and dataGars in the Kalind Union Board (Q.) p. 14.

Nazimuddin, the Hon'ble Kawaja, Sir

- Clearing of night-soil and working of fill-mills by the prisoners in jails:
 (Q.) p. 88.
- Dalals of brethels! (Q.) *p. 79.
- Detenu Suchamoy Dutta & Feni: (Q.) p. 13.
- Detenus S.s. Pramatha Nath Bhowmek, Nirmel Chandra Das and Kalida Bose (Q.) p. 211
 - Sj Dhirendra Kinnar B'attacharjee, a' convict in the Inter-provincial Conspiracy Case, suffering from sericus dizenses: (Q') a 74
- Sugar regarding report of the Assembly Rules Committee: p. 157
 - Externment from Bengal of several exprisoners in the Kakori Cons, racy Case. $(Q + p)^{-1}72$
 - Family and personal allowance of Sj. Bhutnath Bhattacharyya, an exdetean and his M Com robalimination kees. (Q) p. 221.
 - The Film "Mano-Moyee Girls' School", (Q) p. 17.
 - General Administration pp 25, 30, 31-33, 34
 - Government appointments on the basis of population $-(Q_s)/p = 207$
- Health of St. Monoranian Roy, a detenn (Q) p. 22
- Hours of work of the prisoners employed in ghams in the Jails of Bengal (Q+p 90)
- Hunger-strike by Sis Surendra Nath Bag and Bhutnath Manna (Q) p 277
- Hlness of Babu Sund Kumar Das, a detenu (Q.) p. 87
- Lathi charge by Police at Mahesh (Q) p 205
- Number of Military iffice nee Officers (2 + p. 209.
- Offences against women (Q.) p. 10.
- Opposition's Tight to control debate: 112.

Nazimudeth, the Hon'ble Khwaja, Sir

Petition of the motor bus owners of the Western Duary Jalpanguri (Q) p. 219.

Political pusoners in pails and their release. (Q.) p. 79

rivilege motions, p. 288

oviding the released detenus with empty of finance to start small business (Q.1.p. 91

Removal of disqualification of candidates and their election agents (Q) p. 88

Throwing of stones by booligans at the peaceful processionists acroin panying Srijut Subhas Chandra Bose (Q) p. 7.

Treatment of interies Messrs
Hemendu Bikash Nag and Atul
Chandra Datta 4Q + p 221

Finder representation of the scheduled castes and Muslims in the liftelligence Branch, Criminal Investigation Department and District Intelligence Branch Departments of Bengal (Q) p 74

ecessity

Of a since gate on the Dhariakhali Khal in Satkhira (Q) p. 194

irmal Chandra Das

Pramatha Nath Bhowmick and Kalidas Bose, determs (Q) p 211

oakhali

Promotion of Muslim clerks in the Judge's Court (Q) p 174

pakhali District

Number of Commissions in Civil Courts in: (Q.) p 175

poruddin, Mr. K.

Privilege motion p. 241.

irth Bengal

Inundation of districts of: (Q.) p 214.

North Bengal Sugar Mile, Jets.

In (opinipar, Rajshah). Land acquisition fix a Transvey line for the $(Q+p,\ 190)$

In Gopalpur, Rajshahi, Nulsance created by (Q) p. 270

Nowi and Sunti rivers

In the Baraset subdivision, T pkeep of (Q) p. 216

Number

Ot Commissions in Civil Colets in Noakhali district (Q) p 175

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Of & Military & Intelligence & Officers & (Q_i) \\ p & 208 & & & \end{array}$

Or Public Prosecutors and Government Pleaders in Bengal (Q) p. 212

Of Sherishadars and Head Clerks in the District Courts in Bengal *Q > p = 213

Oath*

Mr P F. S Warren p 1

Offences against women: (Q.) p 10

Opposition's Right to Control Debate:

p 111

Oppression

By the Chutagong Forest Department (Q) p 7

Pabna District Board

Grantifor "Rural uplift" (Q) p. 179.

Patuakhali and Perojpur subdivisions of Bakarganj

Cattle-mortality in (Q.) p. 1,

Pay and the grade

(M) the Headmaster of the Rasgemat, High English School in Chittegong Hill Tractic (Q.) p. 138.

Petition

Of the conoton bus owners of the Western Duars, Jalpackuri: (Q.), p. 219.

Petroleum tux

And motor vehicles tax. Pirtribution of: (Q.) p. 199.

Fligrim shed

Prayer by the Ramkeli Sansker Samity, Malda (Q.) p. 202.

Police :

Lathigharge at Mahesh. (Q) p. 205

Political prisoners

In jails and their release: (Q.) p. 79.

Posting ,

Of two Sub-Inspectors of Excise and Salt in Calcutta (Q) p_x b.

Pramatha Nath Bhowmick

Nutual Chandra Das and Kalidas Bose, detenus: (Q) p. 211

Prayer

For a pilgrim—shed—by the Ramkeli Sansker—Samity, Malda·—(Q.)—p 202.

Primary Schools in Bengal: $(\mathbf{Q}_*)/\mathbf{p} \cdot {}^t\!\mathbf{218}$

Prisoners

Clearing of night-soil and working of oil mills by the, in jails: p. 98

Hours of work of the, employed in ghanis in the jails of Bengal (Q.) p. 90.

Privilege motion: pp. 239, 286

Process-servers

Ovéations tabled 'ifi the Assembly 'up to the 10th July, 1938, about (Q.) 'p. 279.

Promotion

Noakhali: (Q.) p. 174.

Public Presecutors

And Government Pleaders in Be al. Number of: (Q.) p. 212.

Public Service Commission

Appointments and recommendations made by the 100 p 180.

Questions

About process-servers tabled in the Assembly up to the 10th Ja.Jy, 1938 (Q.) p. 27%.

Raikut, the Hon'ble Mr. Prasanna Deb

Cattle fee for the Mungpoo Cinchona Plantation (Q) p 124.

Chittagong and Cox's Bazar Forest Divisions (Q.) p. 132.

 $\begin{array}{lll} Consumption & \varrho t & country-spirit & in & Dar-ieeling & (Q \rightarrow p - 128) \end{array}$

Detorestation of Khas Mahal protected forest in Cox's Bazar. (Q.) p. 12.

Deppedations by wild elephants in Fatikchari police-station (Q) p. 12.

Forest grievances in Chittagong: (Q.) p. 7.

Granting of new hoence for constructing distilleries: (Q.) p. 146.

Jumnas turned out of their homes and agricultural lands in Cox's Bazar (Q) p. 130.

Oppression by the Chittagong Forest Department (Q.) p. 7.

Posting of two Sub-Inspectors of Excise and Salt in Calcutta: (Q.) pr 5

Superintendents, leavistics and Sub-Inspectors of Excise and Salt of various communities in Calcutta and neighbouring district: (Q.) p. 6.

Vendor of the Kalimpong country-spirit snop: (2.) p. 129.

Criminal appeals and motions filed before the District Magistrate: (Q.) p. 33.

Discretionary fund at the disposal of the District Magistrate of (Q.) p. 122.

Paishahi Ageloultural Fârm: (Q.) op

Ramkeli Sansker Samity, Malda,

Prayer for a milgrim shell by the (Q.) p 26.

Rangamati High English School

Rangpur district

Junior andrasalis in the (Q) so 11

Re-excavation

Of Aurora Canal in Arambagh subdivision (Q) p 194

Registration Department

Extra copyists and non-permanent clerks in the (Q) p 85.

Release

Of political prisoners in fails p. 79

Released detenus

Providing the, with employment of finance to start small business (Q) p 91

Relief

Gratuitous for florded areas in erajganj (D) p 146 To the flood-affected areas in the Kuri-

gram subdiscion (Q) p 140 To flood-stricken people of Sirajganj

(Q.) p. 145

To motor car owners on the Darjeeling
Improvement Fund Department in

Darjeeling. (Q.) p. 123.

Relief work in Malda: (Q.) p. 126.

Removal

Of disqualification of candidates and their election agents: (Q.) 1, 87:

Remunesation •

Ot typists and copyists of the Civit.

Criminal and Revgnue Courts (Q.)
p. 82

bante

Enhancements of, in Western Duars Government Khas Mahat, Japaiguri, and laid tenure system (Q.) p. 141

Road

Sunagar-Munshiganj, in the Dacca dis triet (Q) s. 148

Road Board

Vond projects and bridges sanctioned in Bakargunge district (Q) ≠ 262 Scheme in Bucklum district (Co.

Scheme in Birbhum district Construction of roads under the (Q) p. 196

Road projects

And bridges sanctioned by Road Board in Bakargunge district (Q) p. 262.

Roy, the Hogsble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh

4 Adjournment motions p 285

Bamandanga Estate in the Rangpur district (Q) p 126.

The Bengal Canks Improvement Bill, 1938 pp 222-232, 234-235, 237

Cathe mortality in Patuskhali and Pergipur subdivision of Bakarganj (Q) p. 2

Condition of Satkhin subdivision due to floods. (Q.) p 125.

Discretionary fund at the disposal of the District Magistrate at Rajshahi:

Gratuitous relief for flooded and in Serajganj: (Q. p. 146.

Roy, the Hon'ble, Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh

Land tenure system and enhancement of rents in Western Duer's Government Ehris Mahal, (Jalpaiguri: (Q.) .p...142:/...

and advances by Provincial Government pp. 173, 114; `

Management of Kazi Estate in the district of Tippera. (Q.) p. 143.

Muslim officer in the Board of Revenue: (Q.) p. 145.

Pay, and the grade of the Headmaster of the Pangamati, High English School on Chittagong Hill Tracts (Q.) p. 139.

Relief to the flood-affected areas in the Kurigiam subdivision: (Q) p 146

Relief to flood-strik a people of Stratganj. (Q.) p. 145.

Relief to motor car owners 'd 'ie Darreeling Improvement Fund Department in Darjeeling, (Q) p

Renef work in Malda (Q.) p 127

Roy, Mr. Kiran Sankar

Donation of Lin Bahadui Suresh Chandra Bose for a charitable dispensury (Q.) p. 148

Srinagar-Munshiganj Road in the Dacca district (Q) p 148

Roy, ilr. Manmotha Nath

Privilege motions p 290

Roy, Baby Patiram

A book "Manual of Criminal Classes Operating in Pengal' Considered ties ~ (Q) p 204

Excavation of Bemorta Khulna. (Q) p. 180.

Necessity or a sluice gate on the Dugriakha'ı Khal in Satkhira p. 194.

"Rural suplift"

. Grant to the Pabna District Board for. (Q',) p 179. ⁴

Salim, Mr. S. A.

Electricity granges at Macca: (Qu p

Muslim officers in the Board of

Government Pleaders in Bengal. , (Q) p. 212. " of.

Number of Sheristadars and Head Cierks in the District Courts in Bengal (Q) p. 213.

Sanauliah, Al-Haj Maulana Dr.

Depredations by wild elephants in Fatikchari polyce-station (\mathbf{Q}) 12

Engliny regarding report of the Assembly Rules Committee: p. 157

Pay and the grade of the Headmaster of the Rangamati High English School in the Chittagong Hill Tracts (Q) p 138

Sanyal, Dr. Nalinaksha

Adjoc~nment motion pp. 149, 150-151. 153, 285

Appointments and recommendations made by the Public Services Commission (Q) p 180

The Bengal Dentists Bill, 1938 p. 159,

The Bengal Maternity Benefit Bill, 1938. p. 239.

The Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill. 1938 p 237.

Civil works 50 pp 115, 116.

Privilege motions pp. 242-246, 286-289, 292-295

Regarding interruptions in the House: p 61 mille ...

Sanyai, Mr. Sasanka Sekhar

Flushing of "Chaka Bil" near Birragar, dustrict Nadia: (Q.) p. 281-

Suttral, No. Sasarina Sokhar

Unemployment among educated middle class young men in Bengal: (Q.) p. 119.

Sarker, the Hon'ble Mr. Nalini Ranjan

Appointments and recommendations made by the Public Service Commission (Q) p 80

Grant to the Pabna District Board for "Rural uplift" (Q) o 179

India Gerenment grant for economic development and improvement of rural areas: (Q) p. 82

Loans and advances by Provincial Government p 113

Fushin officers of all grades and classes in the Secretariat Departments (Q) p 266

Fravelling and daily allowance bill of the Ministers separately from 1st April to 28th July, 1988 (Q i p

Satkhira

Necessity of → sluice gate on the Dhariakhah Khal m (Q) p 191

Satkhira subdivision

Condition of due to floods (Q) p

Schedules castes and Muslims

Under-representation of the, in the Intelligence Branch, Criminal Investigation Department and District Intelligence Branch Departments of Bengal (Q.) p. 74.

Scholarships

And tree studentships in the Burdwan. Chittagong, Mymensingh and Jalpari Jackson Medical Schools (Q.)

Secretariat Departments

Mushin officers of all grades and classes in the (Q) p. 265.

Sen, manu nyagopura pretn

The Bengal Tanks Improvement Bill, 1938 p. 235

Excavaton of Benorta Canal in Khulna (Q.) p. 188.

Serajganj .

Gratuitous relief for flooded areas in: _(Q) p 146

Reliet to flood strigken people of: (Q : p. 145.

⇒Shahabuddin, Are Khwaja

Privilege motion | pp. 239-241, 247.

Shamsuddin Ahmed, Mr. M.

Adjournment motion pp_152, 153, 155, 156

Shoristadaga

And Head Clerks in the lastrict Courts in Bengal Number of. • O p 213

Shillook Union

Cattle mortality in in Clffttagong dustrict (Q) p 137

Short notice question

Regarding Ministers salaries p 284.

Silting_up

Of the Tolly Naila, etc., in the distret of 21 Parganas (Q) p. 215.

Sluice gate

On the Dhyrrakhali Khal in Satkhira Necessity of (Q) p. 194

Snehamoy Dutta of Feni, detenu: (Q.)
p 13

Speaker, Mr. (Ma Mon'ble Khan Bahadur M. Azizul Haque, C.I.E.) Observations and Rulings of,

Interruptions in the House p. 62 Opposition's right to control debate, pp. 111, 112

Wol. LIII, No. 3

Special Debt Sefferment, Board, Laksam:

Srinagar-Munshigeni Road

In the Date district: (Q.) p. 148.

Stagna+f-n

Of storm water in the suburbs of calcutta (Q) \(\triangle \). 279 (c)

Stud Bull Schemie of Pasture Lanus:

(Q.) p. 4

Subhas Chandra Bose, Sregiut

Throwing of stones by hochgans at the peaceful processionists aclompaying (Q.) p. 7

Suburbs of Calcutta

Stagnation of storm water in the (Q.) p. 279.

Suhrawardy, the Hon'ble Mr. H. S.

Allotment of money for water-supply in the Murshidabad district (Q) p. 134.

Afiti-malaria programme and the Anti-Tuberculosis Scheme: (Q.) p. 268

The Bengal Dentists Bill, 1938 pp 158, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173

The Bengal Maternity Fencht Bill 1938; pp. 237-238, 249-255, 297-300 302-304.

Buildings erected near the Eden Hospital (Q) p. 283

Coolies and melrans' employed in Government hospitals: (Q) p. 148.

Donation of Raj. Bahadur Suresh • Chandra Bose for a charitable dispensary. (Q.s.p. 148

Electricity, charges at Dacca (Q.) p

Suhrawardy, the Hen'ble Mr. H.

Establishment of a hospital for infectious diseases in Jum-Dum: (Q.) p. 187.

Introduction of a Bill to amend the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919. (Q') p. 92.

Nuisance recated by North Bengal Sugar Mills, Ltd., Gopalant, Rajshah. (Q.) p. 270.

Prayer for a pilgrim shed by the Ramkeli Sansker Samity, Malda (Q.) p. 202.

Scholarships and tree-studentships in the Burdwan, Chittagong, Mymensingh and Jalpaiguri Jacksot, Medical Schools (O. 34, 284.

Srinagar-Munshiganj j Road, in Dacea district (Q) p. 449.

Sunii Kumar Qas, Babu

A detenu, illness of: (Q.) p 86.

Sunti and Nowi rivers

In the Baraset subdivision Upkeep of (Q) p 216

SuperintenderAs

Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Excise and Salt of various communities in Calcutta and heighbouring districts—(Q.) p. 6.

Sur, Mr. Harendra Kumar

Detenu Snehamoy Dutta of Feni-(Q) p 13

Surendra Nath Bag

And Bhutnath Mann , Hungerget-Ist by (Q p. 276

Suresh, Chandra Bose, Rai Bahadur

'Donation of for a charitable dispensay, *(Q.) ργ148 Vor. IIII, No. 3.

Makur, Mr. Promitha Ramian

Education—General—37 pp. 20 a101

Throwing of stones

By hooligans at the proceed procession its accompanying Sriput Salhas Chandra Bose

Tipper

Appointment of clerks in Delit Settlenuents Boards in (Q) p. 272.

Tippera district

Management of Kazi Betate in the (Q) p 143

Tolly's Naila, etc.

to the district of 24-Pargupas Silting up of (Q) p 215

Travelling

And daily allowance bills of all Ministers superately from 1st April to 28th July 1938 (Q + p 80)

Treatment

Of internees Messrs Hemendu Bikash Nag and Atul Chandra Datta (Q.) p. 220.

Twenty-four Parganas

Silting up of the Tolly's Nalla, etc., in the district of (Q) p. 215

Typists and copyists

Of the Civil Criminal and Revenue Courts, remuneration of, (Q) p. 82.

Under-representation

Dethe scheduled castes and Munimum in the Intelligence Branch, Criminal flive-tigation. Department and District Intelligence Branch Departments of Bengal. (Q.) we see

xxiii

Unemployment

Among educated unddle class young men in Bound Q, p. 11b.

Upkegp

Of Nove and Sum rivers in the Baraset subdivision (Q to p 246

Vendor_

Of the Kalimpong country-spirit shop: (Q) p 129

Waliur Rabman, Maulvi

Muslim prayer room in the High Court (Q) p. 175

Water-supply

In the Murshidabad district. Allotment of money for (\mathbb{Q}) p 133.

Weaving Schools

And weaving demonstration parties in the Province (Q) p. 20

Western Duars

Government Khas Mahal, Jalpaiguri.
Land tenure system and enhancement of rents (Q) p. 141.

Jalpafguri. Petition of the motor bus owners of the (Q)_p 219.

Wild elephants

Depredations by, in Patikchari plicestation (6) p 12